By: Representative Fleming

To: Judiciary En Banc

## HOUSE BILL NO. 217

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 99-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 TO PROVIDE THAT A SENTENCE OF DEATH SHALL NOT BE IMPOSED WHEN 2 3 EVIDENCE ESTABLISHES RACIAL BIAS IN THE PROSECUTION OR SENTENCING; 4 AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 5 SECTION 1. Section 99-19-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6 amended as follows: 7 99-19-101. (1) Upon conviction or adjudication of guilt of 8

9 a defendant of capital murder or other capital offense, the court

shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine 10

whether the defendant should be sentenced to death, life 11

imprisonment without eligibility for parole, or life imprisonment. 12

The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the 13

trial jury as soon as practicable. If, through impossibility or 14

inability, the trial jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on 15

the issue of penalty, having determined the guilt of the accused, 16

the trial judge may summon a jury to determine the issue of the 17

imposition of the penalty. If the trial jury has been waived, or 18

if the defendant pleaded guilty, the sentencing proceeding shall 19

be conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose or may be 20

conducted before the trial judge sitting without a jury if both 21

the State of Mississippi and the defendant agree thereto in 22

23 writing. In the proceeding, evidence may be presented as to any

matter that the court deems relevant to sentence, and shall 24

include matters relating to any of the aggravating or mitigating 25

26 circumstances. However, this subsection shall not be construed to

authorize the introduction of any evidence secured in violation of 27

the Constitutions of the United States or of the State of 28

- 29 Mississippi. The state and the defendant and/or his counsel shall
- 30 be permitted to present arguments for or against the sentence of
- 31 death.
- 32 (2) After hearing all the evidence, the jury shall
- 33 deliberate on the following matters:
- 34 (a) Whether sufficient factors exist as enumerated in
- 35 subsection (7) of this section;
- 36 (b) Whether sufficient aggravating circumstances exist
- 37 as enumerated in subsection (5) of this section;
- 38 (c) Whether sufficient mitigating circumstances exist
- 39 as enumerated in subsection (6) of this section, which outweigh
- 40 the aggravating circumstances found to exist; and
- 41 (d) Based on these considerations, whether the
- 42 defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment, life
- 43 imprisonment without eligibility for parole, or death.
- 44 (3) For the jury to impose a sentence of death, it must
- 45 unanimously find in writing the following:
- 46 (a) That sufficient factors exist as enumerated in
- 47 subsection (7) of this section;
- 48 (b) That sufficient aggravating circumstances exist as
- 49 enumerated in subsection (5) of this section; and
- 50 (c) That there are insufficient mitigating
- 51 circumstances, as enumerated in subsection (6), to outweigh the
- 52 aggravating circumstances.
- In each case in which the jury imposes the death sentence,
- 54 the determination of the jury shall be supported by specific
- 55 written findings of fact based upon the circumstances in
- 56 subsections (5) and (6) of this section and upon the records of
- 57 the trial and the sentencing proceedings. If, after the trial of
- 58 the penalty phase, the jury does not make the findings requiring
- 59 the death sentence or life imprisonment without eligibility for
- 60 parole, or is unable to reach a decision, the court shall impose a
- 61 sentence of life imprisonment.

- 62 (4) The judgment of conviction and sentence of death shall 63 be subject to automatic review by the Supreme Court of Mississippi
- 64 within sixty (60) days after certification by the sentencing court
- of entire record, unless the time is extended for an additional
- 66 period by the Supreme Court for good cause shown. Such review by
- 67 the Supreme Court shall have priority over all other cases and
- 68 shall be heard in accordance with rules promulgated by the Supreme
- 69 Court.
- 70 (5) Aggravating circumstances shall be limited to the
- 71 following:
- 72 (a) The capital offense was committed by a person under
- 73 sentence of imprisonment.
- 74 (b) The defendant was previously convicted of another
- 75 capital offense or of a felony involving the use or threat of
- 76 violence to the person.
- 77 (c) The defendant knowingly created a great risk of
- 78 death to many persons.
- 79 (d) The capital offense was committed while the
- 80 defendant was engaged, or was an accomplice, in the commission of,
- 81 or an attempt to commit, or flight after committing or attempting
- 82 to commit, any robbery, rape, arson, burglary, kidnapping,
- 83 aircraft piracy, sexual battery, unnatural intercourse with any
- 84 child under the age of twelve (12), or nonconsensual unnatural
- 85 intercourse with mankind, or felonious abuse and/or battery of a
- 86 child in violation of subsection (2) of Section 97-5-39,
- 87 Mississippi Code of 1972, or the unlawful use or detonation of a
- 88 bomb or explosive device.
- (e) The capital offense was committed for the purpose
- 90 of avoiding or preventing a lawful arrest or effecting an escape
- 91 from custody.
- 92 (f) The capital offense was committed for pecuniary
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- 95 hinder the lawful exercise of any governmental function or the
- 96 enforcement of laws.
- 97 (h) The capital offense was especially heinous,
- 98 atrocious or cruel.
- 99 (6) Mitigating circumstances shall be the following:
- 100 (a) The defendant has no significant history of prior
- 101 criminal activity.
- 102 (b) The offense was committed while the defendant was
- 103 under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbance.
- 104 (c) The victim was a participant in the defendant's
- 105 conduct or consented to the act.
- 106 (d) The defendant was an accomplice in the capital
- 107 offense committed by another person and his participation was
- 108 relatively minor.
- 109 (e) The defendant acted under extreme duress or under
- 110 the substantial domination of another person.
- (f) The capacity of the defendant to appreciate the
- 112 criminality of his conduct or to conform his conduct to the
- 113 requirements of law was substantially impaired.
- 114 (g) The age of the defendant at the time of the crime.
- 115 (7) In order to return and impose a sentence of death the
- 116 jury must make a written finding of one or more of the following:
- 117 (a) The defendant actually killed;
- 118 (b) The defendant attempted to kill;
- 119 (c) The defendant intended that a killing take place;
- 120 (d) The defendant contemplated that lethal force would
- 121 be employed.
- 122 (8) A sentence of death shall not be imposed when the
- 123 evidence establishes racial bias in the prosecution or sentencing
- 124 of a defendant.
- 125 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 126 and after July 1, 2003.

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