By: Senator(s) Dawkins

To: Environment Prot, Cons and Water Res

SENATE BILL NO. 2709

AN ACT TO CREATE AN ENVIRONMENTAL EQUITY PROGRAM TO BE 1 ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TO ENSURE 2 3 THAT HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES ARE NOT DISPROPORTIONATELY CONCENTRATED IN MINORITY OR LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES; TO AMEND SECTIONS 17-17-15, 17-17-27, 17-17-151, 49-17-25, 49-17-29, 25-43-5 AND 25-43-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY TO 4 5 6 7 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the 9 10 "Mississippi Environmental Equity Act." **SECTION 2.** It is in the interest of the citizens of 11 Mississippi to ensure equal environmental protection for all 12 people regardless of race, ethnicity or socio-economic status. 13 There is an urgent need to collect, analyze and report regularly 14 15 data on environmental quality and related public health measures by race, ethnicity and socio-economic status, and to develop 16 17 policies and programs that prevent and reduce the disproportionately greater exposures to potentially hazardous 18 substances experienced by racial minority, ethnic minority and 19 20 low-income populations. It is the intent of the Legislature to 21 ensure equitable processes and outcomes in the prevention and 22 reduction of human exposure to potentially harmful substances, to 23 enhance the authority of the Department of Environmental Quality 24 to investigate and make siting recommendations of facilities that manufacture, process, store or release to the environment any 25 potentially hazardous substance. 26

27 <u>SECTION 3.</u> As used in this act, the following words and 28 phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed herein 29 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

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30 "Environmental equity" means ensuring equitable (a) 31 processes and outcomes in the: Prevention and reduction of releases of 32 (i) 33 potentially harmful substances to the environment; 34 (ii) Prevention and reduction of human exposure to 35 potentially harmful substances in the environment; (iii) Distribution of environmental protection 36 services among population groups, including racial minority, 37 ethnic minority and low-income groups; and 38 39 (iv) Sharing by all economic levels and ethnic 40 groups of the negative and positive impact of actions proposed by individuals, corporations and public agencies which are found to 41 42 affect the quality of the environment. "Low-income community" means any area in which one 43 (b) 44 (1) of the following conditions exist: Twenty percent (20%) or more of the citizens 45 (i) 46 are persons or families who require financial assistance from any 47 federal or state assistance program due to insufficient personal or family income; or 48 49 (ii) Twenty percent (20%) or more of the citizens are persons or families with income below the poverty level as 50 51 reported in the most recent federal decennial census; or "Minority community" means an area where fifty 52 (C) 53 percent (50%) or more of the residents are Asian, Black, Hispanic 54 or Native American, according to the following definitions: "Asian" means a person having origins in any 55 (i) 56 of the original people of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent or the Pacific Islands. 57 58 "Black" means a person having origins in any (ii) 59 Black racial group of Africa. 60 (iii) "Hispanic" means a person of Spanish or 61 Portuguese culture with origins in Mexico, South or Central America or the Caribbean Islands, regardless of race. 62 *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917

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63 (iv) "Native American" means a person having 64 origins in any of the original people of North America, including 65 American Indians, Eskimos and Aleuts. 66 (d) "Potentially harmful substance" means: 67 (i) Any hazardous substance; 68 (ii) Any air pollutant as defined under the Clean Air Act; 69 70 (iii) Any extremely hazardous substance as defined under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; 71 72 (iv) Any hazardous chemical for which a material 73 safety data sheet is required to be prepared under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 or regulations 74 75 promulgated under that act; 76 (v) Any toxic chemical under the Superfund Act; 77 (vi) Any pesticide as defined under the federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act; and 78 79 (vii) Chemicals subject to restrictive orders 80 under the Toxic Substances Control Act. "Release" or "releases" means any spilling, 81 (e) 82 leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping or disposing into the 83 84 environment (including abandonment or discarding of barrels, containers and other collapsed receptacles containing any 85 potentially harmful substance), but excludes any release that 86 87 results in exposure to persons solely within a workplace, the normal application of fertilizer and releases during routine use 88 89 of a product that do not result in exposure to individuals who are present in the residence or facility where the product is to be 90 91 used. 92 (f) "State" refers to the State of Mississippi. 93 (g) "Task force" means the Environmental Equity Task

94 Force established under Section 5 of this act.

SECTION 4. (1) The Department of Environmental Quality 95 96 shall promulgate regulations providing for a comprehensive assessment, on a continuing basis, of the extent to which 97 98 identifiable populations are disproportionately exposed to 99 potentially harmful substances in the environment on the basis of 100 race, ethnicity or socio-economic status. The Department of 101 Environmental Quality shall promulgate regulations providing for 102 the development and implementation, on a continuing basis, of 103 state regulations, policies, programs and enforcement priorities 104 that prevent and reduce any such disproportionate exposure.

The department shall publish a notice of proposed rulemaking, not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of this act, and provide a public comment period of sixty (60) days after the publication of the notice of proposed rulemaking; and publish its adopted regulations not later than forty-five (45) days after the public comment period.

111 The rules promulgated under this section shall be promulgated 112 in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Law to the extent 113 that the Administrative Procedures Act does not conflict with this 114 section.

(2) The Department of Environmental Quality also shall: (a) Review statutory authority, regulations and policies for the purpose of determining whether there are any deficiencies or inconsistencies therein that are a barrier to full compliance with the provisions of this act;

(b) Review, on a continuing basis, programs
administered, mandated, delegated or funded by the state to ensure
that they are in compliance with the provisions of this act;

(c) Develop decision criteria for use in the rulemaking, permitting and enforcement programs to ensure that the state's activities are in compliance with the provisions of this act;

127 (d) Implement the environmental equity research 128 program; Develop and implement a strategy for preventing 129 (e) 130 pollution and encouraging sustainable development that is 131 consistent with the provisions of this act; 132 (f) Develop and implement a comprehensive information 133 management plan; 134 (g) Develop and implement a public participation, 135 communication and education strategy to ensure public participation and public access to data and reports; 136 137 Develop and implement a plan for assisting other (h) 138 federal, state and local government agencies in examining 139 environmental equity concerns; (i) 140 Provide environmental equity awareness training; 141 Provide technical assistance and training to aid (j) 142 other public and private entities in the promotion of 143 environmental equity; 144 (k) Prepare a report by January 15, 2005, and each year thereafter, on the status of environmental equity activities; 145 146 (1) Ensure that the department provides for the 147 function of an ombudsman with the department. 148 SECTION 5. (1) There shall be an Environmental Equity Task 149 Force that will consist of fifteen (15) voting members to be appointed by the leadership of the Legislative Black Caucus, State 150 151 House of Representatives, State Senate, Department of Environmental Quality, Governor's Office and Southern Echo 152 153 Environmental Group, as provided in this section. Seven (7) of the voting members shall be minority members of the state 154 Legislature appointed as follows: two (2) members shall be 155 156 appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, two (2) members shall be appointed by the Speaker Pro Tempore of the 157 158 House, and the final three (3) members shall be appointed by the 159 leadership of the Legislative Black Caucus. The remaining eight *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 5

(8) voting members of the task force shall be appointed as 160 161 follows: four (4) members shall be appointed by the Governor's 162 Office, three (3) members shall be appointed by the Department of 163 Environmental Quality and one (1) member shall be appointed by 164 Southern Echo Environmental Group. Nonvoting members of the task force shall include members of the House Conservation and Water 165 166 Resources Committee and Senate Environmental Protection, 167 Conservation and Water Resources Committee, environmental advocacy 168 organizations, such as the Sierra Club, and other grassroots 169 organizations, all of whom shall be selected by the chairman of 170 the task force. The terms of the voting members of the task force shall be as follows: five (5) of the initial members shall be 171 172 appointed for terms of four (4) years, five (5) of the initial members shall be appointed for terms of three (3) years and five 173 174 (5) of the initial members shall be appointed for terms of two (2) years, respectively, from the date of their appointment. After 175 176 the expiration of the initial terms provided for under this 177 subsection, all subsequent appointments shall be for terms of four (4) years from the expiration date of the previous term. 178

The chairman shall be elected from the fifteen (15) voting members of the task force. Members of the task force shall receive no compensation for their services, but the voting members of the task force shall be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties as provided in Section 25-3-41.

185 (2) The task force shall have the power and duty to 186 determine the issuance of moratoriums on the siting or permitting 187 of facilities that manufacture, process, store or release to the 188 environment any potentially harmful substance in accordance with 189 Section 6 of this act.

190 <u>SECTION 6.</u> Where it is determined by the task force that a 191 minority or low-income community is disproportionately exposed to 192 any potentially harmful substance, the task force shall issue a S. B. No. 2709 *SSO2/R917* 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 6 193 moratorium on the siting or permitting of any facility that 194 proposes to manufacture, process, store and/or release to the 195 environment any potentially harmful substance in close 196 geographical proximity to the disproportionately exposed minority 197 or low-income community. The moratorium shall continue in effect 198 until the task force determines, upon petition of any interested 199 party, that there is no longer a disproportionate exposure of the 200 minority or low-income community to any potentially hazardous 201 substance as a result of pollution reduction.

202 SECTION 7. Section 17-17-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 203 amended as follows:

204 17-17-15. (1) Hazardous wastes shall not be handled or 205 disposed of along with or in the same site or adjoining site as 206 ordinary wastes unless specifically approved as exempted waste by 207 the department. These shall be disposed of by special 208 incinerators, separate landfills, or other means dictated by the 209 particularities of the hazardous waste involved, as determined by 210 the department or other responsible agency. The department may, in its discretion, maintain a field office at any treatment or 211 212 disposal facility that receives hazardous wastes directly or 213 indirectly from more than one (1) generator. However, the 214 department shall maintain a field office at any commercial 215 off-site multiuser hazardous waste incinerator designed to 216 incinerate multiple nonhomogeneous types of wastes, and the cost 217 of operating such field office shall be borne by the owner of such commercial hazardous waste incinerator. The field office, when 218 219 required, shall be located in adequate accommodations provided by the facility owner and shall be staffed with department regulatory 220 personnel as deemed necessary by the department. In exercising 221 222 its discretion to determine the need for a field office, 223 regulatory staff and support equipment, the department shall 224 consider, at a minimum, the type and amount of hazardous waste 225 received and also the type of facility. All fees shall be *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917

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established by the department and shall be in addition to any other fees provided by law. The fee prescribed by the department shall be in an amount not less than the actual operating expenses of the permanent field office and shall be in addition to any other fees required by law.

(2) In addition to considering all applicable state and 231 232 federal laws and regulations, the Mississippi Pollution Control 233 Permit Board shall not issue a permit for the establishment or 234 operation of a commercial hazardous waste landfill for the disposal of hazardous waste (as defined by Section 17-17-3, 235 236 Mississippi Code of 1972), in the State of Mississippi until the 237 Environmental Protection Agency makes a final determination, 238 pursuant to the federal Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 239 1984, Public Law No. 98-616, that each waste to be placed in such 240 landfill is suitable for land disposal.

241 (3) No permit shall be issued pursuant to this section that
 242 is in conflict with the provision of the Mississippi Environmental
 243 Equity Act.

244 **SECTION 8.** Section 17-17-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 245 amended as follows:

17-17-27. (1) The department shall exercise such supervision over restrictions, equipment, methodology and personnel in the management of solid wastes as may be necessary to enforce sanitary requirements; and the commission shall adopt such rules and regulations as may be needed to specify methodology and procedures to meet the requirements of this chapter, which shall include at a minimum:

(a) Criteria for the determination of whether any waste
or combination of wastes is hazardous for the purposes of this
chapter;

(b) Rules and regulations for the storage, treatmentand disposal of solid wastes;

(c) Rules and regulations for the transportation, containerization and labeling of hazardous wastes, which rules shall be consistent with those issued by the United States Department of Transportation;

262 (d) Rules and regulations specifying the terms and conditions under which the Permit Board shall issue, modify, 263 suspend, revoke or deny such permits as may be required by this 264 265 chapter. Such rules and regulations shall include, and not by way 266 of limitation, specific authority for the Permit Board to consider the financial capability and performance history of an applicant. 267 268 No permit shall be issued that is in conflict with the provisions of the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act; 269

(e) Rules and regulations establishing standards and
procedures for the safe storage or transportation of hazardous
waste and for the safe operation and maintenance of hazardous
waste treatment or disposal facilities or sites or equipment;

(f) A listing of those wastes or combinations of wastes which are not compatible, and which may not be stored or disposed of together;

(g) Procedures and requirements for the use of a
manifest during the transport of hazardous wastes;

(h) Standards for financial responsibility to cover the liability, closure and post-closure of any site and perpetual care of a commercial hazardous waste landfill. Rules and regulations promulgated hereunder may include, and not by way of limitation, requirements for maintaining liability insurance coverage if such coverage is not required under rules and regulations promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency;

(i) Rules and regulations establishing minimum
distances within which any hazardous waste disposal facility may
be located from any municipality, school, residence, church or
health care facility;

(j) Other rules and regulations as the commission deems
necessary to manage hazardous wastes in the state, provided that
such rules and regulations shall be equivalent to the United
States Environmental Protection Agency's rules and regulations.

294 (2) In complying with this section the commission shall 295 consider the variations within this state in climate, geology, population density and such other factors as may be relevant to 296 297 the management of hazardous wastes. It is the intent of the 298 Legislature that commercial hazardous waste landfills be located on those sites which, by virtue of their geologic conditions, 299 300 provide a high degree of environmental protection. In carrying out the intent of this provision, the commission is authorized to 301 302 adopt siting criteria for commercial hazardous waste landfills 303 which are more stringent or extensive in scope, coverage and 304 effect than the rules and regulations promulgated by the United 305 States Environmental Protection Agency.

Except as hereinafter provided, hazardous wastes shall 306 (3) 307 not be disposed of in this state by the use of underground 308 injection methods, as herein defined according to 40 CFR 309 260.10(74) to mean "subsurface emplacement of fluids through a bored, drilled, or driven well, or through a dug well, where the 310 311 depth of the dug well is greater than the largest surface dimension." This prohibition shall not apply to the disposal on 312 the generation site of hazardous wastes generated in the 313 314 production of oil or gas or in a commercial or manufacturing operation. Commercial hazardous waste underground injection wells 315 316 designed or intended to dispose of multiple nonhomogeneous types of wastes from multiple sources other than the owner of the well 317 are hereby prohibited in the State of Mississippi. 318

A commercial hazardous waste landfill shall not be located on the same site or within one thousand (1,000) feet of an existing or abandoned ordinary waste disposal site, unless the hazardous

322 waste to be disposed of in said commercial landfill is 323 specifically approved as exempted.

324 (4) After promulgation of the regulations required under 325 this section, no person shall construct, substantially alter or 326 operate any solid waste treatment or disposal facility or site, 327 nor shall any person store, treat or dispose of any hazardous 328 waste without first obtaining a permit from the Permit Board for such facility, site or activity. However, no person shall 329 construct any new hazardous waste treatment or disposal facility 330 331 or site or substantially alter any such existing facility or site, 332 nor shall the Permit Board issue a permit for any such construction or alteration, until the commission has promulgated 333 334 rules and regulations under the provisions of subsection (1)(j) of this section. Said rules and regulations shall be equivalent to 335 counterpart rules and regulations of the Environmental Protection 336 Agency whether now in effect or hereinafter promulgated. 337 Anv 338 person who has made an application for a permit for an existing 339 facility under this section shall be treated as having been issued such permit until such time as final administrative disposition of 340 341 such application has been made unless the cause of such delay is the result of the failure of the applicant to furnish information 342 343 reasonably required or requested in order to process the 344 application.

345 (5) Any permit issued under this section may be revoked by 346 the issuing agency at any time when the permittee fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit. Where the obtaining 347 348 of or compliance with any permit required under this section 349 would, in the judgment of the department, cause undue or 350 unreasonable hardship to any person, the department may issue a 351 variance from these requirements. In no case shall the duration 352 of any such variance exceed one (1) year. Renewals or extensions 353 may be given only after an opportunity has been given for public 354 comment on each such renewal or extension.

Information obtained by the commission concerning 355 (6) 356 environmental protection including, but not limited to, 357 information contained in applications for solid or hazardous waste 358 disposal permits shall be public information and shall be made 359 available upon proper request. Other information obtained by the 360 commission, department, or Permit Board in the administration of 361 Sections 17-17-1 through 17-17-47 concerning trade secrets, 362 including, but not limited to, marketing or financial information, 363 treatment, transportation, storage or disposal processes or devices, methods of manufacture, or production capabilities or 364 365 amounts shall be kept confidential if and only if: (a) a written confidentiality claim is made when the information is supplied; 366 367 (b) such confidentiality claim allows disclosure to authorized department employees and/or the United States Environmental 368 Protection Agency (EPA); and (c) such confidentiality claim is 369 370 determined by the commission to be valid. If the confidentiality 371 claim is denied, the information sought to be covered thereby 372 shall not be released or disclosed, except to the Environmental Protection Agency, until the claimant has been notified in writing 373 374 and afforded an opportunity for a hearing and appeal therefrom, as with other orders of the commission. Disclosure of confidential 375 376 information by the EPA shall be governed by federal law and EPA regulations. Misappropriation of a trade secret shall be governed 377 by the Mississippi Uniform Trade Secrets Act, Sections 75-26-1 378 379 through 75-26-19.

380 (7) Anyone making unauthorized disclosure of information 381 determined to be confidential as herein provided shall be liable 382 in a civil action for damages arising therefrom and shall also be 383 guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided by law.

384 (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the 385 executive director, upon receipt of information that the 386 generation, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of any 387 solid waste may present an imminent and substantial hazard to the S. B. No. 2709 *SSO2/R917* 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 12 388 public health or to the environment, may take any legal, equitable 389 or other action, including injunctive relief, necessary to protect 390 the health of such persons or the environment.

391 SECTION 9. Section 17-17-151, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 392 amended as follows:

17-17-151. (1) Each application for the issuance of a 393 permit to operate a commercial hazardous waste management facility 394 395 shall be accompanied by a demonstration of need for that facility 396 in the anticipated service area, which shall be of the form and content as the Permit Board may prescribe. Applications for the 397 398 reissuance, transfer or modification of previously issued permits, 399 except modifications seeking an increase in the volume of 400 hazardous waste to be managed on an annual basis, shall not be 401 subject to the requirements of this section.

402 (2) The demonstration of need shall be specific as to the
403 types of hazardous waste to be managed and shall include, but not
404 be limited to:

405 (a) Documentation of the available capacity at existing
406 commercial hazardous waste management facilities in the area to be
407 served by the facility;

(b) Documentation of the current volume of hazardous waste generated in the area to be served by the facility and the volume of hazardous waste reasonably expected to be generated in the area to be served over the next twenty (20) years; and

(c) A description of any additional factors, such as physical limitations on the transportation of the hazardous waste or the existence of additional capacity outside the area to be served which may satisfy the projected need.

416 (3) The Permit Board shall consider the following factors in 417 evaluating the need for the proposed facility:

418 (a) The extent to which the proposed commercial419 hazardous waste management facility is in conformance with the

420 Mississippi Capacity Assurance Plan and any interstate or regional 421 agreements associated therewith;

422 (b) An approximate service area for the proposed
423 facility which takes into account the economics of hazardous waste
424 collection, transportation, treatment, storage and disposal;

425 (c) The quantity of hazardous waste generated within
426 the anticipated service area suitable for treatment, storage or
427 disposal at the proposed facility;

(d) The design capacity of existing commercial
hazardous waste management facilities located within the
anticipated service area of the proposed facility; and

(e) The extent to which the proposed facility is needed
to replace other facilities, if the need for a proposed commercial
hazardous waste management facility cannot be established under
paragraphs (a) through (d).

435 (4) <u>No permit shall be issued that is in conflict with the</u>
436 provisions of the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act.

437 (5) Based on the needs of the State of Mississippi, it is
438 the intent of the Legislature that there shall not be a
439 proliferation of unnecessary facilities in any one (1) county of
440 the state.

441 (6) If the Permit Board determines that a proposed 442 commercial hazardous waste management facility is inconsistent 443 with or contradictory to the factors set forth in subsection (3), 444 the Permit Board is hereby empowered to deny any permit for such 445 facility.

446 <u>(7)</u> The commission shall develop and adopt criteria and 447 standards to be considered in location and permitting of 448 commercial hazardous waste management facilities. The standards 449 and criteria shall be developed through public participation, 450 shall be enforced by the Permit Board and shall include, in 451 addition to all applicable state and federal rules and 452 regulations, consideration of:

(a) Hydrological and geological factors such as flood 453 454 plains, depth to water table, soil composition and permeability, cavernous bedrock, seismic activity, and slope; 455

456 Natural resource factors such as wetlands, (b) 457 endangered species habitats, proximity to parks, forests, 458 wilderness areas and historical sites, and air quality;

459 (c) Land use factors such as local land use, whether 460 residential, industrial, commercial, recreational or agricultural, 461 proximity to public water supplies, and proximity to incompatible structures such as schools, churches and airports; 462

463 Transportation factors, such as proximity to waste (d) 464 generators and to population, route safety and method of 465 transportation; and

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Aesthetic factors such as the visibility, (e) appearance and noise level of the facility. 467

468 SECTION 10. Section 49-17-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 469 amended as follows:

470 49-17-25. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of rules and 471 472 regulations necessary to implement this chapter, Sections 17-17-1 473 through 17-17-47, Sections 21-27-201 through 21-27-221, Sections 37-138-1 through 37-138-31, and all other laws administered by the 474 475 department, the commission shall conduct a public hearing or hearings thereon after public notice. Such notice shall be given 476 477 by publication once a week for three (3) successive weeks in a 478 newspaper having a general circulation throughout the state. The 479 notice shall contain a description of the proposed regulation and 480 the time, date and place of the hearing.

481 Additionally, the adoption, amendment or repeal of any (2) 482 rule or regulation under this chapter, Sections 17-17-1 through 17-17-47, Sections 21-27-201 through 21-27-221, Sections 37-138-1 483 484 through 37-138-31 and all other laws administered by the 485 department shall be governed by the "Mississippi Administrative *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 15

Procedures Law." Any rule or regulation heretofore or hereafter adopted, amended or repealed in substantial compliance with the procedural requirements under Section 25-43-7 shall be valid. A proceeding to contest any rule or regulation on the ground of noncompliance with the procedural requirements of this section must be commenced within one (1) year from the effective date of the rule or regulation.

493 (3) Notice of rules and regulations adopted by the
494 commission shall be published once in a newspaper having general
495 circulation throughout the state.

496 (4) Any rules or regulations adopted pursuant to Section 4
497 of Senate Bill No. 2709, 2004 Regular Session, shall be governed
498 by the provisions of that section and subsection (2) of this
499 section.

500 **SECTION 11.** Section 49-17-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 501 amended as follows:

502 49-17-29. (1) (a) Except as in compliance with paragraph 503 (b) of this subsection, it is unlawful for any person to cause 504 pollution of the air in the state or to place or cause to be 505 placed any wastes or other products or substances in a location 506 where they are likely to cause pollution of the air. It is also 507 unlawful to discharge any wastes, products or substances into the 508 air of the state which exceed standards of performance, hazardous air pollutant standards, other emission standards set by the 509 510 commission, or which reduce the quality of the air below the air quality standards or increments established by the commission or 511 512 prevent attainment or maintenance of those air quality standards. Any such action is hereby declared to be a public nuisance. 513

(b) It is unlawful for any person to build, erect, alter, replace, use or operate any equipment which will cause the issuance of air contaminants unless that person holds a permit from the Permit Board (except repairs or maintenance of equipment for which a permit has been previously issued), or unless that S. B. No. 2709 *SS02/R917* 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 16 519 person is exempted from holding a permit by a regulation 520 promulgated by the commission. Concentrated animal feeding operations may be a source or a category of sources exempted under 521 522 this paragraph. However, no new or existing applications relating 523 to swine concentrated animal feeding operations within a county 524 shall be exempted from regulations and ordinances which have been 525 duly passed by the county's board of supervisors and which are in force on June 1, 1998. 526

527 Except as in compliance with paragraph (b) of this (2) (a) 528 subsection, it is unlawful for any person to cause pollution of 529 any waters of the state or to place or cause to be placed any 530 wastes in a location where they are likely to cause pollution of 531 any waters of the state. It is also unlawful to discharge any wastes into any waters of the state which reduce the quality of 532 533 those waters below the water quality standards established by the 534 commission; or to violate any applicable pretreatment standards or 535 limitations, technology-based effluent limitations, toxic 536 standards or any other limitations established by the commission. Any such action is declared to be a public nuisance. 537

538 It is unlawful for any person to carry on any of (b) 539 the following activities, unless that person holds a current 540 permit for that activity from the Permit Board as may be required 541 for the disposal of all wastes which are or may be discharged into the waters of the state, or unless that person is exempted from 542 543 holding a permit by a regulation promulgated by the commission: 544 (i) the construction, installation, modification or operation of 545 any disposal system or part thereof or any extension or addition 546 thereto, including, but not limited to, systems serving 547 agricultural operations; (ii) the increase in volume or strength 548 of any wastes in excess of the permissive discharges specified under any existing permit; (iii) the construction, installation or 549 550 operation of any industrial, commercial or other establishment, 551 including irrigation projects or any extension or modification *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917

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thereof or addition thereto, the operation of which would cause an 552 increase in the discharge of wastes into the waters of the state 553 or would otherwise alter the physical, chemical or biological 554 555 properties of any waters of the state in any manner not already 556 lawfully authorized; (iv) the construction or use of any new 557 outlet for the discharge of any wastes into the waters of the 558 state. However, no new or existing applications relating to swine 559 concentrated animal feeding operations within a county shall be 560 exempted from regulations and ordinances which have been duly 561 passed by the county's board of supervisors and which are in force 562 on June 1, 1998.

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 563 564 Permit Board created by Section 49-17-28 shall be the exclusive 565 administrative body to make decisions on permit issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation of air pollution 566 567 control and water pollution control permits and permits required under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, Chapter 568 569 17), and all other permits within the jurisdiction of the Permit 570 After consideration of alternative waste treatment Board. 571 technologies available to control air and water pollution and odor, including appropriate siting criteria, the commission may 572 573 promulgate regulations establishing conditions, limitations and 574 exemptions under which the Permit Board shall make these 575 decisions. Regulations promulgated by the commission which 576 establish exemptions as authorized under this section shall apply to any applicable facility in operation on the effective date of 577 578 that regulation and to any applicable facility constructed or operated after the effective date of that regulation. The Permit 579 Board may issue multiple permits for the same facility or 580 581 operation simultaneously or in the sequence that it deems appropriate consistent with the commission's regulations. 582 Except 583 as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Permit Board, under 584 any conditions that the board may prescribe, may authorize the *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917

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Executive Director of the Department of Environmental Quality to 585 586 make decisions on permit issuance, reissuance, denial, 587 modification or revocation. The executive director shall not be 588 authorized to make decisions on permit issuance, reissuance, 589 denial, modification or revocation for a commercial hazardous 590 waste management facility or a municipal solid waste landfill or 591 incinerator. A decision by the executive director shall be a decision of the Permit Board and shall be subject to formal 592 593 hearing and appeal as provided in this section. The executive 594 director shall report all permit decisions to the Permit Board at 595 its next regularly scheduled meeting and those decisions shall be recorded in the minutes of the Permit Board. The decisions of the 596 597 Permit Board shall be recorded in minutes of the Permit Board and 598 shall be kept separate and apart from the minutes of the 599 commission. The decision of the Permit Board or the executive 600 director to issue, reissue, deny, modify or revoke permits shall 601 not be construed to be an order or other action of the commission.

(b) The Executive Director of the Department of
Environmental Quality shall also be the Executive Director of the
Permit Board and shall have available to him, as Executive
Director of the Permit Board, all resources and personnel
otherwise available to him as executive director of the
department.

All persons required to obtain an air pollution 608 (C) 609 control or water pollution control permit, a permit under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, Chapter 17) or any 610 611 other permit within the jurisdiction of the Permit Board shall make application for that permit with the Permit Board. 612 The Permit Board, under any regulations as the commission may 613 prescribe, may require the submission of those plans, 614 615 specifications and other information as it deems necessary to 616 carry out Sections 49-17-1 through 49-17-43 and Title 17, Chapter 617 17, or to carry out the commission's regulations adopted under *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 19

those sections. The Permit Board, based upon any information as 618 619 it deems relevant, shall issue, reissue, deny, modify or revoke 620 air pollution control or water pollution control permit or permits 621 required under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, 622 Chapter 17) or any other permit within the jurisdiction of the 623 Permit Board under any conditions as it deems necessary that are 624 consistent with the commission's regulations. The Permit Board's 625 action of issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation 626 of a permit as recorded in its minutes shall constitute a complete 627 decision of the board. All permits issued by the Permit Board 628 shall remain in full force and effect until the board makes a 629 final determination regarding any reissuance, modification, or 630 revocation thereof. The Permit Board shall take action upon an application within one hundred eighty (180) days following its 631 receipt in the board's principal office. No action which affects 632 633 revocation of an existing permit shall take effect until the 634 thirty (30) days mentioned in paragraph (4)(b) of this section has 635 expired or until a formal hearing as prescribed in that paragraph is held, whichever is later. 636

(d) The Permit Board may adopt rules of practice and procedure governing its proceedings that are consistent with the commission's regulations. All hearings in connection with permits issued, reissued, denied, modified or revoked and all appeals from decisions of the Permit Board shall be as provided in this section.

Upon any conditions that are consistent with the 643 (e) 644 commission's regulations and subject to those procedures for public notice and hearings as provided by law, not inconsistent 645 with federal law and regulations, the Permit Board may issue 646 647 general permits and, where appropriate, may consolidate multiple 648 permits for the same facility or operation into a single permit. 649 (f) The Permit Board shall not issue any permit for a 650 new swine concentrated animal feeding operation or the expansion *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 20

651 of an existing swine concentrated animal feeding operation before 652 January 1, 2000, unless the department received the application 653 for that operation's new or modified permit before February 28, 654 1998, or except as provided in this paragraph (f). In issuing or 655 modifying any permit for which the department received an 656 application before February 28, 1998, the Permit Board shall apply 657 those siting criteria adopted or used by the commission before 658 February 28, 1998, unless federal law or regulations require more 659 stringent criteria. The moratorium established in this paragraph shall not apply to the issuance of any permit for a new swine 660 661 concentrated animal feeding operation or the expansion of an 662 existing swine concentrated animal feeding operation that uses an 663 animal waste management system which the applicant demonstrates to 664 the Permit Board is innovative in significantly reducing the effects of the operation on the public health, welfare or the 665 666 environment and which is approved by the Permit Board. The Permit 667 Board shall not issue or modify more than five (5) permits under 668 this innovative animal waste management system technology 669 exemption to the moratorium.

670 (g) Each applicant for a permit for a new outlet for 671 the discharge of wastes into the waters of the state who is 672 required to obtain a certificate of public convenience and 673 necessity from the Public Service Commission for such wastewater system shall submit financial and managerial information as 674 675 required by the Public Utilities Staff. Following review of that information, the Executive Director of the Public Utilities Staff 676 677 shall certify in writing to the executive director of the 678 department, the financial and managerial viability of the system if the Executive Director of the Public Utilities Staff determines 679 680 the system is viable. The Permit Board shall not issue the permit 681 until the certification is received.

682 (h) The Permit Board shall not issue any permit that is 683 in conflict with the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act.

(a) Except as required by this section, before the 684 (4) 685 issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation of any 686 air pollution control or water pollution control permit, permit 687 required under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, 688 Chapter 17) or any other permit within its jurisdiction, the 689 Permit Board, in its discretion, may hold a public hearing or 690 meeting to obtain comments from the public on its proposed action. 691 Before the issuance, reissuance, denial, modification pertaining 692 to the expansion of a facility, transfer or revocation of a permit 693 for a commercial hazardous waste management facility or a 694 commercial municipal solid waste landfill or incinerator, the 695 Permit Board shall conduct a public hearing or meeting to obtain 696 comments from the public on the proposed action. That hearing or 697 meeting shall be informal in nature and conducted under those 698 procedures as the Permit Board may deem appropriate consistent 699 with the commission's regulations.

700 (b) Within thirty (30) days after the date the Permit 701 Board takes action upon permit issuance, reissuance, denial, 702 modification or revocation, as recorded in the minutes of the 703 Permit Board, any interested party aggrieved by that action may 704 file a written request for a formal hearing before the Permit 705 Board. An interested party is any person claiming an interest 706 relating to the property or project which is the subject of the permit action, and who is so situated that the person may be 707 708 affected by the disposition of that action.

709 The Permit Board shall fix the time and place of the formal 710 hearing and shall notify the permittee of that time and place. In conducting the formal hearing, the Permit Board shall have 711 the same full powers as to subpoenaing witnesses, administering 712 713 oaths, examining witnesses under oath and conducting the hearing, 714 as is now vested by law in the Mississippi Public Service 715 Commission, as to the hearings before it, with the additional 716 power that the Executive Director of the Permit Board may issue *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917

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all subpoenas at the instance of the Permit Board or at the 717 718 instance of any interested party. Any subpoenas shall be served 719 by any lawful officer in any county to whom the subpoena is 720 directed and return made thereon as provided by law, with the cost 721 of service being paid by the party on whose behalf the subpoena 722 was issued. Witnesses summoned to appear at the hearing shall be entitled to the same per diem and mileage as witnesses attending 723 724 the circuit court and shall be paid by the person on whose behalf 725 the witness was called. Sufficient sureties for the cost of 726 service of the subpoena and witness fees shall be filed with the 727 Executive Director of the Permit Board at the time that issuance of the subpoena is requested. At a hearing, any interested party 728 729 may present witnesses and submit evidence and cross-examine 730 witnesses.

The Permit Board may designate a hearing officer to conduct the formal hearing on all or any part of the issues on behalf of the Permit Board. The hearing officer shall prepare the record of the formal hearing conducted by that officer for the Permit Board and shall submit the record to the Permit Board.

736 Upon conclusion of the formal hearing, the Permit Board shall 737 enter in its minutes the board's decision affirming, modifying or 738 reversing its prior decision to issue, reissue, deny, modify or 739 revoke a permit. The Permit Board shall prepare and record in its 740 minutes findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting its 741 decision. That decision, as recorded in its minutes with its 742 findings of fact and conclusions of law, shall be final unless an 743 appeal, as provided in this section, is taken to chancery court 744 within twenty (20) days following the date the decision is entered 745 in the board's minutes.

(c) Within twenty (20) days after the date the Permit Board takes action upon permit issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation after a formal hearing under this subsection as recorded in the minutes of the Permit Board, any S. B. No. 2709 *SSO2/R917* 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 23 750 person aggrieved of that action may appeal the action as provided 751 in subsection (5) of this section.

(5) (a) Appeals from any decision or action of the Permit
Board shall be only to chancery court as provided in this
subsection.

755 (b) Any person who is aggrieved by any decision of the 756 Permit Board issuing, reissuing, denying, revoking or modifying a 757 permit after a formal hearing may appeal that decision within the 758 period specified in subsection (4)(c) of this section to the 759 chancery court of the county of the situs in whole or in part of 760 the subject matter. The appellant shall give a cost bond with 761 sufficient sureties, payable to the state in the sum of not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than Five Hundred 762 763 Dollars (\$500.00), to be fixed by the Permit Board and to be filed 764 with and approved by the Executive Director of the Permit Board, 765 who shall forthwith certify the filing of the bond together with a 766 certified copy of the record of the Permit Board in the matter to 767 the chancery court to which the appeal is taken, which shall 768 thereupon become the record of the cause. An appeal to the 769 chancery court as provided in this section shall not stay the 770 decision of the Permit Board. The aggrieved party may, within 771 twenty (20) days following the date the board's decision after a 772 formal hearing is entered on the board's minutes, petition the 773 chancery court for an appeal with supersedeas and the chancellor 774 shall grant a hearing on that petition. Upon good cause shown, 775 the chancellor may grant that appeal with supersedeas. Τf 776 granted, the appellant shall be required to post a bond with 777 sufficient sureties according to law in an amount to be determined 778 by the chancellor. Appeals shall be considered only upon the 779 record as made before the Permit Board. The chancery court shall 780 always be deemed open for hearing of an appeal and the chancellor 781 may hear the same in termtime or in vacation at any place in the 782 chancellor's district, and the appeal shall have precedence over *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 24

783 all civil cases, except election contests. The chancery court shall review all questions of law and of fact. If no prejudicial 784 error is found, the matter shall be affirmed. If prejudicial 785 786 error is found the decision of the board shall be reversed and the 787 chancery court shall remand the matter to the Permit Board for 788 appropriate action as may be indicated or necessary under the 789 circumstances. Appeals may be taken from the chancery court to 790 the Supreme Court in the manner as now required by law, except 791 that if a supersedeas is desired by the party appealing to the 792 chancery court, that party may apply for a supersedeas to the 793 chancellor of that court, who shall award a writ of supersedeas, 794 without additional bond, if in the chancellor's judgment material 795 damage is not likely to result thereby; but otherwise, the 796 chancellor shall require a supersedeas bond as the chancellor 797 deems proper, which shall be liable to the state for any damage. 798 SECTION 12. Section 25-43-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

799 amended as follows:

800 25-43-5. (1) In addition to other rule-making authority and 801 requirements imposed by law, each agency shall:

(a) Adopt as a rule a description of its organization,
stating the general course and method of its operations and the
methods whereby the public may obtain information or make
submissions or requests.

(b) Adopt rules of practice setting forth the nature and requirements of all formal and informal procedures available, including all requirements respecting the filing of applications for any license and the licensing procedure employed by the agency and the method whereby persons desiring notice of pending applications may obtain such notice and request an opportunity to be heard.

813 (c) Allow public inspection of all rules and other 814 written statements of policy or interpretations formulated, 815 adopted or used by the agency in the discharge of its functions. S. B. No. 2709 *SSO2/R917* 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 25 816 (d) Allow public inspection of all final orders, 817 decisions and opinions.

No agency rule, order or decision is valid or effective 818 (2) 819 against any person or party, nor may it be invoked by the agency 820 for any purpose, until it has been made available for public 821 inspection as herein required. This provision is not applicable in favor of any person or party who has actual knowledge thereof. 822

823 (3) To the extent that any provision of this section 824 conflicts with any provision of the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act, the provision (s) of the Mississippi Environmental 825 826 Equity Act shall control.

827 SECTION 13. Section 25-43-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 828 amended as follows:

829 25-43-7. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of any rule, the agency shall give at least thirty (30) days' notice 830 831 of its intended action. The notice shall include a statement of either the terms or substance of the intended action or a 832 833 description of the subjects and issues involved, and the manner in 834 which interested persons may present their views thereon. The 835 notice shall be filed with the office of the Secretary Of State 836 and mailed by the agency to all persons who have made timely 837 request of the agency for advance notice of its rule-making 838 proceedings. The Secretary Of State shall furnish copies at the 839 request of any person and shall be reimbursed by the requesting 840 person for the expense of providing such service.

841 (2) If an agency finds that an imminent peril to the public 842 health, safety or welfare requires adoption of a rule upon fewer 843 than thirty (30) days' notice and states in writing its reasons 844 for that finding, it may proceed without prior notice of hearing 845 or upon any abbreviated notice and hearing that it finds 846 practicable to adopt an emergency rule. The rule may be effective 847 for a period of not longer than one hundred twenty (120) days, 848 renewable once for a period not exceeding ninety (90) days, but *SS02/R917* S. B. No. 2709 04/SS02/R917 PAGE 26

849 the adoption of an identical rule under subsection (1) of this 850 section is not precluded.

(3) No rule hereafter adopted is valid unless adopted in substantial compliance with this section. A proceeding to contest any rule on the ground of noncompliance with the procedural requirements of this section must be commenced within one (1) year from the effective date of the rule.

856 (4) To the extent that any provision of this section

857 <u>conflicts with any provision of the Mississippi Environmental</u>

858 Equity Act, the provision(s) of the Mississippi Environmental

859 Equity Act shall control.

860 **SECTION 14.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 861 and after its passage.