AN ACT TO REENACT SECTIONS 19-5-303, 19-5-313, 19-5-331 THROUGH 19-5-341, 19-5-359 AND 19-5-361, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, WHICH PROVIDE FOR AN EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE CHARGE, CREATE A COMMERCIAL MOBILE RADIO SERVICE BOARD AND PRESCRIBE ITS POWERS AND DUTIES, PROVIDE FOR COLLECTION OF SERVICE CHARGES, REQUIRE CONFIDENTIALITY OF PROPRIETARY INFORMATION AND REQUIRE THE COMMERCIAL MOBILE RADIO SERVICE TO PROVIDE WIRELESS ENHANCED 911 SERVICE; TO AMEND SECTION 19-5-307, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT ALL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS DISTRICTS SHALL PURCHASE, LEASE OR LEASE-PURCHASE EQUIPMENT USED TO COMPLY WITH FEDERAL EMERGENCY 911 LAWS FROM A PRODUCTS AND EQUIPMENT LIST TO BE MAINTAINED BY THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES; TO CODIFY SECTION 19-5-308, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS DISTRICTS TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS DISTRICTS PURSUANT TO THE STATEWIDE, WIRELESS E911 PLAN DEVELOPED BY THE CMRS BOARD; TO AMEND REENACTED SECTION 19-5-331, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "FCC ORDER"; TO AMEND REENACTED SECTION 19-5-333, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE COMPOSITION OF THE COMMERCIAL MOBILE RADIO SERVICE (CMRS) BOARD AND TO REVISE THEIR POWERS AND DUTIES; TO AMEND SECTION 12, CHAPTER 536, LAWS OF 1993, AS AMENDED BY SECTION 12, CHAPTER 531, LAWS OF 1998, AS AMENDED BY SECTION 11, LAWS OF 2001, TO EXTEND THE REPEALER ON WIRELESS EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. Section 19-5-303, Mississippi Code of 1972, is reenacted as follows:

19-5-303. For purposes of Sections 19-5-301 through 19-5-317, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Exchange access facilities" shall mean all lines provided by the service supplier for the provision of local exchange service as defined in existing general subscriber services tariffs.

(b) "Tariff rate" shall mean the rate or rates billed by a service supplier as stated in the service supplier's tariffs and approved by the Public Service Commission, which represent the
service supplier's recurring charges for exchange access
facilities, exclusive of all taxes, fees, licenses or similar
charges whatsoever.

(c) "District" shall mean any communications district
created pursuant to Sections 19-5-301 et seq., or by local and
private act of the State of Mississippi.

(d) "Service supplier" shall mean any person providing
exchange telephone service to any service user throughout the
county.

(e) "Service user" shall mean any person, not otherwise
exempt from taxation, who is provided exchange telephone service
in the county or state.

(f) "E911" shall mean Enhanced Universal Emergency
Number Service or Enhanced 911 Service, which is a telephone
exchange communications service whereby a Public Safety Answering
Point (PSAP) designated by the county or local communications
district may receive telephone calls dialed to the telephone
number 911. E911 Service includes lines and equipment necessary
for the answering, transferring and dispatching of public
emergency telephone calls originated by persons within the serving
area who dial 911. Enhanced 911 Service includes the displaying
of the name, address and other pertinent caller information as may
be supplied by the service supplier.

(g) "Basic 911" shall mean a telephone service
terminated in designated Public Safety Answering Points accessible
by the public through telephone calls dialed to the telephone
number 911. Basic 911 is a voice service and does not display
address or telephone number information.

(h) "Shared tenant services (STS)" shall mean any
telephone service operation supplied by a party other than a
regulated local exchange telephone service supplier for which a
charge is levied. Such services shall include, but not be limited
to, apartment building systems, hospital systems, office building
systems and other systems where dial tone is derived from
connection of tariffed telephone trunks or lines connected to a
private branch exchange telephone system.

(i) "Private branch exchange (PBX)" shall mean any
telephone service operation supplied by a party other than a
regulated local exchange telephone service supplier for which a
charge is not levied. Such services are those where tariffed
telephone trunks or lines are terminated into a central switch
which is used to supply dial tone to telephones operating within
that system.

(j) "Off-premise extension" shall mean any telephone
connected to a private branch exchange or a shared tenant service
which is in a different building or location from the main
switching equipment and, therefore, has a different physical
address.

(k) "Centrex" or "ESSX" shall mean any variety of
services offered in connection with any tariffed telephone service
in which switching services and other dialing features are
provided by the regulated local exchange telephone service
supplier.

(l) "Commercial mobile radio service" or "CMRS" shall
mean commercial mobile radio service under Sections 3(27) and
332(d) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 USCS
Section 151 et seq., and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of
1993, Public Law 103-66. The term includes the term "wireless"
and service provided by any wireless real time two-way voice
communication device, including radio-telephone communications
used in cellular telephone service, personal communication
service, or the functional or competitive equivalent of a
radio-telephone communications line used in cellular telephone
service, a personal communication service, or a network radio
access line. The term does not include service whose customers do
not have access to 911 or to a 911-like service, to a
communication channel suitable only for data transmission, to a wireless roaming service or other nonlocal radio access line service, or to a private telecommunications system.

(m) "Telecommunicator" shall mean any person engaged in or employed as a telecommunications operator by any public safety, fire or emergency medical agency whose primary responsibility is the receipt or processing of calls for emergency services provided by public safety, fire or emergency medical agencies or the dispatching of emergency services provided by public safety, fire or emergency medical agencies and who receives or disseminates information relative to emergency assistance by telephone or radio.

(n) "Public safety answering point (PSAP)" shall mean any point of contact between the public and the emergency services such as a 911 answering point or, in the absence of 911 emergency telephone service, any other point of contact where emergency telephone calls are routinely answered and dispatched or transferred to another agency.

(o) "Local exchange telephone service" shall mean all lines provided by a service supplier as defined in existing general subscriber tariffs.

SECTION 2. Section 19-5-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

19-5-307. (1) When any district is created, the board of supervisors of the county creating such district may appoint a board of commissioners composed of seven (7) members to govern its affairs, and shall fix the domicile of the board at any point within the district. The members of the board shall be qualified electors of the district, two (2) of whom shall be appointed for terms of two (2) years, three (3) for terms of three (3) years, and two (2) for terms of four (4) years, dating from the date of the adoption of the ordinance creating the district. Thereafter,
all appointments of the members shall be for terms of four (4) years.

(2) The board of commissioners shall have complete and sole authority to appoint a chairman and any other officers it may deem necessary from among the membership of the board of commissioners.

(3) A majority of the board of commissioners membership shall constitute a quorum and all official action of the board of commissioners shall require a quorum.

(4) The board of commissioners shall have authority to employ such employees, experts and consultants as it may deem necessary to assist the board of commissioners in the discharge of its responsibilities to the extent that funds are made available.

(5) In lieu of appointing a board of commissioners, the board of supervisors of the county may serve as the board of commissioners of the district, in which case it shall assume all the powers and duties of the board of commissioners as provided in Section 19-5-301 et seq.

(6) All emergency communications districts shall purchase, lease or lease-purchase equipment used to comply with the FCC Order as defined in Section 19-5-333 from a products and equipment list to be maintained by the Mississippi Department of Information Technology Services.

SECTION 3. The following provision shall be codified as Section 19-5-308, Mississippi Code of 1972:

19-5-308. To facilitate implementation of a statewide, wireless Enhanced 911 system, emergency communications districts created pursuant to Section 19-5-301 or by local and private act are authorized, upon approval by their governing board of commissioners, to enter into agreements with other emergency communications districts pursuant to the statewide, wireless E911 plan developed and administered by the Commercial Mobile Radio Service Board as described in Section 19-5-333(2) and subject to the Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1974, Sections 17-13-1 et seq.
SECTION 4. Section 19-5-313, Mississippi Code of 1972, is reenacted as follows:

19-5-313. (1) The board of supervisors may levy an emergency telephone service charge in an amount not to exceed One Dollar ($1.00) per residential telephone subscriber line per month and Two Dollars ($2.00) per commercial telephone subscriber line per month for exchange telephone service. Any emergency telephone service charge shall have uniform application and shall be imposed throughout the entirety of the district to the greatest extent possible in conformity with availability of such service in any area of the district. Those districts which exist on the date of enactment of Chapter 539, Laws of 1993, shall convert to the following structure for service charge levy: If the current charge is five percent (5%) of the basic tariff service rate, the new collection shall be Eighty Cents ($.80) per month per residential subscriber line and One Dollar and Sixty Cents ($1.60) per month per commercial subscriber line. The collections may be adjusted as outlined in Chapter 539, Laws of 1993, and within the limits set forth herein.

(2) If the proceeds generated by the emergency telephone service charge exceed the amount of monies necessary to fund the service, the board of supervisors may authorize such excess funds to be expended by the county and the municipalities in the counties to perform the duties and pay the costs relating to identifying roads, highways and streets, as provided by Section 65-7-143. The board of supervisors shall determine how the funds are to be distributed in the county and among municipalities in the county for paying the costs relating to identifying roads, highways and streets. The board of supervisors may temporarily reduce the service charge rate or temporarily suspend the service charge if the proceeds generated exceed the amount that is necessary to fund the service and/or to pay costs relating to identifying roads, highways and streets. Such excess funds may

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also be used in the development of county or district communications and paging systems when used primarily for the alerting and dispatching of public safety entities and for other administrative costs such as management personnel, maintenance personnel and related building and operational requirements. Such excess funds may be placed in a depreciation fund for emergency and obsolescence replacement of equipment necessary for the operation of the overall 911 emergency telephone and alerting systems.

(3) No such service charge shall be imposed upon more than twenty-five (25) exchange access facilities per person per location. Trunks or service lines used to supply service to CMRS providers shall not have a service charge levied against them. Every billed service user shall be liable for any service charge imposed under this section until it has been paid to the service supplier. The duty of the service supplier to collect any such service charge shall commence upon the date of its implementation, which shall be specified in the resolution for the installation of such service. Any such emergency telephone service charge shall be added to and may be stated separately in the billing by the service supplier to the service user.

(4) The service supplier shall have no obligation to take any legal action to enforce the collection of any emergency telephone service charge. However, the service supplier shall annually provide the board of supervisors and board of commissioners with a list of the amount uncollected, together with the names and addresses of those service users who carry a balance that can be determined by the service supplier to be nonpayment of such service charge. The service charge shall be collected at the same time as the tariff rate in accordance with the regular billing practice of the service supplier. Good faith compliance by the service supplier with this provision shall constitute a complete defense to any legal action or claim which may result
from the service supplier’s determination of nonpayment and/or the identification of service users in connection therewith.

(5) The amounts collected by the service supplier attributable to any emergency telephone service charge shall be due the county treasury monthly. The amount of service charge collected each month by the service supplier shall be remitted to the county no later than sixty (60) days after the close of the month. A return, in such form as the board of supervisors and the service supplier agree upon, shall be filed with the county, together with a remittance of the amount of service charge collected payable to the county. The service supplier shall maintain records of the amount of service charge collected for a period of at least two (2) years from date of collection. The board of supervisors and board of commissioners shall receive an annual audit of the service supplier’s books and records with respect to the collection and remittance of the service charge. From the gross receipts to be remitted to the county, the service supplier shall be entitled to retain as an administrative fee, an amount equal to one percent (1%) thereof. From and after March 10, 1987, the service charge is a county fee and is not subject to any sales, use, franchise, income, excise or any other tax, fee or assessment and shall not be considered revenue of the service supplier for any purpose.

(6) In order to provide additional funding for the district, the board of commissioners may receive federal, state, county or municipal funds, as well as funds from private sources, and may expend such funds for the purposes of Section 19-5-301 et seq.

SECTION 5. Section 19-5-331, Mississippi Code of 1972, is reenacted and amended as follows:

19-5-331. As used in Sections 19-5-331 through 19-5-341, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
(a) The terms "board" and "CMRS Board" mean the Commercial Mobile Radio Service Emergency Telephone Services Board.

(b) The term "automatic number identification" or "ANI" means an enhanced 911 service capability that enables the automatic display of the ten-digit wireless telephone number used to place a 911 call and includes "pseudo-automatic number identification" or "pseudo-ANI," which means an enhanced 911 service capability that enables the automatic display of the number of the cell site and an identification of the CMRS provider.

(c) The term "commercial mobile radio service" or "CMRS" means commercial mobile radio service under Sections 3(27) and 332(d) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996, 47 USCS Section 151 et seq., and the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, Public Law 103-66. The term includes the term "wireless" and service provided by any wireless real time two-way voice communication device, including radio-telephone communications used in cellular telephone service, personal communication service, or the functional or competitive equivalent of a radio-telephone communications line used in cellular telephone service, a personal communication service, specialized mobile radio service, or a network radio access line. The term does not include service whose customers do not have access to 911 or to a 911-like service, to a communication channel suitable only for data transmission, to a wireless roaming service or other nonlocal radio access line service, or to a private telecommunications system.

(d) The term "commercial mobile radio service provider" or "CMRS provider" or the plural thereof, as the context requires, means a person or entity who provides commercial mobile radio service or CMRS service.
(e) The term "CMRS connection" or the plural thereof, as the context requires, means each mobile handset telephone number assigned to a CMRS customer with a service address in the State of Mississippi.

(f) The term "CMRS Fund" means the Commercial Mobile Radio Service Fund required to be established and maintained pursuant to Section 19-5-333.

(g) The term "CMRS service charge" or the plural thereof, as the context requires, means the CMRS emergency telephone service charge levied and maintained pursuant to Section 19-5-333 and collected pursuant to Section 19-5-335.

(h) The term "distribution formula" means the formula specified in Section 19-5-333(c) by which monies generated from the CMRS service charge are distributed on a percentage basis to emergency communications districts and to the CMRS Fund.

(i) The term "ECD" means an emergency communications district created pursuant to Section 19-5-301 et seq., Mississippi Code of 1972, or by local and private act of the State of Mississippi.

(j) The term "enhanced 911," "E911," "enhanced E911 system" or "E911 system" means an emergency telephone system that provides the caller with emergency 911 system service, that directs 911 calls to appropriate public safety answering points by selective routing based on the geographical location from which the call originated, and that provides the capability for automatic number identification and other features that the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) may require in the future.

(k) The term "exchange access facility" means an "exchange access facility" as defined by Section 19-5-303, Mississippi Code of 1972.

(l) The term "FCC Order" means any Federal Communications Commission orders, rules and regulations issued...
with respect to implementation of Basic 911 or Enhanced 911 and other emergency communication services.

(m) The term "service address" means the location address if the location address is known and accessible; however, if the location address is not known and accessible, the term shall mean the billing address.

(n) The term "service supplier" or the plural thereof, as the context requires, means a "service supplier" as defined by Section 19-5-303, Mississippi Code of 1972.

(o) The term "technical proprietary information" means technology descriptions, technical information or trade secrets and the actual or developmental costs thereof which are developed, produced or received internally by a CMRS provider or by a CMRS provider's employees, directors, officers or agents.

SECTION 6. Section 19-5-333, Mississippi Code of 1972, is reenacted and amended as follows:

19-5-333. (1) There is created a Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) Board, consisting of seven (7) members. The Governor shall appoint six (6) members of the board, subject to the advice and consent of the Senate. The Executive Director of the Mississippi Department of Information Technology Services shall serve as the seventh member with all privileges pertaining to board membership. The appointed members of the board shall be * * * as follows:

(a) Two (2) members selected from six (6) nominees submitted to the Governor by the Mississippi 911 Coordinators Association; * * *

(b) Two (2) members selected from six (6) nominees submitted to the Governor by the Mississippi Association of CMRS Providers;

(c) One (1) member who is a member of the Mississippi Chapter of the National Emergency Numbering Association or the
Mississippi Chapter of the American Association of Public Safety Communication Officers; and

(d) One (1) member who is a consumer representing the state at large.

The initial terms of the board members, as appointed after the effective date of Senate Bill No. 2980, 2002 Regular Session, shall be staggered as follows: the members appointed under paragraph (a) shall serve a term of two (2) years; the member appointed under paragraph (b) shall serve a term of two (2) years; the members appointed under paragraphs (c) and (d) shall serve a term of one (1) year. After the expiration of the initial terms, the term for all members shall be four (4) years.

(2) The board shall have the following powers and duties:

(a) To collect and distribute a CMRS emergency telephone service charge on each CMRS customer that has a billing address within the state. The rate of such CMRS service charge shall be One Dollar ($1.00) per month per CMRS connection beginning on April 8, 1998. The CMRS service charge shall have uniform application and shall be imposed throughout the state. The board is hereby authorized to receive all revenues derived from the CMRS service charge levied on CMRS connections in the state and collected pursuant to Section 19-5-335.

(b) To establish and maintain the CMRS Fund as an insured, interest-bearing account into which the board shall deposit all revenues derived from the CMRS service charge levied on CMRS connections in the state and collected pursuant to Section 19-5-335. The revenues which are deposited into the CMRS Fund shall not be monies or property of the state and shall not be subject to appropriation by the Legislature. Interest derived from the CMRS Fund shall be divided equally to pay reasonable costs incurred by providers in compliance with the requirements of Section 19-5-331 through 19-5-341 and to employ those persons.
parties or firms by the CMRS Board as contemplated in paragraph (e) of this subsection. The interest income shall not be subject to the two percent (2%) cap on administrative spending established in Section 19-5-335(3).

(c) To establish a distribution formula by which the board will make disbursements of the CMRS service charge in the following amounts and in the following manner:

(i) Out of the funds collected by the board, thirty percent (30%) shall be deposited into the CMRS Fund, and shall be used to defray the administrative expenses of the board in accordance with Section 19-5-335(3) and to pay the actual costs incurred by such CMRS providers in complying with the wireless E911 service requirements established by the FCC Order and any rules and regulations which are or may be adopted by the FCC pursuant to the FCC Order, including, but not limited to, costs and expenses incurred for designing, upgrading, purchasing, leasing, programming, installing, testing or maintaining all necessary data, hardware and software required in order to provide such service as well as the incremental costs of operating such service. Sworn invoices must be presented to the board in connection with any request for payment and approved by a majority vote of the board prior to any such disbursement, which approval shall not be withheld or delayed unreasonably. In no event shall any invoice for payment be approved for the payment of costs that are not related to compliance with the wireless E911 service requirements established by the FCC Order and any rules and regulations which are or may be adopted by the FCC pursuant to the FCC Order, and any rules and regulations which may be adopted by the FCC with respect to implementation of wireless E911 services.

(ii) The remainder of all funds collected by the board, which shall not be less than seventy percent (70%) of the total funds collected by the board, shall be distributed by the board monthly based on the number of CMRS connections in each ECD.
for use in providing wireless E911 service, including capital
improvements, and in their normal operations.

(d) To develop and administer a statewide wireless E911 plan sufficient to effect implementation of any FCC Order with respect to implementation of wireless E911 emergency services and communications.

(e) To contract for the services of accountants, attorneys, consultants, engineers and any other persons, firms or parties the board deems necessary to effect the purposes of Sections 19-5-331 through 19-5-341.

(f) To obtain from an independent, third-party auditor retained by the board annual reports to the board no later than sixty (60) days after the close of each fiscal year, which shall provide an accounting for all CMRS service charges deposited into the CMRS Fund during the preceding fiscal year and all disbursements to ECDs during the preceding fiscal year. The board shall provide a copy of the annual reports to the Chairmen of the Public Utilities Committees of the House of Representatives and Senate.

(g) To retain an independent, third-party accountant who shall audit CMRS providers once every twenty-four (24) months to verify the accuracy of each CMRS providers' service charge collection. The information obtained by the audits shall be used solely for the purpose of verifying that CMRS providers are accurately collecting and remitting the CMRS service charge and may be used for any legal action initiated by the board against CMRS providers.

(h) To levy interest charges at the legal rate of interest established in Section 75-17-1 on any amount due and outstanding from any CMRS provider who fails to remit service charges in accordance with Section 19-5-335(1).

(i) To review, evaluate and approve or disapprove the plans or plan modifications that are submitted to the board for
complying with the wireless E911 service requirements established by the FCC order and by any rules or regulations which are adopted by the Federal Communications Commission.

(j) To develop standards to be followed by the board in reviewing, evaluating, approving or disapproving the plans or plan modifications that are submitted by CMRS providers to the board.

(k) To promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to effect the provisions of Sections 19-5-331 through 19-5-341.

(l) To make the determinations and disbursements as provided by Section 19-5-333(2)(c).

(3) The CMRS service charge provided in Section 19-5-333(2)(a) and the service charge provided in Section 19-5-357 to fund the training of public safety telecommunicators shall be the only charges assessed to CMRS customers relating to emergency telephone services.

(4) The board shall serve without compensation; provided, however, that members of the board shall be entitled to be reimbursed for actual expenses and travel costs associated with their service in an amount not to exceed the reimbursement authorized for state officers and employees in Section 25-3-41, Mississippi Code of 1972.

SECTION 7. Section 19-5-335, Mississippi Code of 1972, is reenacted as follows:

19-5-335. (1) Each CMRS provider shall act as a collection agent for the CMRS Fund and shall, as part of the provider's normal monthly billing process, collect the CMRS service charges levied upon CMRS connections pursuant to Section 19-5-333(2)(a) from each CMRS connection to whom the billing provider provides CMRS service and shall, not later than thirty (30) days after the end of the calendar month in which such CMRS service charges are collected, remit to the board the net CMRS service charges so
collected after deducting the fee authorized by subsection (2) of
this section. Each billing provider shall list the CMRS service
charge as a separate entry on each bill which includes a CMRS
service charge.

(2) Each CMRS provider shall be entitled to deduct and
retain from the CMRS service charges collected by such provider
during each calendar month an amount not to exceed one percent
(1%) of the gross aggregate amount of such CMRS service charges so
collected as reimbursement for the costs incurred by such provider
in collecting, handling and processing such CMRS service charges.

(3) The board shall be entitled to retain from the CMRS
service charges collected during each calendar month an amount not
to exceed two percent (2%) of the money allocated to the CMRS Fund
as reimbursement for the costs incurred by the board in
administering Sections 19-5-331 through 19-5-341 including, but
not limited to, retaining and paying the independent, third-party
auditor to review and disburse the cost recovery funds and to
prepare the reports contemplated by Sections 19-5-331 through
19-5-341.

SECTION 8. Section 19-5-337, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
reenacted as follows:

19-5-337. All technical proprietary information submitted to
the board or to the independent, third-party auditor as provided
by Section 19-5-333(2)(d) shall be retained by the board and such
auditor in confidence and shall be subject to review only by the
board. Further, notwithstanding any other provision of the law,
no technical proprietary information so submitted shall be subject
to subpoena or otherwise released to any person other than to the
submitting CMRS provider, the board and the aforesaid independent,
third-party auditor without the express permission of the
administrator and the submitting CMRS provider. General
information collected by the aforesaid independent, third-party
auditor shall only be released or published in aggregate amounts
which do not identify or allow identification of numbers of
subscribers of revenues attributable to an individual CMRS
provider.

SECTION 9. Section 19-5-339, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
reenacted as follows:
19-5-339. In accordance with the Federal Communication
Commission Order, no CMRS provider shall be required to provide
wireless enhanced 911 service until such time as (a) the provider
receives a request for such service from the administrator of a
Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) that is capable of receiving
and utilizing the data elements associated with the service; (b)
funds are available pursuant to Section 19-5-333; and (c) the
local exchange carrier is able to support the wireless enhanced
911 system.

SECTION 10. Section 19-5-341, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
reenacted as follows:
19-5-341. Wireless emergency telephone service shall not be
used for personal use and shall be used solely for the use of
communications by the public. Any person who knowingly uses or
attempts to use wireless emergency telephone service for a purpose
other than obtaining public safety assistance, or who knowingly
uses or attempts to use wireless emergency telephone service in an
effort to avoid any CMRS charges, is guilty of a misdemeanor and
shall be subject to a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars
($500.00) or imprisonment of not more than thirty (30) days in the
county jail, or both such fine and imprisonment. If the value of
the CMRS charge or service obtained in a manner prohibited by this
section exceeds One Hundred Dollars ($100.00), the offense may be
prosecuted as a felony and punishable by a fine of not more than
Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00) and imprisonment of not more
than three (3) years, or both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 11. Section 19-5-359, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
reenacted as follows:
19-5-359. (1) Any service supplier operating within the State of Mississippi shall be required to provide access to the locally designated PSAP by dialing the three (3) digits "911" from any telephone subscriber line within such service area. Where technically available, each service supplier shall, at a county's request, provide "Enhanced 911" services. Where this capability does not technically exist, "Basic 911" shall be available as a minimum.

(2) From and after December 31, 1993, any person, corporation or entity operating a "shared tenant service" type of telephone system shall be required to provide as a minimum the location and telephone number information for each and every extension or user on such "shared tenant" system to the regulated local exchange telephone service provider where the service provider can utilize such information in the delivery of "Enhanced 911" emergency telephone service. This information shall consist of data in a format that is compatible with the service supplier's requirements in order to provide such location and telephone number information automatically in the event a call to 911 is placed from such a system. It shall be the responsibility of the operator or provider of "STS" telephone services to maintain the data pertaining to each extension operating on such system.

(3) Any CMRS providers operating within the State of Mississippi shall be required to have all trunks or service lines supplying all cellular sites and personal communications network sites contain the word "cellular" in the service supplier listing for each trunk or service line to facilitate operator identification of cellular and PCN telephone calls placed to 911.

(4) Any service suppliers engaged in the offering or operating of "Centrex" or "ESSX" telephone service within the State of Mississippi shall cause the actual location of all extensions operating in this service to be displayed at the PSAP whenever a 911 call is placed from said extension. This feature
shall not be required in areas where Enhanced 911 is not in
operation but shall be required should such area upgrade to
Enhanced 911 service.

(5) Any local exchange telephone service suppliers offering
"quick-serve" or "soft" dial tone shall provide address location
information to the PSAP operating in the area where the
"quick-serve" or "soft" dial tone is in operation so that the PSAP
may have this address information displayed should a call to 911
be placed from such location. It shall be the responsibility of
the service supplier to determine in which emergency service
number area the "quick-serve" or "soft" dial tone is located.

(6) Any service suppliers operating within the State of
Mississippi and providing Enhanced 911 telephone service shall
have a reasonable time period, not to exceed five (5) years, to
comply with data and operational standards as they are set forth
by the National Emergency Number Association. This time period
shall apply to data format, equipment supplied for PSAP use and
for the length of time required for data updates relating to
service user address information, emergency service number updates
and other data updates as may be required.

SECTION 12. Section 19-5-361, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
reenacted as follows:

19-5-361. Any Emergency 911 telephone service supplier and
Emergency 911 CMRS provider operating within the State of
Mississippi, its employees, directors, officers, agents and
subcontractors, shall be entitled to receive the limitations of
liability as provided to the state, or any agency or local
government of the state, pursuant to Section 11-46-15, Mississippi

SECTION 13. Section 12, Chapter 536, Laws of 1993, as
amended by Section 12, Chapter 531, Laws of 1998, as amended by
Chapter 569, Laws of 2001, is amended as follows:
Section 12. This act shall stand repealed from and after July 1, 2004.

SECTION 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2002.