By: Representative Wells-Smith

To: Judiciary B

HOUSE BILL NO. 1297

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 97-3-15, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO
- 2 CREATE A PRESUMPTION OF SELF DEFENSE WHEN DEADLY FORCE IS USED IN 3 DEFENSE OF THE HOME; TO PROVIDE IMMUNITY FOR THE USE OF SUCH
- 4 FORCE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 6 **SECTION 1.** Section 97-3-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 97-3-15. (1) The killing of a human being by the act,
- 9 procurement, or omission of another shall be justifiable in the
- 10 following cases:
- 11 (a) When committed by public officers, or those acting
- 12 by their command in their aid and assistance, in obedience to any
- 13 judgment of a competent court;
- 14 (b) When necessarily committed by public officers, or
- 15 those acting by their command in their aid and assistance, in
- 16 overcoming actual resistance to the execution of some legal
- 17 process, or to the discharge of any other legal duty;
- 18 (c) When necessarily committed by public officers, or
- 19 those acting by their command in their aid and assistance, in
- 20 retaking any felon who has been rescued or has escaped;
- 21 (d) When necessarily committed by public officers, or
- 22 those acting by their command in their aid and assistance, in
- 23 arresting any felon fleeing from justice;
- 24 (e) When committed by any person in resisting any
- 25 attempt unlawfully to kill such person or to commit any felony
- 26 upon him, or upon or in any dwelling house in which such person
- 27 shall be;

28	(f)	When	committ	ed in	the la	awful	defense	e of one	e's	own
29	person or any	other	human b	eing,	where	there	shall	be reas	sona	ble
30	ground to app	rehend	a desig	n to d	commit	a fel	ony or	to do s	some	:
31	great persona	l injur	y, and	there	shall	be im	minent	danger	of	such
32	design being	accompl	ished;							

- 33 (g) When necessarily committed in attempting by lawful 34 ways and means to apprehend any person for any felony committed;
- 35 (h) When necessarily committed in lawfully suppressing 36 any riot or in lawfully keeping and preserving the peace.
- Any person using force intended or likely to cause death 37 (2) 38 or serious bodily injury within the person's own residence is presumed to have held a reasonable fear of imminent peril of death 39 40 or serious bodily injury to self, family or a member of the household when that force is used against another person, not a 41 member of the family or household, who unlawfully and forcibly 42 enters or has unlawfully and forcibly entered the residence, and 43 the person using the force knew or had reason to believe that an 44
- 46 (3) Any person using physical force, including deadly
 47 physical force, in accordance with the provisions of subsection
 48 (2) of this section shall be immune from criminal prosecution for
 49 the use of such force.

unlawful and forcible entry occurred.

- 50 (4) Any person using physical force, including deadly
 51 physical force, in accordance with the provisions of subsection
 52 (2) of this section shall be immune from any civil liability for
 53 injuries or death resulting from the use of such force.
- (5) As used in paragraphs (1)(c) and (1)(d) of this section, the term "when necessarily committed" means that a public officer or a person acting by or at the officer's command, aid or assistance is authorized to use such force as necessary in securing and detaining the felon offender, overcoming the offender's resistance, preventing the offender's escape,
- recapturing the offender if the offender escapes or in protecting
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- 61 himself or others from bodily harm; but such officer or person
- 62 shall not be authorized to resort to deadly or dangerous means
- 63 when to do so would be unreasonable under the circumstances. The
- 64 public officer or person acting by or at the officer's command may
- 65 act upon a reasonable apprehension of the surrounding
- 66 circumstances; however, such officer or person shall not use
- 67 excessive force or force that is greater than reasonably necessary
- in securing and detaining the offender, overcoming the offender's
- 69 resistance, preventing the offender's escape, recapturing the
- 70 offender if the offender escapes or in protecting himself or
- 71 others from bodily harm.
- 72 (6) As used in paragraphs (1)(c) and (1)(d) of this section,
- 73 the term "felon" shall include an offender who has been convicted
- 74 of a felony and shall also include an offender who is in custody,
- 75 or whose custody is being sought, on a charge or for an offense
- 76 which is punishable, upon conviction, by death or confinement in
- 77 the Penitentiary.
- 78 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 79 and after July 1, 2002.