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By: Senator(s) Posey, Dawkins, Michel

To: Wildlife and Fisheries

SENATE BILL NO. 2682

AN ACT TO DECLARE A MORATORIUM ON THE IMPORTATION OF ANY TYPE 1 2 OF DEER AND OTHER CERVIDS SUSCEPTIBLE TO CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE; 3 TO AUTHORIZE THE COMMISSION ON WILDLIFE, FISHERIES AND PARKS, THE DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE, FISHERIES AND PARKS, THE COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE, THE BOARD OF ANIMAL HEALTH, AND THE STATE 4 5 VETERINARIAN TO IMPLEMENT SUCH MORATORIUM; TO REQUIRE SUCH 6 7 AGENCIES TO COOPERATE AND COORDINATE EFFORTS TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION OF CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE INTO THE STATE; TO EMPOWER 8 SUCH AGENCIES TO DISPOSE OF DISEASED ANIMALS; TO PROVIDE A PENALTY 9 FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE MORATORIUM; TO AMEND SECTION 69-15-9, 10 69-15-109 AND 49-1-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM; AND 11 FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 12

13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. The Legislature finds Chronic Wasting Disease 14 (CWD) is a transmissible spongiform encephalopathy currently known 15 to infect free ranging deer and elk in Colorado, Wyoming, 16 Nebraska, New Mexico and Wisconsin. The disease has also infected 17 farmed elk herds in South Dakota, Montana, Nebraska, Colorado, 18 Kansas and Okalahoma. With the discovery of CWD in free-ranging 19 20 deer on the east side of the Mississippi River and the transport of CWD-exposed elk to numerous states, CWD has become a national 21 22 concern.

Little is known about the biology and pathogenesis of CWD, 23 including how the disease agent enters the animal, how it 24 multiplies in the body, how it causes disease and how it is 25 transmitted. These significant research and knowledge gaps 26 27 regarding the fundamental characteristics of the disease greatly impede plans to control the disease. The only effective control 28 has been the destruction of captive cervids and the depopulation 29 30 of wild cervids in large geographical areas. Because of the urgency of the situation and the potential devastating effects on 31 the native wildlife and recreational economies of the states, the 32 S. B. No. 2682 G1/2 03/SS01/R410

United States Department of Agriculture had formed a task force to 33 control and eradicate this disease. In addition, many states have 34 35 imposed emergency statewide moratoriums on the importation of cervids. Because of the potential devastating effect on native 36 37 wildlife and the recreational economy dependent on wildlife and 38 the urgency of the situation, the Legislature finds that to ensure public health and safety and the health and safety of native 39 wildlife and domestic animals that an emergency moratorium is 40 warranted and in the public interest. 41

SECTION 2. (1) There is hereby imposed a moratorium on the 42 43 importation of elk, red deer, mule deer, reindeer, caribou, other cervids susceptible to chronic wasting disease and crosses of any 44 45 such animals into the State of Mississippi. Any person who possesses, buys, imports, or transports any cervid that has been 46 47 imported in the state in violation of the moratorium shall be subject to a Class I penalty under Section 49-7-141. The agency 48 issuing a permit for cervids within an enclosure shall revoke the 49 50 permit of any person found in violation of the moratorium. If any cervid in an enclosure tests positive for chronic wasting disease 51 52 or if any cervids within the enclosure have been imported from an area diagnosed with chronic wasting disease, then all cervids in 53 54 the enclosure shall be deemed a threat to native wildlife and to public health and shall be killed and disposed of by the state. 55 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Agriculture 56 (2)57 and Commerce, the Board of Animal Health, the State Veterinarian, the Commission on Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks, and the 58 59 Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks to consult and coordinate efforts on matters related to chronic wasting disease, 60

61 the prevention of the introduction of chronic wasting disease in 62 the state and to ensure the health and safety of the public and 63 wildlife.

64 (3) The Commission on Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks and the
 65 Department of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks shall have plenary

authority in determining matters related to the moratorium on the importation of cervids and any other matter related to preventing the introduction of chronic wasting disease into the native wildlife population.

70 SECTION 3. Section 69-15-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
71 amended as follows:

69-15-9. The Board of Animal Health shall have plenary power 72 to deal with all contagious and infectious diseases of animals as 73 in the opinion of the board may be prevented, controlled or 74 eradicated, and with full power to make, promulgate and enforce 75 76 such rules and regulations as in the judgment of the board may be necessary to control, eradicate and prevent the introduction and 77 78 spread of anthrax, tuberculosis, hog cholera, Texas and splenic fever and the fever-carrying tick (margaropus annulatus), cattle 79 brucellosis, anaplasmosis, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis, 80 muscosal disease, cattle viral diarrhea, cattle scabies, sheep 81 scabies, hog cholera, swine erysipelas, swine brucellosis, equine 82 encephalomyelitis, rabies, vesicular diseases, salmonella group, 83 newcastle disease, infectious laryngotracheitis, 84 85 ornithosis-psittacosis, mycoplasma group and any suspected new

and/or foreign diseases of livestock and poultry and all other 86 87 diseases of animals in this state, and the board is hereby vested with full authority to establish and maintain quarantine lines and 88 to quarantine by county, supervisors district, parcel of land or 89 90 herd. The State Veterinarian shall appoint as many inspectors and range riders as may be deemed necessary, and the funds at his 91 92 disposal will permit, and shall delegate authority to said inspectors and range riders, to enter premises to inspect and 93 disinfect livestock and premises, and enforce quarantine including 94 counties, farms, pens, stables and other premises. 95

96The Board of Animal Health shall have all the powers97enumerated in this section, after consultation with the Department

98 of Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks to prevent, control or eradicate

99 chronic wasting disease in any cervids within an enclosure as

100 provided in Section 2 of Senate Bill No.2682, 2003 Regular

101 <u>Session.</u>

102 No officer or agent of the State Veterinarian may enter the 103 actual enclosures of any person except (1) with the consent of the person lawfully in possession thereof or (2) in the absence of 104 such consent, with a proper writ obtained as in other cases of 105 106 searches and seizures under constitutional law. An officer or 107 agent of the State Veterinarian may enter any enclosure containing cervids that may be susceptible to chronic wasting disease or who 108 109 may have been imported from an area with chronic wasting disease without the consent of the owner. When such officers and agents 110 111 are lawfully on the premises, either by permission or writ, they shall be authorized to inspect the premises and the livestock and 112 animals found thereon by entering the enclosures and buildings and 113 they are authorized to check livestock and poultry found therein 114 for any contagious diseases and take proper action to control or 115 116 eradicate any such diseases that may be found. While such officers and agents are performing their duties hereunder, they 117 118 shall not be personally liable except for gross negligence. The refusal without lawful reason of any person to give the consent 119 120 aforesaid shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall be punishable as for violations of Article 5 of this chapter as provided for in 121 Section 69-15-115. 122

123 The Board of Animal Health shall administer the special fund 124 created in Section 69-15-19.

SECTION 4. Section 69-15-109, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

127 69-15-109. (1) The Governor of the State of Mississippi, 128 when advised by the Board of Animal Health that an emergency 129 exists due to the presence of foot and mouth disease, rinderpest, 130 contagious pleuropneumonia, or other contagious or infectious 131 diseases of animals, or European fowl pest and similar diseases

among poultry, in this state, <u>or chronic wasting disease in any</u> <u>cervids</u>, is hereby authorized to declare a state of emergency and to order all animals or poultry quarantined or slaughtered that may be affected with, or possible carriers of such diseases.

136 (2) The Governor is hereby authorized and empowered to 137 cooperate with any department of the federal government engaged in the combating and control of any such disease mentioned in 138 subsection (1) and to this end the Governor is authorized and 139 140 empowered to do any and all things in cooperation with the federal government necessary to the control and extermination of any such 141 142 diseases mentioned in subsection (1) among animals or poultry that may be affected therewith. 143

(3) For the purposes of this section, the Governor shall have 144 full and complete police power, and shall exercise same anywhere 145 in the State of Mississippi, and if an emergency should exist to 146 147 such an extent that such becomes necessary the Governor may employ such personnel to enforce such police powers and quarantine that 148 149 may be necessary to control and prevent the spreading of any such 150 diseases mentioned in subsection (1) among animals or poultry in 151 this state. Such personnel when appointed by the Governor shall work under the direction of the Mississippi Board of Animal 152 153 Health, or its representative, and shall be paid such compensation 154 as the Governor may determine out of any money made available for the enforcement of this section. 155

(4) When any animals or poultry or materials are ordered to be destroyed, under the provisions of this section, the owner of same shall be paid for each such animal or poultry or materials destroyed an amount not exceeding the amount authorized to be paid by the federal government in matching funds expended for the destruction of each such animal or poultry or materials infected with any such diseases mentioned in subsection (1).

(5) In the event of the happening of an outbreak of any suchdiseases mentioned in subsection (1) in Mississippi, the Governor

165 is hereby authorized to borrow not to exceed two hundred thousand 166 dollars (\$200,000.00) to carry out the terms and provisions of 167 this section.

168 SECTION 5. Section 49-1-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
169 amended as follows:

170 49-1-29. The commission may promulgate rules and 171 regulations, inaugurate studies and surveys, and establish any 172 services it deems necessary to carry out wildlife laws. A 173 violation of any rules or regulations promulgated by the 174 commission shall constitute a misdemeanor and shall be punished as 175 provided in Section 49-7-101.

The executive director shall have authority with commission approval:

(a) To close or shorten the open season as prescribed 178 179 by law in cases of urgent emergency on any species of game birds, game or fur-bearing animals, reptiles, fish or amphibians, in any 180 locality, when it finds after investigation and public review that 181 182 the action is reasonably necessary to secure the perpetuation of any species of game birds, game or fur-bearing animals, reptiles, 183 184 fish or amphibians and to maintain an adequate supply in the 185 affected area. The statutes shall continue in full force and 186 effect, except as restricted and limited by the rules and 187 regulations promulgated by the commission.

(b) To designate wildlife refuges, with the consent of
the property owner or owners, in any localities it finds necessary
to secure perpetuation of any species of game birds, game or
fur-bearing animals, reptiles, fish or amphibians and to maintain
an adequate supply for the purpose of providing a safe retreat
where the animals may rest and replenish adjacent hunting,
trapping or fishing grounds or waters.

(c) To acquire and hold for the state by purchase,
condemnation, lease, or agreement as authorized from time to time
by the Legislature, and to receive by gifts or devise, lands or

water suitable for fish habitats, game and bird habitats, state parks, access sites, wildlife refuges, or for public shooting, trapping or fishing grounds or waters, to provide areas on which any citizen may hunt, trap or fish under any special regulations as the commission may prescribe.

(d) To extend and consolidate lands or waters suitable
for the above purposes by exchange of lands or waters under its
jurisdiction.

(e) To capture, propagate, transport, sell or exchange
any species of game birds, game or fur-bearing animals, reptiles,
fish or amphibians needed for stocking or restocking any lands or
waters of the state.

(f) To enter into cooperative agreements with persons,
firms, corporations or governmental agencies for purposes
consistent with this chapter.

(g) To regulate the burning of rubbish, slashings and marshes or other areas it may find reasonably necessary to reduce the danger of destructive fires.

(h) To conduct research in improved wildlife and
fisheries conservation methods and to disseminate information to
the residents of the state through the schools, public media and
other publications.

To have exclusive charge and control of the 220 (i) propagation and distribution of wild birds, animals, reptiles, 221 222 fish and amphibians, the conduct and control of hatcheries, biological stations and game and fur farms owned or acquired by 223 224 the state; to expend for the protection, propagation or preservation of game birds, game or fur-bearing animals, reptiles, 225 fish and amphibians all funds of the state acquired for this 226 purpose arising from licenses, gifts or otherwise; and shall have 227 charge of the enforcement of all wildlife laws. 228

(j) To grant permits and provide regulations for fieldtrials and dog trainers.

(k) To prohibit and to regulate the taking of nongamegross fish, except minnows.

(1) To enter into agreements with landowners to trap
and purchase quail on the premises of the landowner and to provide
for the distribution of quail.

(m) To operate or lease to third persons concessions or other rights or privileges on lakes owned or leased by the department. Owners of land adjoining land owned or leased by the department shall have priority to the concessions or rights or privileges, if the owners meet the qualifications established by the commission.

(n) To implement a beaver control program and to charge
fees, upon the recommendation of the Beaver Control Advisory
Board, to landowners participating in the beaver control program
described in Section 49-7-201.

(o) To apply for, receive and expend any federal, state
or local funds, contributions or funds from any other source for
the purpose of beaver control or eradication.

(p) To require the department to divide the districts into zones if necessary, and periodically survey the districts or zones to obtain information that is necessary to properly determine the population and allowable harvest limits of wildlife within the district or zone.

254 (q) To require Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) testing of 255 all white-tailed deer within any enclosure; to grant wildlife 256 personnel authority to access the property and depopulate 257 white-tailed deer within an enclosure where CWD has been 258 diagnosed; and to grant wildlife personnel authority to access the

259 property and utilize lethal collection methods to obtain tissue

260 samples for testing where CWD has been diagnosed within five (5)

261 miles of the enclosure.

262 **SECTION 6**. This act shall take effect and be in force from 263 and after its passage.

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ST: Wildlife; Impose moratorium on importation of any due susceptible to chronic wasting disease.