By: Senator(s) Hewes

To: Insurance

## SENATE BILL NO. 2999

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 71-3-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 PROVIDE THAT CERTAIN MEDICAL INFORMATION SHALL BE EQUALLY 2 ACCESSIBLE BY EMPLOYEES AND EMPLOYERS IN WORKERS' COMPENSATION 3 4 CASES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 5 SECTION 1. Section 71-3-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 6 amended as follows: 7 71-3-15. (1) The employer shall furnish such medical, 8 9 surgical, and other attendance or treatment, nurse and hospital service, medicine, crutches, artificial members, and other 10 apparatus for such period as the nature of the injury or the 11 process of recovery may require. The injured employee shall have 12 the right to accept the services furnished by the employer or, in 13 his discretion, to select one (1) competent physician of his 14 choosing and such other specialists to whom he is referred by his 15 chosen physician to administer medical treatment. Referrals by 16 17 the chosen physician shall be limited to one (1) physician within a specialty or subspecialty area. Except in an emergency 18 19 requiring immediate medical attention, any additional selection of physicians by the injured employee or further referrals must be 20 approved by the employer, if self-insured, or the carrier prior to 21 obtaining the services of the physician at the expense of the 22 employer or carrier. If denied, the injured employee may apply to 23 the commission for approval of the additional selection or 24 referral, and if the commission determines that such request is 25 reasonable, the employee may be authorized to obtain such 26 treatment at the expense of the employer or carrier. Approval by 27

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the employer or carrier does not require approval by the

29 commission. A physician to whom the employee is referred by his employer shall not constitute the employee's selection, unless the 30 employee, in writing, accepts the employer's referral as his own 31 32 Should the employer desire, he may have the employee 33 examined by a physician other than of the employee's choosing for 34 the purpose of evaluating temporary or permanent disability or medical treatment being rendered under such reasonable terms and 35 conditions as may be prescribed by the commission. If at any time 36 during such period the employee unreasonably refuses to submit to 37 medical or surgical treatment, the commission shall, by order, 38 39 suspend the payment of further compensation during such time as such refusal continues, and no compensation shall be paid at any 40 41 time during the period of such suspension; provided, that no claim for medical or surgical treatment shall be valid and enforceable, 42 as against such employer, unless within twenty (20) days following 43 the first treatment the physician or provider giving such 44 treatment shall furnish to the employer, if self-insured, or its 45 carrier, a preliminary report of such injury and treatment, on a 46 form or in a format approved by the commission. 47 Subsequent 48 reports of such injury and treatment must be submitted at least every thirty (30) days thereafter until such time as a final 49 50 report shall have been made. Reports which are required to be filed hereunder shall be furnished by the medical provider to the 51 employer or carrier, and it shall be the responsibility of the 52 53 employer or carrier receiving such reports to promptly furnish copies to the commission. The commission may, in its discretion, 54 55 excuse the failure to furnish such reports within the time prescribed herein if it finds good cause to do so, and may, upon 56 request of any party in interest, order or direct the employer or 57 carrier to pay the reasonable value of medical services rendered 58 59 to the employee.

60 Whenever in the opinion of the commission a physician has not correctly estimated the degree of permanent disability or S. B. No. 2999 02/SS26/R1071 PAGE 2

the extent of the temporary disability of an injured employee, the 62 63 commission shall have the power to cause such employee to be examined by a physician selected by the commission, and to obtain 64 65 from such physician a report containing his estimate of such 66 disabilities. The commission shall have the power in its discretion to charge the cost of such examination to the employer, 67 if he is a self-insurer, or to the insurance company which is 68 carrying the risk. 69

In carrying out this section, the commission shall 70 (3) establish an appropriate medical provider fee schedule, medical 71 72 cost containment system and utilization review which incorporates one or more medical review panels to determine the reasonableness 73 of charges and the necessity for the services, and limitations on fees to be charged by medical providers for testimony and copying 75 76 or completion of records and reports and other provisions which, at the discretion of the commission, are necessary to encompass a complete medical cost containment program. The commission may 79 contract with a private organization or organizations to establish and implement such a medical cost containment system and fee 80 schedule with the cost for administering such a system to be paid out of the administrative expense fund as provided in this 82 83 chapter. All fees and other charges for such treatment or service shall be limited to such charges as prevail in the same community for similar treatment and shall be subject to regulation by the commission. No medical bill shall be paid to any doctor until all forms and reports required by the commission have been filed. Any 87 employee receiving treatment or service under the provisions of this chapter may not be held responsible for any charge for such 89 treatment or service, and no doctor, hospital or other recognized 90 medical provider shall attempt to bill, charge or otherwise collect from the employee any amount greater than or in excess of 93 the amount paid by the employer, if self-insured, or its workers' compensation carrier. Any dispute over the amount charged for

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- service rendered under the provisions of this chapter, or over the amount of reimbursement for services rendered under the provisions of this chapter, shall be limited to and resolved between the provider and the employer or carrier in accordance with the fee dispute resolution procedures adopted by the commission.
  - (4) The liability of an employer for medical treatment as herein provided shall not be affected by the fact that his employee was injured through the fault or negligence of a third party, not in the same employ, provided the injured employee was engaged in the scope of his employment when injured. The employer shall, however, have a cause of action against such third party to recover any amounts paid by him for such medical treatment.
  - has been prejudiced by the findings of the physician designated by the employer or carrier shall have the privilege of a medical examination by a physician of his own choosing, at the expense of the carrier or employer. Such examination may be had at any time after injury and prior to the closing of the case, provided that the charge shall not exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) and shall be paid by the carrier or employer where the previous medical findings are upset, but paid by the employee if previous medical findings are confirmed.
- Medical and surgical treatment as provided in this 117 section shall not be deemed to be privileged insofar as carrying 118 119 out the provisions of this chapter is concerned. All findings and opinions pertaining to a medical, psychological or surgical 120 121 examination or treatment obtained pursuant to this chapter shall be reported on commission forms and shall be equally accessible by 122 employee and employer or their representative. This section shall 123 not be interpreted so as to prohibit or limit either the employee 124 or employer from discussing with any medical provider who treats 125 126 or evaluates an employee for an injury or medical condition for which claim is made any information that is necessary to carry out 127

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128	the provisions of this chapter. However, any information obtained
129	pursuant to this section shall not be disseminated by the employer
130	to any parties for purposes inconsistent with this chapter unless
131	authorized in writing by the employee or his duly authorized
132	representative or as otherwise required to do so by a court or
133	administrative body of competent jurisdiction. All findings
134	pertaining to a second opinion medical examination, at the
135	instance of the employer shall be reported as herein required
136	within fourteen (14) days of the examination, except that copies
137	thereof shall also be furnished by the employer or carrier to the
138	employee. All findings pertaining to an independent medical
139	examination by order of the commission shall be reported as
140	provided in the order for such examination.
141	(7) Any medical benefits paid by reason of any accident or
142	health insurance policy or plan paid for by the employer, which
143	were for expenses of medical treatment under this section, are,
144	upon notice to the carrier prior to payment by it, subject to
145	subrogation in favor of the accident or health insurance company
146	to the extent of its payment for medical treatment under this
147	section. Reimbursement to the accident or health insurance
148	company by the carrier or employer, to the extent of such
149	reimbursement, shall constitute payment by the employer or carrier
150	of medical expenses under this section. Under no circumstances,
151	shall any subrogation be had by any insurance company against any
152	compensation benefits paid under this chapter.
153	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after July 1, 2002.