\*\*\*Lost\*\*\* AMENDMENT No. 1 PROPOSED TO

Senate Bill NO. 2284

By Senator(s) Cuevas

## Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1. Section 37-13-81, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 24 amended as follows: 25 37-13-81. Until June 30, 2002, there is created the Office 26 27 of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement within the State Department of Education. The office shall be responsible for the 28 administration of a statewide system of enforcement of the 29 Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law (Section 37-13-91) 30 and for the supervision of school attendance officers throughout 31 the state. From and after July 1, 2002, the authority, duties and 32 responsibilities of school attendance officers shall be 33 transferred to the elected constable of the county in which the 34 compulsory-school-age child resides or is to be found, and the 35 statewide system of supervision of school attendance officers by 36 the State Department of Education is hereby abolished. 37 SECTION 2. Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 38 amended as follows: 39 37-13-91. (1) This section shall be referred to as the 40 "Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law." 41 (2) The following terms as used in this section are defined 42 43 as follows:

(a) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom a child
has been born, or the father or mother by whom a child has been
legally adopted.

47 (b) "Guardian" means a guardian of the person of a
48 child, other than a parent, who is legally appointed by a court of
49 competent jurisdiction.

50 (c) "Custodian" means any person having the present 51 care or custody of a child, other than a parent or guardian of the 52 child.

(d) "School day" means not less than five (5) and not
more than eight (8) hours of actual teaching in which both
teachers and pupils are in regular attendance for scheduled
schoolwork.

(e) "School" means any public school in this state or
any nonpublic school in this state which is in session each school
year for at least one hundred eighty (180) school days, except
that the "nonpublic" school term shall be the number of days that
each school shall require for promotion from grade to grade.

(f) "Compulsory-school-age child" means a child who has attained or will attain the age of six (6) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year and who has not attained the age of seventeen (17) years on or before September 1 of the calendar year.

(g) "<u>Constable</u>" means <u>the elected constable of the</u>
<u>county in which the compulsory-school-age child resides or is to</u>
<u>be found.</u> From and after July 1, 2002, such constables shall
<u>assume the authority and responsibilities of school attendance</u>
<u>officers formerly</u> employed by the State Department of Education
pursuant to Section 37-13-89.

(h) "Appropriate school official" means the
superintendent of the school district, or his designee, or, in the
case of a nonpublic school, the principal or the headmaster.

(i) "Nonpublic school" means an institution for the teaching of children, consisting of a physical plant, whether owned or leased, including a home, instructional staff members and SS02\SB2284A.1J 79 students, and which is in session each school year. This 80 definition shall include, but not be limited to, private, church, 81 parochial and home instruction programs.

(3) A parent, guardian or custodian of a
compulsory-school-age child in this state shall cause the child to
enroll in and attend a public school or legitimate nonpublic
school for the period of time that the child is of compulsory
school age, except under the following circumstances:

87 (a) When a compulsory-school-age child is physically,
88 mentally or emotionally incapable of attending school as
89 determined by the appropriate school official based upon
90 sufficient medical documentation.

91 (b) When a compulsory-school-age child is enrolled in 92 and pursuing a course of special education, remedial education or 93 education for handicapped or physically or mentally disadvantaged 94 children.

95 (c) When a compulsory-school-age child is being96 educated in a legitimate home instruction program.

97 The parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age 98 child described in this subsection, or the parent, guardian or 99 custodian of a compulsory-school-age child attending any nonpublic 100 school, or the appropriate school official for any or all children 101 attending a nonpublic school shall complete a "certificate of 102 enrollment" in order to facilitate the administration of this 103 section.

The form of the certificate of enrollment shall be prepared by the **\* \* \*** State Department of Education <u>for distribution to the</u> <u>local school districts</u> and shall be designed to obtain the following information only:

108 (i) The name, address, telephone number and date109 of birth of the compulsory-school-age child;

(ii) The name, address and telephone number of the parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child; (iii) A simple description of the type of education the compulsory-school-age child is receiving and, if the SS02\SB2284A.1J 114 child is enrolled in a nonpublic school, the name and address of 115 the school; and

(iv) The signature of the parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child or, for any or all compulsory-school-age child or children attending a nonpublic school, the signature of the appropriate school official and the date signed.

The certificate of enrollment shall be returned to the 121 constable of the county in which the child resides on or before 122 September 15 of each year. Any parent, guardian or custodian 123 124 found by the constable to be in noncompliance with this section shall comply, after written notice of the noncompliance by the 125 constable, with this subsection within ten (10) days after the 126 notice or be in violation of this section. However, in the event 127 the child has been enrolled in a public school within fifteen (15) 128 calendar days after the first day of the school year as required 129 130 in subsection (6), the parent or custodian may at a later date 131 enroll the child in a legitimate nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program and send the certificate of enrollment to 132 133 the constable and be in compliance with this subsection.

For the purposes of this subsection, a legitimate nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program shall be those not operated or instituted for the purpose of avoiding or circumventing the compulsory attendance law.

(4) An "unlawful absence" is an absence during a school day by a compulsory-school-age child, which absence is not due to a valid excuse for temporary nonattendance. Days missed from school due to disciplinary suspension shall not be considered an "excused" absence under this section. This subsection shall not apply to children enrolled in a nonpublic school.

Each of the following shall constitute a valid excuse for temporary nonattendance of a compulsory-school-age child enrolled in a public school, provided satisfactory evidence of the excuse is provided to the superintendent of the school district, or his designee:

(a) An absence is excused when the absence results from
the compulsory-school-age child's attendance at an authorized
school activity with the prior approval of the superintendent of
the school district, or his designee. These activities may
include field trips, athletic contests, student conventions,
musical festivals and any similar activity.

(b) An absence is excused when the absence results from illness or injury which prevents the compulsory-school-age child from being physically able to attend school.

(c) An absence is excused when isolation of a compulsory-school-age child is ordered by the county health officer, by the State Board of Health or appropriate school official.

(d) An absence is excused when it results from the
death or serious illness of a member of the immediate family of a
compulsory-school-age child. The immediate family members of a
compulsory-school-age child shall include children, spouse,
grandparents, parents, brothers and sisters, including
stepbrothers and stepsisters.

(e) An absence is excused when it results from a medical or dental appointment of a compulsory-school-age child where an approval of the superintendent of the school district, or his designee, is gained before the absence, except in the case of emergency.

(f) An absence is excused when it results from the attendance of a compulsory-school-age child at the proceedings of a court or an administrative tribunal if the child is a party to the action or under subpoena as a witness.

An absence may be excused if the religion to which 177 (g) the compulsory-school-age child or the child's parents adheres, 178 requires or suggests the observance of a religious event. 179 The 180 approval of the absence is within the discretion of the superintendent of the school district, or his designee, but 181 182 approval should be granted unless the religion's observance is of 183 such duration as to interfere with the education of the child.

An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated 184 (h) 185 to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district, or his designee, that the purpose of the absence is to take 186 187 advantage of a valid educational opportunity such as travel including vacations or other family travel. Approval of the 188 189 absence must be gained from the superintendent of the school district, or his designee, before the absence, but the approval 190 shall not be unreasonably withheld. 191

(i) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated
to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district,
or his designee, that conditions are sufficient to warrant the
compulsory-school-age child's nonattendance. However, no absences
shall be excused by the school district superintendent, or his
designee, when any student suspensions or expulsions circumvent
the intent and spirit of the compulsory attendance law.

(5) Any parent, guardian or custodian of a 199 200 compulsory-school-age child subject to this section who refuses or 201 willfully fails to perform any of the duties imposed upon him or her under this section or who intentionally falsifies any 202 203 information required to be contained in a certificate of enrollment, shall be guilty of contributing to the neglect of a 204 child and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with 205 206 Section 97-5-39.

Upon prosecution of a parent, guardian or custodian of a 207 208 compulsory-school-age child for violation of this section, the presentation of evidence by the prosecutor that shows that the 209 child has not been enrolled in school within eighteen (18) 210 calendar days after the first day of the school year of the public 211 school which the child is eligible to attend, or that the child 212 has accumulated twelve (12) unlawful absences during the school 213 year at the public school in which the child has been enrolled, 214 215 shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, guardian or custodian is responsible for the absences and has 216 217 refused or willfully failed to perform the duties imposed upon him 218 or her under this section. However, no proceedings under this

section shall be brought against a parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age child unless the <u>constable</u> has contacted promptly the home of the child and has provided written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of the requirement for the child's enrollment or attendance.

224 If a compulsory-school-age child has not been enrolled (6) in a school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day 225 of the school year of the school which the child is eligible to 226 attend or the child has accumulated five (5) unlawful absences 227 during the school year of the public school in which the child is 228 229 enrolled, the school district superintendent shall report, within two (2) school days or within five (5) calendar days, whichever is 230 231 less, the absences to any constable of the county in which the school or school district is located. In the event the school 232 district is located in two (2) or more counties, the 233 superintendent shall make such report to any constable of the 234 235 county in which the child resides or is to be found. The State 236 Department of Education shall prescribe a uniform method for schools to utilize in reporting the unlawful absences to the 237 238 constable. The superintendent, or his designee, also shall report any student suspensions or student expulsions to the constable 239 240 when they occur.

When a <u>constable</u> has made all attempts to secure 241 (7) 242 enrollment and/or attendance of a compulsory-school-age child and 243 is unable to effect the enrollment and/or attendance, the constable shall file a petition with the youth court under Section 244 245 43-21-451 or shall file a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child. Sheriffs, deputy 246 sheriffs and municipal law enforcement officers shall be fully 247 authorized to investigate all cases of nonattendance and unlawful 248 absences by compulsory-school-age children, and shall be 249 250 authorized to file a petition with the youth court under Section 43-21-451 or file a petition or information in the court of 251 competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child for 252 253 violation of this section. The youth court shall expedite a

hearing to make an appropriate adjudication and a disposition to ensure compliance with the Compulsory School Attendance Law, and may order the child to enroll or reenroll in school. The superintendent of the school district to which the child is ordered may assign, in his discretion, the child to the alternative school program of the school established pursuant to Section 37-13-92.

(8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and
regulations for the purpose of reprimanding any school
superintendents who fail to timely report unexcused absences under
the provisions of this section.

(9) Notwithstanding any provision or implication herein to 265 the contrary, it is not the intention of this section to impair 266 the primary right and the obligation of the parent or parents, or 267 person or persons in loco parentis to a child, to choose the 268 proper education and training for such child, and nothing in this 269 270 section shall ever be construed to grant, by implication or 271 otherwise, to the State of Mississippi, any of its officers, agencies or subdivisions any right or authority to control, 272 273 manage, supervise or make any suggestion as to the control, management or supervision of any private or parochial school or 274 275 institution for the education or training of children, of any kind whatsoever that is not a public school according to the laws of 276 this state; and this section shall never be construed so as to 277 grant, by implication or otherwise, any right or authority to any 278 state agency or other entity to control, manage, supervise, 279 280 provide for or affect the operation, management, program, curriculum, admissions policy or discipline of any such school or 281 282 home instruction program.

283 **SECTION 3.** Section 37-13-89, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 284 amended as follows:

285 37-13-89. \* \* \*

(1) It shall be the duty of each <u>constable in carrying out</u>
 the provisions of the Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law
 relative to compulsory-school-age children residing or found in

289 the elected constable's county to:

(a) Cooperate with any public agency to locate and
identify all compulsory-school-age children who are not attending
school;

(b) Cooperate with all courts of competentjurisdiction;

(c) Investigate all cases of nonattendance and unlawful absences by compulsory-school-age children not enrolled in a nonpublic school;

(d) Provide appropriate counseling to encourage all school-age children to attend school until they have completed high school;

301 (e) Attempt to secure the provision of social or
302 welfare services that may be required to enable any child to
303 attend school;

(f) Contact the home or place of residence of a compulsory-school-age child and any other place in which the <u>constable</u> is likely to find any compulsory-school-age child when the child is absent from school during school hours without a valid written excuse from school officials, and when the child is found, the <u>constable</u> shall notify the parents and school officials as to where the child was physically located;

Contact promptly the home of each 311 (g) compulsory-school-age child in the school district(s) within the 312 313 district from which the constable was elected who is not enrolled in school or is not in attendance at public school and is without 314 a valid written excuse from school officials; if no valid reason 315 is found for the nonenrollment or absence from the school, the 316 constable shall give written notice to the parent, guardian or 317 custodian of the requirement for the child's enrollment or 318 319 attendance;

(h) Collect and maintain information concerning
 absenteeism, dropouts and other attendance-related problems, as
 may be required by law or the <u>State Board of Education</u>; and

323

(i) Perform all other duties relating to compulsory

324 school attendance established by <u>law or by the State Board of</u> 325 <u>Education</u>.

326 <u>(2)</u> While engaged in the performance of his <u>compulsory</u> 327 <u>school attendance</u> duties, each <u>constable</u> shall carry on his person 328 a badge identifying him as a <u>constable</u> \* \* \*.

329 \* \* \*

330 **SECTION 4.** Section 19-19-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 331 amended as follows:

19-19-5. (1) It shall be the duty of every constable to 332 keep and preserve the peace within his county, by faithfully 333 aiding and assisting in executing the criminal laws of the state; 334 to give information, without delay, to some justice court judge or 335 other proper officer, of all riots, routs and unlawful assemblies, 336 and of every violation of the penal laws which may come to his 337 knowledge in any manner whatsoever; to execute and return all 338 process, civil and criminal, lawfully directed to him, according 339 340 to the command thereof; and to pay over all monies, when collected 341 by him to the person lawfully authorized to receive the same. No constable shall receive any fee provided by law for making an 342 343 arrest, or attending any trial, wherein the defendant has been arrested, or is being tried for any violation of the motor vehicle 344 345 laws committed on any designated United States highway located within the district or county of the constable. 346

347 (2) From and after July 1, 2002, it shall be the duty of
348 every constable to enforce the provisions of the Mississippi
349 Compulsory School Attendance Law, Section 37-13-91, Mississippi
350 Code of 1972, relative to all compulsory-school-age children
351 residing or found in the county in which he has jurisdiction, and
352 to file petitions in the youth court or other court of proper
353 jurisdiction as required by law.

354 (3) (a) During a constable's term of office, each constable 355 shall attend and, to the extent to which he is physically able, 356 participate in a curriculum having a duration of two (2) weeks 357 which addresses the nature and scope of specific duties and 358 responsibilities of a constable and which includes firearm use and SS02\SB2284A.1J

safety training, to be established by the Board on Law Enforcement 359 360 Officers Standards and Training in the field of law enforcement at the Mississippi Law Enforcement Officers' Training Academy or such 361 362 other training programs that are approved by the Board on Law Enforcement Officers Standards and Training pursuant to Section 363 364 45-6-9. No physical fitness test shall be required to be successfully completed in order to complete the training program. 365 The board of supervisors of the county shall be responsible for 366 paying, only one (1) time, the tuition, living and travel expenses 367 incurred by any constable of that county in attendance at such 368 369 training program or curriculum. If such constable does not attend and, to the extent to which he is physically able, participate in 370 the entirety of the required program or curriculum, any further 371 training which may be required by this section shall be completed 372 at the expense of such constable. No constable shall be entitled 373 to the receipt of any fees, costs or compensation authorized by 374 375 law after the first twenty-four (24) months in office if he fails 376 to attend the required training and, to the extent to which he is physically able, participate in the entirety of the appropriate 377 378 program or curriculum. Any constable who does not complete the required training when required may execute and return civil 379 380 process but thereafter shall not be paid any fees, costs or compensation for executing such process and shall not be allowed 381 to exercise any law enforcement functions or to carry a firearm in 382 383 the performance of his duties until he has completed such 384 training.

The Board of Law Enforcement Officers 385 (b) (i) Standards and Training shall develop a program of continuing 386 education training for constables to attend consisting of eight 387 (8) hours annually. The program shall be divided equally between 388 firearms training and safety and instruction in both substantive 389 and procedural law, and from and after July 1, 2002, shall include 390 instruction in the authority, duties and responsibilities of 391 392 constables in the enforcement of the Mississippi Compulsory School 393 Attendance Law, Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972. The

training program shall be conducted by the Mississippi Constables Association, and appropriate parts of the program may be conducted by members who have been certified by the board to conduct the training program. The cost of travel, tuition and living expenses in attending the continuing training shall be paid out of the Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund created in Section 45-6-15.

(ii) No constable elected prior to January 1,
2000, shall be required to comply with the continuing education
requirements of this paragraph (b); however, any constable may
elect to attend the annual training and shall be reimbursed
therefor as provided in this paragraph (b).

(c) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply
to a constable who has received a certificate from the Board on
Law Enforcement Officers Standards and Training evidencing
satisfaction of subsections (2) and (3) of Section 45-6-11, or who
is exempt from the requirements of subsections (2) and (3) of
Section 45-6-11 by the provisions of subsection (1) of Section
45-6-11.

412 **SECTION 5.** Section 25-7-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 413 amended as follows:

414 25-7-27. (1) Marshals and constables shall charge the 415 following fees:

A uniform total fee in all cases, civil and 416 (a) criminal, whether contested or uncontested, which shall include 417 418 all services in connection therewith, except as hereinafter 419 stated, each..... \$25.00 420 Provided, however, that in all cases where there is more than one (1) defendant, for service on each additional 421 422 defendant.....\$ 5.00 Provided further, that when a complaining party has provided 423 erroneous information to the clerk of the court relating to the 424 425 service of process on the defendant or defendants and process cannot be served after diligent search and inquiry, the uniform 426 427 fee shall be assessed upon subsequent successful service and an 428 additional fee shall be due in the following amount..... \$15.00

```
SS02\SB2284A.1J
```

(b) Provided, however, that after final judgment has been enrolled, further proceedings involving levy of execution on judgments, and attachment and garnishment proceedings shall be a new suit for which the marshal or constable shall be entitled to the following fee......\$25.00

434 (c) For conveying a person charged with a crime to
435 jail, mileage reimbursement in an amount not to exceed the rate
436 established under Section 25-3-41(2).

To be paid out of the county treasury on the allowance of the board of supervisors, when the state fails in the prosecution, or the person is convicted but is not able to pay the costs.

(d) For other service, the same fees allowed sheriffsfor similar services.

(e) For service as a bailiff in any court in a civil
case, to be paid by the county on allowance of the court on
issuance of a warrant therefor, an amount equal to the per diem
compensation provided under Section 25-3-69 for each day, or part
thereof, for which he serves as bailiff when the court is in
session.

448 (f) For serving all warrants and other process, attending all trials in state cases in which the state fails in 449 450 the prosecution, to be paid out of the county treasury on the allowance of the board of supervisors without itemization, 451 subject, however, to the condition that the marshal or constable 452 453 must not have overcharged in the collection of fees for costs, contrary to the provisions of this section, annually not to 454 455 exceed......\$1,000.00 456 (g) For filing petitions or information before the

457 youth court or other court with competent jurisdiction reporting

458 violations of the Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law,

459 <u>Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, and for serving each</u>

460 written notice of noncompliance with the compulsory attendance law

461 as required under said Section 37-13-91, to be paid from local

462 school district maintenance funds on the allowance of the local

463 school board, or when any person is convicted but is not able to

464 pay the costs.....\$ 25.00

465 (2) Marshals and constables shall be paid all uncollected 466 fees levied under subsection (1) of this section in full from the 467 first proceeds received by the court from the guilty party or from 468 any other source of payment in connection with the case.

(3) In addition to the fees authorized to be paid to a
constable under subsection (1) of this section, a constable may
receive payments for collecting delinquent criminal fines in
justice court pursuant to the provisions of Section 19-3-41(3).

473 **SECTION 6.** Section 37-151-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 474 amended as follows:

475 37-151-7. The annual allocation to each school district for 476 the operation of the adequate education program shall be 477 determined as follows:

(1) Computation of the basic amount to be included for
current operation in the adequate education program. The
following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual
allocation to each school district:

Determination of average daily attendance. During 482 (a) 483 months two (2) and three (3) of the current school year, the average daily attendance of a school district shall be computed, 484 485 or the average daily attendance for the prior school year shall be used, whichever is greater. The district's average daily 486 attendance shall be computed and currently maintained in 487 488 accordance with regulations promulgated by the State Board of Education. 489

Determination of base student cost. The State 490 (b) Board of Education, on or before August 1, with adjusted estimate 491 no later than January 2, shall annually submit to the Legislative 492 Budget Office and the Governor a proposed base student cost 493 adequate to provide the following cost components of educating a 494 495 pupil in an average school district meeting Level III accreditation standards required by the Commission on School 496 Accreditation: (i) Instructional Cost; (ii) Administrative Cost; 497 498 (iii) Operation and Maintenance of Plant; \* \* \* (iv) Ancillary SS02\SB2284A.1J

Support Cost; and (v) Cost of Compulsory School Attendance Law by 499 500 Local Constables. The department shall utilize a statistical methodology which considers such factors as, but not limited to, 501 502 (i) school size; (ii) assessed valuation per pupil; (iii) the percentage of students receiving free lunch; (iv) the local 503 504 district maintenance tax levy; (v) other local school district revenues; and (vi) the district's accreditation level, in the 505 selection of the representative Mississippi school districts for 506 which cost information shall be obtained for each of the above 507 508 listed cost areas.

509 For the instructional cost component, the department shall determine the instructional cost of each of the representative 510 511 school districts selected above, excluding instructional cost of self-contained special education programs and vocational education 512 programs, and the average daily attendance in the selected school 513 districts. The instructional cost is then totaled and divided by 514 515 the total average daily attendance for the selected school 516 districts to yield the instructional cost component. For the administrative cost component, the department shall determine the 517 518 administrative cost of each of the representative school districts selected above, excluding administrative cost of self-contained 519 520 special education programs and vocational education programs, and the average daily attendance in the selected school districts. 521 The administrative cost is then totaled and divided by the total 522 523 average daily attendance for the selected school districts to yield the administrative cost component. For the plant and 524 525 maintenance cost component, the department shall determine the plant and maintenance cost of each of the representative school 526 districts selected above, excluding plant and maintenance cost of 527 self-contained special education programs and vocational education 528 programs, and the average daily attendance in the selected school 529 530 districts. The plant and maintenance cost is then totaled and divided by the total average daily attendance for the selected 531 532 school districts to yield the plant and maintenance cost 533 component. For the ancillary support cost component, the

department shall determine the ancillary support cost of each of 534 535 the representative school districts selected above, excluding ancillary support cost of self-contained special education 536 537 programs and vocational education programs, and the average daily attendance in the selected school districts. The ancillary 538 539 support cost is then totaled and divided by the total average daily attendance for the selected school districts to yield the 540 ancillary support cost component. For the cost of Compulsory 541 School Attendance Enforcement by the Local Constables, the 542 543 department shall survey the aggregate fees paid to constables for 544 serving notices of noncompliance and for filing petitions in the youth or other court for violations of the Mississippi School 545 546 Attendance Law as required under Sections 37-13-91 and 547 25-7-27(1)(g) in the selected school districts, and divide the total by the total average daily attendance for the selected 548 school districts to yield the compulsory school attendance cost 549 550 component. The total base cost for each year shall be the sum of 551 the instructional cost component, administrative cost component, plant and maintenance cost component, ancillary support cost 552 553 component, the compulsory school attendance enforcement paid to local constables component, and any estimated adjustments for 554 555 additional state requirements as determined by the State Board of Education. Provided, however, that the base student cost in 556 fiscal year 1998 shall be Two Thousand Six Hundred Sixty-four 557 558 Dollars (\$2,664.00).

(c) Determination of the basic adequate education
program cost. The basic amount for current operation to be
included in the Mississippi Adequate Education Program for each
school district shall be computed as follows:

563 Multiply the average daily attendance of the district by the 564 base student cost as established by the Legislature, which yields 565 the total base program cost for each school district.

(d) Adjustment to the base student cost for at-risk
pupils. The amount to be included for at-risk pupil programs for
each school district shall be computed as follows: Multiply the

569 base student cost for the appropriate fiscal year as determined 570 under paragraph (b) by five percent (5%), and multiply that 571 product by the number of pupils participating in the federal free 572 school lunch program in such school district, which yields the 573 total adjustment for at-risk pupil programs for such school 574 district.

(e) Add-on program cost. The amount to be allocated to
school districts in addition to the adequate education program
cost for add-on programs for each school district shall be
computed as follows:

579 (i) Transportation cost shall be the amount
580 allocated to such school district for the operational support of
581 the district transportation system from state funds.

(ii) Vocational or technical education program
cost shall be the amount allocated to such school district from
state funds for the operational support of such programs.

(iii) Special education program cost shall be the
amount allocated to such school district from state funds for the
operational support of such programs.

(iv) Gifted education program cost shall be the
amount allocated to such school district from state funds for the
operational support of such programs.

591 (v) Alternative school program cost shall be the 592 amount allocated to such school district from state funds for the 593 operational support of such programs.

(vi) Extended school year programs shall be the amount allocated to school districts for those programs authorized by law which extend beyond the normal school year.

597 (vii) University-based programs shall be the
598 amount allocated to school districts for those university-based
599 programs for handicapped children as defined and provided for in
600 Section 37-23-131 et seq., Mississippi Code of 1972.

(viii) Bus driver training programs shall be the
amount provided for those driver training programs as provided for
in Section 37-41-1, Mississippi Code of 1972.

The sum of the items listed above (i) transportation, (ii) vocational or technical education, (iii) special education, (iv) gifted education, (v) alternative school, (vi) extended school year, and (vii) university-based shall yield the add-on cost for each school district.

(f) Total projected adequate education program cost.
The total Mississippi Adequate Education Program Cost shall be the
sum of the total basic adequate education program cost (paragraph
(c)), and the adjustment to the base student cost for at-risk
pupils (paragraph (d)) for each school district.

614 Supplemental grant to school districts. (g) In addition to the adequate education program grant, the State 615 616 Department of Education shall annually distribute an additional amount as follows: Multiply the base student cost for the 617 appropriate fiscal year as determined under paragraph (b) by .13% 618 and multiply that product by the average daily attendance of each 619 620 school district. Such grant shall not be subject to the local 621 revenue requirement provided in subsection (2).

(2) Computation of the required local revenue in support of
the adequate education program. The amount that each district
shall provide toward the cost of the adequate education program
shall be calculated as follows:

The State Board of Education shall certify to each 626 (a) school district that twenty-eight (28) mills, less the estimated 627 628 amount of the yield of the School Ad Valorem Tax Reduction Fund grants as determined by the State Department of Education, is the 629 630 millage rate required to provide the district required local effort for that year, or twenty-seven percent (27%) of the basic 631 adequate education program cost for such school district as 632 determined under subsection (c), whichever is a lesser amount. 633 In the case of an agricultural high school the millage requirement 634 635 shall be set at a level which generates an equitable amount per pupil to be determined by the State Board of Education. 636

(b) The State Board of Education shall determine (i)
 the total assessed valuation of nonexempt property for school
 SS02\SB2284A.1J

purposes in each school district; (ii) assessed value of exempt 639 property owned by homeowners aged sixty-five (65) or older or 640 disabled as defined in Section 27-33-67(2), Mississippi Code of 641 642 1972; (iii) the school district's tax loss from exemptions provided to applicants under the age of sixty-five (65) and not 643 disabled as defined in Section 27-33-67(1), Mississippi Code of 644 1972; and (iv) the school district's homestead reimbursement 645 646 revenues.

(c) The amount of the total adequate education program
funding which shall be contributed by each school district shall
be the sum of the ad valorem receipts generated by the millage
required under this subsection plus the following local revenue
sources for the appropriate fiscal year which are or may be
available for current expenditure by the school district:

One hundred percent (100%) of Grand Gulf income as prescribed in Section 27-35-309.

(3) Computation of the required state effort in support ofthe adequate education program.

The required state effort in support of the adequate 657 658 education program shall be determined by subtracting the sum of the required local tax effort as set forth in subsection (2)(a) of 659 this section and the other local revenue sources as set forth in 660 subsection (2)(c) of this section in an amount not to exceed 661 twenty-seven percent (27%) of the total projected adequate 662 663 education program cost as set forth in subsection (1)(f) of this section from the total projected adequate education program cost 664 as set forth in subsection (1)(f) of this section. 665

Provided, however, that in fiscal year 1998 and in the fiscal 666 year in which the adequate education program is fully funded by 667 668 the Legislature, any increase in the said state contribution, including the supplemental grant to school districts provided 669 670 under subsection (1)(g), to any district calculated under this section shall be not less than eight percent (8%) in excess of the 671 amount received by said district from state funds for the fiscal 672 673 year immediately preceding. For purposes of this section, state SS02\SB2284A.1J

674 funds shall include minimum program funds less the add-on 675 programs, state Uniform Millage Assistance Grant funds, 676 Education Enhancement Funds appropriated for Uniform Millage 677 Assistance Grants and state textbook allocations, and State 678 General Funds allocated for textbooks.

679 (4) The State Adequate Education Program Fund is hereby established in the State Treasury which shall be used to 680 distribute any funds specifically appropriated by the Legislature 681 to such fund, to school districts entitled to increased 682 683 allocations of state funds under the adequate education program 684 funding formula prescribed in Sections 37-151-3, 37-151-5 and 37-151-7 of this article. If the Legislature provides less funds 685 686 than the total state funds needed for support of such increased allocations under the adequate education program, the State 687 Department of Education shall reduce all elements of the cost of 688 the adequate education program proportionately. Any such adequate 689 690 education program funds shall be transferred to the school 691 district maintenance fund of such district in the manner prescribed in Section 37-19-47, Mississippi Code of 1972, and 692 693 shall be expended in the manner provided by law.

The Interim School District Capital Expenditure Fund is 694 (5) 695 hereby established in the State Treasury which shall be used to distribute any funds specifically appropriated by the Legislature 696 to such fund to school districts entitled to increased allocations 697 698 of state funds under the adequate education program funding formula prescribed in Sections 37-151-3 through 37-151-7, 699 700 Mississippi Code of 1972, until such time as the said adequate education program is fully funded by the Legislature. 701 The following percentages of the total state cost of increased 702 allocations of funds under the adequate education program funding 703 formula shall be appropriated by the Legislature into the Interim 704 705 School District Capital Expenditure Fund to be distributed to all school districts under the formula: Nine and two-tenths percent 706 707 (9.2%) shall be appropriated in fiscal year 1998, twenty percent 708 (20%) shall be appropriated in fiscal year 1999, forty percent

709 (40%) shall be appropriated in fiscal year 2000, sixty percent 710 (60%) shall be appropriated in fiscal year 2001, eighty percent (80%) shall be appropriated in fiscal year 2002, and one hundred 711 712 percent (100%) shall be appropriated in fiscal year 2003 into the State Adequate Education Program Fund created in subsection (4). 713 714 Until such time as the adequate education program is fully funded by the Legislature, such money shall be used by school districts 715 for the following purposes: 716

717 Purchasing, erecting, repairing, equipping, (a) 718 remodeling and enlarging school buildings and related facilities, 719 including gymnasiums, auditoriums, lunchrooms, vocational training buildings, libraries, school barns and garages for transportation 720 721 vehicles, school athletic fields and necessary facilities connected therewith, and purchasing land therefor. Any such 722 capital improvement project by a school district shall be approved 723 by the State Board of Education, and based on an approved 724 725 long-range plan. The State Board of Education shall promulgate 726 minimum requirements for the approval of school district capital expenditure plans. 727

(b) Providing necessary water, light, heating, air
conditioning, and sewerage facilities for school buildings, and
purchasing land therefor.

(c) Paying debt service on existing capital improvement debt of the district or refinancing outstanding debt of a district if such refinancing will result in an interest cost savings to the district.

From and after October 1, 1997, through June 30, 735 (d) 1998, pursuant to a school district capital expenditure plan 736 approved by the State Department of Education, a school district 737 may pledge such funds until July 1, 2002, plus funds provided for 738 in paragraph (e) of this subsection (5) that are not otherwise 739 740 permanently pledged under such paragraph (e) to pay all or a portion of the debt service on debt issued by the school district 741 742 under Sections 37-59-1 through 37-59-45, 37-59-101 through 743 37-59-115, 37-7-351 through 37-7-359, 37-41-89 through 37-41-99, SS02\SB2284A.1J

37-7-301, 37-7-302 and 37-41-81, Mississippi Code of 1972, or debt 744 745 issued by boards of supervisors for agricultural high schools pursuant to Section 37-27-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, or 746 747 lease-purchase contracts entered into pursuant to Section 31-7-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, or to retire or refinance outstanding 748 749 debt of a district, if such pledge is accomplished pursuant to a written contract or resolution approved and spread upon the 750 minutes of an official meeting of the district's school board or 751 board of supervisors. It is the intent of this provision to allow 752 753 school districts to irrevocably pledge their Interim School 754 District Capital Expenditure Fund allotments as a constant stream of revenue to secure a debt issued under the foregoing code 755 756 sections. To allow school districts to make such an irrevocable pledge, the state shall take all action necessary to ensure that 757 the amount of a district's Interim School District Capital 758 Expenditure Fund allotments shall not be reduced below the amount 759 760 certified by the department or the district's total allotment 761 under the Interim Capital Expenditure Fund if fully funded, so long as such debt remains outstanding. 762

763 (e) From and after October 1, 1997, through June 30, 1998, in addition to any other authority a school district may 764 765 have, any school district may issue State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds secured in whole by a continuing annual pledge of any 766 767 Mississippi Adequate Education Program funds available to the 768 district, in an amount not to exceed One Hundred Sixty Dollars (\$160.00) per pupil based on the latest completed average daily 769 770 attendance count certified by the department prior to the issuance of the bonds. Such State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds may be 771 issued for the purposes enumerated in subsections (a), (b), (c) 772 and (g) of this section. Prior to issuing such bonds, the school 773 board of the district shall adopt a resolution declaring the 774 775 necessity for and its intention of issuing such bonds and borrowing such money, specifying the approximate amount to be so 776 777 borrowed, how such money is to be used and how such indebtedness 778 is to be evidenced. Any capital improvement project financed with

779 State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds shall be approved by the 780 department, and based on an approved long-range plan. The State Board of Education shall promulgate minimum requirements for the 781 782 approval of such school district capital expenditure plans. The State Board of Education shall not approve any capital expenditure 783 784 plan for a pledge of funds under this paragraph unless it determines (i) that the quality of instruction in such district 785 will not be reduced as a result of this pledge, and (ii) the 786 787 district has other revenue available to attain and maintain at least Level III accreditation. 788

789 A district issuing State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds may pledge for the repayment of such bonds all funds received by the 790 791 district from the state, in an amount not to exceed One Hundred 792 Sixty Dollars (\$160.00) per pupil in average daily attendance in the school district as set forth above, and not otherwise 793 permanently pledged under paragraph (d) of this subsection or 794 795 under Section 37-61-33(2)(d), Mississippi Code of 1972. The 796 district's school board shall specify by resolution the amount of state funds, which are being pledged by the district for the 797 798 repayment of the State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds. Once such a pledge is made to secure the bonds, the district shall notify the 799 department of such pledge. Upon making such a pledge, the school 800 district may request the department which may agree to irrevocably 801 802 transfer a specified amount or percentage of the district's state 803 revenue pledged to repay the district's State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds directly to a state or federally chartered bank 804 805 serving as a trustee or paying agent on such bonds for the payment of all or portion of such State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds. 806 Such instructions shall be incorporated into a resolution by the 807 808 school board for the benefit of holders of the bonds and may provide that such withholding and transfer of such other available 809 810 funds shall be made only upon notification by a trustee or paying agent on such bonds that the amounts available to pay such bonds 811 on any payment date will not be sufficient. It is the intent of 812 813 this provision to allow school districts to irrevocably pledge a SS02\SB2284A.1J

certain, constant stream of revenue as security for State Aid 814 Capital Improvement Bonds issued hereunder. To allow school 815 districts to make such an irrevocable pledge, the state shall take 816 817 all action necessary to ensure that the amount of a district's state revenues up to an amount equal to One Hundred Sixty Dollars 818 819 (\$160.00) per pupil as set forth above which have been pledged to repay debt as set forth herein shall not be reduced so long as any 820 State Aid Capital Improvement Bonds are outstanding. 821

Any such State Aid Capital Improvement bonds shall mature as determined by the district's school bond over a period not to exceed twenty (20) years. Such bonds shall not bear a greater overall maximum interest rate to maturity than that allowed in Section 75-17-101, Mississippi Code of 1972. The further details and terms of such bonds shall be as determined by the school board of the district.

The provisions of this subsection shall be cumulative and supplemental to any existing funding programs or other authority conferred upon school districts or school boards. Debt of a school district secured in whole by a pledge of revenue pursuant to this section shall not be subject to any debt limitation.

For purposes of this paragraph (e), "State Aid Capital Improvement Bond" shall mean any bond, note, or other certificate of indebtedness issued by a school district under the provisions hereof.

This paragraph (e) shall stand repealed from and after June 30, 1998.

840 (f) As an alternative to the authority granted under paragraph (e), a school district, in its discretion, may authorize 841 the State Board of Education to withhold an amount of the 842 district's adequate education program allotment equal to up to One 843 Hundred Sixty Dollars (\$160.00) per student in average daily 844 845 attendance in the district to be allocated to the State Public School Building Fund to the credit of such school district. A 846 847 school district may choose the option provided under this 848 paragraph (e) or paragraph (f), but not both. In addition to the SS02\SB2284A.1J

grants made by the state pursuant to Section 37-47-9, a school district shall be entitled to grants based on the allotments to the State Public School Building Fund credited to such school district under this paragraph. This paragraph (f) shall stand repealed from and after June 30, 1998.

(g) The State Board of Education may authorize the
school district to expend not more than twenty percent (20%) of
its annual allotment of such funds or Twenty Thousand Dollars
(\$20,000.00), whichever is greater, for technology needs of the
school district, including computers, software,

859 telecommunications, cable television, interactive video, film low-power television, satellite communications, microwave 860 861 communications, technology-based equipment installation and maintenance, and the training of staff in the use of such 862 technology-based instruction. Any such technology expenditure 863 shall be reflected in the local district technology plan approved 864 865 by the State Board of Education under Section 37-151-17, 866 Mississippi Code of 1972.

(h) To the extent a school district has not utilized 867 868 twenty percent (20%) of its annual allotment for technology purposes under paragraph (g), a school district may expend not 869 870 more than twenty percent (20%) of its annual allotment or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00), whichever is greater, for 871 instructional purposes. The State Board of Education may 872 873 authorize a school district to expend more than said twenty percent (20%) of its annual allotment for instructional purposes 874 875 if it determines that such expenditures are needed for accreditation purposes. 876

The State Department of Education or the State 877 (i) Board of Education may require that any project commenced pursuant 878 to this act with an estimated project cost of not less than Five 879 880 Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) shall be done only pursuant to program management of the process with respect to design and 881 882 construction. Any individuals, partnerships, companies or other 883 entities acting as a program manager on behalf of a local school SS02\SB2284A.1J

884 district and performing program management services for projects 885 covered under this subsection shall be approved by the State 886 Department of Education.

Any interest accruing on any unexpended balance in the Interim School District Capital Expenditure Fund shall be invested by the State Treasurer and placed to the credit of each school district participating in such fund in its proportionate share.

The provisions of this subsection shall be cumulative and supplemental to any existing funding programs or other authority conferred upon school districts or school boards.

894 **SECTION 7.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 895 and after July 1, 2002.

## Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 37-13-81, 37-13-91, 37-13-89 AND 219-19-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO TRANSFER THE FUNCTIONS AND 3 DUTIES OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE OFFICERS TO THE CONSTABLES OF THE 4 VARIOUS COUNTIES, TO PROVIDE THAT CONSTABLES SHALL HAVE THE 5AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY OF ENFORCING THE MISSISSIPPI 6 COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW FOR ANY CHILD RESIDING OR FOUND 7 IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE CONSTABLE HAS JURISDICTION, TO PROVIDE 8 THAT THE CONSTABLE IS AUTHORIZED TO FILE PETITIONS IN THE YOUTH 9 COURT OF HIS COUNTY IN ORDER TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS OF THE 10 COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW, AND TO CLARIFY THE FUNCTIONS AND 11RESPONSIBILITIES OF CONSTABLES RELATIVE TO THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE 12 COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 25-7-27, 13MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT CONSTABLES SHALL RECEIVE 14A FEE FOR ENFORCING THE COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW WHICH 15 SHALL BE PAID BY THE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT IN WHICH THE CHILD IS 16 ENROLLED OR SHOULD BE ENROLLED; TO AMEND SECTION 37-151-7, 17MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT THE LOCAL SCHOOL 18 DISTRICT COST OF PAYING THE FEES OF CONSTABLES FOR ENFORCING THE 19 COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE LAW IN THEIR DISTRICT SHALL BE 20 INCLUDED IN THE BASE STUDENT COST PAID BY THE STATE TO SCHOOL 21DISTRICTS UNDER THE MISSISSIPPI ADEQUATE EDUCATION PROGRAM; AND 22 FOR RELATED PURPOSES.