By: Senator(s) Gordon

To: Fees, Salaries and Administration

## SENATE BILL NO. 2054

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 25-3-93 AND 25-3-95, MISSISSIPPI 1 CODE OF 1972, TO ELIMINATE THE REQUIREMENT THAT STATE EMPLOYEES USE PERSONAL LEAVE FOR THE FIRST DAY OF AN ILLNESS; AND FOR 2 3

4 RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 5

SECTION 1. Section 25-3-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6

amended as follows: 7

25-3-93. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), 8

9 all employees and appointed officers of the State of Mississippi,

who are employees as defined in Section 25-3-91, shall be allowed 10

credit for personal leave computed as follows: 11

12	Continuous	Accrual Rate	Accrual Rate
13	Service	(Monthly)	(Annually)
14	1 month to 3 years	12 hours per month	18 days per year
15	37 months to 8 years	14 hours per month	21 days per year
16	97 months to 15 years	16 hours per month	24 days per year
17	Over 15 years	18 hours per month	27 days per year
18	However, employees	who were hired prior t	o July 1, 1984, who
19	have continuous service	of more than five (5)	years but not more
20	than eight (8) years sha	all accrue fifteen (15)	hours of personal
21	leave each month.		

Temporary employees who work less than a full 22

workweek and part-time employees shall be allowed credit for 23

personal leave computed on a pro rata basis. Faculty members 24

employed by the eight (8) public universities on a nine-month 25

26 contract, temporary employees of the public universities who work

less than twenty (20) hours per week for a period of less than 27

five (5) months during a fiscal year, and recipients of full-time 28

- educational leave, while on such leave, shall not be eligible for personal leave.
- 31 (2) For the purpose of computing credit for personal leave,
- 32 each appointed officer or employee shall be considered to work not
- 33 more than five (5) days each week. Leaves of absence granted by
- 34 the appointing authority for one (1) year or less shall be
- 35 permitted without forfeiting previously accumulated continuous
- 36 service. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
- 37 military leaves of absence. The time for taking personal leave,
- 38 except when such leave is taken due to an illness, shall be
- 39 determined by the appointing authority of which such employees are
- 40 employed.
- 41 (3) For the purpose of Sections 25-3-91 through 25-3-99, the
- 42 earned personal leave of each employee shall be credited monthly
- 43 after the completion of each calendar month of service, and the
- 44 appointing authority shall not increase the amount of personal
- 45 leave to an employee's credit. It shall be unlawful for an
- 46 appointing authority to grant personal leave in an amount greater
- 47 than was earned and accumulated by the officer or employee.
- 48 (4) Employees are encouraged to use earned personal leave.
- 49 Personal leave may be used for vacations and personal business as
- 50 scheduled by the appointing authority. \* \* \* There shall be no
- 51 limit to the accumulation of personal leave. Upon termination of
- 52 employment each employee shall be paid for not more than thirty
- 53 (30) days of accumulated personal leave. Unused personal leave in
- 54 excess of thirty (30) days shall be counted as creditable service
- 55 for the purposes of the retirement system as provided in Sections
- 56 25-11-103 and 25-13-5.
- 57 (5) Any officer of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol who
- 58 is injured by wound or accident in the line of duty shall not be
- 59 required to use earned personal leave during the period of
- 60 recovery from such injury.

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Any employee may donate a portion of his or her earned
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    personal leave to another employee who is suffering from a
    catastrophic injury or illness, or to another employee who has a
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    member of his or her immediate family who is suffering from a
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    catastrophic injury or illness, in accordance with subsection (8)
    of Section 25-3-95.
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         This subsection shall stand repealed from and after July 1,
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    2000.
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         SECTION 2. Section 25-3-95, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
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    amended as follows:
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         25-3-95. (1) All employees and appointed officers of the
    State of Mississippi, except temporary employees of the public
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    universities who work less than twenty (20) hours per week for a
    period of less than five (5) months during a fiscal year and
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    recipients of full-time educational leave, while on such leave,
    shall accrue credits for major medical leave as follows:
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                                 Accrual Rate
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         Continuous
                                                      Accrual Rate
78
          Service
                                  (Monthly)
                                                        (Annually)
    1 month to 3 years
                              8 hours per month
                                                   12 days per year
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    37 months to 8 years
                             7 hours per month
                                                   10.5 days per year
    97 months to 15 years
                              6 hours per month
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                                                   9 days per year
    Over 15 years
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                              5 hours per month
                                                   7.5 days per year
         Faculty members employed by the eight (8) public universities
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    on a nine-month contract shall accrue credit for major medical
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    leave as follows:
         Continuous
                              Accrual Rate
                                                    Accrual Rate
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          Service
                                (Per Month)
                                                 (Per Academic Year)
    1 month to 3 years
                          13-1/3 hours per month
                                                     15 days per
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                                                     academic year
    37 months to 8 years
                          14-1/5 hours per month
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                                                     16 days per
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                                                     academic year
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    97 months to 15 years 15-2/5 hours per month
                                                     17 days per
                                                     academic year
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94 Over 15 years 16 hours per month 18 days per

95 academic year

96 Part-time employees shall accrue major medical leave on a pro

97 rata basis. There shall be no maximum limit to major medical

98 leave accumulation. All unused major medical leave shall be

99 counted as creditable service for the purposes of the retirement

100 system as provided in Sections 25-11-103 and 25-13-5.

Major medical leave may be used for the illness or 101 injury of an employee or member of the employee's immediate family 102 as defined in subsection (3) of this section. \* \* \* Major medical 103 leave may be used \* \* \* to cover regularly scheduled visits to a 104 doctor's office or a hospital for the continuing treatment of a 105 chronic disease, as certified in advance by a physician. For the 106 107 purposes of this section, "physician" means a doctor of medicine, 108 osteopathy, dental medicine, podiatry or chiropractic. For each

109 absence due to illness of thirty-two (32) consecutive working

hours \* \* \* major medical leave shall be authorized only when

111 certified by their attending physician.

(3) An employee may use up to three (3) days of earned major medical leave for each occurrence of death in the immediate family requiring the employee's absence from work. No qualifying time or use of personal leave will be required prior to use of major

116 medical leave for this purpose. For the purpose of this

117 subsection (3), the immediate family is defined as spouse, parent,

118 stepparent, sibling, child, stepchild, grandchild, grandparent,

119 son- or daughter-in-law, mother- or father-in-law or brother- or

120 sister-in-law. Child means a biological, adopted or foster child,

121 or a child for whom the individual stands or stood in loco

122 parentis.

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123 (4) Employees and appointed officers of the State of
124 Mississippi having unused, accumulated sick leave or annual leave
125 earned prior to July 1, 1984, shall be credited with major medical

leave and personal leave as follows: All unused annual leave shall be credited as personal leave.

Unused sick leave shall be divided between major medical leave and personal leave at rates determined by the employee's sick leave balance on June 30, 1984. The rates of conversion shall be as follows:

132	Sick Leave	Percentage	Percentage
133	Balance as of	Converted to	Converted to
134	June 30, 1984	Personal Leave	Major Medical Leave
135	1 - 200 hours	20%	80%
136	201 - 400 hours	25%	75%
137	401 - 600 hours	30%	70%
138	601 or more hours	35%	65%

- Upon retirement from active employment each faculty 139 member of the state-supported public universities who is employed 140 on a nine-month basis shall receive credit and be paid for not 141 more than thirty (30) days of unused major medical leave for 142 143 service as a state employee. Unused major medical leave in excess of thirty (30) days shall be counted as creditable service for the 144 145 purposes of the retirement system as provided in Sections 146 25-11-103 and 25-13-5.
- 147 (6) Any officer of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol who
  148 is injured by wound or accident in the line of duty shall not be
  149 required to use earned major medical leave during the period of
  150 recovery from such injury.
- For the purpose of Sections 25-3-91 through 25-3-99, the 151 earned major medical leave of each employee shall be credited 152 monthly after the completion of each calendar month, and the 153 appointing authority shall not increase the amount of major 154 medical leave to an employee's credit. It shall be unlawful for 155 an appointing authority to grant major medical leave in an amount 156 157 greater than was earned and accumulated by the officer or 158 employee.

- 159 (8) Any employee may donate a portion of his or her earned
  160 personal leave or major medical leave to another employee who is
  161 suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, as defined in
  162 Section 25-3-91, or to another employee who has a member of his or
  163 her immediate family who is suffering from a catastrophic injury
  164 or illness, in accordance with the following:
- 165 The employee donating the leave (the "donor employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the 166 leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of earned personal 167 leave and major medical leave that is to be donated, and shall 168 notify the donor employee's appointing authority or supervisor of 169 170 his or her designation. The donor employee's appointing authority or supervisor then shall notify the recipient employee's 171 appointing authority or supervisor of the amount of leave that has 172 173 been donated by the donor employee to the recipient employee.
  - (b) The maximum amount of earned personal leave that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed a number of days that would leave the donor employee with fewer than seven (7) days of personal leave left, and the maximum amount of earned major medical leave that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the earned major medical leave of the donor employee.
  - (c) An employee must have exhausted all of his or her earned personal leave and major medical leave before he or she will be eligible to receive any leave donated by another employee.
- (d) Before an employee may receive donated leave, he or she must provide his or her appointing authority or supervisor with a physician's statement that states the beginning date of the catastrophic injury or illness, a description of the injury or illness, and a prognosis for recovery and the anticipated date that the recipient employee will be able to return to work.
- 190 (e) If an employee is aggrieved by the decision of his
  191 or her appointing authority that the employee is not eligible to
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- 192 receive donated leave because the injury or illness of the
- 193 employee or member of the employee's immediate family is not, in
- 194 the appointing authority's determination, a catastrophic injury or
- 195 illness, the employee may appeal the decision to the employee
- 196 appeals board.
- 197 (f) If the total amount of leave that is donated to any
- 198 employee is not used by the recipient employee, the donated leave
- 199 shall be returned to the donor employees on a pro rata basis,
- 200 based on the ratio of the number of days of leave donated by each
- 201 donor employee to the total number of days of leave donated by all
- 202 donor employees.
- 203 (g) The failure of any appointing authority or
- 204 supervisor of any employee to properly deduct an employee's
- 205 donation of leave to another employee from the donor employee's
- 206 earned personal leave or major medical leave shall constitute just
- 207 cause for the dismissal of the appointing authority or supervisor.
- 208 (h) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of
- 209 disability retirement.
- 210 (i) For the purposes of this subsection, "immediate
- 211 family" means spouse, parent, stepparent, sibling, child or
- 212 stepchild.
- 213 (j) This subsection shall stand repealed from and after
- 214 July 1, 2000.
- 215 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 216 and after July 1, 2003.