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To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2462

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AN ACT TO CREATE THE UNIFORM PARTNERSHIP ACT (1997); TO ENACT
      DEFINITIONS FOR THE ACT; TO SPECIFICALLY DEFINE KNOWLEDGE AND
      NOTICE; TO MAKE PROVISION CONCERNING THE EFFECT OF A PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT AND NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS THEREIN; TO PROVIDE FOR
 3
      SUPPLEMENTAL LAW; TO ENACT PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE EXECUTION,
      FILING AND RECORDING OF STATEMENTS; TO MAKE PROVISION AS TO WHAT LAW GOVERNS A PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT; TO PROVIDE THAT PARTNERSHIPS
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      GOVERNED BY THE ACT ARE SUBJECT TO SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENT OR REPEAL OF THE ACT; TO ENACT CERTAIN PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE NATURE AND
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      FORMATION OF A PARTNERSHIP AND WHEN PROPERTY BELONGS TO A
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      PARTNERSHIP; TO MAKE CERTAIN PROVISIONS CONCERNING THE
      RELATIONSHIP OF PARTNERS TO PERSONS DEALING WITH A PARTNERSHIP,
THE TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY, EXERCISE OF PARTNERSHIP
AUTHORITY, THE PARTNERSHIP'S LIABILITY FOR A PARTNER'S CONDUCT, A
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      PARTNER'S LIABILITY AND ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST PARTNERSHIPS; TO
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      ENACT PROVISIONS TO GOVERN THE RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO EACH OTHER
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      AND TO THE PARTNERSHIP, INCLUDING A PARTNER'S RIGHTS AND STANDARDS OF CONDUCT AND THE TERM OF CONTINUATION OF A PARTNERSHIP; TO ENACT
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      PROVISIONS CONCERNING TRANSFEREES AND CREDITORS OF A PARTNER AND
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      TRANSFERABILITY OF A PARTNERSHIP INTEREST; TO PROVIDE WHAT EVENTS
      CAUSE A PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION AND THE EFFECT THEREOF; TO PROVIDE
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      FOR THE PURCHASE OF A DISSOCIATED PARTNER'S INTEREST AND THE RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF A DISSOCIATED PARTNER; TO PROVIDE FOR THE
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      WINDING UP OF PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS; TO PROVIDE FOR CONVERSIONS AND
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      MERGERS; TO ENACT SPECIFIC PROVISIONS FOR LIMITED LIABILITY
      PARTNERSHIPS AND FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIPS; TO MAKE
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       TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACT; TO REPEAL
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      TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE ACT; TO REPEA SECTIONS 79-12-1, 79-12-3, 79-12-5, 79-12-7, 79-12-9, 79-12-11, 79-12-13, 79-12-15, 79-12-17, 79-12-19, 79-12-21, 79-12-23, 79-12-25, 79-12-27, 79-12-29, 79-12-31, 79-12-33, 79-12-35, 79-12-37, 79-12-39, 79-12-41, 79-12-43, 79-12-45, 79-12-47, 79-12-49, 79-12-51, 79-12-53, 79-12-55, 79-12-57, 79-12-59, 79-12-61, 79-12-63, 79-12-65, 79-12-67, 79-12-69, 79-12-71, 79-12-73, 79-12-75, 79-12-77, 79-12-79, 79-12-81, 79-12-83, 79-12-85, 79-12-87, 79-12-89, 79-12-91, 79-12-93, 79-12-95, 79-12-97, 79-12-99, 79-12-101, 79-12-103, 79-12-105, 79-12-107, 79-12-109, 79-12-111, 79-12-113, 79-12-115, 79-12-117 AND 79-12-119, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972. WHICH CONSTITUTE THE
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       79-12-119, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH CONSTITUTE THE
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      MISSISSIPPI UNIFORM PARTNERSHIP LAW, AS OF JANUARY 1, 2006; AND
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      FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
              BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
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                                                     ARTICLE 1
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                                              GENERAL PROVISIONS
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               SECTION 101. Definitions. In this act:
                       (1) "Business" includes every trade, occupation, and
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       profession.
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- 47 (2) "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person who is the
- 48 subject of:
- 49 (i) An order for relief under Title 11 of the
- 50 United States Code or a comparable order under a successor statute
- 51 of general application; or
- 52 (ii) A comparable order under federal, state, or
- 53 foreign law governing insolvency.
- 54 (3) "Distribution" means a transfer of money or other
- 55 property from a partnership to a partner in the partner's capacity
- 56 as a partner or to the partner's transferee.
- 57 (4) "Foreign limited liability partnership" means a
- 58 partnership that:
- (i) Is formed under laws other than the laws of
- 60 this state; and
- (ii) Has the status of a limited liability
- 62 partnership under those laws.
- (5) "Limited liability partnership" means a partnership
- 64 that has filed a statement of qualification under Section 1001 and
- does not have a similar statement in effect in any other
- 66 jurisdiction.
- 67 (6) "Partnership" means an association of two (2) or
- 68 more persons to carry on as co-owners a business for profit formed
- 69 under Section 202, predecessor law, or comparable law of another
- 70 jurisdiction.
- 71 (7) "Partnership agreement" means the agreement,
- 72 whether written, oral, or implied, among the partners concerning
- 73 the partnership, including amendments to the partnership
- 74 agreement.
- 75 (8) "Partnership at will" means a partnership in which
- 76 the partners have not agreed to remain partners until the
- 77 expiration of a definite term or the completion of a particular
- 78 undertaking.

- 79 (9) "Partnership interest" or "partner's interest in
- 80 the partnership" means all of a partner's interests in the
- 81 partnership, including the partner's transferable interest and all
- 82 management and other rights.
- 83 (10) "Person" means an individual, corporation,
- 84 business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint
- 85 venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or
- 86 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 87 (11) "Property" means all property, real, personal, or
- 88 mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein.
- 89 (12) "State" means a state of the United States, the
- 90 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any
- 91 territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 92 United States.
- 93 (13) "Statement" means a statement of partnership
- 94 authority under Section 303, a statement of denial under Section
- 95 304, a statement of dissociation under Section 704, a statement of
- 96 dissolution under Section 805, a statement of merger under Section
- 97 907, a statement of qualification under Section 1001, a statement
- 98 of foreign qualification under Section 1102, or an amendment or
- 99 cancellation of any of the foregoing.
- 100 (14) "Transfer" includes an assignment, conveyance,
- 101 lease, mortgage, deed, and encumbrance.
- 102 SECTION 102. Knowledge and notice.
- 103 (a) A person knows a fact if the person has actual knowledge
- 104 of it.
- 105 (b) A person has notice of a fact if the person:
- 106 (1) Knows of it;
- 107 (2) Has received a notification of it; or
- 108 (3) Has reason to know it exists from all of the facts
- 109 known to the person at the time in question.

- A person notifies or gives a notification to another by 110 taking steps reasonably required to inform the other person in 111 ordinary course, whether or not the other person learns of it. 112
- 113 A person receives a notification when the notification:
- 114 Comes to the person's attention; or

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(e)

- Is duly delivered at the person's place of business 115 (2) or at any other place held out by the person as a place for 116 receiving communications.
- Except as otherwise provided in subsection (f), a person 118 other than an individual knows, has notice, or receives a 119 120 notification of a fact for purposes of a particular transaction when the individual conducting the transaction knows, has notice, 121 or receives a notification of the fact, or in any event when the 122 fact would have been brought to the individual's attention if the 123 person had exercised reasonable diligence. The person exercises 124 125 reasonable diligence if it maintains reasonable routines for communicating significant information to the individual conducting 126 127 the transaction and there is reasonable compliance with the routines. Reasonable diligence does not require an individual 128 129 acting for the person to communicate information unless the communication is part of the individual's regular duties or the 130 131 individual has reason to know of the transaction and that the
 - A partner's knowledge, notice, or receipt of a notification of a fact relating to the partnership is effective immediately as knowledge by, notice to, or receipt of a notification by the partnership, except in the case of a fraud on the partnership committed by or with the consent of that partner.

transaction would be materially affected by the information.

- SECTION 103. Effect of partnership agreement; nonwaivable 138 provisions. 139
- Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), 140 (a) 141 relations among the partners and between the partners and the partnership are governed by the partnership agreement. 142 S. B. No. 2462 03/SS26/R589.1

- 143 extent the partnership agreement does not otherwise provide, this
- 144 act governs relations among the partners and between the partners
- 145 and the partnership.
- 146 (b) The partnership agreement may not:
- 147 (1) Vary the rights and duties under Section 105 except
- 148 to eliminate the duty to provide copies of statements to all of
- 149 the partners;
- 150 (2) Unreasonably restrict the right of access to books
- 151 and records under Section 403(b);
- 152 (3) Eliminate the duty of loyalty under Section 404(b)
- 153 or 603(b)(3), but:
- 154 (i) The partnership agreement may identify
- 155 specific types or categories of activities that do not violate the
- 156 duty of loyalty, if not manifestly unreasonable; or
- 157 (ii) All of the partners or a number or percentage
- 158 specified in the partnership agreement may authorize or ratify,
- 159 after full disclosure of all material facts, a specific act or
- 160 transaction that otherwise would violate the duty of loyalty;
- 161 (4) Unreasonably reduce the duty of care under Section
- 162 404(c) or 603(b)(3);
- 163 (5) Eliminate the obligation of good faith and fair
- 164 dealing under Section 404(d), but the partnership agreement may
- 165 prescribe the standards by which the performance of the obligation
- 166 is to be measured, if the standards are not manifestly
- 167 unreasonable;
- 168 (6) Vary the power to dissociate as a partner under
- 169 Section 602(a), except to require the notice under Section 601(1)
- 170 to be in writing;
- 171 (7) Vary the right of a court to expel a partner in the
- events specified in Section 601(5);
- 173 (8) Vary the requirement to wind up the partnership
- business in cases specified in Section 801(4), (5), or (6);

175	(!	9) Vai	ry the	law	applicable	to	a	limited	liability
100		7	a . '	-	2 (1)				
176	partnership	under	Section	on 10)6(b): or				

- 177 (10) Restrict rights of third parties under this act.
- 178 SECTION 104. Supplemental principles of law.
- 179 (a) Unless displaced by particular provisions of this act,
- 180 the principles of law and equity supplement this act.
- 181 (b) If an obligation to pay interest arises under this act
- 182 and the rate is not specified, the rate is that specified in
- 183 Section 75-17-1(1), Mississippi Code of 1972.
- 184 SECTION 105. Execution, filing, and recording of statements.
- 185 (a) A statement may be filed in the Office of the Secretary
- 186 of State. A certified copy of a statement that is filed in an
- 187 office in another state may be filed in the Office of the
- 188 Secretary of State. Either filing has the effect provided in this
- 189 act with respect to partnership property located in or
- 190 transactions that occur in this state.
- 191 (b) A certified copy of a statement that has been filed in
- 192 the Office of the Secretary of State and recorded in the office
- 193 for recording transfers of real property has the effect provided
- 194 for recorded statements in this act. A recorded statement that is
- 195 not a certified copy of a statement filed in the Office of the
- 196 Secretary of State does not have the effect provided for recorded
- 197 statements in this act.
- 198 (c) A statement filed by a partnership must be executed by
- 199 at least two partners. Other statements must be executed by a
- 200 partner or other person authorized by this act. An individual who
- 201 executes a statement as, or on behalf of, a partner or other
- 202 person named as a partner in a statement shall personally declare
- 203 under penalty of perjury that the contents of the statement are
- 204 accurate.
- 205 (d) A person authorized by this act to file a statement may
- 206 amend or cancel the statement by filing an amendment or



- 207 cancellation that names the partnership, identifies the statement,
- 208 and states the substance of the amendment or cancellation.
- 209 (e) A person who files a statement pursuant to this section
- 210 shall promptly send a copy of the statement to every nonfiling
- 211 partner and to any other person named as a partner in the
- 212 statement. Failure to send a copy of a statement to a partner or
- 213 other person does not limit the effectiveness of the statement as
- 214 to a person not a partner.
- 215 (f) The Secretary of State shall charge and collect fees in
- 216 the amounts specified for the following purposes:
- 217 (i) Filing of Certificate of Registration of Domestic
- 218 or Foreign Limited Liability Partnership Two Hundred Fifty
- 219 Dollars (\$250.00).
- 220 (ii) Filing of Certificate Correcting or Amending a
- 221 Certificate of Registration of Domestic or Foreign Limited
- 222 Liability Partnership Fifty Dollars (\$50.00).
- 223 (iii) Filing of Certificate of Cancellation of
- 224 Registration of Domestic or Foreign Limited Liability Partnership
- 225 Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00).
- (iv) Any other document required or permitted to be
- 227 filed by this act Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00).
- 228 (g) The Secretary of State shall have the powers reasonably
- 229 necessary to perform the duties required of him under the
- 230 provisions of this act.
- 231 SECTION 106. Governing law.
- 232 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), the law
- 233 of the jurisdiction in which a partnership has its chief executive
- 234 office governs relations among the partners and between the
- 235 partners and the partnership.
- 236 (b) The law of this state governs relations among the
- 237 partners and between the partners and the partnership and the
- 238 liability of partners for an obligation of a limited liability
- 239 partnership.

240	SECTION 107	. I	Partnership	subject	to	amendment	or	repeal	οf

- 241 act. A partnership governed by this act is subject to any
- 242 amendment to or repeal of this act.
- 243 ARTICLE 2
- 244 NATURE OF PARTNERSHIP
- 245 SECTION 201. Partnership as entity.
- 246 (a) A partnership is an entity distinct from its partners.
- 247 (b) A limited liability partnership continues to be the same
- 248 entity that existed before the filing of a statement of
- 249 qualification under Section 1001.
- 250 **SECTION 202.** Formation of partnership.
- 251 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), the
- 252 association of two or more persons to carry on as co-owners a
- 253 business for profit forms a partnership, whether or not the
- 254 persons intend to form a partnership.
- 255 (b) An association formed under a statute other than this
- 256 act, a predecessor statute, or a comparable statute of another
- 257 jurisdiction is not a partnership under this act.
- 258 (c) In determining whether a partnership is formed, the
- 259 following rules apply:
- 260 (1) Joint tenancy, tenancy in common, tenancy by the
- 261 entireties, joint property, common property, or part ownership
- 262 does not by itself establish a partnership, even if the co-owners
- 263 share profits made by the use of the property.
- 264 (2) The sharing of gross returns does not by itself
- 265 establish a partnership, even if the persons sharing them have a
- 266 joint or common right or interest in property from which the
- 267 returns are derived.
- 268 (3) A person who receives a share of the profits of a
- 269 business is presumed to be a partner in the business, unless the
- 270 profits were received in payment:
- (i) Of a debt by installments or otherwise;



- 272 (ii) For services as an independent contractor or
- 273 of wages or other compensation to an employee;
- 274 (iii) Of rent;
- 275 (iv) Of an annuity or other retirement or health
- 276 benefit to a beneficiary, representative, or designee of a
- 277 deceased or retired partner;
- (v) Of interest or other charge on a loan, even if
- 279 the amount of payment varies with the profits of the business,
- 280 including a direct or indirect present or future ownership of the
- 281 collateral, or rights to income, proceeds, or increase in value
- 282 derived from the collateral; or
- (vi) For the sale of the goodwill of a business or
- 284 other property by installments or otherwise.
- 285 SECTION 203. Partnership property. Property acquired by a
- 286 partnership is property of the partnership and not of the partners
- 287 individually.
- 288 SECTION 204. When property is partnership property.
- 289 (a) Property is partnership property if acquired in the name
- 290 of:
- 291 (1) The partnership; or
- 292 (2) One or more partners with an indication in the
- instrument transferring title to the property of the person's
- 294 capacity as a partner or of the existence of a partnership but
- 295 without an indication of the name of the partnership.
- 296 (b) Property is acquired in the name of the partnership by a
- 297 transfer to:
- 298 (1) The partnership in its name; or
- 299 (2) One or more partners in their capacity as partners
- 300 in the partnership, if the name of the partnership is indicated in
- 301 the instrument transferring title to the property.
- 302 (c) Property is presumed to be partnership property if
- 303 purchased with partnership assets, even if not acquired in the
- 304 name of the partnership or of one or more partners with an

indication in the instrument transferring title to the property of the person's capacity as a partner or of the existence of a partnership.

(d) Property acquired in the name of one or more of the partners, without an indication in the instrument transferring title to the property of the person's capacity as a partner or of the existence of a partnership and without use of partnership assets, is presumed to be separate property, even if used for partnership purposes.

314 ARTICLE 3

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315 RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO

PERSONS DEALING WITH PARTNERSHIP

317 **SECTION 301. Partner agent of partnership.** Subject to the 318 effect of a statement of partnership authority under Section 303:

- (1) Each partner is an agent of the partnership for the purpose of its business. An act of a partner, including the execution of an instrument in the partnership name, for apparently carrying on in the ordinary course the partnership business or business of the kind carried on by the partnership binds the partnership, unless the partner had no authority to act for the partnership in the particular matter and the person with whom the partner was dealing knew or had received a notification that the partner lacked authority.
- (2) An act of a partner which is not apparently for carrying on in the ordinary course the partnership business or business of the kind carried on by the partnership binds the partnership only if the act was authorized by the other partners.

SECTION 302. Transfer of partnership property.

- (a) Partnership property may be transferred as follows:
- 334 (1) Subject to the effect of a statement of partnership 335 authority under Section 303, partnership property held in the name 336 of the partnership may be transferred by an instrument of transfer 337 executed by a partner in the partnership name.

338	(2) Partnership property held in the name of one or
339	more partners with an indication in the instrument transferring
340	the property to them of their capacity as partners or of the
341	existence of a partnership, but without an indication of the name
342	of the partnership, may be transferred by an instrument of
343	transfer executed by the persons in whose name the property is
344	held.

- 345 (3) Partnership property held in the name of one or 346 more persons other than the partnership, without an indication in 347 the instrument transferring the property to them of their capacity 348 as partners or of the existence of a partnership, may be 349 transferred by an instrument of transfer executed by the persons 350 in whose name the property is held.
- 351 (b) A partnership may recover partnership property from a 352 transferee only if it proves that execution of the instrument of 353 initial transfer did not bind the partnership under Section 301 354 and:
- 355 (1) As to a subsequent transferee who gave value for 356 property transferred under subsection (a)(1) and (2), proves that 357 the subsequent transferee knew or had received a notification that 358 the person who executed the instrument of initial transfer lacked 359 authority to bind the partnership; or
- (2) As to a transferee who gave value for property
 transferred under subsection (a)(3), proves that the transferee
 knew or had received a notification that the property was
 partnership property and that the person who executed the
 instrument of initial transfer lacked authority to bind the
 partnership.
- 366 (c) A partnership may not recover partnership property from 367 a subsequent transferee if the partnership would not have been 368 entitled to recover the property, under subsection (b), from any 369 earlier transferee of the property.

370 (d) If a person holds all of the partners' interests in the 371 partnership, all of the partnership property vests in that person. 372 The person may execute a document in the name of the partnership 373 to evidence vesting of the property in that person and may file or 374 record the document.

SECTION 303. Statement of partnership authority.

- 376 (a) A partnership may file a statement of partnership 377 authority, which:
- 378 (1) Must include:

- 379 (i) The name of the partnership;
- 380 (ii) The street address of its chief executive
- 381 office and of one office in this state, if there is one;
- 382 (iii) The names and mailing addresses of all of
- 383 the partners or of an agent appointed and maintained by the
- 384 partnership for the purpose of subsection (b); and
- 385 (iv) The names of the partners authorized to
- 386 execute an instrument transferring real property held in the name
- 387 of the partnership; and
- 388 (2) May state the authority, or limitations on the
- 389 authority, of some or all of the partners to enter into other
- 390 transactions on behalf of the partnership and any other matter.
- 391 (b) If a statement of partnership authority names an agent,
- 392 the agent shall maintain a list of the names and mailing addresses
- 393 of all of the partners and make it available to any person on
- 394 request for good cause shown.
- 395 (c) If a filed statement of partnership authority is
- 396 executed pursuant to Section 105(c) and states the name of the
- 397 partnership but does not contain all of the other information
- 398 required by subsection (a), the statement nevertheless operates
- 399 with respect to a person not a partner as provided in subsections
- 400 (d) and (e).
- 401 (d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (q), a filed
- 402 statement of partnership authority supplements the authority of a

403 partner to enter into transactions on behalf of the partnership as 404 follows:

405 (1) Except for transfers of real property, a grant of
406 authority contained in a filed statement of partnership authority
407 is conclusive in favor of a person who gives value without
408 knowledge to the contrary, so long as and to the extent that a
409 limitation on that authority is not then contained in another
410 filed statement. A filed cancellation of a limitation on
411 authority revives the previous grant of authority.

- A grant of authority to transfer real property held 412 413 in the name of the partnership contained in a certified copy of a filed statement of partnership authority recorded in the office 414 for recording transfers of that real property is conclusive in 415 favor of a person who gives value without knowledge to the 416 contrary, so long as and to the extent that a certified copy of a 417 filed statement containing a limitation on that authority is not 418 then of record in the office for recording transfers of that real 419 420 property. The recording in the office for recording transfers of that real property of a certified copy of a filed cancellation of 421
- (e) A person not a partner is deemed to know of a limitation
 on the authority of a partner to transfer real property held in
 the name of the partnership if a certified copy of the filed
 statement containing the limitation on authority is of record in
 the office for recording transfers of that real property.

a limitation on authority revives the previous grant of authority.

- 428 (f) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (d) and (e) 429 and Sections 704 and 805, a person not a partner is not deemed to 430 know of a limitation on the authority of a partner merely because 431 the limitation is contained in a filed statement.
- (g) Unless earlier canceled, a filed statement of
 partnership authority is canceled by operation of law five (5)
 years after the date on which the statement, or the most recent
 amendment, was filed with the Secretary of State.

SECTION 304. Statement of denial. A partner or other person 436 named as a partner in a filed statement of partnership authority 437 or in a list maintained by an agent pursuant to Section 303(b) may 438 439 file a statement of denial stating the name of the partnership and 440 the fact that is being denied, which may include denial of a 441 person's authority or status as a partner. A statement of denial 442 is a limitation on authority as provided in Section 303(d) and 443 (e).

SECTION 305. Partnership liable for partner's actionable conduct.

- 446 (a) A partnership is liable for loss or injury caused to a 447 person, or for a penalty incurred, as a result of a wrongful act 448 or omission, or other actionable conduct, of a partner acting in 449 the ordinary course of business of the partnership or with 450 authority of the partnership.
- 451 (b) If, in the course of the partnership's business or while 452 acting with authority of the partnership, a partner receives or 453 causes the partnership to receive money or property of a person 454 not a partner, and the money or property is misapplied by a 455 partner, the partnership is liable for the loss.

456 SECTION 306. Partner's liability.

- 457 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (b) and (c),
 458 all partners are liable jointly and severally for all obligations
 459 of the partnership unless otherwise agreed by the claimant or
 460 provided by law.
- 461 (b) A person admitted as a partner into an existing
 462 partnership is not personally liable for any partnership
 463 obligation incurred before the person's admission as a partner.
- (c) An obligation of a partnership incurred while the
 partnership is a limited liability partnership, whether arising in
 contract, tort, or otherwise, is solely the obligation of the
 partnership. A partner is not personally liable, directly or
 indirectly, by way of contribution or otherwise, for such an

- obligation solely by reason of being or so acting as a partner. 469
- 470 This subsection applies notwithstanding anything inconsistent in
- the partnership agreement that existed immediately before the vote 471
- 472 required to become a limited liability partnership under Section
- 473 1001(b).
- SECTION 307. Actions by and against partnership and 474
- 475 partners.
- A partnership may sue and be sued in the name of the 476
- 477 partnership.
- An action may be brought against the partnership and, to 478
- 479 the extent not inconsistent with Section 306, any or all of the
- partners in the same action or in separate actions. 480
- 481 A judgment against a partnership is not by itself a
- judgment against a partner. A judgment against a partnership may 482
- 483 not be satisfied from a partner's assets unless there is also a
- 484 judgment against the partner.
- A judgment creditor of a partner may not levy execution 485
- 486 against the assets of the partner to satisfy a judgment based on a
- 487 claim against the partnership unless the partner is personally
- 488 liable for the claim under Section 306 and:
- 489 A judgment based on the same claim has been (1)
- 490 obtained against the partnership and a writ of execution on the
- 491 judgment has been returned unsatisfied in whole or in part;
- 492 (2) The partnership is a debtor in bankruptcy;
- 493 (3) The partner has agreed that the creditor need not
- exhaust partnership assets; 494
- 495 A court grants permission to the judgment creditor
- to levy execution against the assets of a partner based on a 496
- 497 finding that partnership assets subject to execution are clearly
- 498 insufficient to satisfy the judgment, that exhaustion of
- 499 partnership assets is excessively burdensome, or that the grant of
- 500 permission is an appropriate exercise of the court's equitable
- 501 powers; or

- 502 (5) Liability is imposed on the partner by law or 503 contract independent of the existence of the partnership.
- (e) This section applies to any partnership liability or obligation resulting from a representation by a partner or purported partner under Section 308.

507 SECTION 308. Liability of purported partner.

- 508 If a person, by words or conduct, purports to be a 509 partner, or consents to being represented by another as a partner, 510 in a partnership or with one or more persons not partners, the purported partner is liable to a person to whom the representation 511 512 is made, if that person, relying on the representation, enters 513 into a transaction with the actual or purported partnership. If the representation, either by the purported partner or by a person 514 with the purported partner's consent, is made in a public manner, 515 516 the purported partner is liable to a person who relies upon the purported partnership even if the purported partner is not aware 517 of being held out as a partner to the claimant. If partnership 518 519 liability results, the purported partner is liable with respect to that liability as if the purported partner were a partner. 520 521 partnership liability results, the purported partner is liable with respect to that liability jointly and severally with any 522 523 other person consenting to the representation.
- 524 If a person is thus represented to be a partner in an existing partnership, or with one or more persons not partners, 525 526 the purported partner is an agent of persons consenting to the representation to bind them to the same extent and in the same 527 528 manner as if the purported partner were a partner, with respect to persons who enter into transactions in reliance upon the 529 representation. If all of the partners of the existing 530 531 partnership consent to the representation, a partnership act or obligation results. If fewer than all of the partners of the 532 533 existing partnership consent to the representation, the person

534	acting	and	the	partner	s consenting	to	the	representation	are
535	jointly	and	sev	verally	liable.				

- (c) A person is not liable as a partner merely because the person is named by another in a statement of partnership authority.
- (d) A person does not continue to be liable as a partner
 merely because of a failure to file a statement of dissociation or
 to amend a statement of partnership authority to indicate the
 partner's dissociation from the partnership.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (a) and (b), persons who are not partners as to each other are not liable as partners to other persons.

546 ARTICLE 4

RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO EACH OTHER

548 AND TO PARTNERSHIP

SECTION 401. Partner's rights and duties.

- (a) Each partner is deemed to have an account that is:
- (1) Credited with an amount equal to the money plus the value of any other property, net of the amount of any liabilities,
- 553 the partner contributes to the partnership and the partner's share
- of the partnership profits; and
- 555 (2) Charged with an amount equal to the money plus the
- value of any other property, net of the amount of any liabilities,
- 557 distributed by the partnership to the partner and the partner's
- 558 share of the partnership losses.
- (b) Each partner is entitled to an equal share of the
- 560 partnership profits and is chargeable with a share of the
- 561 partnership losses in proportion to the partner's share of the
- 562 profits.

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- (c) A partnership shall reimburse a partner for payments
- 564 made and indemnify a partner for liabilities incurred by the
- 565 partner in the ordinary course of the business of the partnership
- or for the preservation of its business or property.

- (d) A partnership shall reimburse a partner for an advance to the partnership beyond the amount of capital the partner agreed to contribute.
- (e) A payment or advance made by a partner which gives rise
- 571 to a partnership obligation under subsection (c) or (d)
- 572 constitutes a loan to the partnership which accrues interest from
- 573 the date of the payment or advance.
- (f) Each partner has equal rights in the management and
- 575 conduct of the partnership business.
- 576 (g) A partner may use or possess partnership property only
- 577 on behalf of the partnership.
- 578 (h) A partner is not entitled to remuneration for services
- 579 performed for the partnership, except for reasonable compensation
- 580 for services rendered in winding up the business of the
- 581 partnership.
- (i) A person may become a partner only with the consent of
- 583 all of the partners.
- 584 (j) A difference arising as to a matter in the ordinary
- 585 course of business of a partnership may be decided by a majority
- 586 of the partners. An act outside the ordinary course of business
- 587 of a partnership and an amendment to the partnership agreement may
- 588 be undertaken only with the consent of all of the partners.
- 589 (k) This section does not affect the obligations of a
- 590 partnership to other persons under Section 301.
- 591 SECTION 402. Distributions in kind. A partner has no right
- 592 to receive, and may not be required to accept, a distribution in
- 593 kind.
- 594 SECTION 403. Partner's rights and duties with respect to
- 595 information.
- 596 (a) A partnership shall keep its books and records, if any,
- 597 at its chief executive office.
- 598 (b) A partnership shall provide partners and their agents
- 599 and attorneys access to its books and records. It shall provide

- 600 former partners and their agents and attorneys access to books and
- 601 records pertaining to the period during which they were partners.
- 602 The right of access provides the opportunity to inspect and copy
- 603 books and records during ordinary business hours. A partnership
- 604 may impose a reasonable charge, covering the costs of labor and
- 605 material, for copies of documents furnished.
- 606 (c) Each partner and the partnership shall furnish to a
- 607 partner, and to the legal representative of a deceased partner or
- 608 partner under legal disability:
- (1) Without demand, any information concerning the
- 610 partnership's business and affairs reasonably required for the
- 611 proper exercise of the partner's rights and duties under the
- 612 partnership agreement or this act; and
- 613 (2) On demand, any other information concerning the
- 614 partnership's business and affairs, except to the extent the
- 615 demand or the information demanded is unreasonable or otherwise
- 616 improper under the circumstances.
- SECTION 404. General standards of partner's conduct.
- 618 (a) The only fiduciary duties a partner owes to the
- 619 partnership and the other partners are the duty of loyalty and the
- 620 duty of care set forth in subsections (b) and (c).
- (b) A partner's duty of loyalty to the partnership and the
- 622 other partners is limited to the following:
- (1) To account to the partnership and hold as trustee
- 624 for it any property, profit, or benefit derived by the partner in
- 625 the conduct and winding up of the partnership business or derived
- 626 from a use by the partner of partnership property, including the
- 627 appropriation of a partnership opportunity;
- 628 (2) To refrain from dealing with the partnership in the
- 629 conduct or winding up of the partnership business as or on behalf
- 630 of a party having an interest adverse to the partnership; and



- (3) To refrain from competing with the partnership in the conduct of the partnership business before the dissolution of the partnership.
- (c) A partner's duty of care to the partnership and the
 other partners in the conduct and winding up of the partnership
 business is limited to refraining from engaging in grossly
 negligent or reckless conduct, intentional misconduct, or a
 knowing violation of law.
- (d) A partner shall discharge the duties to the partnership and the other partners under this act or under the partnership agreement and exercise any rights consistently with the obligation of good faith and fair dealing.
- (e) A partner does not violate a duty or obligation under this act or under the partnership agreement merely because the partner's conduct furthers the partner's own interest.
- (f) A partner may lend money to and transact other business
 with the partnership, and as to each loan or transaction the
 rights and obligations of the partner are the same as those of a
 person who is not a partner, subject to other applicable law.
- (g) This section applies to a person winding up the
 partnership business as the personal or legal representative of
 the last surviving partner as if the person were a partner.

SECTION 405. Actions by partnership and partners.

- (a) A partnership may maintain an action against a partner
 for a breach of the partnership agreement, or for the violation of
 a duty to the partnership, causing harm to the partnership.
- (b) A partner may maintain an action against the partnership or another partner for legal or equitable relief, with or without an accounting as to partnership business, to:
- (1) Enforce the partner's rights under the partnership agreement;
- 662 (2) Enforce the partner's rights under this act,
- 663 including:

665	or 404;
666	(ii) The partner's right on dissociation to have
667	the partner's interest in the partnership purchased pursuant to
668	Section 701 or enforce any other right under Article 6 or 7; or
669	(iii) The partner's right to compel a dissolution
670	and winding up of the partnership business under or enforce any
671	other right under Article 8; or
672	(3) Enforce the rights and otherwise protect the
673	interests of the partner, including rights and interests arising
674	independently of the partnership relationship.
675	(c) The accrual of, and any time limitation on, a right of
676	action for a remedy under this section is governed by other law.
677	A right to an accounting upon a dissolution and winding up does
678	not revive a claim barred by law.
679	SECTION 406. Continuation of partnership beyond definite
680	term or particular undertaking.
681	(a) If a partnership for a definite term or particular
682	undertaking is continued, without an express agreement, after the
683	expiration of the term or completion of the undertaking, the
584	rights and duties of the partners remain the same as they were at
685	the expiration or completion, so far as is consistent with a
686	partnership at will.
687	(b) If the partners, or those of them who habitually acted
886	in the business during the term or undertaking, continue the
689	business without any settlement or liquidation of the partnership
590	they are presumed to have agreed that the partnership will
591	continue.
692	ARTICLE 5
693	TRANSFEREES AND CREDITORS OF PARTNER
694	SECTION 501. Partner not co-owner of partnership property.

(i) The partner's rights under Sections 401, 403,

A partner is not a co-owner of partnership property and has no

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- 696 interest in partnership property which can be transferred, either
- 697 voluntarily or involuntarily.
- 698 SECTION 502. Partner's transferable interest in partnership.
- 699 The only transferable interest of a partner in the partnership is
- 700 the partner's share of the profits and losses of the partnership
- 701 and the partner's right to receive distributions. The interest is
- 702 personal property.
- 703 SECTION 503. Transfer of partner's transferable interest.
- 704 (a) A transfer, in whole or in part, of a partner's
- 705 transferable interest in the partnership:
- 706 (1) Is permissible;
- 707 (2) Does not by itself cause the partner's dissociation
- 708 or a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business; and
- 709 (3) Does not, as against the other partners or the
- 710 partnership, entitle the transferee, during the continuance of the
- 711 partnership, to participate in the management or conduct of the
- 712 partnership business, to require access to information concerning
- 713 partnership transactions, or to inspect or copy the partnership
- 714 books or records.
- 715 (b) A transferee of a partner's transferable interest in the
- 716 partnership has a right:
- 717 (1) To receive, in accordance with the transfer,
- 718 distributions to which the transferor would otherwise be entitled;
- 719 (2) To receive upon the dissolution and winding up of
- 720 the partnership business, in accordance with the transfer, the net
- 721 amount otherwise distributable to the transferor; and
- 722 (3) To seek under Section 801(6) a judicial
- 723 determination that it is equitable to wind up the partnership
- 724 business.
- 725 (c) In a dissolution and winding up, a transferee is
- 726 entitled to an account of partnership transactions only from the
- 727 date of the latest account agreed to by all of the partners.



- 728 (d) Upon transfer, the transferor retains the rights and 729 duties of a partner other than the interest in distributions 730 transferred.
- 731 (e) A partnership need not give effect to a transferee's 732 rights under this section until it has notice of the transfer.
- 733 (f) A transfer of a partner's transferable interest in the 734 partnership in violation of a restriction on transfer contained in 735 the partnership agreement is ineffective as to a person having 736 notice of the restriction at the time of transfer.
- 737 SECTION 504. Partner's transferable interest subject to 738 charging order.
- (a) On application by a judgment creditor of a partner or of 739 740 a partner's transferee, a court having jurisdiction may charge the 741 transferable interest of the judgment debtor to satisfy the 742 judgment. The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the distributions due or to become due to the judgment debtor in 743 respect of the partnership and make all other orders, directions, 744 745 accounts, and inquiries the judgment debtor might have made or 746 which the circumstances of the case may require.
- 747 (b) A charging order constitutes a lien on the judgment 748 debtor's transferable interest in the partnership. The court may 749 order a foreclosure of the interest subject to the charging order 750 at any time. The purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights 751 of a transferee.
- 752 (c) At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may 753 be redeemed:
- 754 (1) By the judgment debtor;
- 755 (2) With property other than partnership property, by 756 one or more of the other partners; or
- 757 (3) With partnership property, by one or more of the 758 other partners with the consent of all of the partners whose 759 interests are not so charged.

- 760 (d) This act does not deprive a partner of a right under 761 exemption laws with respect to the partner's interest in the 762 partnership.
- (e) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a partner or partner's transferee may satisfy a judgment out of the judgment debtor's transferable interest in the partnership.

767 ARTICLE 6

768 PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION

- 769 SECTION 601. Events causing partner's dissociation. A
 770 partner is dissociated from a partnership upon the occurrence of
 771 any of the following events:
- 772 (1) The partnership's having notice of the partner's 773 express will to withdraw as a partner or on a later date specified 774 by the partner;
- 775 (2) An event agreed to in the partnership agreement as 776 causing the partner's dissociation;
- 777 (3) The partner's expulsion pursuant to the partnership 778 agreement;
- 779 (4) The partner's expulsion by the unanimous vote of 780 the other partners if:
- 781 (i) It is unlawful to carry on the partnership
 782 business with that partner;
- 783 (ii) There has been a transfer of all or 784 substantially all of that partner's transferable interest in the
- 785 partnership, other than a transfer for security purposes, or a
- 786 court order charging the partner's interest, which has not been
- 787 foreclosed;
- 788 (iii) Within ninety (90) days after the
- 789 partnership notifies a corporate partner that it will be expelled
- 790 because it has filed a certificate of dissolution or the
- 791 equivalent, its charter has been revoked, or its right to conduct
- 792 business has been suspended by the jurisdiction of its

- 793 incorporation, there is no revocation of the certificate of
- 794 dissolution or no reinstatement of its charter or its right to
- 795 conduct business; or
- 796 (iv) A partnership that is a partner has been
- 797 dissolved and its business is being wound up;
- 798 (5) On application by the partnership or another
- 799 partner, the partner's expulsion by judicial determination
- 800 because:
- 801 (i) The partner engaged in wrongful conduct that
- 802 adversely and materially affected the partnership business;
- 803 (ii) The partner willfully or persistently
- 804 committed a material breach of the partnership agreement or of a
- 805 duty owed to the partnership or the other partners under Section
- 806 404; or
- 807 (iii) The partner engaged in conduct relating to
- 808 the partnership business which makes it not reasonably practicable
- 809 to carry on the business in partnership with the partner;
- 810 (6) The partner's:
- 811 (i) Becoming a debtor in bankruptcy;
- 812 (ii) Executing an assignment for the benefit of
- 813 creditors;
- 814 (iii) Seeking, consenting to, or acquiescing in
- 815 the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of that
- 816 partner or of all or substantially all of that partner's property;
- 817 or
- 818 (iv) Failing, within ninety (90) days after the
- 819 appointment, to have vacated or stayed the appointment of a
- 820 trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the partner or of all or
- 821 substantially all of the partner's property obtained without the
- 822 partner's consent or acquiescence, or failing within ninety (90)
- 823 days after the expiration of a stay to have the appointment
- 824 vacated;
- 825 (7) In the case of a partner who is an individual:

826	(i) The partner's death;
827	(ii) The appointment of a guardian or general
828	conservator for the partner; or
829	(iii) A judicial determination that the partner
830	has otherwise become incapable of performing the partner's duties
831	under the partnership agreement;
832	(8) In the case of a partner that is a trust or is
833	acting as a partner by virtue of being a trustee of a trust,
834	distribution of the trust's entire transferable interest in the
835	partnership, but not merely by reason of the substitution of a
836	successor trustee;
837	(9) In the case of a partner that is an estate or is
838	acting as a partner by virtue of being a personal representative
839	of an estate, distribution of the estate's entire transferable
840	interest in the partnership, but not merely by reason of the
841	substitution of a successor personal representative; or
842	(10) Termination of a partner who is not an individual,
843	partnership, corporation, trust, or estate.
844	SECTION 602. Partner's power to dissociate; wrongful
845	dissociation.
846	(a) A partner has the power to dissociate at any time,
847	rightfully or wrongfully, by express will pursuant to Section
848	601(1).
849	(b) A partner's dissociation is wrongful only if:
850	(1) It is in breach of an express provision of the
851	partnership agreement; or
852	(2) In the case of a partnership for a definite term or
853	particular undertaking, before the expiration of the term or the
854	completion of the undertaking:
855	(i) The partner withdraws by express will, unless
856	the withdrawal follows within ninety (90) days after another

partner's dissociation by death or otherwise under Section 601(6)

through (10) or wrongful dissociation under this subsection;

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860	determination under Section 601(5);
861	(iii) The partner is dissociated by becoming a
862	debtor in bankruptcy; or
863	(iv) In the case of a partner who is not an
864	individual, trust other than a business trust, or estate, the
865	partner is expelled or otherwise dissociated because it willfully
866	dissolved or terminated.
867	(c) A partner who wrongfully dissociates is liable to the
868	partnership and to the other partners for damages caused by the
869	dissociation. The liability is in addition to any other
870	obligation of the partner to the partnership or to the other
871	partners.
872	SECTION 603. Effect of partner's dissociation.
873	(a) If a partner's dissociation results in a dissolution and
874	winding up of the partnership business, Article 8 applies;
875	otherwise, Article 7 applies.
876	(b) Upon a partner's dissociation:
877	(1) The partner's right to participate in the
878	management and conduct of the partnership business terminates,
879	except as otherwise provided in Section 803;
880	(2) The partner's duty of loyalty under Section
881	404(b)(3) terminates; and
882	(3) The partner's duty of loyalty under Section
883	404(b)(1) and (2) and duty of care under Section 404(c) continue
884	only with regard to matters arising and events occurring before
885	the partner's dissociation, unless the partner participates in
886	winding up the partnership's business pursuant to Section 803.
887	ARTICLE 7
888	PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION WHEN
889	BUSINESS NOT WOUND UP
890	SECTION 701. Purchase of dissociated partner's interest.

(ii) The partner is expelled by judicial

- (a) If a partner is dissociated from a partnership without resulting in a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business under Section 801, the partnership shall cause the dissociated partner's interest in the partnership to be purchased for a buyout price determined pursuant to subsection (b).
- The buyout price of a dissociated partner's interest is 896 897 the amount that would have been distributable to the dissociating partner under Section 807(b) if, on the date of dissociation, the 898 899 assets of the partnership were sold at a price equal to the greater of the liquidation value or the value based on a sale of 900 901 the entire business as a going concern without the dissociated partner and the partnership were wound up as of that date. 902 903 Interest must be paid from the date of dissociation to the date of 904 payment.
- (c) Damages for wrongful dissociation under Section 602(b), and all other amounts owing, whether or not presently due, from the dissociated partner to the partnership, must be offset against the buyout price. Interest must be paid from the date the amount owed becomes due to the date of payment.
- 910 (d) A partnership shall indemnify a dissociated partner
 911 whose interest is being purchased against all partnership
 912 liabilities, whether incurred before or after the dissociation,
 913 except liabilities incurred by an act of the dissociated partner
 914 under Section 702.
- 916 (e) If no agreement for the purchase of a dissociated
 916 partner's interest is reached within one hundred twenty (120) days
 917 after a written demand for payment, the partnership shall pay, or
 918 cause to be paid, in cash to the dissociated partner the amount
 919 the partnership estimates to be the buyout price and accrued
 920 interest, reduced by any offsets and accrued interest under
 921 subsection (c).
- 922 (f) If a deferred payment is authorized under subsection
 923 (h), the partnership may tender a written offer to pay the amount
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- 924 it estimates to be the buyout price and accrued interest, reduced
- 925 by any offsets under subsection (c), stating the time of payment,
- 926 the amount and type of security for payment, and the other terms
- 927 and conditions of the obligation.
- 928 (g) The payment or tender required by subsection (e) or (f)
- 929 must be accompanied by the following:
- 930 (1) A statement of partnership assets and liabilities
- 931 as of the date of dissociation;
- 932 (2) The latest available partnership balance sheet and
- 933 income statement, if any;
- 934 (3) An explanation of how the estimated amount of the
- 935 payment was calculated; and
- 936 (4) Written notice that the payment is in full
- 937 satisfaction of the obligation to purchase unless, within one
- 938 hundred twenty (120) days after the written notice, the
- 939 dissociated partner commences an action to determine the buyout
- 940 price, any offsets under subsection (c), or other terms of the
- 941 obligation to purchase.
- 942 (h) A partner who wrongfully dissociates before the
- 943 expiration of a definite term or the completion of a particular
- 944 undertaking is not entitled to payment of any portion of the
- 945 buyout price until the expiration of the term or completion of the
- 946 undertaking, unless the partner establishes to the satisfaction of
- 947 the court that earlier payment will not cause undue hardship to
- 948 the business of the partnership. A deferred payment must be
- 949 adequately secured and bear interest.
- 950 (i) A dissociated partner may maintain an action against the
- 951 partnership, pursuant to Section 405(b)(2)(ii), to determine the
- 952 buyout price of that partner's interest, any offsets under
- 953 subsection (c), or other terms of the obligation to purchase. The
- 954 action must be commenced within one hundred twenty (120) days
- 955 after the partnership has tendered payment or an offer to pay or
- 956 within one (1) year after written demand for payment if no payment

957 or offer to pay is tendered. The court shall determine the buyout 958 price of the dissociated partner's interest, any offset due under subsection (c), and accrued interest, and enter judgment for any 959 960 additional payment or refund. If deferred payment is authorized 961 under subsection (h), the court shall also determine the security for payment and other terms of the obligation to purchase. 962 court may assess reasonable attorney's fees and the fees and 963 expenses of appraisers or other experts for a party to the action, 964 965 in amounts the court finds equitable, against a party that the court finds acted arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good faith. 966 967 The finding may be based on the partnership's failure to tender payment or an offer to pay or to comply with subsection (g). 968

- 969 SECTION 702. Dissociated partner's power to bind and 970 liability to partnership.
- 971 (a) For one (1) year after a partner dissociates without
 972 resulting in a dissolution and winding up of the partnership
 973 business, the partnership, including a surviving partnership under
 974 Article 9, is bound by an act of the dissociated partner which
 975 would have bound the partnership under Section 301 before
 976 dissociation only if at the time of entering into the transaction
 977 the other party:
- 978 (1) Reasonably believed that the dissociated partner 979 was then a partner;
- 980 (2) Did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; 981 and
- 982 (3) Is not deemed to have had knowledge under Section 983 303(e) or notice under Section 704(c).
- 984 (b) A dissociated partner is liable to the partnership for 985 any damage caused to the partnership arising from an obligation 986 incurred by the dissociated partner after dissociation for which 987 the partnership is liable under subsection (a).
- 988 SECTION 703. Dissociated partner's liability to other 989 persons.

- 990 (a) A partner's dissociation does not of itself discharge 991 the partner's liability for a partnership obligation incurred 992 before dissociation. A dissociated partner is not liable for a 993 partnership obligation incurred after dissociation, except as 994 otherwise provided in subsection (b).
- 995 (b) A partner who dissociates without resulting in a
 996 dissolution and winding up of the partnership business is liable
 997 as a partner to the other party in a transaction entered into by
 998 the partnership, or a surviving partnership under Article 9,
 999 within one (1) year after the partner's dissociation, only if the
 1000 partner is liable for the obligation under Section 306 and at the
 1001 time of entering into the transaction the other party:
- 1002 (1) Reasonably believed that the dissociated partner 1003 was then a partner;
- 1004 (2) Did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; 1005 and
- 1006 (3) Is not deemed to have had knowledge under Section 1007 303(e) or notice under Section 704(c).
- 1008 (c) By agreement with the partnership creditor and the
 1009 partners continuing the business, a dissociated partner may be
 1010 released from liability for a partnership obligation.
- (d) A dissociated partner is released from liability for a partnership obligation if a partnership creditor, with notice of the partner's dissociation but without the partner's consent, agrees to a material alteration in the nature or time of payment of a partnership obligation.

1016 SECTION 704. Statement of dissociation.

- 1017 (a) A dissociated partner or the partnership may file a
 1018 statement of dissociation stating the name of the partnership and
 1019 that the partner is dissociated from the partnership.
- 1020 (b) A statement of dissociation is a limitation on the
 1021 authority of a dissociated partner for the purposes of Section
 1022 303(d) and (e).

For the purposes of Sections 702(a)(3) and 703(b)(3), a 1023 1024 person not a partner is deemed to have notice of the dissociation thirty (30) days after the statement of dissociation is filed. 1025 1026 SECTION 705. Continued use of partnership name. Continued 1027 use of a partnership name, or a dissociated partner's name as part 1028 thereof, by partners continuing the business does not of itself make the dissociated partner liable for an obligation of the 1029 partners or the partnership continuing the business. 1030 ARTICLE 8 1031 WINDING UP PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS 1032 1033 SECTION 801. Events causing dissolution and winding up of partnership business. A partnership is dissolved, and its 1034 1035 business must be wound up, only upon the occurrence of any of the 1036 following events: In a partnership at will, the partnership's having 1037 (1) notice from a partner, other than a partner who is dissociated 1038 under Section 601(2) through (10), of that partner's express will 1039 1040 to withdraw as a partner, or on a later date specified by the 1041 partner; 1042 (2) In a partnership for a definite term or particular 1043 undertaking: Within ninety (90) days after a partner's 1044 (i) 1045 dissociation by death or otherwise under Section 601(6) through (10) or wrongful dissociation under Section 602(b), the express 1046 1047 will of at least half of the remaining partners to wind up the partnership business, for which purpose a partner's rightful 1048 dissociation pursuant to Section 602(b)(2)(i) constitutes the 1049 expression of that partner's will to wind up the partnership 1050 1051 business; 1052 (ii) The express will of all of the partners to 1053 wind up the partnership business; or

The expiration of the term or the completion

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of the undertaking;

(iii)

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1056	(3) An event agreed to in the partnership agreement
1057	resulting in the winding up of the partnership business;
1058	(4) An event that makes it unlawful for all or
1059	substantially all of the business of the partnership to be
1060	continued, but a cure of illegality within ninety (90) days after
1061	notice to the partnership of the event is effective retroactively
1062	to the date of the event for purposes of this section;
1063	(5) On application by a partner, a judicial
1064	determination that:
1065	(i) The economic purpose of the partnership is
1066	likely to be unreasonably frustrated;
1067	(ii) Another partner has engaged in conduct
1068	relating to the partnership business which makes it not reasonably
1069	practicable to carry on the business in partnership with that
1070	partner; or
1071	(iii) It is not otherwise reasonably practicable
1072	to carry on the partnership business in conformity with the
1073	partnership agreement; or
1074	(6) On application by a transferee of a partner's
1075	transferable interest, a judicial determination that it is
1076	equitable to wind up the partnership business:
1077	(i) After the expiration of the term or completion
1078	of the undertaking, if the partnership was for a definite term or
1079	particular undertaking at the time of the transfer or entry of the
1080	charging order that gave rise to the transfer; or
1081	(ii) At any time, if the partnership was a
1082	partnership at will at the time of the transfer or entry of the
1083	charging order that gave rise to the transfer.

SECTION 802. Partnership continues after dissolution.

dissolution only for the purpose of winding up its business. The

partnership is terminated when the winding up of its business is

(a) Subject to subsection (b), a partnership continues after

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completed.

1089	(b) At any time after the dissolution of a partnership and
1090	before the winding up of its business is completed, all of the
1091	partners, including any dissociating partner other than a
1092	wrongfully dissociating partner, may waive the right to have the
1093	partnership's business wound up and the partnership terminated.

1094 In that event:

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- (1) The partnership resumes carrying on its business as if dissolution had never occurred, and any liability incurred by the partnership or a partner after the dissolution and before the waiver is determined as if dissolution had never occurred; and
- 1099 (2) The rights of a third party accruing under Section 1100 804(1) or arising out of conduct in reliance on the dissolution 1101 before the third party knew or received a notification of the 1102 waiver may not be adversely affected.

SECTION 803. Right to wind up partnership business.

- (a) After dissolution, a partner who has not wrongfully
 dissociated may participate in winding up the partnership's
 business, but on application of any partner, partner's legal
 representative, or transferee, the chancery court of the county in
 which the partnership's chief executive office is located, for
 good cause shown, may order judicial supervision of the winding
 up.
- 1111 (b) The legal representative of the last surviving partner 1112 may wind up a partnership's business.
- 1113 A person winding up a partnership's business may preserve the partnership business or property as a going concern 1114 1115 for a reasonable time, prosecute and defend actions and 1116 proceedings, whether civil, criminal, or administrative, settle and close the partnership's business, dispose of and transfer the 1117 partnership's property, discharge the partnership's liabilities, 1118 1119 distribute the assets of the partnership pursuant to Section 807, 1120 settle disputes by mediation or arbitration, and perform other 1121 necessary acts.

1122	CHCMTON	004	Dankmanla		- - 1	L		- E L
	SECTION	004.	Par ther's	power	LO .	DILIG	partnership	arter

- 1123 dissolution. Subject to Section 805, a partnership is bound by a
- 1124 partner's act after dissolution that:
- 1125 (1) Is appropriate for winding up the partnership
- 1126 business; or
- 1127 (2) Would have bound the partnership under Section 301
- 1128 before dissolution, if the other party to the transaction did not
- 1129 have notice of the dissolution.
- 1130 SECTION 805. Statement of dissolution.
- 1131 (a) After dissolution, a partner who has not wrongfully
- 1132 dissociated may file a statement of dissolution stating the name
- 1133 of the partnership and that the partnership has dissolved and is
- 1134 winding up its business.
- 1135 (b) A statement of dissolution cancels a filed statement of
- 1136 partnership authority for the purposes of Section 303(d) and is a
- 1137 limitation on authority for the purposes of Section 303(e).
- 1138 (c) For the purposes of Sections 301 and 804, a person not a
- 1139 partner is deemed to have notice of the dissolution and the
- 1140 limitation on the partners' authority as a result of the statement
- 1141 of dissolution thirty (30) days after it is filed.
- 1142 (d) After filing and, if appropriate, recording a statement
- 1143 of dissolution, a dissolved partnership may file and, if
- 1144 appropriate, record a statement of partnership authority which
- 1145 will operate with respect to a person not a partner as provided in
- 1146 Section 303(d) and (e) in any transaction, whether or not the
- 1147 transaction is appropriate for winding up the partnership
- 1148 business.
- 1149 SECTION 806. Partner's liability to other partners after
- 1150 dissolution.
- 1151 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) and
- 1152 Section 306, after dissolution a partner is liable to the other
- 1153 partners for the partner's share of any partnership liability
- 1154 incurred under Section 804.

(b) A partner who, with knowledge of the dissolution, incurs a partnership liability under Section 804(2) by an act that is not appropriate for winding up the partnership business is liable to the partnership for any damage caused to the partnership arising from the liability.

1160 SECTION 807. Settlement of accounts and contributions among 1161 partners.

- (a) In winding up a partnership's business, the assets of the partnership, including the contributions of the partners required by this section, must be applied to discharge its obligations to creditors, including, to the extent permitted by law, partners who are creditors. Any surplus must be applied to pay in cash the net amount distributable to partners in accordance with their right to distributions under subsection (b).
- Each partner is entitled to a settlement of all 1169 partnership accounts upon winding up the partnership business. 1170 In settling accounts among the partners, profits and losses that 1171 1172 result from the liquidation of the partnership assets must be credited and charged to the partners' accounts. The partnership 1173 1174 shall make a distribution to a partner in an amount equal to any excess of the credits over the charges in the partner's account. 1175 1176 A partner shall contribute to the partnership an amount equal to any excess of the charges over the credits in the partner's 1177 account but excluding from the calculation charges attributable to 1178 1179 an obligation for which the partner is not personally liable under Section 306. 1180
- 1181 (c) If a partner fails to contribute the full amount
 1182 required under subsection (b), all of the other partners shall
 1183 contribute, in the proportions in which those partners share
 1184 partnership losses, the additional amount necessary to satisfy the
 1185 partnership obligations for which they are personally liable under
 1186 Section 306. A partner or partner's legal representative may
 1187 recover from the other partners any contributions the partner

1188	makes	tο	the	extent	the	amount	contributed	exceeds	that	partner!	ı s
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- 1189 share of the partnership obligations for which the partner is
- 1190 personally liable under Section 306.
- 1191 (d) After the settlement of accounts, each partner shall
- 1192 contribute, in the proportion in which the partner shares
- 1193 partnership losses, the amount necessary to satisfy partnership
- 1194 obligations that were not known at the time of the settlement and
- 1195 for which the partner is personally liable under Section 306.
- (e) The estate of a deceased partner is liable for the
- 1197 partner's obligation to contribute to the partnership.
- 1198 (f) An assignee for the benefit of creditors of a
- 1199 partnership or a partner, or a person appointed by a court to
- 1200 represent creditors of a partnership or a partner, may enforce a
- 1201 partner's obligation to contribute to the partnership.
- 1202 ARTICLE 9
- 1203 CONVERSIONS AND MERGERS
- 1204 **SECTION 901. Definitions.** In this article:
- 1205 (1) "Domestic partnership" means a partnership the
- 1206 internal affairs of which are governed by this act.
- 1207 (2) "Entity" means any association or legal entity
- 1208 organized to conduct business, including, without limitation, for
- 1209 profit and nonprofit corporations, limited partnerships,
- 1210 partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability
- 1211 companies, joint ventures, joint stock companies, and business
- 1212 trusts.
- 1213 (3) "General partner" means a partner in a partnership
- 1214 and a general partner in a limited partnership.
- 1215 (4) "Limited partner" means a limited partner in a
- 1216 limited partnership.
- 1217 (5) "Limited partnership" means a limited partnership
- 1218 created under the Mississippi Limited Partnership Act (Section
- 1219 79-14-101 et seq.), predecessor law, or comparable law of another
- 1220 jurisdiction.

1221		(6)	"Partner"	includes	both	a	general	partner	and	a
1222	limited	partner	•							

1223 SECTION 902. Conversion of partnership to limited

- 1224 partnership.
- 1225 (a) A partnership may be converted to a limited partnership
- 1226 pursuant to this section.
- 1227 (b) The terms and conditions of a conversion of a
- 1228 partnership to a limited partnership must be approved by all of
- 1229 the partners or by a number or percentage specified for conversion
- 1230 in the partnership agreement.
- 1231 (c) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the
- 1232 partnership shall file a certificate of limited partnership in the
- 1233 jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is to be formed
- 1234 containing the information required to be contained in a
- 1235 certificate of limited partnership in such jurisdiction and
- 1236 additionally including:
- 1237 (1) A statement that the partnership was converted to a
- 1238 limited partnership from a partnership;
- 1239 (2) Its former name; and
- 1240 (3) A statement of the number of votes cast by the
- 1241 partners for and against the conversion and, if the vote is less
- 1242 than unanimous, the number or percentage required to approve the
- 1243 conversion under the partnership agreement.
- 1244 (d) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of
- 1245 limited partnership is filed or at any later date specified in the
- 1246 certificate.
- 1247 (e) A general partner who becomes a limited partner as a
- 1248 result of the conversion remains liable as a general partner for
- 1249 an obligation incurred by the partnership before the conversion
- 1250 takes effect. If the other party to a transaction with the
- 1251 limited partnership reasonably believes when entering the
- 1252 transaction that the limited partner is a general partner, the
- 1253 limited partner is liable for an obligation incurred by the

- 1254 limited partnership within ninety (90) days after the conversion
- 1255 takes effect. The limited partner's liability for all other
- 1256 obligations of the limited partnership incurred after the
- 1257 conversion takes effect is that of a limited partner as provided
- 1258 in the Mississippi Limited Partnership Act.
- 1259 **SECTION 903.** Reserved.
- 1260 SECTION 904. Effect of conversion; entity unchanged.
- 1261 (a) A partnership that has been converted pursuant to this
- 1262 article is for all purposes the same entity that existed before
- 1263 the conversion.
- 1264 (b) When a conversion takes effect:
- 1265 (1) All property owned by the converting partnership
- 1266 remains vested in the converted entity;
- 1267 (2) All obligations of the converting partnership
- 1268 continue as obligations of the converted entity; and
- 1269 (3) An action or proceeding pending against the
- 1270 converting partnership may be continued as if the conversion had
- 1271 not occurred.
- 1272 (c) Except for the provisions of Section 902 and this
- 1273 section, from and after the effective date of conversion the
- 1274 converted limited partnership shall be governed by the provisions
- 1275 of the Mississippi Limited Partnership Act.
- 1276 SECTION 905. Merger.
- 1277 (a) Unless otherwise provided in the partnership agreement,
- 1278 pursuant to a plan of merger approved as provided in subsection
- 1279 (d), one or more domestic partnerships may be merged with a
- 1280 domestic or foreign entity.
- 1281 (b) A domestic or foreign entity may be a party to the
- 1282 merger, or may be created by the terms of the plan of merger, only
- 1283 if:
- 1284 (1) The merger is permitted by the laws under which the
- 1285 entity is organized or by which it is governed; and

1286			(2)	In e	effec	cting	the	me:	rger	î, t	he	entity	complies	with
1287	such	laws	and	with	its	organ	izat	tio	nal	doc	ume	ents.		
1288		(c)	The	plan	of m	nerger	mus	st :	set	for	th:			

- The plan of merger must set forth: (C)
- 1289 The name of each entity that is a party to the 1290 merger;
- The name of the entity that will be the survivor of 1291 (2) 1292 the merger;
- 1293 (3) If the surviving entity is a partnership or a 1294 limited partnership, the status of each partner;
- The terms and conditions of the merger; 1295 (4)
- 1296 The manner and basis of converting the interests of each party to the merger into shares or other securities, 1297 1298 interests, obligations, or rights to acquire shares or other
- securities of the surviving entity, or into money or other 1299
- property, or any combination of the foregoing; 1300
- 1301 (6) The organizational documents of any entity to be created by the merger, or if a new entity is not to be created by 1302 1303 the merger, any amendments to the survivor's organizational 1304 documents;
- 1305 The street address of the surviving entity's chief executive office; and 1306
- 1307 (8) Any other provisions required by the laws under 1308 which any party to the merger is organized or by which it is governed, or by the organizational documents of any such party. 1309
- 1310 (d) The plan of merger must be approved:
- In the case of a domestic partnership that is a 1311 1312 party to the merger, by all of the partners, or a number or percentage specified for merger in the partnership agreement; and 1313
- In the case of a domestic limited liability 1314 partnership that is a party to a merger where the surviving entity 1315 is a partnership other than a limited liability partnership, by 1316 1317 all of the partners, notwithstanding a provision to the contrary
- in the partnership agreement. 1318

- (e) The terms described in subsections (c)(4) and (c)(5) of
- 1320 this section may be made dependent on facts ascertainable outside
- 1321 the plan of merger, provided that those facts are objectively
- 1322 ascertainable. The term "facts" includes, but is not limited to,
- 1323 the occurrence of any event, including a determination or action
- 1324 by any person or body, including the partnership.
- 1325 (f) After a plan of merger is approved and before the merger
- 1326 takes effect, the plan may be amended or abandoned as provided in
- 1327 the plan.
- 1328 (g) The merger takes effect on the later of:
- 1329 (1) The approval of the plan of merger by all parties
- 1330 to the merger, as provided in subsection (d);
- 1331 (2) The filing of all documents required by law to be
- 1332 filed as a condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or
- 1333 (3) Any effective date specified in the plan of merger.
- 1334 SECTION 906. Effect of merger.
- 1335 (a) When a merger takes effect:
- 1336 (1) The separate existence of every domestic
- 1337 partnership that is a party to the merger, other than the
- 1338 surviving entity, ceases;
- 1339 (2) All property owned by each of the merged domestic
- 1340 partnerships vests in the surviving entity;
- 1341 (3) All obligations of every domestic partnership that
- 1342 is a party to the merger become the obligations of the surviving
- 1343 entity; and
- 1344 (4) An action or proceeding pending against a domestic
- 1345 partnership that is a party to the merger may be continued as if
- 1346 the merger had not occurred, or the surviving entity may be
- 1347 substituted as a party to the action or proceeding.
- 1348 (b) The Secretary of State of this state is the agent for
- 1349 service of process in an action or proceeding against a surviving
- 1350 foreign entity to enforce an obligation of a domestic partnership
- 1351 that is a party to a merger. The surviving foreign entity shall

- 1352 promptly notify the Secretary of State of the mailing address of
- 1353 its chief executive office and of any change of address. Upon
- 1354 receipt of process, the Secretary of State shall mail a copy of
- 1355 the process to the surviving foreign entity.
- 1356 (c) A partner of a domestic partnership which is a party to
- 1357 a merger remains liable for all obligations incurred by such
- 1358 domestic partnership before the merger and for which the partner
- 1359 was personally liable before the merger.
- 1360 (d) Without affecting any liability a partner may have in
- 1361 accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this section,
- 1362 a partner of a domestic partnership which is the survivor of a
- 1363 merger:
- 1364 (1) Shall not become personally liable as a result of
- 1365 the merger for obligations of the surviving partnership incurred
- 1366 before the merger by a party to the merger of which that partner
- 1367 was not a general partner; and
- 1368 (2) Except as otherwise provided in Section 306, shall
- 1369 become personally liable for all obligations of the surviving
- 1370 partnership incurred after the merger takes effect.
- 1371 (e) In the case of a partner of a domestic partnership which
- 1372 is a party to a merger who does not become a partner, shareholder,
- 1373 member or other equity owner of the surviving entity:
- 1374 (1) The surviving entity shall cause the partner's
- 1375 interest in the partnership to be purchased under Section 701; and
- 1376 (2) If the surviving entity is a domestic partnership,
- 1377 the surviving partnership is bound under Section 702 by an act of
- 1378 the terminated partner, and the terminated partner is liable under
- 1379 Section 703 for transactions entered into by the surviving
- 1380 partnership after the merger takes effect.
- 1381 SECTION 907. Statement of merger.
- 1382 (a) After a merger, the surviving domestic or foreign entity
- 1383 may file a statement that one or more domestic partnerships have
- 1384 merged into the surviving entity.



1385 ('h)	Δ	statement	\circ f	merger	must	contain:
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- 1386 (1) The name of each entity that is a party to the
- 1387 merger;
- 1388 (2) The name and domicile of the entity that will be
- 1389 the survivor of the merger;
- 1390 (3) The street address of the surviving entity's chief
- 1391 executive office and of an office in this state, if any; and
- 1392 (4) The type of entity of the surviving entity is
- 1393 (e.g., partnership, limited partnership, for profit corporation,
- 1394 etc.).
- 1395 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (d), for the
- 1396 purposes of Section 302, property of the surviving entity which
- 1397 before the merger was held in the name of another party to the
- 1398 merger is property held in the name of the surviving entity upon
- 1399 filing a statement of merger.
- 1400 (d) For the purposes of Section 302, real property of the
- 1401 surviving entity which before the merger was held in the name of
- 1402 another party to the merger is property held in the name of the
- 1403 surviving entity upon recording a certified copy of the statement
- 1404 of merger in the office for recording transfers of that real
- 1405 property.
- 1406 (e) A filed and, if appropriate, recorded statement of
- 1407 merger, executed and declared to be accurate pursuant to Section
- 1408 105(c), stating the name of a partnership that is a party to the
- 1409 merger in whose name property was held before the merger and the
- 1410 name of the surviving entity, but not containing all of the other
- 1411 information required by subsection (b), operates with respect to
- 1412 the partnerships named to the extent provided in subsections (c)
- 1413 and (d).
- 1414 SECTION 908. Nonexclusive. This article is not exclusive.
- 1415 Partnerships may be converted or merged in any other manner

1416 provided by law.

1417 ARTICLE 10

1418 LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP

- 1419 SECTION 1001. Statement of qualification.
- 1420 (a) A partnership may become a limited liability partnership
- 1421 pursuant to this section.
- 1422 (b) The terms and conditions on which a partnership becomes
- 1423 a limited liability partnership must be approved by the vote
- 1424 necessary to amend the partnership agreement except, in the case
- 1425 of a partnership agreement that expressly considers obligations to
- 1426 contribute to the partnership, the vote necessary to amend those
- 1427 provisions.
- 1428 (c) After the approval required by subsection (b), a
- 1429 partnership may become a limited liability partnership by filing a
- 1430 statement of qualification. The statement must contain:
- 1431 (1) The name of the partnership;
- 1432 (2) The street address of the partnership's chief
- 1433 executive office and, if different, the street address of an
- 1434 office in this state, if any;
- 1435 (3) If the partnership does not have an office in this
- 1436 state, the name and street address of the partnership's agent for
- 1437 service of process;
- 1438 (4) A statement that the partnership elects to be a
- 1439 limited liability partnership; and
- 1440 (5) A deferred effective date, if any.
- 1441 (d) The agent of a limited liability partnership for service
- 1442 of process must be an individual who is a resident of this state
- 1443 or other person authorized to do business in this state.
- (e) The status of a partnership as a limited liability
- 1445 partnership is effective on the later of the filing of the
- 1446 statement or a date specified in the statement. The status
- 1447 remains effective, regardless of changes in the partnership, until
- 1448 it is canceled pursuant to Section 105(d).
- 1449 (f) The status of a partnership as a limited liability
- 1450 partnership and the liability of its partners is not affected by

errors or later changes in the information required to be 1451 contained in the statement of qualification under subsection (c). 1452 The filing of a statement of qualification establishes 1453 1454 that a partnership has satisfied all conditions precedent to the 1455 qualification of the partnership as a limited liability 1456 partnership. 1457 An amendment or cancellation of a statement of (h) qualification is effective when it is filed or on a deferred 1458 1459 effective date specified in the amendment or cancellation. SECTION 1002. Name. The name of a limited liability 1460 1461 partnership must end with "Registered Limited Liability Partnership", "Limited Liability Partnership", "R.L.L.P.," 1462 "L.L.P.," "RLLP" or "LLP." 1463 1464 ARTICLE 11 FOREIGN LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP 1465 1466 SECTION 1101. Law governing foreign limited liability 1467 partnership. 1468 The law under which a foreign limited liability partnership is formed governs relations among the partners and 1469 1470 between the partners and the partnership and the liability of partners for obligations of the partnership. 1471 1472 A foreign limited liability partnership may not be 1473 denied a statement of foreign qualification by reason of any difference between the law under which the partnership was formed 1474 1475 and the law of this state. (c) A statement of foreign qualification does not authorize 1476 1477 a foreign limited liability partnership to engage in any business or exercise any power that a partnership may not engage in or 1478 exercise in this state as a limited liability partnership. 1479 1480 SECTION 1102. Statement of foreign qualification. 1481 Before transacting business in this state, a foreign 1482 limited liability partnership must file a statement of foreign

The statement must contain:

1483

qualification.

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1484 (1)	The nam	e of the	foreign	limited	liability
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1485 partnership which satisfies the requirements of the state or other

- 1486 jurisdiction under whose law it is formed and ends with
- 1487 "Registered Limited Liability Partnership," "Limited Liability
- 1488 Partnership, " "R.L.L.P., " "L.L.P., " "RLLP" or "LLP";
- 1489 (2) The street address of the partnership's chief
- 1490 executive office and, if different, the street address of an
- 1491 office of the partnership in this state, if any;
- 1492 (3) If there is no office of the partnership in this
- 1493 state, the name and street address of the partnership's agent for
- 1494 service of process; and
- 1495 (4) A deferred effective date, if any.
- 1496 (b) The agent of a foreign limited liability company for
- 1497 service of process must be an individual who is a resident of this
- 1498 state or other person authorized to do business in this state.
- 1499 (c) The status of a partnership as a foreign limited
- 1500 liability partnership is effective on the later of the filing of
- 1501 the statement of foreign qualification or a date specified in the
- 1502 statement. The status remains effective, regardless of changes in
- 1503 the partnership, until it is canceled pursuant to Section 105(d).
- 1504 (d) An amendment or cancellation of a statement of foreign
- 1505 qualification is effective when it is filed or on a deferred
- 1506 effective date specified in the amendment or cancellation.
- 1507 SECTION 1103. Effect of failure to qualify.
- 1508 (a) A foreign limited liability partnership transacting
- 1509 business in this state may not maintain an action or proceeding in
- 1510 this state unless it has in effect a statement of foreign
- 1511 qualification.
- 1512 (b) The failure of a foreign limited liability partnership
- 1513 to have in effect a statement of foreign qualification does not
- 1514 impair the validity of a contract or act of the foreign limited
- 1515 liability partnership or preclude it from defending an action or
- 1516 proceeding in this state.

1517	(c) A limitation on personal liability of a partner is not
1518	waived solely by transacting business in this state without a
1519	statement of foreign qualification.

- 1520 (d) If a foreign limited liability partnership transacts
 1521 business in this state without a statement of foreign
 1522 qualification, the Secretary of State is its agent for service of
 1523 process with respect to a right of action arising out of the
 1524 transaction of business in this state.
- 1525 SECTION 1104. Activities not constituting transacting 1526 business.
- 1527 (a) Activities of a foreign limited liability partnership
 1528 which do not constitute transacting business for the purpose of
 1529 this article include:
- 1530 (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling an action or 1531 proceeding;
- 1532 (2) Holding meetings of its partners or carrying on any 1533 other activity concerning its internal affairs;
- 1534 (3) Maintaining bank accounts;
- 1535 (4) Maintaining offices or agencies for the transfer,
 1536 exchange, and registration of the partnership's own securities or
 1537 maintaining trustees or depositories with respect to those
 1538 securities;
- 1539 (5) Selling through independent contractors;
- 1540 (6) Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or 1541 through employees or agents or otherwise, if the orders require 1542 acceptance outside this state before they become contracts;
- 1543 (7) Creating or acquiring indebtedness, with or without 1544 a mortgage, or other security interest in property;
- 1545 (8) Collecting debts or foreclosing mortgages or other 1546 security interests in property securing the debts, and holding, 1547 protecting, and maintaining property so acquired;



1548	(9) Conducting an isolated transaction that is
1549	completed within thirty (30) days and is not one in the course of
1550	similar transactions; and
1551	(10) Transacting business in interstate commerce.
1552	(b) For purposes of this article, the ownership in this
1553	state of income-producing real property or tangible personal
1554	property, other than property excluded under subsection (a),
1555	constitutes transacting business in this state.
1556	(c) This section does not apply in determining the contacts
1557	or activities that may subject a foreign limited liability
1558	partnership to service of process, taxation, or regulation under
1559	any other law of this state.
1560	SECTION 1105. Action by attorney general. The Attorney
1561	General may maintain an action to restrain a foreign limited
1562	liability partnership from transacting business in this state in
1563	violation of this article.
1564	ARTICLE 12
1565	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
1566	SECTION 1201. Uniformity of application and construction.
1567	This act shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general
1568	purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject of
1569	this act among states enacting it.
1570	SECTION 1202. Short title. This act may be cited as the
1571	Uniform Partnership Act (1997).
1572	SECTION 1203. Severability clause. If any provision of this
1573	act or its application to any person or circumstance is held
1574	invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
1575	applications of this act which can be given effect without the
1576	invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
1577	of this act are severable.
1578	SECTION 1204. Reserved.



SECTION 1205. Applicability.

1579

- 1580 (a) Before January 1, 2006, this act governs only a 1581 partnership formed:
- 1582 (1) After the effective date of this act, except a
- 1583 partnership that is continuing the business of a dissolved
- 1584 partnership under the Mississippi Uniform Partnership Law in
- 1585 effect on December 31, 2003; and
- 1586 (2) Before the effective date of this act, that elects,
- 1587 as provided by subsection (c), to be governed by this act.
- 1588 (b) On and after January 1, 2006, this act governs all
- 1589 partnerships.
- 1590 (c) Before January 1, 2006, a partnership voluntarily may
- 1591 elect, in the manner provided in its partnership agreement or by
- 1592 law for amending the partnership agreement, to be governed by this
- 1593 act. The provisions of this act relating to the liability of the
- 1594 partnership's partners to third parties apply to limit those
- 1595 partners' liability to a third party who had done business with
- 1596 the partnership within one (1) year before the partnership's
- 1597 election to be governed by this act only if the third party knows
- 1598 or has received a notification of the partnership's election to be
- 1599 governed by this act.
- 1600 **SECTION 1207.** Sections 79-12-1, 79-12-3, 79-12-5, 79-12-7,
- 1601 79-12-9, 79-12-11, 79-12-13, 79-12-15, 79-12-17, 79-12-19,
- 1602 79-12-21, 79-12-23, 79-12-25, 79-12-27, 79-12-29, 79-12-31,
- 1603 79-12-33, 79-12-35, 79-12-37, 79-12-39, 79-12-41, 79-12-43,
- 1604 79-12-45, 79-12-47, 79-12-49, 79-12-51, 79-12-53, 79-12-55,
- 1605 79-12-57, 79-12-59, 79-12-61, 79-12-63, 79-12-65, 79-12-67,
- 1606 79-12-69, 79-12-71, 79-12-73, 79-12-75, 79-12-77, 79-12-79,
- $1607 \quad 79 12 81, \quad 79 12 83, \quad 79 12 85, \quad 79 12 87, \quad 79 12 89, \quad 79 12 91,$
- 1608 79-12-93, 79-12-95, 79-12-97, 79-12-99, 79-12-101, 79-12-103,
- 1609 79-12-105, 79-12-107, 79-12-109, 79-12-111, 79-12-113, 79-12-115,
- 1610 79-12-117 and 79-12-119, Mississippi Code of 1972, which
- 1611 constitute the Mississippi Uniform Partnership Law, shall stand
- 1612 repealed on January 1, 2006.

SECTION 1208. Savings clause. This act does not affect an action or proceeding commenced or right accrued before this act takes effect.

1616 SECTION 1209. Effective date. This act takes effect January 1617 1, 2004.