By: Representative Denny

To: Fees and Salaries of Public Officers

HOUSE BILL NO. 313

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 63-15-4 AND 21-23-7, MISSISSIPPI 2 CODE OF 1972, TO ALLOW MUNICIPAL COURT CLERKS TO COLLECT A \$100.00 ADMINISTRATION FEE AS COSTS OF COURT UPON THOSE CONVICTED OF VIOLATION OF THE MANDATORY AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE LAW; AND 3
- 4
- 5 FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6
- 7 SECTION 1. Section 63-15-4, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- amended as follows: 8
- 9 63-15-4. (1) The following vehicles are exempted from the
- requirements of this section: 10
- (a) Vehicles exempted by Section 63-15-5; 11
- (b) Vehicles for which a bond or a certificate of 12
- deposit of money or securities in at least the minimum amounts 13
- 14 required for proof of financial responsibility is on file with the
- department; 15
- 16 (C) Vehicles that are self-insured under Section
- 17 63-15-53; and
- Implements of husbandry. 18 (d)
- 19 (2) (a) Every motor vehicle operated in this state shall
- have an insurance card maintained in the vehicle as proof of 20
- 21 liability insurance that is in compliance with the liability
- 22 limits required by Section 63-15-3(j). The insured parties shall
- 23 be responsible for maintaining the insurance card in each vehicle.
- (b) An insurance company issuing a policy of motor 24
- vehicle liability insurance as required by this section shall 25
- furnish to the insured an insurance card for each vehicle at the 26
- 27 time the insurance policy becomes effective.

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- 28 (3) Upon stopping a motor vehicle for any other statutory
- 29 violation, a law enforcement officer, who is authorized to issue
- 30 traffic citations, shall verify that the insurance card required
- 31 by this section is in the motor vehicle. However, no driver shall
- 32 be stopped or detained solely for the purpose of verifying that an
- 33 insurance card is in the motor vehicle.
- 34 (4) Failure of the owner or the operator of a motor vehicle
- 35 to have the insurance card in the motor vehicle is a misdemeanor
- 36 and, upon conviction, is punishable by a fine of One Thousand
- 37 Dollars (\$1,000.00), court costs as provided in Section 21-23-7
- 38 and suspension of driving privilege for a period of one (1) year
- 39 or until the owner of the motor vehicle shows proof of liability
- 40 insurance that is in compliance with the liability limits required
- 41 by Section 63-15-3(j). Fraudulent use of an insurance card shall
- 42 be punishable in accordance with Section 97-7-10. The funds from
- 43 such fines shall be deposited in the State General Fund in the
- 44 State Treasury.
- 45 (5) If, at the hearing date or the date of payment of the
- 46 fine, the motor vehicle owner shows proof of motor vehicle
- 47 liability insurance in the amounts required by Section 63-15-3(j),
- 48 the fine shall be reduced to One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00). If
- 49 the owner shows proof that such insurance was in effect at the
- 50 time of citation, the fine of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) and
- 51 court costs shall be waived.
- 52 **SECTION 2.** Section 21-23-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 53 amended as follows:
- 54 21-23-7. (1) The municipal judge shall hold court in a
- 55 public building designated by the governing authorities of the
- 56 municipality and may hold court every day except Sundays and legal
- 57 holidays if the business of the municipality so requires;
- 58 provided, however, the municipal judge may hold court outside the
- 59 boundaries of the municipality but not more than within a
- 60 sixty-mile radius of the municipality to handle preliminary

matters and criminal matters such as initial appearances and 61 62 felony preliminary hearings. The municipal judge shall have the 63 jurisdiction to hear and determine, without a jury and without a 64 record of the testimony, all cases charging violations of the 65 municipal ordinances and state misdemeanor laws made offenses 66 against the municipality and to punish offenders therefor as may 67 be prescribed by law. All criminal proceedings shall be brought 68 by sworn complaint filed in the municipal court. Such complaint shall state the essential elements of the offense charged and the 69 70 statute or ordinance relied upon. Such complaint shall not be 71 required to conclude with a general averment that the offense is against the peace and dignity of the state or in violation of the 72 73 ordinances of the municipality. He may sit as a committing court 74 in all felonies committed within the municipality, and he shall 75 have the power to bind over the accused to the grand jury or to appear before the proper court having jurisdiction to try the 76 77 same, and to set the amount of bail or refuse bail and commit the 78 accused to jail in cases not bailable. The municipal judge is a conservator of the peace within his municipality. He may conduct 79 80 preliminary hearings in all violations of the criminal laws of 81 this state occurring within the municipality, and any person 82 arrested for a violation of law within the municipality may be brought before him for initial appearance. 83

In the discretion of the court, where the objects of 84 85 justice would be more likely met, as an alternative to imposition or payment of fine and/or incarceration, the municipal judge shall 86 87 have the power to sentence convicted offenders to work on a public 88 service project where the court has established such a program of public service by written guidelines filed with the clerk for 89 public record. Such programs shall provide for reasonable 90 91 supervision of the offender and the work shall be commensurate 92 with the fine and/or incarceration that would have ordinarily been 93 imposed. Such program of public service may be utilized in the 313

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- 94 implementation of the provisions of Section 99-19-20, and public
- 95 service work thereunder may be supervised by persons other than
- 96 the sheriff.
- 97 (3) The municipal judge may solemnize marriages, take oaths,
- 98 affidavits and acknowledgments, and issue orders, subpoenas,
- 99 summonses, citations, warrants for search and arrest upon a
- 100 finding of probable cause, and other such process under seal of
- 101 the court to any county or municipality, in a criminal case, to be
- 102 executed by the lawful authority of the county or the municipality
- 103 of the respondent, and enforce obedience thereto. The absence of
- 104 a seal shall not invalidate the process.
- 105 (4) When a person shall be charged with an offense in
- 106 municipal court punishable by confinement, the municipal judge,
- 107 being satisfied that such person is an indigent person and is
- 108 unable to employ counsel, may, in the discretion of the court,
- 109 appoint counsel from the membership of The Mississippi Bar
- 110 residing in his county who shall represent him. Compensation for
- 111 appointed counsel in criminal cases shall be approved and allowed
- 112 by the municipal judge and shall be paid by the municipality. The
- 113 maximum compensation shall not exceed Two Hundred Dollars
- 114 (\$200.00) for any one (1) case. The governing authorities of a
- 115 municipality may, in their discretion, appoint a public
- 116 defender(s) who must be a licensed attorney and who shall receive
- 117 a salary to be fixed by the governing authorities.
- 118 (5) The municipal judge of any municipality is hereby
- 119 authorized to suspend the sentence and to suspend the execution of
- 120 the sentence, or any part thereof, on such terms as may be imposed
- 121 by the municipal judge. However, the suspension of imposition or
- 122 execution of a sentence hereunder may not be revoked after a
- 123 period of two (2) years. The municipal judge shall have the power
- 124 to establish and operate a probation program, dispute resolution
- 125 program and other practices or procedures appropriate to the
- 126 judiciary and designed to aid in the administration of justice.

- 127 Any such program shall be established by the court with written
- 128 policies and procedures filed with the clerk of the court for
- 129 public record.
- 130 (6) Upon prior notice to the municipal prosecuting attorney
- 131 and upon a showing in open court of rehabilitation, good conduct
- 132 for a period of two (2) years since the last conviction in any
- 133 court and that the best interest of society would be served, the
- 134 court may, in its discretion, order the record of conviction of a
- 135 person of any or all misdemeanors in that court expunged, and upon
- 136 so doing the said person thereafter legally stands as though he
- 137 had never been convicted of the said misdemeanor(s) and may
- 138 lawfully so respond to any query of prior convictions. This order
- 139 of expunction does not apply to the confidential records of law
- 140 enforcement agencies and has no effect on the driving record of a
- 141 person maintained under Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, or any
- 142 other provision of said Title 63.
- 143 (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6) of this
- 144 section, a person who was convicted in municipal court of a
- 145 misdemeanor before reaching his twenty-third birthday, excluding
- 146 conviction for a traffic violation, and who is a first offender,
- 147 may utilize the provisions of Section 99-19-71, to expunge such
- 148 misdemeanor conviction.
- 149 (8) In the discretion of the court, a plea of nolo
- 150 contendere may be entered to any charge in municipal court. Upon
- 151 the entry of a plea of nolo contendere the court shall convict the
- 152 defendant of the offense charged and shall proceed to sentence the
- 153 defendant according to law. The judgment of the court shall
- 154 reflect that the conviction was on a plea of nolo contendere. An
- 155 appeal may be made from a conviction on a plea of nolo contendere
- 156 as in other cases.
- 157 (9) Upon execution of a sworn complaint charging a
- 158 misdemeanor, the municipal court may, in its discretion and in
- 159 lieu of an arrest warrant, issue a citation requiring the

160	appearance of the defendant to answer the charge made against him.
161	On default of appearance, an arrest warrant may be issued for the
162	defendant. The clerk of the court or deputy clerk may issue such
163	citations.
164	(10) The municipal court shall have the power to make rules
165	for the administration of the court's business, which rules, if
166	any, shall be in writing filed with the clerk of the court.
167	(11) The municipal court shall have the power to impose
168	punishment of a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars
169	(\$1,000.00) or six (6) months' imprisonment, or both, for contempt
170	of court. The municipal court may have the power to impose
171	reasonable costs of court, not in excess of the following:
172	Dismissal of any affidavit, complaint or charge
173	in municipal court\$ 50.00
174	Suspension of a minor's driver's license in lieu of
175	conviction\$ 50.00
176	Service of scire facias or return "not found" \$ 20.00
177	Causing search warrant to issue or causing prosecution
178	without reasonable cause or refusing to cooperate
179	after initiating action \$ 100.00
180	Certified copy of the court record\$ 5.00
181	Service of arrest warrant for failure to answer
182	citation or traffic summons \$ 25.00
183	Jail cost per day \$ 10.00
184	Conviction under Section 63-15-4 for failure to
185	maintain proof of automobile liability insurance
186	for costs of administration\$ 100.00
187	Any other item of court cost\$ 50.00
188	No filing fee or such cost shall be imposed for the bringing
189	of an action in municipal court.
190	(12) A municipal court judge shall not dismiss a criminal
191	case but may transfer the case to the justice court of the county
192	if the municipal court judge is prohibited from presiding over the
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L93	case by the Canons of Judicial Conduct and provided that venue and
L94	jurisdiction are proper in the justice court. Upon transfer of
L95	any such case, the municipal court judge shall give the municipal
L96	court clerk a written order to transmit the affidavit or complaint
L97	and all other records and evidence in the court's possession to
L98	the justice court by certified mail or to instruct the arresting
L99	officer to deliver such documents and records to the justice
200	court. There shall be no court costs charged for the transfer of
201	the case to the justice court.

- 202 (13) A municipal court judge shall expunge the record of any 203 case in which an arrest was made, the person arrested was released 204 and the case was dismissed or the charges were dropped or there 205 was no disposition of such case.
- 206 **SECTION 3**. This act shall take effect and be in force from 207 and after July 1, 2004.