MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Jordan

To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2404

AN ACT TO CREATE NEW SECTION 63-3-314, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1 1972, TO PERMIT THE CITATION FOR A CIVIL VIOLATION UPON VIDEO OR 2 PHOTOGRAPHIC EVIDENCE OF OWNERS AND OPERATORS WHO RUN A RED LIGHT; 3 TO ENACT CERTAIN CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS; TO PROVIDE THAT THE 4 VIOLATION IS A NONMOVING VIOLATION; TO PROVIDE THAT A CONVICTION 5 OR PLEA OF GUILTY SHALL NOT BE ENTERED ON THE PERSON'S DRIVING 6 RECORD; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 8 SECTION 1. The following shall be codified as Section 9 10 63-3-314, Mississippi Code of 1972: 63-3-314. Traffic control signal monitoring systems. 11 (1) For the purposes of this section, the following words 12 have the meanings indicated: 13 14 (a) "Agency" means: 15 (i) For a traffic control signal operated and maintained at an intersection under the control of the State, the 16 17 law enforcement agency primarily responsible for traffic control at that intersection; or 18 (ii) For a traffic control signal operated and 19 maintained at an intersection under the control of a political 20 subdivision, a law enforcement agency of the political subdivision 21 that is authorized to issue citations for a violation of Title 63, 22 23 Chapter 3, Mississippi Code of 1972, or of local traffic laws or regulations. 24 (b) (i) "Owner" means the registered owner of a motor 25 vehicle or a lessee of a motor vehicle under a lease of six (6) 26 months or more. 27

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"Owner" does not include a motor vehicle (ii) 28 29 rental or leasing company or a holder of a motor vehicle dealer tag permit issued under Section 27-19-301. 30 31 (C) "Recorded images" means images recorded by a 32 traffic control signal monitoring system: 33 (i) On two (2) or more photographs; two (2) or more microphotographs; two (2) or more electronic images; 34 videotape; or any other medium; and 35 Showing the rear of a motor vehicle and, on (ii) 36 at least one (1) image or portion of tape, clearly identifying the 37 38 license tag number of the motor vehicle. (d) "Traffic control signal monitoring system" means a 39 40 device with one or more motor vehicle sensors working in conjunction with a traffic control signal to produce recorded 41 images of motor vehicles entering an intersection against a red 42 signal indication. 43 This section applies to a violation of Section 63-3-313 44 (2) 45 at an intersection monitored by a traffic control signal monitoring system. 46 47 (3) (a) Unless the driver of the motor vehicle received a citation from a police officer at the time of the violation, the 48 49 owner or, in accordance with subsection (6) of this section, the driver of a motor vehicle is subject to a civil penalty if the 50 motor vehicle is recorded by a traffic control signal monitoring 51 system while being operated in violation of Section 63-3-313. 52

53 (b) A civil penalty under this subsection may not54 exceed One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).

(c) For purposes of this section, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall prescribe both a uniform citation form and a civil penalty, which shall be indicated on the citation, to be paid by persons who choose to prepay the civil penalty without appearing in the court to which summoned.

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An agency shall mail to the owner liable under this 60 (d) section a citation which shall include: 61 The name and address of the registered owner 62 (i) 63 of the vehicle; 64 (ii) The registration number of the motor vehicle involved in the violation; 65 (iii) The violation charged; 66 (iv) The location of the intersection; 67 The date and time of the violation; (v)68 (vi) A copy of the recorded image; 69 70 (vii) The amount of the civil penalty imposed and the date by which the civil penalty should be paid; 71 A signed statement by a technician employed 72 (viii) by the agency that, based on inspection of recorded images, the 73 motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 63-3-313; 74 (ix) A statement that recorded images are evidence 75 of a violation of Section 63-3-313; and 76 77 (x) Information advising the person alleged to be liable under this section: 78 79 1. Of the manner and time and place in which liability as alleged in the citation may be contested in court; 80 81 and Warning that failure to pay the civil 2. 82 penalty or to contest liability in a timely manner is an admission 83 84 of liability and may result in refusal or suspension of the motor vehicle registration. 85 86 (e) The agency may mail a warning notice in lieu of a citation to the owner liable under this section. 87 (f) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this 88 section, a citation issued under this section shall be mailed no 89 later than two (2) weeks after the alleged violation. 90 91 (q) An agency may not mail a citation to a person who is not an owner as defined in this section. 92 S. B. No. 2404 02/SS02/R632

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93 (h) A person who receives a citation under this section94 may:

95 (i) Pay the civil penalty, in accordance with
96 instructions on the citation, directly to the political
97 subdivision or to the court; or

98 (ii) Elect to stand trial for the alleged99 violation.

(4) (a) A certificate alleging that the violation of
Section 63-3-313 occurred, sworn to or affirmed by a duly
authorized agent of the agency, based on inspection of recorded
images produced by a traffic control signal monitoring system,
shall be evidence of the facts contained therein and shall be
admissible in any proceeding alleging a violation under this
section.

107 (b) Adjudication of liability shall be based on a108 preponderance of the evidence.

109 (5) (a) The court may consider in defense of a violation110 any one or more of the following:

(i) That the violation was committed in order toyield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle.

(ii) That the motor vehicle or license plate of the motor vehicle were stolen before the violation occurred and were not under the control or possession of the owner at the time of the violation; the owner must submit proof that a police report about the stolen motor vehicle or license plate was filed in a timely manner.

(iii) That at the time and place of the alleged violation, the traffic control signal was not in proper position and legible enough to be seen by an ordinarily observant individual;

(iv) That the person named in the citation was not
operating the vehicle at the time of the violation; the person
named in the citation shall provide to the court evidence to the

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satisfaction of the court as to the identity of the person 126 operating the vehicle at the time of the violation, including, at 127 a minimum, the operator's name and current address. With regard 128 129 to a citation that involves a truck with a registered gross weight 130 of twenty-six thousand one (26,001) pounds or more, a tractor 131 vehicle, trailer vehicle operated in combination with a tractor vehicle, or a passenger bus, the person named in a citation issued 132 under this section may provide the court a letter, sworn to or 133 affirmed by the person and mailed by certified mail, return 134 receipt requested, stating that the person named in the citation 135 136 was not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation and providing the name, address and driver's license identification 137 138 number of the person who was operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. 139

140 (v) Any other issues and evidence that the court141 deems pertinent.

If the court finds that the person named in the 142 (6) (a) 143 citation was not operating the vehicle at the time of the violation or receives evidence identifying the person driving the 144 145 vehicle at the time of the violation, the clerk of the court shall provide to the agency issuing the citation a copy of any evidence 146 147 as to the identity of the person operating the vehicle at the time of the violation. 148

(b) Upon the receipt of substantiating evidence from
the court under paragraph (a) of this subsection (6), an agency
may issue a citation to the person that the evidence indicates was
operating the vehicle at the time of the violation.

(c) A citation issued under this subsection (6) shall
be mailed no later than two (2) weeks after receipt of the
evidence from the court.

(8) If the civil penalty is not paid and the violation is
not contested, the court may inform the State Tax Commission, and
the State Tax Commission may refuse to register or reregister or

S. B. No. 2404 02/SS02/R632 PAGE 5 159 may suspend the registration of the motor vehicle involved in the 160 violation.

(9) A violation for which a civil penalty is imposed underthis section:

(a) Is not a moving violation and may not be recorded
by the Department of Public Safety on the driving record of the
owner or driver of the vehicle; and

(b) May not be considered by an insurer in theprovision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.

168 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 169 and after January 1, 2003.