By: Representative Smith (59th)

HOUSE BILL NO. 977

AN ACT TO CREATE SECTION 41-9-121, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 TO CREATE A LIEN ON JUDGMENTS, AWARDS, SETTLEMENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER PROCEEDS IN FAVOR OF A HOSPITAL FOR SERVICES RENDERED TO A 2 3 4 PATIENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 5 SECTION 1. The following shall be codified as Section 6 41-9-121, Mississippi Code of 1972: 7

(1) For purposes of this section "injured person" 41-9-121. 8 9 means any natural person who has been injured or killed or has become sick or has become sick or diseased under circumstances 10 creating a cause of action in favor of the injured person against 11 any person, firm or corporation third party. 12

Each hospital licensed by the Mississippi State 13 (2) Department of Health that renders service in the treatment, care, 14 and/or maintenance of an injured person shall, upon admission of 15 such patient, have a lien upon all claims and causes of action of 16 17 the injured person for the amount of any portion of the hospital bill that, at the time of discharge of such injured person, is 18 unpaid and the patient or his third-party payor is legally 19 obligated to pay. The hospital lienor shall be entitled to 20 recover the unpaid amount of its bill for the treatment, care 21 and/or maintenance of the injured person that the injured person 22 is legally obligated to pay from the proceeds that may result from 23 the exercise of any rights of recovery buy or on behalf of the 24 injured person. The injured person shall execute and deliver 25 26 instruments and papers and do whatever is necessary to secure the hospital lienor's rights to such recovery and shall do nothing to 27 prejudice the rights of the hospital lienor. No judgment, award, 28 

H. B. No. 977 02/HR12/R1874 PAGE 1 (CJR\DO)

G1/2

settlement or compromise secured by or on behalf of an injured person shall be satisfied without the injured person or his or her authorized representative first satisfying the hospital lien from such monies received or to be received from such judgment, award, settlement or compromise and securing a release from the hospital lienor evidencing the payment or extinction of the lien.

No judgment, award, settlement or compromise received by or 35 on behalf of the injured person shall be binding upon or affect 36 the rights of the hospital lienor against the third party unless 37 the hospital's lien is satisfied or extinguished. 38 Any proceeds of any judgment, award, settlement or compromise received by or on 39 behalf of an injured person in the absence of a release or 40 41 instrument of satisfaction of lien executed by the hospital lienor shall constitute conclusive evidence of the liability of the third 42 party to the hospital for the amount of the lien, and the hospital 43 lienor, in litigating its claim against the third party, shall be 44 45 required only to prove the amount and correctness of its claim relating to its charges for the treatment, care and/or maintenance 46 of the injured person that remain unpaid and that the injured 47 48 person is legally obligated to pay.

The hospital lien created under this section exists by virtue of the relation of the parties and the services rendered, and without any writing, or if in writing, without recording; and the rights and liens conferred may be asserted and enforced by the assigns and personal representatives of the lienor.

Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, in no event shall the total amount a hospital recovers as a result of its lien under this section exceed one-third (1/3) of the amount of the verdict, judgment, award, settlement, or compromise secured by or on behalf of the injured person on his or her claim or right of action.

As long as the charges for the treatment, care and/or maintenance of the injured person that the injured person or his

H. B. No. 977 02/HR12/R1874 PAGE 2 (CJR\DO) third-party payor is legally obligated to pay are unpaid, nothing herein shall be construed to diminish or otherwise restrict the rights of the hospital to pursue payment of those charges in its regular course of business.

(3) 66 In the event an injured person has healthcare coverage with a third-party payor and as a result of such coverage, such 67 third-party payor is legally obligated to pay the hospital for all 68 or a portion of the treatment, care and maintenance delivered by 69 the hospital to the injured person, then in such event the third 70 party payor shall make such payment to the hospital within the 71 72 same time person it would otherwise make payment without taking 73 into account the possibility of a monetary recovery by the injured person from the wrongdoer. In no event can a third-party payor 74 withhold from the hospital or the injured party monies that it is 75 legally obligated to pay because of the anticipation of a verdict, 76 judgment, award, settlement, or compromise that may be secured by 77 or on behalf of the injured person on his or her claim or cause of 78 79 action.

80 **SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect and be in force from 81 and after July 1, 2002.