## \*\*\*Adopted\*\*\* AMENDMENT No. 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill NO. 2

### By Senator(s) Committee

# Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

53 **SECTION 1**. The following shall be codified as Section 54 11-11-4, Mississippi Code of 1972:

55 <u>11-11-4.</u> (1) Any action against a licensed physician for 56 injuries or death arising out of the course of medical, surgical 57 or other professional services shall be brought in the county in 58 which the act or omission giving rise to the cause of action 59 occurred except in the case of multiple defendants as hereinafter 60 provided.

61 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision, the venue of any 62 consolidated action brought pursuant to Miss.R.Civ.P.20 in which a 63 licensed physician is a defendant may be transferred to any other 64 judicial district where venue would be proper which has more 65 significant relationships to the cause of action and the parties 66 than the forum venue.

67 **SECTION 2**. The following shall be codified as Section 68 11-1-62, Mississippi Code of 1972:

69 <u>11-1-62.</u> (1) In any civil action alleging damages caused by 70 a prescription drug and absent any negligence on the part of the 71 physician or other licensed professional who prescribes drugs, a 72 physician or other licensed professional who prescribes drugs

73 shall be indemnified by the manufacturer of the prescription drug 74 for any damages if the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) 75 has approved that drug for treatment of the condition, disease or 76 illness for which the drug was prescribed.

(2) In any civil action alleging damages caused by a prescription drug and absent any negligence on the part of the pharmacist, a pharmacist who dispenses a prescription shall be indemnified by the manufacturer of the prescription drug if the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved that drug.

82 SECTION 3. Section 73-25-33, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 83 amended as follows:

The practice of medicine shall mean to suggest, 84 73-25-33. recommend, prescribe, or direct for the use of any person, any 85 drug, medicine, appliance, or other agency, whether material or 86 not material, for the cure, relief, or palliation of any ailment 87 or disease of the mind or body, or for the cure or relief of any 88 89 wound or fracture or other bodily injury or deformity, or the practice of obstetrics or midwifery, after having received, or 90 with the intent of receiving therefor, either directly or 91 indirectly, any bonus, gift, profit or compensation; provided, 92 that nothing in this section shall apply to females engaged solely 93 94 in the practice of midwifery. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this section, the act of prescribing any drug or 95 medicine shall constitute a sale under Mississippi law. 96

**<u>SECTION 4.</u>** (1) Any licensed physician or certified nurse 97 practitioner who voluntarily provides needed medical or health 98 99 services to any program at an accredited school in the state without the expectation of payment due to the inability of such 100 person to pay for said services shall be immune from liability for 101 any civil action arising out of the provision of such medical or 102 health services provided in good faith on a charitable basis. 103 104 This section shall not extend immunity to acts of willful or gross negligence. Except in cases of rendering emergency care wherein 105 the provisions of Section 73-25-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, 106 107 apply, immunity under this section shall be extended only if the

108 physician or certified nurse practitioner and patient execute a 109 written waiver in advance of the rendering of such medical 110 services specifying that such services are provided without the 111 expectation of payment and that the licensed physician or 112 certified nurse practitioner shall be immune as provided herein.

113 Any physician who voluntarily renders any medical (2) service under a special volunteer medical license authorized under 114 Section 73-25-18 without any payment or compensation or the 115 expectation or promise of any payment or compensation shall be 116 immune from liability for any civil action arising out of any act 117 118 or omission resulting from the rendering of the medical service unless the act or omission was the result of the physician's gross 119 120 negligence or willful misconduct. In order for the immunity under this subsection to apply, there must be a written or oral 121 agreement for the physician to provide a voluntary noncompensated 122 medical service before the rendering of the service by the 123 124 physician.

125 SECTION 5. Section 85-5-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 126 amended as follows:

127 85-5-7. (1) As used in this section "fault" means an act or omission of a person which is a proximate cause of injury or death 128 129 to another person or persons, damages to property, tangible or intangible, or economic injury, including, but not limited to, 130 negligence, malpractice, strict liability, absolute liability or 131 132 failure to warn. "Fault" shall not include any tort which results from an act or omission committed with a specific wrongful intent. 133 134 (2) Except as may be otherwise provided in subsection (6) of this section, in any civil action based on fault, the liability 135 for damages caused by two (2) or more persons shall be joint and 136 several only to the extent necessary for the person suffering 137 injury, death or loss to recover fifty percent (50%) of his 138 139 recoverable damages, except as the liability for damages caused by any persons covered under the provisions of Section 11-46-1 et 140 seq. shall be limited to such persons own percentage of fault. 141 142 Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and (6) (3)

of this section, in any civil action based on fault, the liability 143 144 for damages caused by two (2) or more persons shall be several only, and not joint and several and a joint tort-feasor shall be 145 146 liable only for the amount of damages allocated to him in direct proportion to his percentage of fault. In assessing percentages 147 148 of fault, an employer and the employer's employee or a principal and the principal's agent shall be considered as one (1) defendant 149 when the liability of such employer or principal has been caused 150 by the wrongful or negligent act or omission of the employee or 151 152 agent.

(4) Any defendant held jointly liable under this section
shall have a right of contribution against fellow joint
tort-feasors. A defendant shall be held responsible for
contribution to other joint tort-feasors only for the percentage
of fault assessed to such defendant.

(5) Nothing in this section shall eliminate or diminish any
defenses or immunities which currently exist, except as expressly
noted herein.

(6) Joint and several liability shall be imposed on all who consciously and deliberately pursue a common plan or design to commit a tortious act, or actively take part in it. Any person held jointly and severally liable under this section shall have a right of contribution from his fellow defendants acting in concert.

167 (7) In actions involving joint tort-feasors, the trier of
168 fact shall determine the percentage of fault for each party
169 alleged to be at fault.

170 (8) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a
171 cause of action. Nothing in this section shall be construed, in
172 any way, to alter the immunity of any person.

173 **SECTION 6.** Section 43-11-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 174 amended as follows:

43-11-1. When used in this chapter, the following wordsshall have the following meaning:

177 (a) "Institutions for the aged or infirm" means a place SS26\HB2A.1J

either governmental or private which provides group living 178 179 arrangements for four (4) or more persons who are unrelated to the operator and who are being provided food, shelter and personal 180 181 care whether any such place be organized or operated for profit or not. The term "institution for aged or infirm" includes nursing 182 183 homes, pediatric skilled nursing facilities, psychiatric residential treatment facilities, convalescent homes and homes for 184 the aged, provided that these institutions fall within the scope 185 of the definitions set forth above. The term "institution for the 186 aged or infirm" does not include hospitals, clinics or mental 187 188 institutions devoted primarily to providing medical service.

(b) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership,
corporation, company, association or joint stock association, or
any licensee herein or the legal successor thereof.

(c) "Personal care" means assistance rendered by
personnel of the home to aged or infirm residents in performing
one or more of the activities of daily living, which includes, but
is not limited to, the bathing, walking, excretory functions,
feeding, personal grooming and dressing of such residents.

197 (d) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means any nonhospital establishment with permanent facilities which 198 199 provides a 24-hour program of care by qualified therapists including, but not limited to, duly licensed mental health 200 professionals, psychiatrists, psychologists, psychotherapists and 201 202 licensed certified social workers, for emotionally disturbed children and adolescents referred to such facility by a court, 203 204 local school district or by the Department of Human Services, who are not in an acute phase of illness requiring the services of a 205 psychiatric hospital, and are in need of such restorative 206 treatment services. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 207 "emotionally disturbed" means a condition exhibiting one or more 208 209 of the following characteristics over a long period of time and to a marked degree, which adversely affects educational performance: 210 211 1. An inability to learn which cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory or health factors; 212

213 2. An inability to build or maintain satisfactory214 relationships with peers and teachers;

215 3. Inappropriate types of behavior or feelings216 under normal circumstances;

217 4. A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or218 depression; or

5. A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems. An establishment furnishing primarily domiciliary care is not within this definition.

(e) "Pediatric skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution that is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for persons under twenty-one (21) years of age who require medical or nursing care or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.

(f) "Licensing agency" means the State Department ofHealth.

(g) "Medical records" means, without restriction, those
medical histories, records, reports, summaries, diagnoses and
prognoses, records of treatment and medication ordered and given,
notes, entries, x-rays and other written or graphic data prepared,
kept, made or maintained in institutions for the aged or infirm
that pertain to residency in, or services rendered to residents
of, an institution for the aged or infirm.

238 SECTION 7. The following shall be codified as Section 239 43-11-16, Mississippi Code of 1972:

43-11-16. Medical records are and shall remain the property 240 of the various institutions for the aged and infirm, subject 241 however to reasonable access to the information contained therein 242 upon good cause shown by the resident, his personal 243 244 representatives or heirs, his attending medical personnel and his duly authorized nominees, and upon payment of any reasonable 245 charges for such service. Nothing in this section shall be 246 247 construed to deny access to medical records by the licensing

agency in the discharge of its official duties under this chapter. Except as otherwise provided by law, medical records shall not constitute public records and nothing in this section shall be deemed to impair any privilege of confidence conferred by law or the Mississippi Rules of Evidence on residents, their personal representatives or heirs by Section 13-1-21.

254 **SECTION 8.** Section 15-1-36, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 255 amended as follows:

15-1-36. (1) For any claim accruing on or before June 30, 256 257 1998, and except as otherwise provided in this section, no claim in tort may be brought against a licensed physician, osteopath, 258 dentist, hospital, nursing facility, nurse, pharmacist, 259 260 podiatrist, optometrist or chiropractor for injuries or wrongful death arising out of the course of medical, surgical or other 261 professional services unless it is filed within two (2) years from 262 263 the date the alleged act, omission or neglect shall or with 264 reasonable diligence might have been first known or discovered.

265 For any claim accruing on or after July 1, 1998, and (2) except as otherwise provided in this section, no claim in tort may 266 267 be brought against a licensed physician, osteopath, dentist, hospital, <u>nursing facility</u>, nurse, pharmacist, podiatrist, 268 269 optometrist or chiropractor for injuries or wrongful death arising out of the course of medical, surgical or other professional 270 services unless it is filed within two (2) years from the date the 271 alleged act, omission or neglect shall or with reasonable 272 diligence might have been first known or discovered, and, except 273 274 as described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, in no event more than seven (7) years after the alleged act, omission or 275 neglect occurred: 276

(a) In the event a foreign object introduced during a
surgical or medical procedure has been left in a patient's body,
the cause of action shall be deemed to have first accrued at, and
not before, the time at which the foreign object is, or with
reasonable diligence should have been, first known or discovered
to be in the patient's body.

In the event the cause of action shall have been 283 (b) 284 fraudulently concealed from the knowledge of the person entitled thereto, the cause of action shall be deemed to have first accrued 285 286 at, and not before, the time at which such fraud shall be, or with reasonable diligence should have been, first known or discovered. 287 288 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, if at the time at which the cause of action shall or with 289 reasonable diligence might have been first known or discovered, 290 291 the person to whom such claim has accrued shall be six (6) years of age or younger, then such minor or the person claiming through 292 293 such minor may, notwithstanding that the period of time limited pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall have 294 295 expired, commence action on such claim at any time within two (2) years next after the time at which the minor shall have reached 296 his sixth birthday, or shall have died, whichever shall have first 297 298 occurred.

299 (4)If at the time at which the cause of action shall or 300 with reasonable diligence might have been first known or discovered, the person to whom such claim has accrued shall be a 301 302 minor without a parent or legal guardian, then such minor or the person claiming through such minor may, notwithstanding that the 303 304 period of time limited pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this 305 section shall have expired, commence action on such claim at any time within two (2) years next after the time at which the minor 306 307 shall have a parent or legal guardian or shall have died, whichever shall have first occurred; provided, however, that in no 308 309 event shall the period of limitation begin to run prior to such minor's sixth birthday unless such minor shall have died. 310

(5) If at the time at which the cause of action shall or with reasonable diligence might have been first known or discovered, the person to whom such claim has accrued shall be under the disability of unsoundness of mind, then such person or the person claiming through him may, notwithstanding that the period of time hereinbefore limited shall have expired, commence action on such claim at any time within two (2) years next after

318 the time at which the person to whom the right shall have first 319 accrued shall have ceased to be under the disability, or shall 320 have died, whichever shall have first occurred.

(6) When any person who shall be under the disabilities mentioned in subsections (3), (4) and (5) of this section at the time at which his right shall have first accrued, shall depart this life without having ceased to be under such disability, no time shall be allowed by reason of the disability of such person to commence action on the claim of such person beyond the period prescribed under Section 15-1-55, Mississippi Code of 1972.

328 (7) For the purposes of subsection (3) of this section, and 329 only for the purposes of such subsection, the disability of 330 infancy or minority shall be removed from and after a person has 331 reached his sixth birthday.

(8) For the purposes of subsection (4) of this section, and
only for the purposes of such subsection, the disability of
infancy or minority shall be removed from and after a person has
reached his sixth birthday or from and after such person shall
have a parent or legal guardian, whichever occurs later, unless
such disability is otherwise removed by law.

(9) The limitation established by this section as to a
licensed physician, osteopath, dentist, hospital or nurse shall
apply only to actions the cause of which accrued on or after July
1, 1976.

(10) The limitation established by this section as to
pharmacists shall apply only to actions the cause of which accrued
on or after July 1, 1978.

(11) The limitation established by this section as to
podiatrists shall apply only to actions the cause of which accrued
on or after July 1, 1979.

348 (12) The limitation established by this section as to
349 optometrists and chiropractors shall apply only to actions the
350 cause of which accrued on or after July 1, 1983.

351 (13) The limitation established by this section as to 352 actions commenced on behalf of minors shall apply only to actions

353 the cause of which accrued on or after July 1, 1989.

354 <u>(14) The limitation established by this section as to</u>

355 nursing facilities shall apply only to actions the cause of which

356 <u>accrued after the passage of House Bill No. 2, Third Extraordinary</u> 357 <u>Session of 2002.</u>

358 (15) No action based upon the healthcare provider's 359 professional negligence may be begun unless the defendant has been given at least ninety (90) days' prior notice of the intention to 360 begin the action. No particular form of notice is required, but 361 it shall notify the defendant of the legal basis of the claim and 362 363 the type of loss sustained, including with specificity the nature of the injuries suffered. If the notice is served within ninety 364 365 (90) days of the expiration of the applicable statute of 366 limitations, the time for the beginning of the action shall be extended ninety (90) days from the service of the notice. This 367 subsection shall not be applicable with respect to any defendant 368 369 whose name is unknown to the plaintiff at the time of filing the 370 complaint and who is identified therein by a fictitious name.

371 SECTION 9. The following shall be codified as Section372 11-46-14, Mississippi Code of 1972:

<u>11-46-14.</u> (1) Notwithstanding the provision of Section 373 374 85-5-7, in any civil action brought under this chapter for money damages as compensation for injuries or wrongful death arising out 375 of the course of medical, surgical or other professional medical 376 377 services by two (2) or more persons or entities, where one or more joint tort-feasors is entitled to the limits of liability 378 described in Section 11-46-15 and one or more joint tort-feasors 379 is a licensed physician, any judgment against such joint 380 tort-feasors shall be several only, and not joint and several, and 381 such joint tort-feasors shall be liable only for the amount of 382 damages allocated in direct proportion of percentage of fault 383 384 determined by the finder of fact.

385 (2) Nothing in this section shall eliminate or diminish any
386 defense or immunities which exist herein, except as expressly
387 noted herein. Specifically, this shall not eliminate the

388 limitation of liability described in Section 11-46-15.

389 (3) In actions involving joint tort-feasors, the trier of
390 fact shall determine the percentage of fault for each party
391 alleged to be at fault.

392 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a
393 cause of action. Nothing in this section shall be construed, in
394 any way, to alter immunity of any person.

395 **SECTION 10.** Section 11-46-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 396 amended as follows:

397 11-46-1. As used in this chapter the following terms shall398 have the meanings herein ascribed unless the context otherwise399 requires:

400 (a) "Claim" means any demand to recover damages from a401 governmental entity as compensation for injuries.

402 (b) "Claimant" means any person seeking compensation
403 under the provisions of this chapter, whether by administrative
404 remedy or through the courts.

405 (c) "Board" means the Mississippi Tort Claims Board.
406 (d) "Department" means the Department of Finance and
407 Administration.

408 (e) "Director" means the executive director of the409 department who is also the executive director of the board.

"Employee" means any officer, employee or servant 410 (f) of the State of Mississippi or a political subdivision of the 411 412 state, including elected or appointed officials and persons acting on behalf of the state or a political subdivision in any official 413 414 capacity, temporarily or permanently, in the service of the state or a political subdivision whether with or without compensation. 415 The term "employee" shall not mean a person or other legal entity 416 while acting in the capacity of an independent contractor under 417 contract to the state or a political subdivision; provided, 418 419 however, that for purposes of the limits of liability provided for in Section 11-46-15, the term "employee" shall include physicians 420 under contract to provide health services with the State Board of 421 422 Health, the State Board of Mental Health or any county or

423 municipal jail facility while rendering services under such

424 contract. The term "employee" shall also include any physician,

425 dentist or other medical practitioner under contract or affiliated

426 with or employed by the University of Mississippi Medical Center,

427 its departmental practice plans, or who practices on the campus of

428 any university under the control of the Board of Trustees of State

429 Institutions of Higher Learning. The term "employee" shall also

430 <u>include any physician, dentist or other medical practitioner under</u>
431 <u>contract or affiliated with or employed by the State Veterans</u>

432 <u>Affairs Board.</u> The term "employee" shall also include Mississippi 433 Department of Human Services licensed foster parents for the 434 limited purposes of coverage under the Tort Claims Act as provided 435 in Section 11-46-8.

436 (g) "Governmental entity" means and includes the state437 and political subdivisions as herein defined.

(h) "Injury" means death, injury to a person, damage to
or loss of property or any other injury that a person may suffer
that is actionable at law or in equity.

"Political subdivision" means any body politic or 441 (i) 442 body corporate other than the state responsible for governmental activities only in geographic areas smaller than that of the 443 state, including, but not limited to, any county, municipality, 444 school district, community hospital as defined in Section 445 446 41-13-10, Mississippi Code of 1972, airport authority or other 447 instrumentality thereof, whether or not such body or instrumentality thereof has the authority to levy taxes or to sue 448 449 or be sued in its own name.

(j) "State" means the State of Mississippi and any office, department, agency, division, bureau, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, airport authority or other instrumentality thereof, whether or not such body or instrumentality thereof has the authority to levy taxes or to sue or be sued in its own name.

(k) "Law" means all species of law, including, but not limited to, any and all constitutions, statutes, case law, common SS26\HB2A.1J 458 law, customary law, court order, court rule, court decision, court 459 opinion, court judgment or mandate, administrative rule or 460 regulation, executive order, or principle or rule of equity.

461 SECTION 11. The following shall be codified as Section
462 41-105-1, Mississippi Code of 1972:

463 <u>41-105-1.</u> Short title. Sections 41-105-1 through 41-105-21
464 shall be known and may be cited as the "Mississippi Care Access
465 and Reliability Enhancement Act" or the "Mississippi CARE Act."
466 SECTION 12. The following shall be codified as Section
467 41-105-3, Mississippi Code of 1972:

468 <u>41-105-3.</u> Legislative findings. It is hereby declared:
469 (a) That there exists in the State of Mississippi a
470 severe shortage of quality, affordable healthcare;

(b) That this shortage contributes to the creation and persistence of substandard healthcare for many Mississippians and is damaging to the health, welfare and prosperity of all of the residents of the State of Mississippi;

475 (c) That this shortage disproportionately affects476 children, the poor, the elderly and public employees;

(d) That this shortage can be significantly ameliorated through the creation and maintenance of a nonprofit authority with powers to encourage the provision of healthcare to all Mississippians, and particularly to children, the poor, the elderly and public employees;

482 (e) That there now exists an emergency situation483 created by this shortage; and

(f) That it is in the public interest that the creation and funding of a nonprofit authority to address these issues be implemented and effected immediately in order to remedy such emergency situation.

488 **SECTION 13**. The following shall be codified as Section 489 41-105-5, Mississippi Code of 1972:

490 <u>41-105-5.</u> Purpose and scope. (1) The purpose of the
491 Mississippi CARE Act is to create a framework to ensure that
492 quality, affordable healthcare will be available to Mississippi's

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493 patients, and particularly patients participating in the Medicaid, 494 Medicare, Children's Health Insurance Program, and State Health 495 Insurance Programs.

496 (2) The provisions of this act shall apply to all
497 participating healthcare providers as defined in Section 41-105-7.
498 SECTION 14. The following shall be codified as Section

499 41-105-7, Mississippi Code of 1972:

500 <u>41-105-7.</u> **Definitions.** As used in this chapter, the 501 following words shall have the meaning ascribed herein unless the 502 context clearly requires otherwise:

503 (a) "Authority" means the Mississippi Care Access and 504 Reliability Enhancement Authority created in Section 41-105-9.

505 (b) "Board" means the Mississippi CARE Board of 506 Directors created in Section 41-105-9.

507 (c) "Court" means a court of competent jurisdiction and 508 proper venue over the parties.

(d) "Gross malpractice" means failure to exercise the required degree of care, skill or knowledge that amounts to: (i) a conscious indifference to the consequences which may result from the gross malpractice; and (ii) a disregard for and indifference to the safety and welfare of the patient.

(e) "Healthcare" means any act, or treatment performed or furnished, or which should have been performed or furnished, by any healthcare provider for, to, or on behalf of a patient during the patient's medical care, treatment or confinement.

"Healthcare provider" means (i) a person, 518 (f) 519 partnership, limited liability entity or corporation licensed or certified or authorized by state or federal law to provide 520 professional healthcare service in this state to an individual 521 during that individual's health care, treatment or confinement; 522 and (ii) a healthcare facility or institution, whether public or 523 524 private, proprietary or nonprofit, which offers diagnosis, treatment, inpatient or ambulatory care to two (2) or more 525 526 unrelated persons.

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(g) "Malpractice" means any unintentional tort or any

breach of contract based on healthcare or professional services 528 529 rendered, or which should have been rendered, by a healthcare provider, to a patient, including failure to render services 530 timely and the handling of a patient, including loading and 531 unloading of a patient, and also includes all legal responsibility 532 533 of a healthcare provider arising from acts or omissions in the training or supervision of healthcare providers, or from defects 534 in blood, tissue, transplants, drugs and medicines, or from 535 defects in or failures of prosthetic devices, implanted in or used 536 537 on or in the person of a patient.

538 "Medical costs and related economic damages" means (h) all reasonable medical, surgical, hospitalization, physical 539 540 rehabilitation, custodial services and related economic damages, 541 including prescription drugs, care, custody, prosthetic devices 542 and other similar materials reasonably necessary in the provision of such services, and loss of earnings and loss of earning 543 544 capacity after the date of the injury. Medical costs and related 545 economic damages shall not include any noneconomic damages.

(i) "Noneconomic damages" means any damages which
compensate for pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical
impairment, disfigurement and other nonpecuniary damages.

549 (j) "Participating healthcare provider" means any healthcare provider who meets the qualification requirements set 550 forth in Section 41-105-15 and shall include all officers and 551 552 employees of such participating healthcare provider, provided that in the event such officers or employees individually fall within 553 554 the definition of a healthcare provider as set forth in this section, then such officers and employees must each individually 555 556 meet the qualification requirements set forth in Section 41-105-15. 557

558 (k) "Patient" means a natural person who receives or 559 should have received health care from a licensed healthcare 560 provider, under a contract, express or implied.

(1) "Patient's Lifetime Adequate Necessities Fund" or562 "PLAN Fund" means the fund to be created pursuant to the

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563 provisions of Section 41-105-11(2).

(m) "Person" means an individual, corporation, limited
liability entity, partnership, association, joint stock company,
trust, unincorporated organization, any similar entity or any
combination of the foregoing acting in concert.

568 **SECTION 15**. The following shall be codified as Section 569 41-105-9, Mississippi Code of 1972:

570 <u>41-105-9.</u> **Mississippi CARE Authority.** (1) There is hereby 571 created a nonprofit legal entity to be known as the Mississippi 572 Care Access and Reliability Enhancement Authority or the 573 authority.

(2) The authority shall be governed by and shall operate subject to the supervision and approval of a nine-member board of directors. All appointees shall be persons with related business, financial, legal or other relevant expertise.

The appointed board members shall be divided into three 578 (3) (3) classes, designated Class A, Class B and Class C. Each class 579 580 shall consist of three (3) board members to be appointed by the Governor. Except for initial appointments and appointments to 581 582 fill a vacancy, board members shall be appointed annually on September 1 if a business day, and if not a business day, then on 583 584 the next business day following September 1. Terms shall expire on August 31. Initial appointments shall be made within ten (10) 585 days of the effective date of this law and shall be as follows: 586 587 Class A board members shall be appointed for a term expiring August 31, 2003; Class B board members for a term expiring August 588 31, 2004; and Class C board members for a term expiring August 31, 589 2005. Each succeeding appointment shall be for a three-year term. 590 Despite the expiration of a board member's term, the board member 591 592 shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed and If a vacancy arises, the Governor shall appoint a 593 qualifies. 594 successor to fill the unexpired portion of the term. A board member must be a resident of this state. 595

596 (4) The Governor shall appoint one (1) board member to serve597 as chairman of the board.

598 (5) Board members may be reimbursed from monies of the
599 association for actual and necessary expenses incurred by them as
600 members in the manner and amount provided in Section 25-3-41,
601 Mississippi Code of 1972, but shall not otherwise be compensated
602 for their services.

603 **SECTION 16**. The following shall be codified as Section 604 41-105-11, Mississippi Code of 1972:

605 <u>41-105-11.</u> Mississippi CARE Authority powers and duties.
606 (1) The authority shall create and administer a mandatory medical
607 review process in accordance with the requirements of this
608 section.

(a) The medical review process shall provide for the
review of all malpractice claims against participating healthcare
providers by a medical review panel. No action against a
participating healthcare provider or his insurer may be commenced
in any court before the claimant's proposed complaint has been
presented to a medical review panel.

(b) A medical review panel shall issue an expert
opinion concerning the malpractice claim which shall be admissible
as evidence in any action subsequently brought by the claimant in
a court of law. Such expert opinion shall not be conclusive.
Either party shall have the right to call, at his cost, any member
of the medical review panel as a witness. If called, the witness
shall be required to appear and testify.

(c) The members of a medical review panel shall consist
of three (3) participating healthcare providers who hold unlimited
licenses to practice their profession in Mississippi and one (1)
duly licensed attorney. The members of a medical review panel
shall be appointed by the board.

(d) The filing of a request for a review of a claim by
a medical review panel shall suspend the time within which suit
must be instituted until ninety (90) days following notification,
by certified mail, to the claimant or his attorney of the issuance
of the opinion by a medical review panel.

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(e) The authority shall adopt policies and procedures

for the medical review process, including without limitation rules and procedures for the appointment of the members of a medical review panel, the presentation of evidence, payment of costs and fees, witnesses, and the issuance of opinions by the medical review panel.

(2) There shall be created in the State Treasury the
Patient's Lifetime Adequate Necessities Fund, to be known as the
PLAN Fund, in accordance with the requirements of this section.

(a) The authority shall collect surcharges from all
participating healthcare providers in such amounts as the board
determines to be necessary, together with other funds of the
authority available for such purpose, to provide for payments from
the PLAN Fund as provided in Section 41-105-11(2)(b).

646 (b) In the event that a judgment, settlement or final award in an arbitration proceeding exceeds the total liability of 647 all participating healthcare providers as provided in Section 648 649 41-105-15(2)(b), then application may be made to the authority for 650 payment out of the PLAN Fund for that portion of such excess judgment, settlement or final arbitration award that is determined 651 652 by the authority to constitute eligible medical costs and related economic damages. 653

(c) The authority shall adopt policies and procedures
for the administration of the PLAN Fund. Such policies and
procedures shall be included in the plan of operation required by
Section 41-105-11(4).

(d) Jurisdiction for appeals of decisions of the
authority with respect to the PLAN Fund shall be exclusively with
the Chancery Court in the First Judicial District of Hinds County,
Mississippi. Such appeals shall be conducted based on the record
made with the authority and not as a trial de novo.

(3) The authority may exercise powers granted to insurers under the laws of this state to write or otherwise make available medical malpractice insurance in the State of Mississippi. The insurance functions of the authority shall be subject to the insurance laws of the State of Mississippi applicable to insurers 668 writing similar lines of insurance.

(4) The authority shall adopt a plan of operation for
purposes of implementing this chapter, including the provisions of
Section 41-105-19, and submit its plan of operation to the
Mississippi Commissioner of Insurance for approval.

(5) 673 The authority may take any legal actions necessary or proper to accomplish the purposes set forth in this chapter, 674 including without limitation, entering into contracts, suing or 675 being sued, and appointing appropriate administrative, legal, 676 accounting, actuarial and other persons as necessary to provide 677 678 assistance in the operation of the authority. The authority is authorized to borrow money to effect the purposes of the 679 680 authority.

(6) The Mississippi Commissioner of Insurance may, by rule,
establish additional powers and duties of the board and may adopt
such rules as are necessary and proper to implement this chapter.
The Mississippi Commissioner of Insurance shall have the power to
retain accountants, attorneys, actuaries and any other experts he
deems necessary to carry out his responsibilities under this
chapter.

(7) The Mississippi Commissioner of Insurance shall examine
and investigate the authority and make an annual report to the
Legislature and the Governor thereon.

If the board at any time determines that the authority 691 (8) 692 lacks sufficient funds to conduct all or any part of its operations in accordance with the Mississippi CARE Act, then the 693 694 board may suspend or terminate all or any part of the operations of the authority until such time as the board determines that 695 adequate funds are available to conduct such suspended or 696 697 terminated operations; provided, however, the board must have the approval of the Mississippi Commissioner of Insurance prior to 698 699 suspending or terminating any insurance functions of the authority. Notice of any such suspension or termination of 700 701 operations, and of the resumption of any suspended or terminated 702 operations, shall be given to the Governor, the Legislature, the

703 Mississippi Commissioner of Insurance and all participating704 healthcare providers.

705 SECTION 17. The following shall be codified as Section
706 41-105-13, Mississippi Code of 1972:

<u>41-105-13.</u> Liability, indemnification and legal 707 representation. Neither the CARE Board nor its employees shall be 708 liable for any obligations of the authority. There shall be no 709 liability on the part of and no cause of action shall arise 710 against the authority or its agents or employees, members of the 711 board of directors, the Commissioner of Insurance or his 712 713 representatives for any action or omission by them in the performance of their powers and duties under this chapter. 714 The 715 board may provide in its bylaws or rules for indemnification of, and legal representation for, its members, agents and employees. 716

717 SECTION 18. The following shall be codified as Section
718 41-105-15, Mississippi Code of 1972:

719 <u>41-105-15.</u> Participating healthcare providers. (1) In 720 order to be qualified as a participating healthcare provider and 721 to participate in the provisions of this chapter, a healthcare 722 provider must:

(a) Meet the proof of financial responsibilityrequirements as set forth in Section 41-105-17.

Cause to be filed with the board a written 725 (b) agreement, the form and substance of which shall be determined by 726 727 the board, signed by a duly authorized representative, that the healthcare provider will provide services to (i) Medicaid 728 729 recipients, (ii) Medicare recipients, (iii) Children's Health Insurance Program participants, and (iv) State Health Insurance 730 Program participants. Such written agreement shall provide, among 731 other things, that the healthcare provider will provide services 732 to Medicaid recipients, Medicare recipients, Children's Health 733 734 Insurance Program participants, and State Health Insurance Program participants in a manner that is comparable to the services 735 736 provided to all other patients and shall be made without balance 737 billing to the patient.

738 (c) Pay all surcharges assessed according to Section739 41-105-11(2).

(2) Except as specifically set forth in Section
41-105-15(3), the total amount recoverable for all malpractice
claims brought against all participating healthcare providers
involved in any one (1) incident of injury to or death of any one
(1) patient, shall be limited to the following:

745 (a) Up to Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars746 (\$250,000.00) for noneconomic damages; and

(b) Up to Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars 747 748 (\$250,000.00) for medical costs and related economic damages; provided, however, that in the event that a judgment, settlement 749 750 or final award in an arbitration proceeding exceeds Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) for medical costs and related 751 economic damages, then application may be made to the authority 752 for payment out of the PLAN Fund in accordance with the provision 753 754 of Section 41-105-11(2)(b). Payments from the PLAN Fund shall be 755 paid to the patient as periodic payments in such manner as determined by the authority. 756

757 (3) The limitation on noneconomic damages as set forth in
758 Sections 41-105-15(2)(a) and 41-105-15(4) does not apply in the
759 following circumstances and types of cases:

760 (a) A case in which the conduct of the defendant is761 determined to constitute gross malpractice; or

(b) A case in which, following return of a verdict by the jury or a finding of damages in a bench trial, the court determines, by clear and convincing evidence admitted at trial, that an award in excess of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) for noneconomic damages is justified because of exceptional circumstances.

(4) No more than Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00)
in noneconomic damages may be recovered against a healthcare
provider who fails to qualify as a participating healthcare
provider or who does not make application to qualify as a
participating healthcare provider in connection with all

773 malpractice claims for any one incident of injury to or death of 774 any one patient. Except for the foregoing, a healthcare provider 775 who fails to qualify as a participating healthcare provider or who 776 does not make application to qualify as a participating healthcare 777 provider is not covered by the provisions of this chapter and is 778 subject to liability under the law without regard to the 779 provisions of this chapter.

(5) No liability shall be imposed upon any participating healthcare provider on the basis of an alleged breach of contract, whether by express or implied warranty, assuring results to be obtained from any procedure undertaken in the course of healthcare, unless such contract is expressly set forth in writing and signed by such participating healthcare provider or by an authorized agent of such participating healthcare provider.

(6) The liability limitations set forth in Section
41-105-15(2) and (4) shall be adjusted for inflation annually.
The adjustment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be rounded
upward or downward to the nearest increment of Ten Dollars
(\$10.00). The authority shall make available the cost of living
increase calculations, if any, as soon as such information becomes
available each year.

794 SECTION 19. The following shall be codified as Section 795 41-105-17, Mississippi Code of 1972:

796 <u>41-105-17.</u> Proof of financial responsibility. (1)
797 Financial responsibility of a participating healthcare provider
798 may be established by either:

(a) Filing with the board proof that the participating healthcare provider is adequately insured for its exposure under this chapter by a policy of malpractice liability insurance approved by the board from an insurance company approved by the board; or

(b) Maintaining on deposit with the board an amount approved by the board to adequately cover its exposure under this chapter in the form of cash or other collateral approved by the board.

(2) The policy of malpractice liability insurance required by Section 41-105-17(1)(a) may be issued, in form approved by the authority, by any company created pursuant to Sections 83-47-1 et seq. or any other insurance company approved by the board.

(3) Any properly licensed agent may sell any policy of
malpractice liability insurance approved by the board from an
insurance company approved by the board to participating
healthcare providers in accordance with this chapter.

816 **SECTION 20**. The following shall be codified as Section 817 41-105-19, Mississippi Code of 1972:

818 <u>41-105-19.</u> Additional protections; exclusive remedy. (1)
819 The Mississippi CARE Act shall not limit or preempt any
820 protections or liability limitations afforded to participating
821 healthcare providers.

Except to the extent that other applicable law would 822 (2) further limit the remedies available (and in such event such 823 824 limited remedy shall apply), the remedy provided by this chapter 825 against a participating healthcare provider is exclusive of any other civil action or civil proceeding by reason of the same 826 827 subject matter against the participating healthcare provider for the act or omission which gave rise to the claim or suit, and any 828 829 claim made or suit filed against a participating healthcare provider to recover damages for any malpractice injury shall be 830 brought only under the provisions of this chapter, notwithstanding 831 832 the provisions of any other law to the contrary.

833 **SECTION 21**. The following shall be codified as Section 834 41-105-21, Mississippi Code of 1972:

835 <u>41-105-21.</u> Funding of authority. Reasonable expenses of the 836 authority incurred in connection with the execution of its 837 authority under this chapter, including without limitation, 838 expenses for start-up costs, operations and insurance reserves 839 shall be provided from any available funds, pursuant to 840 appropriation by the Legislature.

The plan of operation adopted by the board shall provide that, from time to time, the board shall determine whether and to

843 what extent its income, including without limitation, any premiums 844 and surcharges collected, exceeds anticipated or actual expenses 845 and reasonable reserves and the board shall pay such excess 846 amounts to the Health Care Expendable Fund.

847 **SECTION 22.** Section 83-47-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 848 brought forward as follows:

849 83-47-1. The public health and welfare requires the adoption 850 of this chapter providing for the organization and operation of 851 nonprofit medical liability insurance corporations.

852 **SECTION 23.** Section 83-47-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 853 brought forward as follows:

83-47-3. Any seven (7) or more physicians licensed to 854 practice in Mississippi who are residents of this state, may form 855 a nonprofit corporation under this chapter for the purpose of 856 providing medical, professional, general and other liability 857 insurance to health care providers, health care facilities and 858 859 managed care organizations in Mississippi and any other state or jurisdiction. The term "health care provider," when used in this 860 chapter, shall mean a physician, dentist, pharmacist, osteopath, 861 862 psychologist, podiatrist, optometrist, chiropractor, nurse, medical technician or other health care provider licensed by the 863 864 State of Mississippi or any other state or jurisdiction. The term "health care facility," when used in this chapter, shall mean a 865 medical clinic, nursing home, outpatient surgical center, 866 867 laboratory, pharmacy, dialysis clinic, hospital or other health care facility licensed, if necessary, by the State of Mississippi 868 869 or any other state or jurisdiction. The term "managed care organization," when used in this chapter, shall mean a health 870 maintenance organization (HMO), individual practice association 871 (IPA), preferred provider organization (PPO), competitive medical 872 873 plan (CMP), exclusive provider organization (EPO), integrated 874 delivery system (IDS), independent physician/provider organization 875 (IPO), management service organization (MSO), physician 876 hospital/provider organization (PHO) and any other type of managed care organization. Members of the corporation shall consist of 877

only individuals under contracts which entitle such individuals to 878 medical liability insurance. Health care facilities and managed 879 care organizations need not be owned by or comprised of members of 880 881 the corporation in order to be insured by the corporation. A11 such corporations shall be governed by this chapter and shall be 882 exempt from all other provisions of the insurance laws of this 883 state, unless otherwise specifically provided herein. Such a 884 corporation may be formed under this chapter in the following 885 886 manner:

887 (a) The proposed incorporators shall subscribe articles888 of incorporation in which shall be stated:

(i) The proposed corporate name of the
corporation, which shall not so closely resemble the name of any
other corporation already transacting business in this state as to
mislead the public or lead to confusion;

893 (ii) The domicile of the proposed corporation;
894 (iii) The names and post office addresses of the
895 incorporators;

(iv) The fact that application for charter is
being made under this chapter and the corporation proposed to
operate under and subject to the provisions of this chapter;

(v) The purposes of the corporation.

900 (b) Such articles of incorporation shall be filed with the Commissioner of Insurance, who shall refer the same to the 901 902 Attorney General for his opinion as to whether the same meet the requirements of this chapter and are not otherwise violative of 903 the Constitution or laws of this state or of the United States. 904 The Attorney General shall examine the same and endorse his 905 opinion thereon and return the same to the Commissioner of 906 907 Insurance for approval. The Commissioner of Insurance shall (if the same be approved by the Attorney General) thereupon endorse 908 909 his certificate of approval upon such articles of incorporation, record the same in his office, and refer the same to the office of 910 the Secretary of State to be there recorded, whereupon said 911 912 corporation shall become and be considered an existing entity.

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913 The articles of incorporation as thus approved and recorded shall 914 be and constitute the charter of incorporation of such 915 corporation. It shall not be necessary that such charter be 916 published, nor shall it be necessary that it be recorded in the 917 office of the chancery clerk.

918 **SECTION 24.** Section 83-47-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 919 brought forward as follows:

83-47-5. Corporations organized under this chapter shall not 920 have capital stock, but shall have members as prescribed and 921 contemplated by the terms and provisions of this chapter; and such 922 923 members shall have the privileges provided for in this chapter. The subscribers to the articles of incorporation as the organizers 924 925 of the corporation shall have power to elect the first board of directors, who shall serve for the terms prescribed in the next 926 sentence of this section, or until their successors are elected 927 and qualified. One-third (1/3) of the members of the first board 928 929 of directors shall be elected for a term of one (1) year, 930 one-third (1/3) for a term of two (2) years, and one-third (1/3)for a term of three (3) years. Thereafterwards, directors shall 931 932 be elected for terms of three (3) years. Provisions shall be made for subsequent elections of directors, including the time and 933 934 place of such elections and notice thereof to the membership by (a) resolution of the directors entered upon the minutes not less 935 than sixty (60) days before such election, designating the time 936 937 and place of such election, such minutes to be open to the membership as hereinafter provided, or (b) by the time and place 938 of such election being fixed by resolution of the directors, and 939 notice thereof being mailed to the members at least fifteen (15) 940 days before the time fixed for such election. All minutes of the 941 corporation with respect to the time and place fixed for any such 942 election of directors shall be open to members at all reasonable 943 944 times, but no notice of elections shall be necessary, other than as herein provided. Each member shall be entitled to one (1) vote 945 in the election of directors. It shall be the duty of the 946 947 directors to provide for elections as the terms of office of

directors expire, and it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of 948 949 Insurance as a part of his supervisory jurisdiction over such corporations to see that the directors faithfully perform this 950 951 duty. If such directors shall fail to so provide for the election of directors, it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of 952 953 Insurance to report this fact to the membership of the corporation and himself call a meeting of the membership for the election of 954 directors; and the corporation shall forthwith, upon demand of the 955 commissioner, reimburse him for all expenses incurred in the 956 performance of these duties. A majority vote of the members 957 958 present in person (or by proxy, if proxy be provided for) and voting shall be required and shall be sufficient for the election 959 of directors. 960

The membership of the corporation shall consist of any 961 individual who has applied for, or been granted, a license to 962 practice medicine in the State of Mississippi, or any other state 963 964 or jurisdiction, provided he has first applied for membership on 965 the form prescribed by the board of directors and paid the requisite fees, charges and premiums in advance therefor, and 966 967 agreed to comply with and be bound by the charter and bylaws and amendments thereto, and the rules, regulations and guidelines 968 969 adopted from time to time by the board of directors or any 970 committee authorized by the board of directors to so act.

No person may own more than one (1) membership in the corporation, nor shall any member be entitled to more than one (1) vote upon any matter submitted to a vote at the meeting of the members.

975 Membership shall not be granted until a membership 976 certificate in the form prescribed by the board of directors shall 977 have been duly issued.

The event of (a) death, or (b) revocation of license to practice medicine, or (c) nonpayment of membership fees, dues, assessments or premiums, or (d) failure to comply with and abide by all provisions of the charter and bylaws and amendments thereto, and the rules, regulations and guidelines adopted from

time to time by the board of directors or (e) termination of insurance with the corporation for any reason, shall operate ipso facto to terminate membership in the corporation, and all interest of any such member in the assets of the corporation shall then and thereby terminate and cease, except for the right to receive benefits provided for under contracts or the bylaws of the corporation.

990 The directors shall have power to adopt bylaws, elect 991 officers and manage the affairs of the corporation. They shall 992 also have the power to determine whether voting in the election of 993 directors may be done by proxy and, if so, the manner and method 994 thereof.

995 SECTION 25. Section 83-47-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
996 brought forward as follows:

83-47-7. (1) Each corporation established under the 997 provisions of this chapter shall furnish to the commissioner of 998 999 insurance all information that he may request concerning the 1000 number of members of any such corporation and the type of practice of each such member. After considering the number of members and 1001 1002 the type of practice of each such member, the commissioner of insurance shall require a minimum capital of five hundred thousand 1003 1004 dollars (\$500,000.00) and a minimum surplus of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) for such corporation. All dues, 1005 fees and assessments to any member of the corporation shall be set 1006 1007 and maintained at the lowest possible cost subject to sound business practice and shall be subject to review and approval of 1008 1009 the commissioner of insurance. No corporation established under the provisions of this chapter shall transact any other business 1010 than that specified in its charter and articles of incorporation; 1011 and it shall not begin operation until it has fully complied with 1012 1013 all rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner of 1014 insurance with respect to such corporations and until it has established the capital and reserve set for it by the 1015 1016 commissioner.

1017 (2) When necessary to effect the purposes of this section, SS26\HB2A.1J

in addition to all other remedies in law or equity, the attorney 1018 1019 general and commissioner of insurance may be and are hereby 1020 authorized to petition the chancery court of the county in which a 1021 corporation established under this chapter is domiciled for a mandamus or injunction to prevent any violation of the provisions 1022 1023 of this section, or the continuance of any such violation, or to 1024 enforce compliance herewith. The court is hereby vested with authority to entertain jurisdiction on any such petition to 1025 determine the cause and to issue such process as may be necessary 1026 1027 to accomplish the purposes of this section.

1028 **SECTION 26.** Section 83-47-9, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1029 brought forward as follows:

1030 83-47-9. Each member shall pay all dues, fees and 1031 assessments in such amounts as may be established from time to time by the resolution of the board of directors. The board of 1032 directors shall have the authority to provide for separate and 1033 1034 distinct classes of insurance and groupings of members and 1035 insureds and to fix assessments and premiums at varying and different amounts for the various classes. No member or insured 1036 1037 shall refuse or neglect to pay his or its assessment or premium because the amount thereof differs or varies from the amount of 1038 1039 the assessment or premium of members in other classes or groupings. The board of directors shall endeavor to establish and 1040 1041 fix assessments and premiums for the various classes and groupings 1042 which are reasonable in amount, relative to the benefits to be received by those members and insureds within the classes and 1043 1044 groupings involved, and the action of the board of directors in so doing shall be conclusive and final. Each member shall also pay 1045 all obligations which may, from time to time, become due and 1046 payable by such member to the corporation as and when the same 1047 shall become due and payable. Such fees, assessments and premiums 1048 1049 required of members and insureds shall contain an amount 1050 sufficient to pay three percent (3%) premium tax, the same as 1051 levied on all other domestic nonprofit insurance corporations. Such premium taxes shall be collected and paid into the treasury 1052

1053 by the State Tax Commission.

1054 **SECTION 27.** Section 83-47-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1055 amended as follows:

1056 83-47-11. The private property of the members of the 1057 corporation shall be exempt from the execution for the debts of 1058 the corporation, and no member shall be individually liable or 1059 responsible for any debts or liabilities of the corporation.

1060 SECTION 28. Section 83-47-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1061 brought forward as follows:

1062 83-47-13. Every such corporation shall annually, on or 1063 before the first day of March, file in the office of the 1064 commissioner of insurance a statement verified by at least two (2) 1065 of the principal officers of said corporation, showing its 1066 condition on the thirty-first day of December of the preceding 1067 year, which shall be in such form and shall contain such matters 1068 as the commissioner shall prescribe.

1069 SECTION 29. Section 83-47-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1070 brought forward as follows:

83-47-15. The commissioner of insurance may appoint any 1071 1072 deputy or examiner or other person who shall have the power of visitation and examination into the affairs of any such 1073 1074 corporation and free access to all of the books, papers and documents that relate to the business of the corporation, and may 1075 1076 summon and qualify witnesses under oath to examine its officers, 1077 agents, employees or other persons in relation to the affairs, transactions and conditions of the corporation. 1078

1079 SECTION 30. Section 83-47-17, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1080 brought forward as follows:

1081 83-47-17. Any dissolution or liquidation of a corporation, 1082 subject to the provisions of this chapter, shall be conducted 1083 under the supervision of the commissioner of insurance, who shall 1084 have all power with respect thereto under the provisions of law 1085 with respect to the dissolution and liquidation of insurance 1086 companies.

1087 SECTION 31. Section 83-47-19, Mississippi Code of 1972, is SS26\HB2A.1J 1088 brought forward as follows:

1089 83-47-19. Every corporation organized pursuant to, or subject to, the provisions of this chapter is hereby declared to 1090 1091 be a charitable and benevolent institution, and its funds and property shall be exempt from taxation, except from the premium 1092 1093 tax levied in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and ad valorem taxes upon real estate and motor vehicles owned by it. 1094 SECTION 32. Section 83-47-21, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 1095 brought forward as follows: 1096

1097 83-47-21. Any corporation heretofore or hereafter organized 1098 and operating under Chapter 11, Title 79, Mississippi Code of 1099 1972, desiring to become a nonprofit corporation of the kind and 1100 character described in this chapter, and to operate under and 1101 pursuant to the terms of this chapter, may convert its 1102 organization into such nonprofit corporation under this chapter in 1103 the following manner, to wit:

1104 (a) File a written application with the commissioner of 1105 insurance annexing thereto copies of (i) its articles of incorporation or new or amended articles of incorporation; (ii) 1106 1107 its bylaws; (iii) its form of contract between the corporation and members, showing the terms under which medical liability insurance 1108 1109 is to be furnished to members; (iv) its contracts with members, showing a table of assessments and the benefits to which members 1110 1111 are entitled; and (v) a financial statement of the corporation, 1112 including the amounts of contributions paid or agreed to be paid to the corporation for working capital, the name or names of each 1113 contributor, and the terms of each contribution. 1114

(b) Submit any further data or evidence as may be required by the commissioner.

(c) The commissioner shall refer the corporation's articles of incorporation to the attorney general for his opinion as to whether the same meet the requirements of this chapter. The attorney general shall, if in order to do so, endorse his approval thereon and return the same to the commissioner of insurance. The commissioner shall thereupon endorse upon said articles of

incorporation his certificate of approval, whereupon said 1123 1124 corporation shall be deemed to be converted under and existing and 1125 operating pursuant to the terms of this chapter. The articles of 1126 incorporation bearing such approval of the attorney general and the commissioner shall be recorded in the offices of the 1127 1128 commissioner of insurance and of the secretary of state in like manner as in this chapter provided for recording the articles of 1129 incorporation of a corporation organized under this chapter in the 1130 first instance. 1131

1132 SECTION 33. Section 83-47-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1133 brought forward as follows:

1134 83-47-23. The organization as created under the authority of 1135 this chapter shall in no manner be covered under or included in 1136 the provisions of Sections 83-23-101 through 83-23-135.

1137 SECTION 34. Section 83-47-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
1138 brought forward as follows:

1139 83-47-25. (1) A corporation organized under this chapter 1140 may become a stock insurance corporation under such plan and 1141 procedure as may be approved by the Commissioner of Insurance. 1142 (2) The Commissioner of Insurance shall approve any such 1143 plan or procedure if:

1144

(a) It is equitable to the corporation's members;

It is subject to approval by vote of not less than 1145 (b) 1146 three-fourths (3/4) of the corporation's current members voting thereon in person or by proxy at a meeting of members called for 1147 the purpose pursuant to such reasonable notice and procedure as 1148 1149 may be approved by the Commissioner of Insurance; right to vote 1150 may be limited to members who hold policies at the time of the vote and whose policies have been in force for not less than one 1151 (1) policy year; 1152

(c) The equity of each member in the corporation is determinable under a fair formula approved by the Commissioner of Insurance, which such equity shall be based upon not less than the corporation's entire surplus as reported in the corporation's annual statement to the Commissioner of Insurance, after deducting

1158 borrowed surplus funds, plus all nonadmitted assets;

(d) The members entitled to participate in the purchase of stock or distribution of assets shall include all current members who hold policies at the time of the vote and whose policies have been in force for not less than one (1) policy year;

(e) The plan gives to each member, as specified in subsection (2)(d) of this section, a preemptive right to acquire his proportionate part of all of the proposed capital stock of the corporation, within a designated reasonable period, and to apply upon the purchase thereof the amount of his equity in the corporation as determined under subsection (2)(c) of this section;

(f) Shares are so offered to members at a price not greater than to be thereafter offered to others;

(g) The plan provides for payment to each member not electing to apply his equity in the corporation for, or upon, the purchase price of stock to which the member is preemptively entitled of cash in the amount of his equity not so used for the purchase of stock, and which case payment, together with stock so purchased, if any, shall constitute full payment and discharge of the member's equity as a member of such corporation; and

(h) The plan, when completed, would provide for the converted corporation paid-in capital stock in an amount not less than the minimum paid-in capital required of a domestic stock insurer transacting like kinds of insurance, together with surplus funds in amount not less than one half (1/2) of such required capital.

(3) Once conversion under this section is complete, the converted corporation shall no longer be governed by this chapter and shall be governed by the provisions of the insurance laws of this state applicable to general liability insurers.

1188 **SECTION 35**. This act shall take effect and be in force from 1189 and after its passage and shall apply only to causes of action 1190 accruing on or after that date.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO CREATE NEW SECTION 11-11-4, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 2 1972, TO REVISE VENUE FOR MEDICAL MALPRACTICE ACTIONS; TO CREATE 3 NEW SECTION 11-1-62, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE INDEMNITY TO PHYSICIANS WHO PRESCRIBE AND PHARMACISTS WHO DISPENSE 4 PRESCRIPTIONS OF FDA APPROVED DRUGS; TO AMEND SECTION 73-25-33, 5 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF "PRACTICE OF 6 7 MEDICINE"; TO PROVIDE IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY TO PHYSICIANS AND NURSE PRACTITIONERS WHO PROVIDE HEALTH SERVICES AT SCHOOLS, AND TO 8 PHYSICIANS WHO RENDER MEDICAL SERVICE UNDER A SPECIAL VOLUNTEER 9 MEDICAL LICENSE, ON A CHARITABLE BASIS; TO AMEND SECTION 85-5-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM THE GENERAL JOINT AND SEVERAL 10 11 LIABILITY STATUTE TO NEWLY CREATED SECTION 11-46-14, MISSISSIPPI 12 13 CODE OF 1972; TO AMEND SECTION 43-11-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO DEFINE MEDICAL RECORDS MADE OR MAINTAINED IN INSTITUTIONS FOR 14 THE AGED OR INFIRM; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 43-11-16, MISSISSIPPI 15 CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE FOR CONFIDENTIALITY OF MEDICAL RECORDS 16 17 MADE OR MAINTAINED IN INSTITUTIONS FOR THE AGED OR INFIRM, AND TO REQUIRE 90-DAY'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SUE; TO AMEND SECTION 18 15-1-36, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE STATUTE OF 19 LIMITATIONS APPLICABLE TO CLAIMS AGAINST NURSING FACILITIES; TO 20 CREATE NEW SECTION 11-46-14, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO LIMIT 21 JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY UNDER THE TORT CLAIMS ACT WHEN A 22 PHYSICIAN IS A JOINT TORT-FEASOR; TO AMEND SECTION 11-46-1, 23 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF "EMPLOYEE" 24 UNDER THE TORT CLAIMS ACT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-1, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO ENACT A SHORT TITLE FOR THE 25 26 27 MISSISSIPPI CARE ACCESS AND RELIABILITY ENHANCEMENT (CARE) ACT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO MAKE 28 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-5, MISSISSIPPI 29 CODE OF 1972, TO SPECIFY THE PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE MISSISSIPPI 30 CARE ACT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 31 32 1972, TO ENACT DEFINITIONS; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-9, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CREATE THE MISSISSIPPI CARE AUTHORITY 33 AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-11, 34 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO SPECIFY THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE 35 AUTHORITY; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 36 1972, TO INDEMNIFY THE CARE BOARD AND ITS EMPLOYEES FROM 37 LIABILITY; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 38 39 1972, TO SPECIFY THE QUALIFICATIONS OF PARTICIPATING HEALTHCARE 40 PROVIDERS; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-17, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO SPECIFY REQUIREMENTS TO ESTABLISH FINANCIAL 41 RESPONSIBILITY OF A PARTICIPATING HEALTHCARE PROVIDER; TO CREATE 42 NEW SECTION 41-105-19, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE FOR 43 THE EXCLUSIVENESS OF THE REMEDIES AFFORDED BY THE MISSISSIPPI CARE 44 ACT; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-105-21, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE FOR FUNDING OF THE AUTHORITY; TO BRING FORWARD SECTIONS 45 46 83-47-1, 83-47-3, 83-47-5, 83-47-7, 83-47-9, 83-47-11, 83-47-13, 47 83-47-15, 83-47-17, 83-47-19, 83-47-21, 83-47-23 AND 83-47-25, 48 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDES FOR FORMATION AND 49 50 OPERATION OF NONPROFIT MEDICAL LIABILITY INSURANCE CORPORATIONS; 51 AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.