By: Senator(s) Dawkins, Jordan

To: Environment Prot, Cons and Water Res

SENATE BILL NO. 2008

- AN ACT TO CREATE AN ENVIRONMENTAL EQUITY PROGRAM TO BE
- ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TO ENSURE 3
- THAT HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES ARE NOT DISPROPORTIONATELY CONCENTRATED IN MINORITY OR LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES; TO AMEND 4
- 5
- SECTIONS 17-17-15, 17-17-27, 17-17-151, 49-17-25, 49-17-29, 25-43-5 AND 25-43-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY TO 6
- THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 7
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the 9
- "Mississippi Environmental Equity Act." 10
- **SECTION 2.** It is in the interest of the citizens of 11
- Mississippi to ensure equal environmental protection for all 12
- people regardless of race, ethnicity, or socio-economic status. 13
- There is an urgent need to collect, analyze and report regularly 14
- 15 data on environmental quality and related public health measures
- by race, ethnicity and socio-economic status, and to develop 16
- 17 policies and programs that prevent and reduce the
- disproportionately greater exposures to potentially hazardous 18
- substances experienced by racial minority, ethnic minority and 19
- low-income populations. It is the intent of the Legislature to 20
- ensure equitable processes and outcomes in the prevention and 21
- reduction of human exposure to potentially harmful substances, to 22
- 23 enhance the authority of the Department of Environmental Quality
- 24 to investigate and make siting recommendations of hazardous waste
- facilities. 25
- SECTION 3. As used in this act, the following words and 26
- phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed herein 27
- 28 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- 29 (a) "Environmental equity" means ensuring equitable
- 30 processes and outcomes in the:
- 31 (i) Prevention and reduction of releases of
- 32 potentially harmful substances to the environment;
- 33 (ii) Prevention and reduction of human exposure to
- 34 potentially harmful substances in the environment;
- 35 (iii) Distribution of environmental services among
- 36 population groups, including racial minority, ethnic minority and
- 37 low-income groups; and
- 38 (iv) Sharing by all economic levels and ethnic
- 39 groups of the negative and positive impact of actions proposed by
- 40 individuals, corporations and public agencies which are found to
- 41 affect the quality of the environment.
- 42 (b) "Low-income community" means any area in which one
- 43 (1) of the following conditions exist:
- (i) Twenty percent (20%) or more of the citizens
- 45 are persons or families who require financial assistance from any
- 46 federal or state assistance program due to insufficient personal
- 47 or family income; or
- 48 (ii) Twenty percent (20%) or more of the citizens
- 49 are persons or families with income below the poverty level as
- 50 reported in the most recent federal decennial census; or
- 51 (c) "Minority community" means an area where fifty
- 52 percent (50%) or more of the residents are Asian, Black, Hispanic
- 53 or Native American, according to the following definitions:
- (i) "Asian" means a person having origins in any
- of the original people of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian
- 56 subcontinent or the Pacific Islands.
- 57 (ii) "Black" means a person having origins in any
- 58 Black racial group of Africa.
- 59 (iii) "Hispanic" means a person of Spanish or
- 60 Portuguese culture with origins in Mexico, South or Central
- 61 America or the Caribbean Islands, regardless of race.

62	(iv) "Nati	.ve Ame:	rican"	means	а	person	having
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- 63 origins in any of the original people of North America, including
- 64 American Indians, Eskimos and Aleuts.
- (d) "Potentially harmful substance" means:
- (i) Any hazardous substance;
- 67 (ii) Any air pollutant as defined under the Clean
- 68 Air Act;
- 69 (iii) Any extremely hazardous substance as defined
- 70 under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act;
- 71 (iv) Any hazardous chemical for which a material
- 72 safety data sheet is required to be prepared under the
- 73 Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 or regulations
- 74 promulgated under that act;
- 75 (v) Any toxic chemical under the Superfund Act;
- 76 (vi) Any pesticide as defined under the federal
- 77 Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act; and
- 78 (vii) Chemicals subject to restrictive orders
- 79 under the Toxic Substances Control Act.
- (e) "Release" or "releases" means any spilling,
- 81 leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging,
- 82 injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping or disposing into the
- 83 environment (including abandonment or discarding of barrels,
- 84 containers and other collapsed receptacles containing any
- 85 potentially harmful substance), but excludes any release that
- 86 results in exposure to persons solely within a workplace, the
- 87 normal application of fertilizer and releases during routine use
- 88 of a product that do not result in exposure to individuals who are
- 89 not present in the residence or facility where the product is to
- 90 be used.
- 91 (f) "State" refers to the State of Mississippi.
- 92 (g) "Task force" means the Environmental Equity Task
- 93 Force established under Section 5 of this act.

The Department of Environmental Quality 94 SECTION 4. (1) shall promulgate regulations providing for a comprehensive 95 assessment, on a continuing basis, of the extent to which 96 97 identifiable populations are disproportionately exposed to 98 potentially harmful substances in the environment on the basis of race, ethnicity or socio-economic status, and the development and 99 100 implementation, on a continuing basis, of state regulations, policies, programs and enforcement priorities that prevent and 101 102 reduce any such disproportionate exposure.

The department shall publish a notice of proposed rulemaking,
not later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective
date of this act, and provide a public comment period of sixty
(60) days after the publication of the notice of proposed
rulemaking; and publish its adopted regulations not later than
forty-five (45) days after the public comment period.

The rules promulgated under this section shall be promulgated in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Law to the extent that the Administrative Procedures Act does not conflict with this section.

- (2) The Department of Environmental Quality also shall:
- (a) Review statutory authority, regulations and
 policies for the purpose of determining whether there are any
 deficiencies or inconsistencies therein that are a barrier to full
 compliance with the provisions of this act;
- (b) Review, on a continuing basis, programs

 administered, mandated, delegated or funded by the state to ensure

 that they are in compliance with the provisions of this act;
- 121 (c) Develop decision criteria for use in the

 122 rulemaking, permitting and enforcement programs to ensure that the

 123 state's activities are in compliance with the provisions of this

 124 act;
- 125 (d) Implement the environmental equity research
 - S. B. No. 2008 03/SS01/R262 PAGE 4

program;

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127	(e) Develop and implement a strategy for preventing
128	pollution and encouraging sustainable development that is
129	consistent with the provisions of this act;
130	(f) Develop and implement a comprehensive information
131	management plan;
132	(g) Develop and implement a public participation,
133	communication and educations strategy to ensure public
134	participation and public access to data and reports;
135	(h) Develop and implement a plan for assisting other
136	federal, state and local government agencies in examining
137	environmental equity concerns;
138	(i) Provide environmental equity awareness training;
139	(j) Provide technical assistance and training to aid
140	other public and private entities in the promotion of
141	environmental equity;
142	(k) Prepare a report by January 15, 1998, and each year
143	thereafter, on the status of environmental equity activities;
144	(1) Ensure that the department provides for the
145	function of an ombudsman with the department.
146	SECTION 5. (1) There shall be an Environmental Equity Task
147	Force that will consist of fifteen (15) voting members to be
148	appointed by the leadership of the Legislative Black Caucus, State
149	House of Representatives, State Senate, Department of
150	Environmental Quality, Governor's Office and Southern Echo
151	Environmental Group, as provided in this section. Seven (7) of
152	the voting members shall be minority members of the state
153	Legislature appointed as follows: two (2) members shall be
154	appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, two (2)
155	members shall be appointed by the Speaker Pro Tempore of the
156	House, and the final three (3) members shall be appointed by the
157	leadership of the Legislative Black Caucus. The remaining eight
158	(8) voting members of the task force shall be appointed as
159	follows: four (4) members shall be appointed by the Governor's

S. B. No. 2008 03/SS01/R262 PAGE 5

- 160 Office, three (3) members shall be appointed by the Department of
- 161 Environmental Quality and one (1) member shall be appointed by
- 162 Southern Echo Environmental Group. Nonvoting members of the task
- 163 force shall include members of the House Conservation and Water
- 164 Resources Committee and Senate Environmental Protection,
- 165 Conservation and Water Resources Committee, environmental advocacy
- 166 organizations, such as the Sierra Club, and other grassroots
- 167 organizations, all of whom shall be selected by the chairman of
- 168 the task force. The terms of the voting members of the task force
- 169 shall be as follows: five (5) of the initial members shall be
- 170 appointed for terms of four (4) years, five (5) of the initial
- 171 members shall be appointed for terms of three (3) years and five
- 172 (5) of the initial members shall be appointed for terms of two (2)
- 173 years, respectively, from the date of their appointment. After
- 174 the expiration of the initial terms provided for under this
- 175 subsection, all subsequent appointments shall be for terms of four
- 176 (4) years from the expiration date of the previous term.
- 177 The chairman shall be elected from the fifteen (15) voting
- 178 members of the task force. Members of the task force shall
- 179 receive no compensation for their services, but the voting members
- 180 of the task force shall be reimbursed for their actual and
- 181 necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official
- 182 duties as provided in Section 25-3-41.
- 183 (2) The task force shall have the following powers and
- 184 duties:
- 185 (a) To litigate;
- 186 (b) To make and execute contracts and all other
- 187 instruments necessary or convenient for the exercise of its powers
- 188 and function under this act;
- 189 (c) To assist the Department of Environmental Quality
- 190 with holding public hearings and to contract for professional and
- 191 technical assistance and advice;

192	(d)	То	contract	for	and	to	accept	assistance,	

193 including, but not limited to, gifts, grants or loans of funds or

194 of property from the federal or state government, or from any

195 other public or private source and to comply with the terms or

196 conditions thereof, subject to the applicable general policies;

- 197 (e) To encourage individuals, corporations,
- 198 associations, organizations and public agencies to consider the
- 199 environmental interests of the minority or low-income communities
- 200 in its decision-making process;
- 201 (f) To provide local governments and the private sector
- 202 with improved liaison, interpretation and focus relative to a
- 203 variety of state and federal programs which bear on environmental
- 204 equity;
- 205 (g) To conduct systematic and thorough research to be
- 206 made available to the public on environmental issues that relate
- 207 to minority or low-income communities, including, but not limited
- 208 to, lead, occupational hazards, siting of polluting facilities and
- 209 access to parks and other open spaces;
- 210 (h) To conduct community outreach and produce materials
- 211 to educate the public about issues related to environmental
- 212 equity; and
- (i) To exercise and perform such other powers and
- 214 duties as shall have been or may be from time to time conveyed or
- 215 imposed by law.
- 216 **SECTION 6.** In order to determine if there are significant
- 217 adverse impacts of environmental pollution on human health in
- 218 environmental high-impact areas, minority or low-income
- 219 communities, there shall be a moratorium on the siting or
- 220 permitting of any new toxic chemical facility in any environmental
- 221 high-impact area shown to emit toxic chemicals in quantities found
- 222 to cause significant adverse impacts on human health. A new toxic
- 223 chemical facility may be cited or permitted in such an
- 224 environmental high-impact area during this period only if:

225	(a) The need for the activity is shown; and
226	(b) The facility demonstrates that it will minimize
227	uncontrolled releases into the environment.
228	The moratorium shall continue in effect in such an
229	environmental high-impact area until the task force determines,
230	upon petition of any interested party, that the health-based
231	levels identified have been attained in the area.
232	SECTION 7. Section 17-17-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
233	amended as follows:
234	17-17-15. (1) Hazardous wastes shall not be handled or
235	disposed of along with or in the same site or adjoining site as
236	ordinary wastes unless specifically approved as exempted waste by
237	the department. These shall be disposed of by special
238	incinerators, separate landfills, or other means dictated by the
239	particularities of the hazardous waste involved, as determined by
240	the department or other responsible agency. The department may,
241	in its discretion, maintain a field office at any treatment or
242	disposal facility that receives hazardous wastes directly or
243	indirectly from more than one (1) generator. However, the
244	department shall maintain a field office at any commercial
245	off-site multiuser hazardous waste incinerator designed to
246	incinerate multiple nonhomogeneous types of wastes, and the cost
247	of operating such field office shall be borne by the owner of such
248	commercial hazardous waste incinerator. The field office, when
249	required, shall be located in adequate accommodations provided by
250	the facility owner and shall be staffed with department regulatory
251	personnel as deemed necessary by the department. In exercising
252	its discretion to determine the need for a field office,
253	regulatory staff and support equipment, the department shall
254	consider, at a minimum, the type and amount of hazardous waste
255	received and also the type of facility. All fees shall be
256	established by the department and shall be in addition to any
257	other fees provided by law. The fee prescribed by the department

- 258 shall be in an amount not less than the actual operating expenses
- 259 of the permanent field office and shall be in addition to any
- 260 other fees required by law.
- 261 (2) In addition to considering all applicable state and
- 262 federal laws and regulations, the Mississippi Pollution Control
- 263 Permit Board shall not issue a permit for the establishment or
- 264 operation of a commercial hazardous waste landfill for the
- 265 disposal of hazardous waste (as defined by Section 17-17-3,
- 266 Mississippi Code of 1972), in the State of Mississippi until the
- 267 Environmental Protection Agency makes a final determination,
- 268 pursuant to the federal Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of
- 269 1984, Public Law No. 98-616, that each waste to be placed in such
- 270 landfill is suitable for land disposal.
- 271 (3) No permit shall be issued pursuant to this section that
- 272 is in conflict with the provision of the Mississippi Environmental
- 273 Equity Act.
- SECTION 8. Section 17-17-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 275 amended as follows:
- 276 17-17-27. (1) The department shall exercise such
- 277 supervision over restrictions, equipment, methodology and
- 278 personnel in the management of solid wastes as may be necessary to
- 279 enforce sanitary requirements; and the commission shall adopt such
- 280 rules and regulations as may be needed to specify methodology and
- 281 procedures to meet the requirements of this chapter, which shall
- 282 include at a minimum:
- 283 (a) Criteria for the determination of whether any waste
- 284 or combination of wastes is hazardous for the purposes of this
- 285 chapter;
- (b) Rules and regulations for the storage, treatment
- 287 and disposal of solid wastes;
- 288 (c) Rules and regulations for the transportation,
- 289 containerization and labeling of hazardous wastes, which rules

- 290 shall be consistent with those issued by the United States
- 291 Department of Transportation;
- 292 (d) Rules and regulations specifying the terms and
- 293 conditions under which the Permit Board shall issue, modify,
- 294 suspend, revoke or deny such permits as may be required by this
- 295 chapter. Such rules and regulations shall include, and not by way
- 296 of limitation, specific authority for the Permit Board to consider
- 297 the financial capability and performance history of an applicant.
- 298 No permit shall be issued that is in conflict with the provisions
- 299 of the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act;
- 300 (e) Rules and regulations establishing standards and
- 301 procedures for the safe storage or transportation of hazardous
- 302 waste and for the safe operation and maintenance of hazardous
- 303 waste treatment or disposal facilities or sites or equipment;
- 304 (f) A listing of those wastes or combinations of wastes
- 305 which are not compatible, and which may not be stored or disposed
- 306 of together;
- 307 (q) Procedures and requirements for the use of a
- 308 manifest during the transport of hazardous wastes;
- 309 (h) Standards for financial responsibility to cover the
- 310 liability, closure and post-closure of any site and perpetual care
- 311 of a commercial hazardous waste landfill. Rules and regulations
- 312 promulgated hereunder may include, and not by way of limitation,
- 313 requirements for maintaining liability insurance coverage if such
- 314 coverage is not required under rules and regulations promulgated
- 315 by the United States Environmental Protection Agency;
- 316 (i) Rules and regulations establishing minimum
- 317 distances within which any hazardous waste disposal facility may
- 318 be located from any municipality, school, residence, church or
- 319 health care facility;
- 320 (j) Other rules and regulations as the commission deems
- 321 necessary to manage hazardous wastes in the state, provided that



such rules and regulations shall be equivalent to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's rules and regulations.

- (2) In complying with this section the commission shall consider the variations within this state in climate, geology, population density and such other factors as may be relevant to the management of hazardous wastes. It is the intent of the Legislature that commercial hazardous waste landfills be located on those sites which, by virtue of their geologic conditions, provide a high degree of environmental protection. In carrying out the intent of this provision, the commission is authorized to adopt siting criteria for commercial hazardous waste landfills which are more stringent or extensive in scope, coverage and effect than the rules and regulations promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- (3) Except as hereinafter provided, hazardous wastes shall not be disposed of in this state by the use of underground injection methods, as herein defined according to 40 CFR 260.10(74) to mean "subsurface emplacement of fluids through a bored, drilled, or driven well, or through a dug well, where the depth of the dug well is greater than the largest surface dimension." This prohibition shall not apply to the disposal on the generation site of hazardous wastes generated in the production of oil or gas or in a commercial or manufacturing operation. Commercial hazardous waste underground injection wells designed or intended to dispose of multiple nonhomogeneous types of wastes from multiple sources other than the owner of the well are hereby prohibited in the State of Mississippi.
- A commercial hazardous waste landfill shall not be located on the same site or within one thousand (1,000) feet of an existing or abandoned ordinary waste disposal site, unless the hazardous waste to be disposed of in said commercial landfill is specifically approved as exempted.

After promulgation of the regulations required under 354 this section, no person shall construct, substantially alter or 355 operate any solid waste treatment or disposal facility or site, 356 357 nor shall any person store, treat or dispose of any hazardous 358 waste without first obtaining a permit from the Permit Board for 359 such facility, site or activity. However, no person shall 360 construct any new hazardous waste treatment or disposal facility 361 or site or substantially alter any such existing facility or site, nor shall the Permit Board issue a permit for any such 362 construction or alteration, until the commission has promulgated 363 364 rules and regulations under the provisions of subsection (1)(j) of this section. Said rules and regulations shall be equivalent to 365 366 counterpart rules and regulations of the Environmental Protection 367 Agency whether now in effect or hereinafter promulgated. 368 person who has made an application for a permit for an existing facility under this section shall be treated as having been issued 369 such permit until such time as final administrative disposition of 370 371 such application has been made unless the cause of such delay is the result of the failure of the applicant to furnish information 372 373 reasonably required or requested in order to process the application. 374

- Any permit issued under this section may be revoked by 375 (5) 376 the issuing agency at any time when the permittee fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit. Where the obtaining 377 378 of or compliance with any permit required under this section would, in the judgment of the department, cause undue or 379 380 unreasonable hardship to any person, the department may issue a 381 variance from these requirements. In no case shall the duration of any such variance exceed one (1) year. Renewals or extensions 382 may be given only after an opportunity has been given for public 383 comment on each such renewal or extension. 384
- 385 (6) Information obtained by the commission concerning 386 environmental protection including, but not limited to,

information contained in applications for solid or hazardous waste 387 disposal permits shall be public information and shall be made 388 available upon proper request. Other information obtained by the 389 390 commission, department, or Permit Board in the administration of 391 Sections 17-17-1 through 17-17-47 concerning trade secrets, 392 including, but not limited to, marketing or financial information, treatment, transportation, storage or disposal processes or 393 devices, methods of manufacture, or production capabilities or 394 amounts shall be kept confidential if and only if: (a) a written 395 confidentiality claim is made when the information is supplied; 396 397 (b) such confidentiality claim allows disclosure to authorized department employees and/or the United States Environmental 398 Protection Agency (EPA); and (c) such confidentiality claim is 399 400 determined by the commission to be valid. If the confidentiality 401 claim is denied, the information sought to be covered thereby shall not be released or disclosed, except to the Environmental 402 Protection Agency, until the claimant has been notified in writing 403 404 and afforded an opportunity for a hearing and appeal therefrom, as 405 with other orders of the commission. Disclosure of confidential 406 information by the EPA shall be governed by federal law and EPA 407 regulations. Misappropriation of a trade secret shall be governed 408 by the Mississippi Uniform Trade Secrets Act, Sections 75-26-1 409 through 75-26-19.

- 410 (7) Anyone making unauthorized disclosure of information 411 determined to be confidential as herein provided shall be liable 412 in a civil action for damages arising therefrom and shall also be 413 guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided by law.
- 414 (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the 415 executive director, upon receipt of information that the 416 generation, storage, transportation, treatment or disposal of any 417 solid waste may present an imminent and substantial hazard to the 418 public health or to the environment, may take any legal, equitable

- 419 or other action, including injunctive relief, necessary to protect
- 420 the health of such persons or the environment.
- 421 **SECTION 9.** Section 17-17-151, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 422 amended as follows:
- 423 17-17-151. (1) Each application for the issuance of a
- 424 permit to operate a commercial hazardous waste management facility
- 425 shall be accompanied by a demonstration of need for that facility
- 426 in the anticipated service area, which shall be of the form and
- 427 content as the Permit Board may prescribe. Applications for the
- 428 reissuance, transfer or modification of previously issued permits,
- 429 except modifications seeking an increase in the volume of
- 430 hazardous waste to be managed on an annual basis, shall not be
- 431 subject to the requirements of this section.
- 432 (2) The demonstration of need shall be specific as to the
- 433 types of hazardous waste to be managed and shall include, but not
- 434 be limited to:
- 435 (a) Documentation of the available capacity at existing
- 436 commercial hazardous waste management facilities in the area to be
- 437 served by the facility;
- 438 (b) Documentation of the current volume of hazardous
- 439 waste generated in the area to be served by the facility and the
- 440 volume of hazardous waste reasonably expected to be generated in
- 441 the area to be served over the next twenty (20) years; and
- 442 (c) A description of any additional factors, such as
- 443 physical limitations on the transportation of the hazardous waste
- 444 or the existence of additional capacity outside the area to be
- 445 served which may satisfy the projected need.
- 446 (3) The Permit Board shall consider the following factors in
- 447 evaluating the need for the proposed facility:
- 448 (a) The extent to which the proposed commercial

- 449 hazardous waste management facility is in conformance with the
- 450 Mississippi Capacity Assurance Plan and any interstate or regional
- 451 agreements associated therewith;

452		(b)	An app	proxi	nate s	ervice	area	for	the	proposed	
453	facility	which	takes	into	accou	nt the	econo	omics	s of	hazardous	waste
454	collectio	n, tra	ansport	tatior	ı, tre	atment	, stor	cage	and	disposal;	

- (c) The quantity of hazardous waste generated within
 the anticipated service area suitable for treatment, storage or
 disposal at the proposed facility;
- (d) The design capacity of existing commercial hazardous waste management facilities located within the anticipated service area of the proposed facility; and
- (e) The extent to which the proposed facility is needed to replace other facilities, if the need for a proposed commercial hazardous waste management facility cannot be established under paragraphs (a) through (d).
- 465 (4) <u>No permit shall be issued that is in conflict with the</u>
 466 provisions of the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act.
- (5) Based on the needs of the State of Mississippi, it is
 the intent of the Legislature that there shall not be a
 proliferation of unnecessary facilities in any one (1) county of
 the state.
- (6) If the Permit Board determines that a proposed commercial hazardous waste management facility is inconsistent with or contradictory to the factors set forth in subsection (3), the Permit Board is hereby empowered to deny any permit for such facility.
- 476 (7) The commission shall develop and adopt criteria and
 477 standards to be considered in location and permitting of
 478 commercial hazardous waste management facilities. The standards
 479 and criteria shall be developed through public participation,
 480 shall be enforced by the Permit Board and shall include, in
 481 addition to all applicable state and federal rules and
 482 regulations, consideration of:

- 483 (a) Hydrological and geological factors such as flood
- 484 plains, depth to water table, soil composition and permeability,
- 485 cavernous bedrock, seismic activity, and slope;
- 486 (b) Natural resource factors such as wetlands,
- 487 endangered species habitats, proximity to parks, forests,
- 488 wilderness areas and historical sites, and air quality;
- (c) Land use factors such as local land use, whether
- 490 residential, industrial, commercial, recreational or agricultural,
- 491 proximity to public water supplies, and proximity to incompatible
- 492 structures such as schools, churches and airports;
- 493 (d) Transportation factors, such as proximity to waste
- 494 generators and to population, route safety and method of
- 495 transportation; and
- 496 (e) Aesthetic factors such as the visibility,
- 497 appearance and noise level of the facility.
- 498 **SECTION 10.** Section 49-17-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 499 amended as follows:
- 500 49-17-25. (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this
- 501 section prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of rules and
- 502 regulations necessary to implement this chapter, Sections 17-17-1
- 503 through 17-17-47, Sections 21-27-201 through 21-27-221, Sections
- 37-138-1 through 37-138-31, and all other laws administered by the
- 505 department, the commission shall conduct a public hearing or
- 506 hearings thereon after public notice. Such notice shall be given
- 507 by publication once a week for three (3) successive weeks in a
- 508 newspaper having a general circulation throughout the state. The
- 509 notice shall contain a description of the proposed regulation and
- 510 the time, date and place of the hearing.
- 511 (2) Additionally, the adoption, amendment or repeal of any
- 512 rule or regulation under this chapter, Sections 17-17-1 through
- 513 17-17-47, Sections 21-27-201 through 21-27-221, Sections 37-138-1
- 514 through 37-138-31 and all other laws administered by the
- 515 department shall be governed by the "Mississippi Administrative

- Procedures Law." Any rule or regulation heretofore or hereafter adopted, amended or repealed in substantial compliance with the procedural requirements under Section 25-43-7 shall be valid. A proceeding to contest any rule or regulation on the ground of noncompliance with the procedural requirements of this section must be commenced within one (1) year from the effective date of the rule or regulation.
- 523 (3) Notice of rules and regulations adopted by the 524 commission shall be published once in a newspaper having general 525 circulation throughout the state.
- (4) Any rules or regulations adopted pursuant to Section 4

 of Senate Bill No. 2008, 2003 Regular Session, shall be governed

 by the provisions of that section and subsection (2) of this

 section.
- SECTION 11. Section 49-17-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
 - 49-17-29. (1) (a) Except as in compliance with paragraph (b) of this subsection, it is unlawful for any person to cause pollution of the air in the state or to place or cause to be placed any wastes or other products or substances in a location where they are likely to cause pollution of the air. It is also unlawful to discharge any wastes, products or substances into the air of the state which exceed standards of performance, hazardous air pollutant standards, other emission standards set by the commission, or which reduce the quality of the air below the air quality standards or increments established by the commission or prevent attainment or maintenance of those air quality standards. Any such action is hereby declared to be a public nuisance.
- (b) It is unlawful for any person to build, erect,
 alter, replace, use or operate any equipment which will cause the
 issuance of air contaminants unless that person holds a permit
 from the Permit Board (except repairs or maintenance of equipment
 for which a permit has been previously issued), or unless that

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person is exempted from holding a permit by a regulation 549 550 promulgated by the commission. Concentrated animal feeding operations may be a source or a category of sources exempted under 551 552 this paragraph. However, no new or existing applications relating 553 to swine concentrated animal feeding operations within a county shall be exempted from regulations and ordinances which have been 554 555 duly passed by the county's board of supervisors and which are in 556 force on June 1, 1998.

(2) (a) Except as in compliance with paragraph (b) of this subsection, it is unlawful for any person to cause pollution of any waters of the state or to place or cause to be placed any wastes in a location where they are likely to cause pollution of any waters of the state. It is also unlawful to discharge any wastes into any waters of the state which reduce the quality of those waters below the water quality standards established by the commission; or to violate any applicable pretreatment standards or limitations, technology-based effluent limitations, toxic standards or any other limitations established by the commission. Any such action is declared to be a public nuisance.

It is unlawful for any person to carry on any of

569 the following activities, unless that person holds a current 570 permit for that activity from the Permit Board as may be required for the disposal of all wastes which are or may be discharged into 571 the waters of the state, or unless that person is exempted from 572 573 holding a permit by a regulation promulgated by the commission: 574 (i) the construction, installation, modification or operation of any disposal system or part thereof or any extension or addition 575 576 thereto, including, but not limited to, systems serving agricultural operations; (ii) the increase in volume or strength 577 578 of any wastes in excess of the permissive discharges specified under any existing permit; (iii) the construction, installation or 579 580 operation of any industrial, commercial or other establishment, 581 including irrigation projects or any extension or modification

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thereof or addition thereto, the operation of which would cause an 582 increase in the discharge of wastes into the waters of the state 583 or would otherwise alter the physical, chemical or biological 584 585 properties of any waters of the state in any manner not already 586 lawfully authorized; (iv) the construction or use of any new outlet for the discharge of any wastes into the waters of the 587 588 state. However, no new or existing applications relating to swine 589 concentrated animal feeding operations within a county shall be exempted from regulations and ordinances which have been duly 590 passed by the county's board of supervisors and which are in force 591 on June 1, 1998. 592

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S. B. No. 2008 03/SS01/R262

PAGE 19

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Permit Board created by Section 49-17-28 shall be the exclusive administrative body to make decisions on permit issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation of air pollution control and water pollution control permits and permits required under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, Chapter 17), and all other permits within the jurisdiction of the Permit After consideration of alternative waste treatment technologies available to control air and water pollution and odor, including appropriate siting criteria, the commission may promulgate regulations establishing conditions, limitations and exemptions under which the Permit Board shall make these decisions. Regulations promulgated by the commission which establish exemptions as authorized under this section shall apply to any applicable facility in operation on the effective date of that regulation and to any applicable facility constructed or operated after the effective date of that regulation. The Permit Board may issue multiple permits for the same facility or operation simultaneously or in the sequence that it deems appropriate consistent with the commission's regulations. as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the Permit Board, under any conditions that the board may prescribe, may authorize the

Executive Director of the Department of Environmental Quality to 615 616 make decisions on permit issuance, reissuance, denial, The executive director shall not be 617 modification or revocation. 618 authorized to make decisions on permit issuance, reissuance, 619 denial, modification or revocation for a commercial hazardous 620 waste management facility or a municipal solid waste landfill or incinerator. A decision by the executive director shall be a 621 decision of the Permit Board and shall be subject to formal 622 623 hearing and appeal as provided in this section. The executive director shall report all permit decisions to the Permit Board at 624 625 its next regularly scheduled meeting and those decisions shall be recorded in the minutes of the Permit Board. The decisions of the 626 Permit Board shall be recorded in minutes of the Permit Board and 627 shall be kept separate and apart from the minutes of the 628 commission. The decision of the Permit Board or the executive 629 director to issue, reissue, deny, modify or revoke permits shall 630 not be construed to be an order or other action of the commission. 631 632 (b) The Executive Director of the Department of Environmental Quality shall also be the Executive Director of the

Environmental Quality shall also be the Executive Director of the
Permit Board and shall have available to him, as Executive
Director of the Permit Board, all resources and personnel
otherwise available to him as executive director of the
department.

All persons required to obtain an air pollution 638 (C) 639 control or water pollution control permit, a permit under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, Chapter 17) or any 640 other permit within the jurisdiction of the Permit Board shall 641 make application for that permit with the Permit Board. 642 Permit Board, under any regulations as the commission may 643 644 prescribe, may require the submission of those plans, 645 specifications and other information as it deems necessary to 646 carry out Sections 49-17-1 through 49-17-43 and Title 17, Chapter

17, or to carry out the commission's regulations adopted under

those sections. The Permit Board, based upon any information as 648 it deems relevant, shall issue, reissue, deny, modify or revoke 649 air pollution control or water pollution control permit or permits 650 651 required under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, 652 Chapter 17) or any other permit within the jurisdiction of the Permit Board under any conditions as it deems necessary that are 653 654 consistent with the commission's regulations. The Permit Board's action of issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation 655 of a permit as recorded in its minutes shall constitute a complete 656 decision of the board. All permits issued by the Permit Board 657 shall remain in full force and effect until the board makes a 658 final determination regarding any reissuance, modification, or 659 revocation thereof. The Permit Board shall take action upon an 660 661 application within one hundred eighty (180) days following its receipt in the board's principal office. No action which affects 662 revocation of an existing permit shall take effect until the 663 thirty (30) days mentioned in paragraph (4)(b) of this section has 664 665 expired or until a formal hearing as prescribed in that paragraph 666 is held, whichever is later.

- (d) The Permit Board may adopt rules of practice and procedure governing its proceedings that are consistent with the commission's regulations. All hearings in connection with permits issued, reissued, denied, modified or revoked and all appeals from decisions of the Permit Board shall be as provided in this section.
- (e) Upon any conditions that are consistent with the
 commission's regulations and subject to those procedures for
 public notice and hearings as provided by law, not inconsistent
 with federal law and regulations, the Permit Board may issue
 general permits and, where appropriate, may consolidate multiple
 permits for the same facility or operation into a single permit.
- (f) The Permit Board shall not issue any permit for a new swine concentrated animal feeding operation or the expansion

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of an existing swine concentrated animal feeding operation before 681 January 1, 2000, unless the department received the application 682 for that operation's new or modified permit before February 28, 683 684 1998, or except as provided in this paragraph (f). In issuing or 685 modifying any permit for which the department received an application before February 28, 1998, the Permit Board shall apply 686 687 those siting criteria adopted or used by the commission before 688 February 28, 1998, unless federal law or regulations require more stringent criteria. The moratorium established in this paragraph 689 shall not apply to the issuance of any permit for a new swine 690 691 concentrated animal feeding operation or the expansion of an existing swine concentrated animal feeding operation that uses an 692 693 animal waste management system which the applicant demonstrates to 694 the Permit Board is innovative in significantly reducing the 695 effects of the operation on the public health, welfare or the environment and which is approved by the Permit Board. The Permit 696 Board shall not issue or modify more than five (5) permits under 697 698 this innovative animal waste management system technology 699 exemption to the moratorium.

- 700 Each applicant for a permit for a new outlet for 701 the discharge of wastes into the waters of the state who is required to obtain a certificate of public convenience and 702 necessity from the Public Service Commission for such wastewater 703 704 system shall submit financial and managerial information as 705 required by the Public Utilities Staff. Following review of that 706 information, the Executive Director of the Public Utilities Staff shall certify in writing to the executive director of the 707 708 department, the financial and managerial viability of the system if the Executive Director of the Public Utilities Staff determines 709 710 the system is viable. The Permit Board shall not issue the permit until the certification is received. 711
- 712 (h) The Permit Board shall not issue any permit that is 713 in conflict with the Mississippi Environmental Equity Act.

Except as required by this section, before the 714 (4)(a) issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation of any 715 air pollution control or water pollution control permit, permit 716 717 required under the Solid Wastes Disposal Law of 1974 (Title 17, 718 Chapter 17) or any other permit within its jurisdiction, the Permit Board, in its discretion, may hold a public hearing or 719 meeting to obtain comments from the public on its proposed action. 720 Before the issuance, reissuance, denial, modification pertaining 721 722 to the expansion of a facility, transfer or revocation of a permit 723 for a commercial hazardous waste management facility or a 724 commercial municipal solid waste landfill or incinerator, the 725 Permit Board shall conduct a public hearing or meeting to obtain 726 comments from the public on the proposed action. That hearing or 727 meeting shall be informal in nature and conducted under those procedures as the Permit Board may deem appropriate consistent 728 729 with the commission's regulations.

(b) Within thirty (30) days after the date the Permit Board takes action upon permit issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation, as recorded in the minutes of the Permit Board, any interested party aggrieved by that action may file a written request for a formal hearing before the Permit Board. An interested party is any person claiming an interest relating to the property or project which is the subject of the permit action, and who is so situated that the person may be affected by the disposition of that action.

The Permit Board shall fix the time and place of the formal hearing and shall notify the permittee of that time and place.

In conducting the formal hearing, the Permit Board shall have the same full powers as to subpoenaing witnesses, administering oaths, examining witnesses under oath and conducting the hearing, as is now vested by law in the Mississippi Public Service Commission, as to the hearings before it, with the additional power that the Executive Director of the Permit Board may issue

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all subpoenas at the instance of the Permit Board or at the 747 instance of any interested party. Any subpoenas shall be served 748 by any lawful officer in any county to whom the subpoena is 749 750 directed and return made thereon as provided by law, with the cost 751 of service being paid by the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued. Witnesses summoned to appear at the hearing shall be 752 753 entitled to the same per diem and mileage as witnesses attending the circuit court and shall be paid by the person on whose behalf 754 755 the witness was called. Sufficient sureties for the cost of service of the subpoena and witness fees shall be filed with the 756 757 Executive Director of the Permit Board at the time that issuance of the subpoena is requested. At a hearing, any interested party 758 may present witnesses and submit evidence and cross-examine 759 760 witnesses.

The Permit Board may designate a hearing officer to conduct
the formal hearing on all or any part of the issues on behalf of
the Permit Board. The hearing officer shall prepare the record of
the formal hearing conducted by that officer for the Permit Board
and shall submit the record to the Permit Board.

Upon conclusion of the formal hearing, the Permit Board shall enter in its minutes the board's decision affirming, modifying or reversing its prior decision to issue, reissue, deny, modify or revoke a permit. The Permit Board shall prepare and record in its minutes findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting its decision. That decision, as recorded in its minutes with its findings of fact and conclusions of law, shall be final unless an appeal, as provided in this section, is taken to chancery court within twenty (20) days following the date the decision is entered in the board's minutes.

(c) Within twenty (20) days after the date the Permit Board takes action upon permit issuance, reissuance, denial, modification or revocation after a formal hearing under this subsection as recorded in the minutes of the Permit Board, any S. B. No. 2008

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- person aggrieved of that action may appeal the action as provided 780 in subsection (5) of this section. 781
- Appeals from any decision or action of the Permit 782 (5) (a) 783 Board shall be only to chancery court as provided in this 784 subsection.
- Any person who is aggrieved by any decision of the 785 786 Permit Board issuing, reissuing, denying, revoking or modifying a 787 permit after a formal hearing may appeal that decision within the period specified in subsection (4)(c) of this section to the 788 789 chancery court of the county of the situs in whole or in part of 790 the subject matter. The appellant shall give a cost bond with sufficient sureties, payable to the state in the sum of not less 791 than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than Five Hundred 792 793 Dollars (\$500.00), to be fixed by the Permit Board and to be filed with and approved by the Executive Director of the Permit Board, 794 who shall forthwith certify the filing of the bond together with a 795 certified copy of the record of the Permit Board in the matter to 796 797 the chancery court to which the appeal is taken, which shall 798 thereupon become the record of the cause. An appeal to the 799 chancery court as provided in this section shall not stay the 800 decision of the Permit Board. The aggrieved party may, within 801 twenty (20) days following the date the board's decision after a 802 formal hearing is entered on the board's minutes, petition the chancery court for an appeal with supersedeas and the chancellor 803 804 shall grant a hearing on that petition. Upon good cause shown, 805 the chancellor may grant that appeal with supersedeas. granted, the appellant shall be required to post a bond with 806 807 sufficient sureties according to law in an amount to be determined 808 by the chancellor. Appeals shall be considered only upon the 809 record as made before the Permit Board. The chancery court shall always be deemed open for hearing of an appeal and the chancellor 810 811 may hear the same in termtime or in vacation at any place in the 812 chancellor's district, and the appeal shall have precedence over

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all civil cases, except election contests. The chancery court 813 shall review all questions of law and of fact. If no prejudicial 814 error is found, the matter shall be affirmed. If prejudicial 815 error is found the decision of the board shall be reversed and the 816 817 chancery court shall remand the matter to the Permit Board for appropriate action as may be indicated or necessary under the 818 circumstances. Appeals may be taken from the chancery court to 819 820 the Supreme Court in the manner as now required by law, except that if a supersedeas is desired by the party appealing to the 821 chancery court, that party may apply for a supersedeas to the 822 823 chancellor of that court, who shall award a writ of supersedeas, without additional bond, if in the chancellor's judgment material 824 damage is not likely to result thereby; but otherwise, the 825 826 chancellor shall require a supersedeas bond as the chancellor 827 deems proper, which shall be liable to the state for any damage. SECTION 12. Section 25-43-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 828

- 25-43-5. (1) In addition to other rule-making authority and requirements imposed by law, each agency shall:
- 832 (a) Adopt as a rule a description of its organization, 833 stating the general course and method of its operations and the 834 methods whereby the public may obtain information or make 835 submissions or requests.
- and requirements of all formal and informal procedures available,
 including all requirements respecting the filing of applications
 for any license and the licensing procedure employed by the agency
 and the method whereby persons desiring notice of pending
 applications may obtain such notice and request an opportunity to
 be heard.
- (c) Allow public inspection of all rules and other written statements of policy or interpretations formulated, adopted or used by the agency in the discharge of its functions.

amended as follows:

- 846 (d) Allow public inspection of all final orders, 847 decisions and opinions.
- 848 (2) No agency rule, order or decision is valid or effective 849 against any person or party, nor may it be invoked by the agency 850 for any purpose, until it has been made available for public 851 inspection as herein required. This provision is not applicable 852 in favor of any person or party who has actual knowledge thereof.
- (3) To the extent that any provision of this section

 854 conflicts with any provision of the Mississippi Environmental

 855 Equity Act, the provision (s) of the Mississippi Environmental

 856 Equity Act shall control.
- 857 **SECTION 13.** Section 25-43-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 858 amended as follows:
- 859 25-43-7. (1) Prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of any rule, the agency shall give at least thirty (30) days' notice 860 of its intended action. The notice shall include a statement of 861 either the terms or substance of the intended action or a 862 description of the subjects and issues involved, and the manner in 863 864 which interested persons may present their views thereon. 865 notice shall be filed with the office of the Secretary Of State 866 and mailed by the agency to all persons who have made timely 867 request of the agency for advance notice of its rule-making The Secretary Of State shall furnish copies at the 868 proceedings. request of any person and shall be reimbursed by the requesting 869 870 person for the expense of providing such service.
- 871 If an agency finds that an imminent peril to the public health, safety or welfare requires adoption of a rule upon fewer 872 873 than thirty (30) days' notice and states in writing its reasons for that finding, it may proceed without prior notice of hearing 874 875 or upon any abbreviated notice and hearing that it finds practicable to adopt an emergency rule. The rule may be effective 876 877 for a period of not longer than one hundred twenty (120) days, 878 renewable once for a period not exceeding ninety (90) days, but

879	the adoption	of an	identical	rule	under	subsection	(1)	of	this
880	section is no	ot pre	cluded.						

- (3) No rule hereafter adopted is valid unless adopted in substantial compliance with this section. A proceeding to contest any rule on the ground of noncompliance with the procedural requirements of this section must be commenced within one (1) year from the effective date of the rule.
- (4) To the extent that any provision of this section

 887 conflicts with any provision of the Mississippi Environmental

 888 Equity Act, the provision(s) of the Mississippi Environmental

 889 Equity Act shall control.
- 890 **SECTION 14.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 891 and after its passage.