

By: Representative Ishee

To: Penitentiary

HOUSE BILL NO. 75

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO  
2 PROVIDE THAT NONVIOLENT OFFENDERS CONVICTED AFTER JUNE 30, 1995,  
3 ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE MANDATORY EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT SENTENCING  
4 RULE; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 47-5-138, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,  
5 WHICH AUTHORIZES THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS TO GRANT  
6 MERITORIOUS EARNED-TIME ALLOWANCES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

8 **SECTION 1.** Section 47-7-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
9 amended as follows:

10 47-7-3. (1) Every prisoner who has been convicted of any  
11 offense against the State of Mississippi, and is confined in the  
12 execution of a judgment of such conviction in the Mississippi  
13 State Penitentiary for a definite term or terms of one (1) year or  
14 over, or for the term of his or her natural life, whose record of  
15 conduct shows that such prisoner has observed the rules of the  
16 penitentiary, and who has served not less than one-fourth (1/4) of  
17 the total of such term or terms for which such prisoner was  
18 sentenced, or, if sentenced to serve a term or terms of thirty  
19 (30) years or more, or, if sentenced for the term of the natural  
20 life of such prisoner, has served not less than ten (10) years of  
21 such life sentence, may be released on parole as hereinafter  
22 provided, except that:

23 (a) No prisoner convicted as a confirmed and habitual  
24 criminal under the provisions of Sections 99-19-81 through  
25 99-19-87 shall be eligible for parole;

26 (b) Any person who shall have been convicted of a sex  
27 crime shall not be released on parole except for a person under  
28 the age of nineteen (19) who has been convicted under Section  
29 97-3-67;



30           (c) No one shall be eligible for parole until he shall  
31 have served one (1) year of his sentence, unless such person has  
32 accrued any meritorious earned time allowances, in which case he  
33 shall be eligible for parole if he has served: (i) nine (9) months  
34 of his sentence or sentences, when his sentence or sentences is  
35 two (2) years or less; (ii) ten (10) months of his sentence or  
36 sentences when his sentence or sentences is more than two (2)  
37 years but no more than five (5) years; and (iii) one (1) year of  
38 his sentence or sentences when his sentence or sentences is more  
39 than five (5) years;

40           (d) (i) No person shall be eligible for parole who  
41 shall, on or after January 1, 1977, be convicted of robbery or  
42 attempted robbery through the display of a firearm until he shall  
43 have served ten (10) years if sentenced to a term or terms of more  
44 than ten (10) years or if sentenced for the term of the natural  
45 life of such person. If such person is sentenced to a term or  
46 terms of ten (10) years or less, then such person shall not be  
47 eligible for parole. The provisions of this paragraph (d) shall  
48 also apply to any person who shall commit robbery or attempted  
49 robbery on or after July 1, 1982, through the display of a deadly  
50 weapon. This subparagraph (d)(i) shall not apply to persons  
51 convicted after September 30, 1994;

52           (ii) No person shall be eligible for parole who  
53 shall, on or after October 1, 1994, be convicted of robbery,  
54 attempted robbery or carjacking as provided in Section 97-3-115 et  
55 seq., through the display of a firearm or drive-by shooting as  
56 provided in Section 97-3-109. The provisions of this subparagraph  
57 (d)(ii) shall also apply to any person who shall commit robbery,  
58 attempted robbery, carjacking or a drive-by shooting on or after  
59 October 1, 1994, through the display of a deadly weapon;

60           (e) No person shall be eligible for parole who, on or  
61 after July 1, 1994, is charged, tried, convicted and sentenced to



62 life imprisonment without eligibility for parole under the  
63 provisions of Section 99-19-101;

64 (f) No person shall be eligible for parole who is  
65 charged, tried, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment under  
66 the provisions of Section 99-19-101;

67 (g) No person shall be eligible for parole who is  
68 convicted or whose suspended sentence is revoked after June 30,  
69 1995, except that a first offender convicted of a nonviolent crime  
70 after June 30, 1995, may be eligible for parole if the offender  
71 meets the requirements in subsection (1) and this paragraph. In  
72 addition to other requirements, if a first offender is convicted  
73 of a drug or driving under the influence felony, the offender must  
74 complete a drug and alcohol rehabilitation program prior to  
75 parole, or the offender may be required to complete a post-release  
76 drug and alcohol program as a condition of parole. For purposes  
77 of this paragraph, "nonviolent crime" means a felony other than  
78 homicide, robbery, manslaughter, sex crimes, arson, burglary of an  
79 occupied dwelling, aggravated assault, kidnapping, felonious abuse  
80 of vulnerable adults, felonies with enhanced penalties, the sale  
81 or manufacture of a controlled substance under the Uniform  
82 Controlled Substances Law, and felony child abuse.

83 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an inmate  
84 shall not be eligible to receive earned time, good time or any  
85 other administrative reduction of time which shall reduce the time  
86 necessary to be served for parole eligibility as provided in  
87 subsection (1) of this section; however, this subsection shall not  
88 apply to the advancement of parole eligibility dates pursuant to  
89 the Prison Overcrowding Emergency Powers Act. Moreover,  
90 meritorious earned time allowances may be used to reduce the time  
91 necessary to be served for parole eligibility as provided in  
92 paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section.

93 (3) The State Parole Board shall by rules and regulations  
94 establish a method of determining a tentative parole hearing date



95 for each eligible offender taken into the custody of the  
96 Department of Corrections. The tentative parole hearing date  
97 shall be determined within ninety (90) days after the department  
98 has assumed custody of the offender. Such tentative parole  
99 hearing date shall be calculated by a formula taking into account  
100 the offender's age upon first commitment, number of prior  
101 incarcerations, prior probation or parole failures, the severity  
102 and the violence of the offense committed, employment history and  
103 other criteria which in the opinion of the board tend to validly  
104 and reliably predict the length of incarceration necessary before  
105 the offender can be successfully paroled.

106 (4) Any inmate within twenty-four (24) months of his parole  
107 eligibility date and who meets the criteria established by the  
108 classification board shall receive priority for placement in any  
109 educational development and job training programs. Any inmate  
110 refusing to participate in an educational development or job  
111 training program may be ineligible for parole.

112 **SECTION 2.** Section 47-5-138, Mississippi Code of 1972, is  
113 brought forward as follows:

114 47-5-138. (1) The department may promulgate rules and  
115 regulations to carry out an earned time allowance program based on  
116 the good conduct and performance of an inmate. An inmate is  
117 eligible to receive an earned time allowance of one-half (1/2) of  
118 the period of confinement imposed by the court except those  
119 inmates excluded by law. When an inmate is committed to the  
120 custody of the department, the department shall determine a  
121 conditional earned time release date by subtracting the earned  
122 time allowance from an inmate's term of sentence. This subsection  
123 does not apply to any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995.

124 (2) An inmate may forfeit all or part of his earned time  
125 allowance for a serious violation of rules. No forfeiture of the  
126 earned time allowance shall be effective except upon approval of



127 the commissioner or his designee, and forfeited earned time may  
128 not be restored.

129 (3) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, "final order"  
130 means an order of a state or federal court that dismisses a  
131 lawsuit brought by an inmate while the inmate was in the custody  
132 of the Department of Corrections as frivolous, malicious or for  
133 failure to state a claim upon which relief could be granted.

134 (b) On receipt of a final order, the department shall  
135 forfeit:

136 (i) Sixty (60) days of an inmate's accrued earned  
137 time if the department has received one (1) final order as defined  
138 herein;

139 (ii) One hundred twenty (120) days of an inmate's  
140 accrued earned time if the department has received two (2) final  
141 orders as defined herein;

142 (iii) One hundred eighty (180) days of an inmate's  
143 accrued earned time if the department has received three (3) or  
144 more final orders as defined herein.

145 (c) The department may not restore earned time  
146 forfeited under this subsection.

147 (4) An inmate who meets the good conduct and performance  
148 requirements of the earned time allowance program may be released  
149 on his conditional earned time release date.

150 (5) For any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995, an inmate  
151 may receive an earned time allowance of four and one-half (4-1/2)  
152 days for each thirty (30) days served if the department determines  
153 that the inmate has complied with the good conduct and performance  
154 requirements of the earned time allowance program. The earned  
155 time allowance under this subsection shall not exceed fifteen  
156 percent (15%) of an inmate's term of sentence.

157 (6) Any inmate, who is released before the expiration of his  
158 term of sentence under this section, shall be placed under  
159 earned-release supervision until the expiration of the term of



160 sentence. The inmate shall retain inmate status and remain under  
161 the jurisdiction of the department. The period of earned-release  
162 supervision shall be conducted in the same manner as a period of  
163 supervised parole. The department shall develop rules, terms and  
164 conditions for the earned-release supervision program. The  
165 commissioner shall designate the appropriate hearing officer  
166 within the department to conduct revocation hearings for inmates  
167 violating the conditions of earned-release supervision.

168 (7) If the earned-release supervision is revoked, the inmate  
169 shall serve the remainder of the sentence and the time the inmate  
170 was on earned-release supervision, shall not be applied to and  
171 shall not reduce his sentence.

172 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from  
173 and after July 1, 2003.

