Adopted AMENDMENT No. 1 PROPOSED TO

House Bill NO. 300

By Senator(s) Committee

Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- 6 SECTION 1. Section 37-13-91, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 37-13-91. (1) This section shall be referred to as the
- 9 "Mississippi Compulsory School Attendance Law."
- 10 (2) The following terms as used in this section are defined
- 11 as follows:
- 12 (a) "Parent" means the father or mother to whom a child
- 13 has been born, or the father or mother by whom a child has been
- 14 legally adopted.
- 15 (b) "Guardian" means a guardian of the person of a
- 16 child, other than a parent, who is legally appointed by a court of
- 17 competent jurisdiction.
- 18 (c) "Custodian" means any person having the present
- 19 care or custody of a child, other than a parent or guardian of the
- 20 child.
- 21 (d) "School day" means not less than five (5) and not
- 22 more than eight (8) hours of actual teaching in which both

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- 23 teachers and pupils are in regular attendance for scheduled
- 24 schoolwork.
- 25 (e) "School" means any public school in this state or
- 26 any nonpublic school in this state which is in session each school
- 27 year for at least one hundred eighty (180) school days, except
- 28 that the "nonpublic" school term shall be the number of days that
- 29 each school shall require for promotion from grade to grade.
- 30 (f) "Compulsory-school-age child" means a child who has
- 31 attained or will attain the age of six (6) years on or before
- 32 September 1 of the calendar year and who has not attained the age
- 33 of <u>eighteen (18)</u> years * * *.
- 34 (g) "School attendance officer" means a person employed
- 35 by the State Department of Education pursuant to Section 37-13-89.
- 36 (h) "Appropriate school official" means the
- 37 superintendent of the school district or his designee or, in the
- 38 case of a nonpublic school, the principal or the headmaster.
- 39 (i) "Nonpublic school" means an institution for the
- 40 teaching of children, consisting of a physical plant, whether
- 41 owned or leased, including a home, instructional staff members and
- 42 students, and which is in session each school year. This
- 43 definition shall include, but not be limited to, private, church,
- 44 parochial and home instruction programs.
- 45 (3) A parent, guardian or custodian of a
- 46 compulsory-school-age child in this state shall cause the child to
- 47 enroll in and attend a public school or legitimate nonpublic
- 48 school for the period of time that the child is of compulsory
- 49 school age, except under the following circumstances:
- 50 (a) When a compulsory-school-age child is physically,
- 51 mentally or emotionally incapable of attending school as
- 52 determined by the appropriate school official based upon

- 53 sufficient medical documentation.
- 54 (b) When a compulsory-school-age child is enrolled in
- 55 and pursuing a course of special education, remedial education or
- 56 education for handicapped or physically or mentally disadvantaged
- 57 children.
- 58 (c) When a compulsory-school-age child is being
- 59 educated in a legitimate home instruction program.
- The parent, guardian or custodian of a compulsory-school-age
- 61 child described in this subsection, or the parent, guardian or
- 62 custodian of a compulsory-school-age child attending any nonpublic
- 63 school, or the appropriate school official for any or all children
- 64 attending a nonpublic school shall complete a "certificate of
- 65 enrollment" in order to facilitate the administration of this
- 66 section.
- The form of the certificate of enrollment shall be prepared
- 68 by the Office of Compulsory School Attendance Enforcement of the
- 69 State Department of Education and shall be designed to obtain the
- 70 following information only:
- 71 (i) The name, address, telephone number and date
- 72 of birth of the compulsory-school-age child;
- 73 (ii) The name, address and telephone number of the
- 74 parent, guardian or custodian of the compulsory-school-age child;
- 75 (iii) A simple description of the type of
- 76 education the compulsory-school-age child is receiving and, if the
- 77 child is enrolled in a nonpublic school, the name and address of
- 78 the school; and
- 79 (iv) The signature of the parent, guardian or
- 80 custodian of the compulsory-school-age child or, for any or all
- 81 compulsory-school-age child or children attending a nonpublic
- 82 school, the signature of the appropriate school official and the

- 83 date signed.
- The certificate of enrollment shall be returned to the school
- 85 attendance officer where the child resides on or before September
- 86 15 of each year. Any parent, guardian or custodian found by the
- 87 school attendance officer to be in noncompliance with this section
- 88 shall comply, after written notice of the noncompliance by the
- 89 school attendance officer, with this subsection within ten (10)
- 90 days after the notice or be in violation of this section.
- 91 However, in the event the child has been enrolled in a public
- 92 school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of
- 93 the school year as required in subsection (6), the parent or
- 94 custodian may at a later date enroll the child in a legitimate
- 95 nonpublic school or legitimate home instruction program and send
- 96 the certificate of enrollment to the school attendance officer and
- 97 be in compliance with this subsection.
- 98 For the purposes of this subsection, a legitimate nonpublic
- 99 school or legitimate home instruction program shall be those not
- 100 operated or instituted for the purpose of avoiding or
- 101 circumventing the compulsory attendance law.
- 102 (4) An "unlawful absence" is an absence during a school day
- 103 by a compulsory-school-age child, which absence is not due to a
- 104 valid excuse for temporary nonattendance. Days missed from school
- 105 due to disciplinary suspension shall not be considered an
- 106 "excused" absence under this section. This subsection shall not
- 107 apply to children enrolled in a nonpublic school.
- 108 Each of the following shall constitute a valid excuse for
- 109 temporary nonattendance of a compulsory-school-age child enrolled
- in a public school, provided satisfactory evidence of the excuse
- 111 is provided to the superintendent of the school district or his
- 112 designee:

- 113 (a) An absence is excused when the absence results from
- 114 the compulsory-school-age child's attendance at an authorized
- 115 school activity with the prior approval of the superintendent of
- 116 the school district or his designee. These activities may include
- 117 field trips, athletic contests, student conventions, musical
- 118 festivals and any similar activity.
- (b) An absence is excused when the absence results from
- 120 illness or injury which prevents the compulsory-school-age child
- 121 from being physically able to attend school.
- 122 (c) An absence is excused when isolation of a
- 123 compulsory-school-age child is ordered by the county health
- 124 officer, by the State Board of Health or appropriate school
- 125 official.
- 126 (d) An absence is excused when it results from the
- 127 death or serious illness of a member of the immediate family of a
- 128 compulsory-school-age child. The immediate family members of a
- 129 compulsory-school-age child shall include children, spouse,
- 130 grandparents, parents, brothers and sisters, including
- 131 stepbrothers and stepsisters.
- (e) An absence is excused when it results from a
- 133 medical or dental appointment of a compulsory-school-age child
- 134 where an approval of the superintendent of the school district or
- 135 his designee is gained before the absence, except in the case of
- 136 emergency.
- 137 (f) An absence is excused when it results from the
- 138 attendance of a compulsory-school-age child at the proceedings of
- 139 a court or an administrative tribunal if the child is a party to
- 140 the action or under subpoena as a witness.
- 141 (g) An absence may be excused if the religion to which
- 142 the compulsory-school-age child or the child's parents adheres,

143 requires or suggests the observance of a religious event. The

144 approval of the absence is within the discretion of the

145 superintendent of the school district or his designee, but

146 approval should be granted unless the religion's observance is of

147 such duration as to interfere with the education of the child.

148 (h) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated

149 to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district

150 or his designee that the purpose of the absence is to take

151 advantage of a valid educational opportunity such as travel

including vacations or other family travel. Approval of the

absence must be gained from the superintendent of the school

district or his designee before the absence, but the approval

155 shall not be unreasonably withheld.

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156 (i) An absence may be excused when it is demonstrated

to the satisfaction of the superintendent of the school district

or his designee that conditions are sufficient to warrant the

compulsory-school-age child's nonattendance. However, no absences

160 shall be excused by the school district superintendent or his

designee when any student suspensions or expulsions circumvent the

162 intent and spirit of the compulsory attendance law.

163 (5) Any parent, guardian or custodian of a

164 compulsory-school-age child subject to this section who refuses or

165 willfully fails to perform any of the duties imposed upon him or

166 her under this section or who intentionally falsifies any

167 information required to be contained in a certificate of

168 enrollment, shall be guilty of contributing to the neglect of a

169 child and, upon conviction, shall be punished in accordance with

170 Section 97-5-39.

171 Upon prosecution of a parent, guardian or custodian of a

172 compulsory-school-age child for violation of this section, the

173 presentation of evidence by the prosecutor that shows that the 174 child has not been enrolled in school within eighteen (18) 175 calendar days after the first day of the school year of the public school which the child is eligible to attend, or that the child 176 177 has accumulated twelve (12) unlawful absences during the school 178 year at the public school in which the child has been enrolled, 179 shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, 180 guardian or custodian is responsible for the absences and has 181 refused or willfully failed to perform the duties imposed upon him 182 or her under this section. However, no proceedings under this 183 section shall be brought against a parent, guardian or custodian 184 of a compulsory-school-age child unless the school attendance 185 officer has contacted promptly the home of the child and has 186 provided written notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of 187 the requirement for the child's enrollment or attendance.

- in a school within fifteen (15) calendar days after the first day of the school year of the school which the child is eligible to attend or the child has accumulated five (5) unlawful absences during the school year of the public school in which the child is enrolled, the school district superintendent shall report, within two (2) school days or within five (5) calendar days, whichever is less, the absences to the school attendance officer. The State Department of Education shall prescribe a uniform method for schools to utilize in reporting the unlawful absences to the school attendance officer. The superintendent, or his designee, also shall report any student suspensions or student expulsions to the school attendance officer when they occur.
- 201 (7) When a school attendance officer has made all attempts 202 to secure enrollment and/or attendance of a compulsory-school-age

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203 child and is unable to effect the enrollment and/or attendance, 204 the attendance officer shall file a petition with the youth court 205 under Section 43-21-451 or shall file a petition in a court of 206 competent jurisdiction as it pertains to parent or child. 207 Sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and municipal law enforcement officers 208 shall be fully authorized to investigate all cases of 209 nonattendance and unlawful absences by compulsory-school-age 210 children, and shall be authorized to file a petition with the 211 youth court under Section 43-21-451 or file a petition or 212 information in the court of competent jurisdiction as it pertains 213 to parent or child for violation of this section. The youth court 214 shall expedite a hearing to make an appropriate adjudication and a 215 disposition to ensure compliance with the Compulsory School 216 Attendance Law, and may order the child to enroll or reenroll in 217 school. The superintendent of the school district to which the 218 child is ordered may assign, in his discretion, the child to the 219 alternative school program of the school established pursuant to 220 Section 37-13-92.

- (8) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and regulations for the purpose of reprimanding any school superintendents who fail to timely report unexcused absences under the provisions of this section.
- 225 (9) Notwithstanding any provision or implication herein to 226 the contrary, it is not the intention of this section to impair 227 the primary right and the obligation of the parent or parents, or person or persons in loco parentis to a child, to choose the 228 proper education and training for such child, and nothing in this 229 230 section shall ever be construed to grant, by implication or 231 otherwise, to the State of Mississippi, any of its officers, 232 agencies or subdivisions any right or authority to control,

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- 233 manage, supervise or make any suggestion as to the control,
- 234 management or supervision of any private or parochial school or
- 235 institution for the education or training of children, of any kind
- 236 whatsoever that is not a public school according to the laws of
- 237 this state; and this section shall never be construed so as to
- 238 grant, by implication or otherwise, any right or authority to any
- 239 state agency or other entity to control, manage, supervise,
- 240 provide for or affect the operation, management, program,
- 241 curriculum, admissions policy or discipline of any such school or
- 242 home instruction program.
- 243 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 244 and after July 1, 2001.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 37-13-91, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
- 2 TO INCLUDE IN THE DEFINITION OF THE TERM "COMPULSORY-SCHOOL-AGE
- 3 CHILD" THOSE STUDENTS WHO TURN SEVENTEEN YEARS OF AGE; AND FOR
- 4 RELATED PURPOSES.