By: Representative Stevens

To: Labor

HOUSE BILL NO. 1099

 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 71-5-513, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT NO PERSON DISQUALIFIED FROM RECEIVING UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DUE TO GROSS MISCONDUCT SHALL EVER RECEIVE UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FROM THE EMPLOYER THAT DISCHARGED HIM FROM THE GROSS MISCONDUCT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 71-5-513, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

9 71-5-513. A. An individual shall be disqualified for 10 benefits:

(a) For the week, or fraction thereof, which (1)11 immediately follows the day on which he left work voluntarily 12 without good cause, if so found by the commission, and for each 13 14 week thereafter until he has earned remuneration for personal services performed for an employer, as in this chapter defined, 15 equal to not less than eight (8) times his weekly benefit amount, 16 as determined in each case, provided that marital, filial and 17 domestic circumstances and obligations shall not be deemed good 18 cause within the meaning of this subsection. Pregnancy shall not 19 be deemed to be a marital, filial or domestic circumstance for the 20 purpose of this subsection. 21

(b) For the week, or fraction thereof, which
immediately follows the day on which he was discharged for
misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the commission,
and for each week thereafter until he has earned remuneration for
personal services performed for an employer, as in this chapter
defined, equal to not less than eight (8) times his weekly benefit
amount, as determined in each case.

H. B. No. 1099 03/HR07/R1667 PAGE 1 (GT\HS) G1/2

(c) The burden of proof of good cause for leaving
work shall be on the claimant, and the burden of proof of
misconduct shall be on the employer.

32 (2) For the week, or fraction thereof, with respect to 33 which he willfully makes a false statement, a false representation of fact, or willfully fails to disclose a material fact for the 34 purpose of obtaining or increasing benefits under the provisions 35 of this law, if so found by the commission, and such individual's 36 maximum benefit allowance shall be reduced by the amount of 37 benefits so paid to him during any such week of disqualification; 38 39 and additional disqualification shall be imposed for a period not exceeding fifty-two (52) weeks, the length of such period of 40 41 disqualification and the time when such period begins to be determined by the commission, in its discretion, according to the 42 circumstances in each case. 43

If the commission finds that he has failed, without (3) 44 45 good cause, either to apply for available suitable work when so 46 directed by the employment office or the commission, to accept suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary 47 48 self-employment (if any) when so directed by the commission, such disqualification shall continue for the week in which such failure 49 50 occurred and for not more than the twelve (12) weeks which immediately follow such week, as determined by the commission 51 according to the circumstances in each case. 52

53 (a) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the commission shall consider among 54 55 other factors the degree of risk involved to his health, safety and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his 56 57 experience and prior earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and 58 the distance of the available work from his residence; provided, 59 60 however, that offered employment paying the minimum wage or higher, if such minimum or higher wage is that prevailing for his 61

H. B. No. 1099 03/HR07/R1667 PAGE 2 (GT\HS) customary occupation or similar work in the locality, shall be 62 63 deemed to be suitable employment after benefits have been paid to the individual for a period of eight (8) weeks. 64 65 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 66 chapter, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not 67 be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following 68 conditions: 69 (i) If the position offered is vacant due 70 directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute; 71 72 (ii) If the wages, hours or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the 73 74 individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality; (iii) If as a condition of being employed the 75 individual would be required to join a company union or to resign 76 77 from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization. For any week with respect to which the commission 78 (4)79 finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work which exists because of a labor dispute at a factory, 80 81 establishment or other premises at which he is or was last employed; provided, that this subsection shall not apply if it is 82 83 shown to the satisfaction of the commission: (a) He is unemployed due to a stoppage of work 84 occasioned by an unjustified lockout, provided such lockout was 85 not occasioned or brought about by such individual acting alone or 86 with other workers in concert; or 87 88 (b) He is not participating in or directly interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work; 89 90 and (C) He does not belong to a grade or class of 91 workers of which, immediately before the commencement of stoppage, 92 93 there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage

H. B. No. 1099 03/HR07/R1667 PAGE 3 (GT\HS)

94 occurs, any of whom are participating in or directly interested in 95 the dispute.

96 Provided, that if in any case separate branches of work which 97 are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises 98 are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each 99 such department shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be 100 deemed to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises.

(5) For any week with respect to which he has received 101 102 or is seeking unemployment compensation under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States. 103 104 Provided, that if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he is not entitled to 105 106 such unemployment compensation benefits, this disqualification 107 Nothing in this subsection contained shall be shall not apply. construed to include within its terms any law of the United States 108 109 providing unemployment compensation or allowances for honorably discharged members of the Armed Forces. 110

111 (6) For any week with respect to which he is receiving or has received remuneration in the form of payments under any 112 113 governmental or private retirement or pension plan, system or policy which a base-period employer is maintaining or contributing 114 115 to or has maintained or contributed to on behalf of the individual; provided, that if the amount payable with respect to 116 any week is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due 117 118 under Section 71-5-501, he shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of 119 such remuneration. However, on or after the first Sunday 120 immediately following July 1, 2001, no social security payments, 121 to which the employee has made contributions, shall be deducted 122 123 from unemployment benefits paid for any period of unemployment beginning on or after the first Sunday following July 1, 2001. 124 125 This one-hundred-percent exclusion shall not apply to any other governmental or private retirement or pension plan, system or 126

H. B. No. 1099 03/HR07/R1667 PAGE 4 (GT\HS) 127 policy. If benefits payable under this section, after being 128 reduced by the amount of such remuneration, are not a multiple of 129 One Dollar (\$1.00), they shall be adjusted to the next lower 130 multiple of One Dollar (\$1.00).

131 (7) For any week with respect to which he is receiving 132 or has received remuneration in the form of a back pay award, or other compensation allocable to any week, whether by settlement or 133 otherwise. Any benefits previously paid for weeks of unemployment 134 with respect to which back pay awards, or other such compensation, 135 are made shall constitute an overpayment and such amounts shall be 136 137 deducted from the award by the employer prior to payment to the employee, and shall be transmitted promptly to the commission by 138 139 the employer for application against the overpayment and credit to the claimant's maximum benefit amount and prompt deposit into the 140 fund; provided, however, the removal of any charges made against 141 the employer as a result of such previously paid benefits shall be 142 applied to the calendar year and the calendar quarter in which the 143 144 overpayment is transmitted to the commission, and no attempt shall be made to relate such a credit to the period to which the award 145 146 applies. Any amount of overpayment so deducted by the employer and not transmitted to the commission shall be subject to the same 147 148 procedures for collection as is provided for contributions by Sections 71-5-363 through 71-5-381. Any amount of overpayment not 149 deducted by the employer shall be established as an overpayment 150 151 against the claimant and collected as provided above. It is the purpose of this paragraph to assure equity in the situations to 152 153 which it applies, and it shall be construed accordingly.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the approval of the commission; nor shall such individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he is in training with the approval of the commission by reason of the application of provisions in

H. B. No. 1099 03/HR07/R1667 PAGE 5 (GT\HS) Section 71-5-511, subsection (c), relating to availability for work, or the provisions of subsection A(3) of this section, relating to failure to apply for, or a refusal to accept, suitable work.

164 С. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no otherwise eliqible individual shall be denied benefits for any 165 week because he or she is in training approved under Section 166 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, nor shall such individual be 167 168 denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such training, provided the work left is not suitable employment, or because of 169 170 the application to any such week in training of provisions in this law (or any applicable federal unemployment compensation law), 171 172 relating to availability for work, active search for work or refusal to accept work. 173

For purposes of this section, the term "suitable employment" means with respect to an individual, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely affected employment (as defined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974), and wages for such work at not less than eighty percent (80%) of the individual's average weekly wage as determined for the purposes of the Trade Act of 1974.

181 D. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no 182 otherwise eligible individual who has been discharged for gross misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the commission, 183 184 under any circumstances shall ever receive unemployment compensation that is charged against or from the employer that 185 186 discharged him for gross misconduct. For purposes of this section, "gross misconduct" is shown when (i) an employee tests 187 positive to a confirmed drug test given in accordance with U.S. 188 Department of Transportation regulations in 49 CFR Part 40 or 189 other standards shown by the employer to be otherwise reliable, 190 191 which positive test shall be a conclusive presumption of impairment by illegal drugs or controlled drugs illegally 192

H. B. No. 1099 03/HR07/R1667 PAGE 6 (GT\HS) 193 obtained; (ii) an employee is involved in the theft on company

- 194 premises of company, employee, visitor or vendor property; (iii)
- 195 an employee is involved in fighting or physical abuse occurring at
- 196 work or on company premises; (iv) an employee intentionally
- 197 falsifies company records; (v) an employee is found to be in the
- 198 possession of illegal or unauthorized firearms or weapons on
- 199 company premises; and (vi) an employee is involved in the
- 200 commission of a criminal act while at work or connected to the
- 201 work.

202 **SECTION 2**. This act shall take effect and be in force from 203 and after July 1, 2003.