AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 41-7-173, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THAT THE TERM "HEALTH CARE FACILITY" DOES NOT INCLUDE A PERITONEAL DIALYSIS TRAINING FACILITY FOR PURPOSES OF THE CERTIFICATE OF NEED REQUIREMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. Section 41-7-173, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

41-7-173. For the purposes of Section 41-7-171 et seq., the following words shall have the meanings ascribed herein, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Affected person" means (i) the applicant; (ii) a person residing within the geographic area to be served by the applicant's proposal; (iii) a person who regularly uses health care facilities or HMO's located in the geographic area of the proposal which provide similar service to that which is proposed; (iv) health care facilities and HMO's which have, prior to receipt of the application under review, formally indicated an intention to provide service similar to that of the proposal being considered at a future date; (v) third-party payers who reimburse health care facilities located in the geographical area of the proposal; or (vi) any agency that establishes rates for health care services or HMO's located in the geographic area of the proposal.

(b) "Certificate of need" means a written order of the State Department of Health setting forth the affirmative finding that a proposal in prescribed application form, sufficiently satisfies the plans, standards and criteria prescribed for such
service or other project by Section 41-7-171 et seq., and by rules
and regulations promulgated thereunder by the State Department of
Health.

(c) (i) "Capital expenditure" when pertaining to
defined major medical equipment, shall mean an expenditure which,
under generally accepted accounting principles consistently
applied, is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and
maintenance and which exceeds One Million Five Hundred Thousand
Dollars ($1,500,000.00).

(ii) "Capital expenditure," when pertaining to
other than major medical equipment, shall mean any expenditure
which under generally accepted accounting principles consistently
applied is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation and
maintenance and which exceeds Two Million Dollars ($2,000,000.00).

(iii) A "capital expenditure" shall include the
acquisition, whether by lease, sufferance, gift, devise, legacy,
settlement of a trust or other means, of any facility or part
thereof, or equipment for a facility, the expenditure for which
would have been considered a capital expenditure if acquired by
purchase. Transactions which are separated in time but are
planned to be undertaken within twelve (12) months of each other
and are components of an overall plan for meeting patient care
objectives shall, for purposes of this definition, be viewed in
their entirety without regard to their timing.

(iv) In those instances where a health care
facility or other provider of health services proposes to provide
a service in which the capital expenditure for major medical
equipment or other than major medical equipment or a combination
of the two (2) may have been split between separate parties, the
total capital expenditure required to provide the proposed service
shall be considered in determining the necessity of certificate of
need review and in determining the appropriate certificate of need
review fee to be paid. The capital expenditure associated with
facilities and equipment to provide services in Mississippi shall be considered regardless of where the capital expenditure was made, in state or out of state, and regardless of the domicile of the party making the capital expenditure, in state or out of state.

(d) "Change of ownership" includes, but is not limited to, inter vivos gifts, purchases, transfers, lease arrangements, cash and/or stock transactions or other comparable arrangements whenever any person or entity acquires or controls a majority interest of the facility or service. Changes of ownership from partnerships, single proprietorships or corporations to another form of ownership are specifically included. However, "change of ownership" shall not include any inherited interest acquired as a result of a testamentary instrument or under the laws of descent and distribution of the State of Mississippi.

(e) "Commencement of construction" means that all of the following have been completed with respect to a proposal or project proposing construction, renovating, remodeling or alteration:

(i) A legally binding written contract has been consummated by the proponent and a lawfully licensed contractor to construct and/or complete the intent of the proposal within a specified period of time in accordance with final architectural plans which have been approved by the licensing authority of the State Department of Health;

(ii) Any and all permits and/or approvals deemed lawfully necessary by all authorities with responsibility for such have been secured; and

(iii) Actual bona fide undertaking of the subject proposal has commenced, and a progress payment of at least one percent (1%) of the total cost price of the contract has been paid to the contractor by the proponent, and the requirements of this
paragraph (e) have been certified to in writing by the State
Department of Health.

Force account expenditures, such as deposits, securities,
bonds, et cetera, may, in the discretion of the State Department
of Health, be excluded from any or all of the provisions of
defined commencement of construction.

(f) "Consumer" means an individual who is not a
provider of health care as defined in paragraph (q) of this
section.

(g) "Develop," when used in connection with health
services, means to undertake those activities which, on their
completion, will result in the offering of a new institutional
health service or the incurring of a financial obligation as
defined under applicable state law in relation to the offering of
such services.

(h) "Health care facility" includes hospitals,
psychiatric hospitals, chemical dependency hospitals, skilled
nursing facilities, end stage renal disease (ESRD) facilities,
including freestanding hemodialysis units (not to include
peritoneal dialysis training facilities), intermediate care
facilities, ambulatory surgical facilities, intermediate care
facilities for the mentally retarded, home health agencies,
psychiatric residential treatment facilities, pediatric skilled
nursing facilities, long-term care hospitals, comprehensive
medical rehabilitation facilities, including facilities owned or
operated by the state or a political subdivision or
instrumentality of the state, but does not include Christian
Science sanatoriums operated or listed and certified by the First
Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Massachusetts. This
definition shall not apply to facilities for the private practice,
either independently or by incorporated medical groups, of
physicians, dentists or health care professionals except where
such facilities are an integral part of an institutional health
service. The various health care facilities listed in this paragraph shall be defined as follows:

(i) "Hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of physicians, diagnostic services and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment and care of injured, disabled or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons. Such term does not include psychiatric hospitals.

(ii) "Psychiatric hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill persons.

(iii) "Chemical dependency hospital" means an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients, by or under the supervision of a physician, medical and related services for the diagnosis and treatment of chemical dependency such as alcohol and drug abuse.

(iv) "Skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution which is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for patients who require medical or nursing care or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.

(v) "End stage renal disease (ESRD) facilities" means kidney disease treatment centers, which includes freestanding hemodialysis units and limited care facilities. The term "limited care facility" generally refers to an off-hospital-premises facility, regardless of whether it is provider or nonprovider operated, which is engaged primarily in furnishing maintenance hemodialysis services to stabilized patients. The term "ESRD facility" or "limited care facility" does not include peritoneal dialysis training facilities which
operate solely for the purpose of training patients to begin to
dialyze at home and to serve as a back-up dialysis facility during
their training.

(vi) "Intermediate care facility" means an
institution which provides, on a regular basis, health related
care and services to individuals who do not require the degree of
care and treatment which a hospital or skilled nursing facility is
designed to provide, but who, because of their mental or physical
condition, require health related care and services (above the
level of room and board).

(vii) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a
facility primarily organized or established for the purpose of
performing surgery for outpatients and is a separate identifiable
legal entity from any other health care facility. Such term does
not include the offices of private physicians or dentists, whether
for individual or group practice, and does not include any
abortion facility as defined in Section 41-75-1(e).

(viii) "Intermediate care facility for the
mentally retarded" means an intermediate care facility that
provides health or rehabilitative services in a planned program of
activities to the mentally retarded, also including, but not
limited to, cerebral palsy and other conditions covered by the
Federal Developmentally Disabled Assistance and Bill of Rights
Act, Public Law 94-103.

(ix) "Home health agency" means a public or
privately owned agency or organization, or a subdivision of such
an agency or organization, properly authorized to conduct business
in Mississippi, which is primarily engaged in providing to
individuals at the written direction of a licensed physician, in
the individual's place of residence, skilled nursing services
provided by or under the supervision of a registered nurse
licensed to practice in Mississippi, and one or more of the
following services or items:
1. Physical, occupational or speech therapy;
2. Medical social services;
3. Part-time or intermittent services of a home health aide;
4. Other services as approved by the licensing agency for home health agencies;
5. Medical supplies, other than drugs and biologicals, and the use of medical appliances; or
6. Medical services provided by an intern or resident-in-training at a hospital under a teaching program of such hospital.

Further, all skilled nursing services and those services listed in items 1. through 4. of this subparagraph (ix) must be provided directly by the licensed home health agency. For purposes of this subparagraph, "directly" means either through an agency employee or by an arrangement with another individual not defined as a health care facility.

This subparagraph (ix) shall not apply to health care facilities which had contracts for the above services with a home health agency on January 1, 1990.

(x) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means any nonhospital establishment with permanent licensed facilities which provides a twenty-four-hour program of care by qualified therapists including, but not limited to, duly licensed mental health professionals, psychiatrists, psychologists, psychotherapists and licensed certified social workers, for emotionally disturbed children and adolescents referred to such facility by a court, local school district or by the Department of Human Services, who are not in an acute phase of illness requiring the services of a psychiatric hospital, and are in need of such restorative treatment services. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "emotionally disturbed" means a condition exhibiting one or more of the following characteristics over a long period of
time and to a marked degree, which adversely affects educational performance:

1. An inability to learn which cannot be explained by intellectual, sensory or health factors;
2. An inability to build or maintain satisfactory relationships with peers and teachers;
3. Inappropriate types of behavior or feelings under normal circumstances;
4. A general pervasive mood of unhappiness or depression; or
5. A tendency to develop physical symptoms or fears associated with personal or school problems. An establishment furnishing primarily domiciliary care is not within this definition.

(xi) "Pediatric skilled nursing facility" means an institution or a distinct part of an institution that is primarily engaged in providing to inpatients skilled nursing care and related services for persons under twenty-one (21) years of age who require medical or nursing care or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of injured, disabled or sick persons.

(xii) "Long-term care hospital" means a freestanding, Medicare-certified hospital that has an average length of inpatient stay greater than twenty-five (25) days, which is primarily engaged in providing chronic or long-term medical care to patients who do not require more than three (3) hours of rehabilitation or comprehensive rehabilitation per day, and has a transfer agreement with an acute care medical center and a comprehensive medical rehabilitation facility. Long-term care hospitals shall not use rehabilitation, comprehensive medical rehabilitation, medical rehabilitation, sub-acute rehabilitation, nursing home, skilled nursing facility, or sub-acute care facility in association with its name.
(xiii) "Comprehensive medical rehabilitation facility" means a hospital or hospital unit that is licensed and/or certified as a comprehensive medical rehabilitation facility which provides specialized programs that are accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities and supervised by a physician board certified or board eligible in Physiatry or other doctor of medicine or osteopathy with at least two (2) years of training in the medical direction of a comprehensive rehabilitation program that:

1. Includes evaluation and treatment of individuals with physical disabilities;

2. Emphasizes education and training of individuals with disabilities;

3. Incorporates at least the following core disciplines:
   
   (i) Physical Therapy;
   
   (ii) Occupational Therapy;
   
   (iii) Speech and Language Therapy;
   
   (iv) Rehabilitation Nursing; and
   
4. Incorporates at least three (3) of the following disciplines:

   (i) Psychology;
   
   (ii) Audiology;
   
   (iii) Respiratory Therapy;
   
   (iv) Therapeutic Recreation;
   
   (v) Orthotics;
   
   (vi) Prosthetics;
   
   (vii) Special Education;
   
   (viii) Vocational Rehabilitation;
   
   (ix) Psychotherapy;
   
   (x) Social Work;
   
   (xi) Rehabilitation Engineering.
These specialized programs include, but are not limited to:
spinal cord injury programs, head injury programs and infant and
eyearly childhood development programs.

(i) "Health maintenance organization" or "HMO" means a
public or private organization organized under the laws of this
state or the federal government which:

(i) Provides or otherwise makes available to
enrolled participants health care services, including
substantially the following basic health care services: usual
physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, x-ray, emergency
and preventive services, and out-of-area coverage;

(ii) Is compensated (except for copayments) for
the provision of the basic health care services listed in
subparagraph (i) of this paragraph to enrolled participants on a
predetermined basis; and

(iii) Provides physician services primarily:
1. Directly through physicians who are either
employees or partners of such organization; or
2. Through arrangements with individual
physicians or one or more groups of physicians (organized on a
group practice or individual practice basis).

(j) "Health service area" means a geographic area of
the state designated in the State Health Plan as the area to be
used in planning for specified health facilities and services and
to be used when considering certificate of need applications to
provide health facilities and services.

(k) "Health services" means clinically related (i.e.,
diagnostic, treatment or rehabilitative) services and includes
alcohol, drug abuse, mental health and home health care services.

(l) "Institutional health services" shall mean health
services provided in or through health care facilities and shall
include the entities in or through which such services are
provided.
(m) "Major medical equipment" means medical equipment designed for providing medical or any health related service which costs in excess of One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($1,500,000.00). However, this definition shall not be applicable to clinical laboratories if they are determined by the State Department of Health to be independent of any physician's office, hospital or other health care facility or otherwise not so defined by federal or state law, or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(n) "State Department of Health" shall mean the state agency created under Section 41-3-15, which shall be considered to be the State Health Planning and Development Agency, as defined in paragraph (t) of this section.

(o) "Offer," when used in connection with health services, means that it has been determined by the State Department of Health that the health care facility is capable of providing specified health services.

(p) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, partnership, corporation (including associations, joint stock companies and insurance companies), the state or a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state.

(q) "Provider" shall mean any person who is a provider or representative of a provider of health care services requiring a certificate of need under Section 41-7-171 et seq., or who has any financial or indirect interest in any provider of services.

(r) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and any officer or employee of the Department of Health and Human Services to whom the authority involved has been delegated.

(s) "State Health Plan" means the sole and official statewide health plan for Mississippi which identifies priority state health needs and establishes standards and criteria for
health-related activities which require certificate of need review in compliance with Section 41-7-191.

(t) "State Health Planning and Development Agency" means the agency of state government designated to perform health planning and resource development programs for the State of Mississippi.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2001.