

By: Representatives Evans, Watson

To: Public Health and Human Services; Appropriations

HOUSE BILL NO. 435

1 AN ACT TO BE KNOWN AS THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG FAIR-PRICING ACT;
 2 TO PROVIDE FOR LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND DEFINITIONS; TO ESTABLISH
 3 THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG FAIR-PRICING PROGRAM WITHIN THE STATE
 4 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH TO LOWER PRESCRIPTION DRUG PRICES FOR
 5 UNINSURED AND UNDERINSURED RESIDENTS OF THE STATE; TO PROVIDE THAT
 6 A DRUG MANUFACTURER OR LABELER THAT SELLS PRESCRIPTION DRUGS IN
 7 THE STATE MAY VOLUNTARILY ELECT TO ENTER INTO A REBATE AGREEMENT
 8 WITH THE DEPARTMENT; TO PROVIDE THAT THE DIRECTOR OF THE
 9 DEPARTMENT SHALL NEGOTIATE THE TERMS OF THE REBATE; TO PROVIDE
 10 THAT IF A DRUG MANUFACTURER OR LABELER ELECTS NOT TO AGREE TO A
 11 REBATE, THE DIRECTOR MAY PLACE THEIR PRODUCTS ON THE PRIOR
 12 AUTHORIZATION LIST FOR THE MEDICAID PROGRAM; TO PROVIDE THAT THE
 13 DIRECTOR SHALL PUBLICIZE TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS INFORMATION
 14 ABOUT THE RELATIVE COSTS OF DRUGS PRODUCED BY THOSE THAT ENTER
 15 INTO REBATE AGREEMENTS COMPARED TO THOSE THAT DO NOT ENTER INTO
 16 REBATE AGREEMENTS; TO REQUIRE RETAIL PHARMACIES TO DISCOUNT THE
 17 PRICE OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS SOLD TO PARTICIPANTS IN THE PROGRAM;
 18 TO PROVIDE THAT ALL RESIDENTS OF THE STATE ARE ELIGIBLE TO
 19 PARTICIPATE IN THE PROGRAM; TO PROVIDE THAT THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
 20 UNDERTAKE OUTREACH EFFORTS TO BUILD PUBLIC AWARENESS OF THE
 21 PROGRAM AND MAXIMIZE ENROLLMENT; TO DIRECT THE STATE BOARD OF
 22 PHARMACY TO ADOPT RULES REQUIRING DISCLOSURE BY RETAIL PHARMACIES
 23 TO PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS OF THE AMOUNT OF SAVINGS PROVIDED AS A
 24 RESULT OF THE PROGRAM; TO PROVIDE THAT THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
 25 REIMBURSE RETAIL PHARMACIES FOR DISCOUNTED PRICES PROVIDED TO
 26 PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS AND DISPENSING FEES; TO PROVIDE PROCEDURES
 27 FOR RESOLVING DISCREPANCIES IN REBATE AMOUNTS; TO ESTABLISH A
 28 SPECIAL FUND IN THE STATE TREASURY TO RECEIVE REBATE FUNDS FROM
 29 MANUFACTURERS AND ANY APPROPRIATED FUNDS FOR THE PROGRAM; AND FOR
 30 RELATED PURPOSES.

31 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

32 **SECTION 1.** This act shall be known as the "Mississippi
 33 Prescription Drug Fair-Pricing Act."

34 **SECTION 2.** (1) The Legislature finds that:

35 (a) Approximately one (1) in four (4) residents of
 36 Mississippi have no or wholly inadequate prescription drug
 37 insurance coverage.

38 (b) These uninsured residents pay excessive prices for
 39 prescription drugs, far higher prices than are paid by managed
 40 care organizations, insurance companies and the federal government
 41 for the same medicines and dosages. In many cases, these



42 excessive drug prices have the effect of denying residents access
43 to medically necessary care, thereby threatening their health and
44 safety.

45 (c) Many residents require repeated doctor or medical
46 clinic appointments, having gotten sicker because they cannot
47 afford to take the prescriptions prescribed for them. Many
48 residents are admitted to or treated at hospitals each year
49 because they cannot afford the drugs prescribed for them that
50 could have prevented the need for hospitalization. Many others
51 enter expensive institutional care settings because they cannot
52 afford their necessary prescription drugs that could have
53 supported them outside of an institution. In each of these
54 circumstances, state medical assistance programs, including the
55 Medicaid program, literally pay the price.

56 (d) One major reason uninsured residents pay so much
57 for prescription drugs is that, unlike insured residents, they
58 have no prescription benefits manager negotiating a fair price
59 with the drug companies on their behalf.

60 (e) The state government is the only agent that, as a
61 practical matter, can play an effective role as a market
62 participant on behalf of all residents who are uninsured or
63 underinsured. The state can and should act as a prescription
64 benefit manager, negotiating voluntary drug rebates and using
65 these funds to reimburse retail pharmacies for offering lower drug
66 prices.

67 (2) The Legislature is enacting this act to create a program
68 in which the state acts as a participant in the prescription drug
69 marketplace, negotiating voluntary rebates from drug companies and
70 using the funds to make prescription drugs more affordable to
71 Mississippi residents. Such a program will improve public health
72 and welfare, promote the economic strength of our society, and
73 substantially benefit state health assistance programs, including
74 the Medicaid program.



75 **SECTION 3.** (1) As used in this section:

76 (a) "Board" means the State Board of Health.

77 (b) "Department" means the State Department of Health.

78 (c) "Director" means the Executive Director of the
79 State Department of Health, or the executive director's
80 designee(s).

81 (d) "Labeler" means an entity or person that receives
82 prescription drugs from a manufacturer or wholesaler and
83 repackages those drugs for later retail sale, and that has a
84 labeler code from the Federal Food and Drug Administration under
85 21 Code of Federal Regulations, 207.20.

86 (e) "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer of prescription
87 drugs, and includes a subsidiary or affiliate of a manufacturer.

88 (f) "Program" means the Prescription Drug Fair-Pricing
89 Program established in this section.

90 (g) "Retail pharmacy" means a pharmacy or other
91 facility or business that dispenses or delivers prescription drugs
92 to consumers in this state and is registered with the State Board
93 of Pharmacy under Section 73-21-105.

94 (2) (a) The Prescription Drug Fair-Pricing Program is
95 established within the department to lower prescription drug
96 prices for uninsured and underinsured residents of the state.

97 (b) A drug manufacturer or labeler that sells
98 prescription drugs in the state may voluntarily elect to enter
99 into a rebate agreement with the department.

100 (c) The director shall negotiate the terms of the
101 rebate from a manufacturer or labeler, taking into consideration
102 the rebate calculated under the Medicaid Rebate Program under 42
103 USCS, Section 1396r-8, the average wholesale price of prescription
104 drugs, and any other available information on prescription drug
105 prices and price discounts.

106 (d) If a drug manufacturer or labeler elects not to
107 agree to a rebate, the director may place those manufacturer's or



108 labeler's products on the prior authorization list for the state
109 Medicaid program, and take similar actions involving prior
110 authorization or formularies for any other state funded
111 prescription drug program. The board shall promulgate rules
112 creating clear procedures for the implementation of this
113 paragraph. The names of manufacturers and labelers that do not
114 enter into rebate agreements are public information, and the
115 department shall release this information to the public. The
116 director also shall publicize to doctors, pharmacists, and other
117 health professionals information about the relative cost of drugs
118 produced by manufacturers and labelers that enter into rebate
119 agreements compared to those who do not enter into rebate
120 agreements.

121 (e) A retail pharmacy shall discount the price of
122 prescription drugs sold to participants in the prescription drug
123 program.

124 (i) The department shall establish discounted
125 prices for drugs covered by a rebate agreement and shall promote
126 the use of efficacious and reduced-cost drugs, taking into
127 consideration reduced prices for state and federally capped drug
128 programs, differential dispensing fees, administrative overhead,
129 and incentive payments.

130 (ii) Beginning July 1, 2004, a retail pharmacy
131 shall offer prescription drugs at or below the average wholesale
132 price, minus six percent (6%), plus a dispensing fee designated by
133 the director. These initial price levels shall be calculated by
134 the director, and the dispensing fee shall not be less than that
135 provided under the state Medicaid program. The average wholesale
136 price is the wholesale price charged on a specific commodity that
137 is assigned by the drug manufacturer and is listed in a nationally
138 recognized drug pricing file.

139 (iii) No later than January 1, 2005, a retail
140 pharmacy shall offer prescription drugs at or below the initial



141 price levels specified in subparagraph (ii) minus the amount of
142 any rebate paid by the state to the retail pharmacy. These
143 discounted price levels shall be calculated by the director. In
144 determining the discounted price levels, the director shall
145 consider an average of all rebates weighted by sales of drugs
146 subject to these rebates over the most recent twelve-month period
147 for which the information is available.

148 (f) All residents of the state are eligible to
149 participate in the program. The department shall establish
150 simplified procedures for issuing program enrollment cards to
151 eligible residents. The department shall undertake outreach
152 efforts to build public awareness of the program and maximize
153 enrollment by eligible resident.

154 (g) (i) The State Board of Pharmacy shall adopt rules
155 requiring disclosure by retail pharmacies to program participants
156 of the amount of savings provided as a result of the program. The
157 rules must protect information that is proprietary in nature.

158 (ii) The department may not impose transaction
159 charges on retail pharmacies that submit claims or receive
160 payments under the program.

161 (iii) A retail pharmacy shall submit claims to the
162 department to verify the amount charged to program participants.

163 (iv) On a weekly or biweekly basis, the department
164 shall reimburse a retail pharmacy for discounted prices provided
165 to program participants and dispensing fees set by the direction.

166 (v) The department shall collect from the retail
167 pharmacies utilization data necessary to calculate the amount of
168 the rebate from the manufacturer or labeler. The department shall
169 protect the confidentiality of all information subject to
170 confidentiality protection under state or federal law, rule or
171 regulation.

172 (h) Discrepancies in rebate amounts must be resolved
173 using the process established in this paragraph.



174 (i) If there is a discrepancy in the
175 manufacturer's or labeler's favor between the amount claimed by a
176 pharmacy and the amount rebated by the manufacturer or labeler,
177 the department, at the department's expense, may hire a mutually
178 agreed-upon independent auditor. If a discrepancy still exists
179 following the audit, the manufacturer or labeler shall justify the
180 reason for the discrepancy or make payment to the department for
181 any additional amount due.

182 (ii) If there is a discrepancy against the
183 interest of the manufacturer or labeler in the information
184 provided by the department to the manufacturer or labeler
185 regarding the manufacturer's or labeler's rebate, the manufacturer
186 or labeler, at the manufacturer's or labeler's expense, may hire a
187 manually agreed-upon independent auditor to verify the accuracy of
188 the data supplied to the department. If a discrepancy still
189 exists following the audit, the department shall justify the
190 reason for the discrepancy or refund to the manufacturer any
191 excess payment made by the manufacturer or labeler.

192 (iii) Following the procedures established in
193 subparagraph (i) or (ii), either the department or the
194 manufacturer or labeler may request a hearing. Supporting
195 documentation must accompany the request for a hearing.

196 (i) The Prescription Drug Fair-Pricing Program Fund is
197 established as a special fund in the State Treasury to receive
198 funds from manufacturers and labelers who pay rebates and any
199 appropriations or allocations designated for the fund. The
200 purposes of the fund are to reimburse retail pharmacies for
201 discounted prices provided to program participants, and reimburse
202 the department for the costs of administering the program,
203 including contracted services, computer costs, professional fees
204 paid to retail pharmacies and other reasonable program costs.
205 Unexpended amounts remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal
206 year shall not lapse into the State General Fund, and any interest



207 earned on amounts in the fund shall be deposited to the credit of
208 the fund.

209 (j) The department shall report the enrollment and
210 financial status of the program to the Legislature by the first
211 week in December.

212 (k) In implementing this section, the department shall
213 coordinate with other governmental programs to increase efficiency
214 and, where it is beneficial to another state program, combine drug
215 pricing negotiations to maximize drug rebates for this and other
216 programs, including the state Medicaid program.

217 (l) The board may adopt rules to implement the
218 provisions of this section.

219 (m) The department may seek any waivers of federal law,
220 rule or regulation necessary to implement the provisions of this
221 section.

222 **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
223 and after July 1, 2004.

