## MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2003

By: Representatives Davis, Baker, Cameron, Chism, Ellington, Formby, Ishee, Jennings, Lott, Martinson, Masterson, Montgomery (74th), Moore (60th), Pierce, Reeves, Roberson, Snowden, Zuber

To: County Affairs; Municipalities

## HOUSE BILL NO. 1400

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 19-7-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO
AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS TO AUCTION OFF CERTAIN REAL
STATE OF THE COUNTY; TO AMEND SECTION 21-17-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE
OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE THE GOVERNING AUTHORITIES TO AUCTION OFF
CERTAIN REAL ESTATE OF THE MUNICIPALITY; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

7 **SECTION 1.** Section 19-7-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

8 amended as follows:

9 19-7-3. In case any of the real estate belonging to the county shall cease to be used for county purposes, the board of 10 supervisors may sell, convey or lease the same on such terms as 11 the board may elect and may, in addition, exchange the same for 12 real estate belonging to any other political subdivision located 13 14 within the county. In case of a sale on a credit, the county shall have a lien on the same for the purchase money, as against 15 all persons, until paid and may enforce the lien as in such cases 16 provided by law. The deed of conveyance in such cases shall be 17 executed in the name of the county by the president of the board 18 19 of supervisors, pursuant to an order of the board entered on its

Before any lease, deed or conveyance is executed, the board 21 22 shall publish at least once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks, in a public newspaper of the county in which the land is 23 located, or if no newspaper be published in said county then in a 24 newspaper having general circulation therein, the intention to 25 lease or sell, as the case may be, the county-owned land and to 26 27 accept sealed competitive bids for the leasing or sale. The board shall thereafter accept bids for the lease or sale and shall award 28

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minutes.

- the lease to the highest bidder in the manner provided by law or 29 the board may auction off the land to the highest bidder at a 30 public auction. The board may reserve the right to reject any and 31 all bids. However, whenever the board of supervisors shall find 32 33 and determine, by resolution duly and lawfully adopted and spread 34 upon its minutes (a) that any county-owned property is no longer needed for county or related purposes and is not to be used in the 35 operation of the county, (b) that the sale of the property in the 36 manner otherwise provided by law is not necessary or desirable for 37 the financial welfare of the county, and (c) that the use of the 38 39 county property for the purpose for which it is to be sold, conveyed or leased will promote and foster the development and 40 improvement of the community in which it is located and the civic, 41 social, educational, cultural, moral, economic, or industrial 42 welfare thereof, the board of supervisors of such county shall be 43 authorized and empowered, in its discretion, to sell, convey, 44 lease, or otherwise dispose of same for any of the purposes set 45
- 47 **SECTION 2.** Section 21-17-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 21-17-1. Every municipality of this state shall be a 49 50 municipal corporation and shall have power to sue and be sued; to purchase and hold real estate, either within or without the 51 corporate limits, for all proper municipal purposes, including 52 53 parks, cemeteries, hospitals, schoolhouses, houses of correction, waterworks, electric lights, sewers and other proper municipal 54 55 purposes; to purchase and hold personal property for all proper municipal purposes; to acquire equipment and machinery by 56 57 lease-purchase agreement and to pay interest thereon, if contracted, when needed for proper municipal purposes; to sell and 58 convey any real and personal property owned by it, and make such 59

order respecting the same as may be deemed conducive to the best

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forth herein.

interest of the municipality, and exercise jurisdiction over the same.

In case any of the real property belonging to a municipality 63 64 shall cease to be used for municipal purposes, the governing 65 authorities of the municipality may sell, convey or lease the same on such terms as the municipal authorities may elect. In case of 66 a sale on a credit, the municipality shall charge appropriate 67 interest as contracted and shall have a lien on the same for the 68 purchase money, as against all persons, until paid and may enforce 69 the lien as in such cases provided by law. The deed of conveyance 70 71 in such cases shall be executed in the name of the municipality by the governing authorities of the municipality pursuant to their 72 73 order entered on the minutes of their meetings. In any sale or conveyance of real property, the municipality shall retain all 74 75 mineral rights that it owns, together with the right of ingress 76 and egress to remove same. Before any such lease, deed or conveyance is executed, the governing authorities of the 77 78 municipality shall publish at least once each week for three (3) consecutive weeks, in a public newspaper of the municipality in 79 80 which the real property is located, or if no newspaper be published as such, then in a newspaper having general circulation 81 82 therein, the intention to lease or sell, as the case may be, the municipally owned real property and to accept sealed competitive 83 bids for the leasing or sale. The governing authorities of the 84 85 municipality shall thereafter accept bids for the lease or sale and shall award the lease or sale to the highest bidder in the 86 87 manner provided by law or the governing authorities may auction off the land to the highest bidder at a public auction. 88 governing authorities may reserve the right to reject any and all 89 However, whenever the governing authorities of the 90 municipality shall find and determine, by resolution duly and 91 92 lawfully adopted and spread upon its minutes (a) that any

municipally owned real property is no longer needed for municipal

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or related purposes and is not to be used in the operation of the 94 95 municipality, (b) that the sale of such property in the manner otherwise provided by law is not necessary or desirable for the 96 97 financial welfare of the municipality, and (c) that the use of 98 such property for the purpose for which it is to be sold, conveyed 99 or leased will promote and foster the development and improvement of the community in which it is located and the civic, social, 100 educational, cultural, moral, economic or industrial welfare 101 102 thereof, the governing authorities of the municipality shall be authorized and empowered, in their discretion, to sell, convey or 103 104 lease same for any of the purposes set forth herein without having to advertise for and accept competitive bids. In any case in 105 106 which a municipality proposes to sell, convey or lease real 107 property under the provisions of this section without advertising 108 for and accepting competitive bids, consideration for the 109 purchase, conveyance or lease of the property shall be not less than the average of the fair market price for such property as 110 111 determined by three (3) professional property appraisers selected by the municipality and approved by the purchaser or lessee. 112 113 Appraisal fees shall be shared equally by the municipality and the purchaser or lessee. 114 115 Whenever the governing authorities of the municipality shall find and determine by resolution duly and lawfully adopted and 116 spread upon the minutes that municipally owned real property is 117 118 not used for municipal purposes and therefore surplus as set forth hereinabove: 119 120 The governing authority may donate such lands to a

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pursuant hereto shall contain a clause of reverter providing that 127 the bona fide not-for-profit corporation or public school district 128 may hold title to such lands only so long as they are continued to 129 130 be used for the civic, social, educational, cultural, moral, 131 economic or industrial welfare of the community, and that title shall revert to the municipality in the event of the cessation of 132 such use for a period of two (2) years. In any such deed or 133 conveyance, the municipality shall retain all mineral rights that 134 it owns, together with the right of ingress and egress to remove 135 136 same; 137 The governing authority may donate such lands to a bona fide not-for-profit corporation (such as Habitat for 138 139 Humanity) which is primarily engaged in the construction of housing for persons who otherwise can afford to live only in 140 substandard housing. In any such deed or conveyance, the 141 municipality shall retain all mineral rights that it owns, 142 together with the right of ingress and egress to remove same; 143 144

In the event the governing authority does not wish to donate title to such lands to the bona fide not-for-profit civic or eleemosynary corporation, but wishes to retain title to the lands, the governing authority may lease the lands to a bona fide not-for-profit corporation described in paragraph (a) or (b) for less than fair market value.

Every municipality shall also be authorized and empowered to loan to private persons or entities, whether organized for profit or nonprofit, funds received from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under an urban development action grant or a community development block grant under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-383), as amended, and to charge interest thereon if contracted, provided that no such loan shall include any funds from any revenues other than the funds from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development; to make all contracts and do all other acts in

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03/HR07/R771 PAGE 5 (MS\HS) relation to the property and affairs of the municipality necessary to the exercise of its governmental, corporate and administrative powers; and to exercise such other or further powers as are otherwise conferred by law.

164 The governing authorities of any municipality may contract 165 with a private attorney or private collection agent or agency to collect any type of delinquent payment owed to the municipality, 166 including, but not limited to, past due fees and fines. Any such 167 168 contract debt may provide for payment contingent upon successful collection efforts or payment based upon a percentage of the 169 170 delinquent amount collected; however, the entire amount of all delinquent payments collected shall be remitted to the 171 172 municipality and shall not be reduced by any collection costs or Any private attorney or private collection agent or agency 173 contracting with the municipality under the provisions of this 174 paragraph shall give bond or other surety payable to the 175 176 municipality in such amount as the governing authorities of the 177 municipality deem sufficient. Any private attorney with whom the municipality contracts under the provisions of this paragraph must 178 179 be a member in good standing of The Mississippi Bar. Any private collection agent or agency with whom the municipality contracts 180 181 under the provisions of this paragraph must meet all licensing requirements for doing business in the State of Mississippi. 182 Neither the municipality nor any officer or employee of the 183 184 municipality shall be liable, civilly or criminally, for any wrongful or unlawful act or omission of any person or business 185 186 with whom the municipality has contracted under the provisions of this paragraph. The Mississippi Department of Audit shall 187 establish rules and regulations for use by municipalities in 188 contracting with persons or businesses under the provisions of 189 190 this paragraph. If a municipality uses its own employees to 191 collect any type of delinquent payment owed to the municipality, then from and after July 1, 2000, the municipality may charge an 192

additional fee for collection of the delinquent payment provided 193 the payment has been delinquent for ninety (90) days. 194 collection fee may not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the 195 196 delinquent payment if the collection is made within this state and 197 may not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the delinquent payment if the collection is made outside this state. In conducting 198 collection of delinquent payments, the municipality may utilize 199 credit cards or electronic fund transfers. The municipality may 200 pay any service fees for the use of such methods of collection 201 from the collection fee, but not from the delinquent payment. 202 203 There shall be due to the municipality from any person whose delinquent payment is collected under a contract executed as 204 205 provided in this subsection an amount, in addition to the 206 delinquent payment, of not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the delinquent payment for collections made within this state, and 207 not to exceed fifty percent (50%) of the delinquent payment for 208 collections made outside of this state. 209 210 In addition to such authority as is otherwise granted under this section, the governing authorities of any municipality may 211 212 expend funds necessary to maintain and repair, and to purchase liability insurance, tags and decals for, any personal property 213 214 acquired under the Federal Excess Personal Property Program that is used by the local volunteer fire department. 215 The governing authorities of any municipality may, in its 216 217 discretion, donate personal property or funds to the public school district or districts located in the municipality for the 218 promotion of educational programs of the district or districts 219 within the municipality. 220

In addition to the authority to expend matching funds under 221 222 Section 21-19-65, the governing authorities of any municipality, in their discretion, may expend municipal funds to match any 223 224 state, federal or private funding for any program administered by 225 the State of Mississippi, the United States government or any H. B. No. 1400

226	nonprofit	organization	that	is	${\tt exempt}$	under	26	USCS	Section
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- 227 501(c)(3) from paying federal income tax.
- The powers conferred by this section shall be in addition and
- 229 supplemental to the powers conferred by any other law, and nothing
- 230 contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit, or to
- 231 prescribe conditions concerning, any practice or practices
- 232 authorized under any other law.
- 233 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 234 and after July 1, 2003.