

By: Senator(s) Carlton

To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2844

1 AN ACT TO ENACT THE UNIFORM INTERSTATE ENFORCEMENT OF
 2 DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROTECTION ORDERS ACT; TO SET FORTH DEFINITIONS;
 3 TO PROVIDE FOR THE UNIFORM ENFORCEMENT OF JUDICIAL ORDERS; TO
 4 PROVIDE FOR UNIFORM NONJUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT OF PROTECTION ORDERS;
 5 TO PROVIDE THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES REGISTER
 6 FOREIGN PROTECTION ORDERS IN THIS STATE; TO PROVIDE CIVIL AND
 7 CRIMINAL IMMUNITY FOR THOSE PERSONS ACTING IN AN OFFICIAL CAPACITY
 8 REGARDING THE REGISTRATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF A FOREIGN PROTECTION
 9 ORDER; TO AMEND SECTIONS 93-21-13 AND 93-21-16, MISSISSIPPI CODE
 10 OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY THERETO; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

12 SECTION 1. **Short title.** The provisions of Sections 1
 13 through 9 of this act may be cited as the Uniform Interstate
 14 Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act.

15 SECTION 2. **Definitions.** The following words and phrases
 16 shall have the meanings ascribed in this section unless the
 17 context clearly indicates otherwise:

18 (1) "Foreign protection order" means a protection order
 19 issued by a tribunal of another state.

20 (2) "Issuing state" means the state whose tribunal
 21 issues a protection order.

22 (3) "Mutual foreign protection order" means a foreign
 23 protection order that includes provisions issued in favor of both
 24 the protected individual seeking enforcement of the order and the
 25 respondent.

26 (4) "Protected individual" means an individual
 27 protected by a protection order.

28 (5) "Protection order" means an injunction or other
 29 order, issued by a tribunal under the domestic violence or family
 30 violence laws of the issuing state, to prevent an individual from

31 engaging in violent or threatening acts against, harassment of,
32 contact or communication with, or physical proximity to another
33 individual.

34 (6) "Respondent" means the individual against whom
35 enforcement of a protection order is sought.

36 (7) "State" means a state of the United States, the
37 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
38 Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
39 jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes an American
40 Indian tribe or band that has jurisdiction to issue protection
41 orders.

42 (8) "Tribunal" means a court, agency, or other entity
43 authorized by law to issue or modify a protection order.

44 **SECTION 3. Judicial enforcement of order.**

45 (a) A tribunal of this state shall enforce the terms of a
46 valid foreign protection order, including terms that provide
47 relief that a tribunal of this state would lack power to provide
48 but for this section. A tribunal of this state shall enforce a
49 valid foreign protection order issued by a tribunal, whether the
50 order was obtained by independent action or in another proceeding,
51 if it is an order issued in response to a complaint, petition, or
52 motion filed by or on behalf of an individual seeking protection.
53 A tribunal of this state may not enforce an order issued by a
54 tribunal that does not recognize the standing of a protected
55 individual to seek enforcement of the order.

56 (b) A tribunal of this state shall enforce the provisions of
57 a valid foreign protection order which governs custody and
58 visitation. The custody and visitation provisions of the order
59 must have been issued in accordance with the jurisdictional
60 requirements governing the issuance of custody and visitation
61 orders in the issuing state.

62 (c) A tribunal of this state may not enforce under this
63 chapter an order or provision of an order with respect to support.

64 (d) A protection order is valid if it:

65 (1) Identifies the protected individual and the
66 respondent;

67 (2) Is in effect at the time enforcement is being
68 sought;

69 (3) Was issued by a tribunal that had jurisdiction over
70 the parties and matter under the law of the issuing state; and

71 (4) Was issued after the respondent was provided with
72 reasonable notice and had an opportunity to be heard before the
73 tribunal issued the order or, in the case of an order ex parte,
74 the respondent was given notice and afforded an opportunity to be
75 heard within a reasonable time after the issuing of the order,
76 consistent with the rights of the respondent to due process.

77 (e) A person authorized under the law of this state to seek
78 enforcement of a foreign protection order establishes a prima
79 facie case for its validity by presenting an order valid on its
80 face.

81 (f) Absence of any of the criteria for validity of a foreign
82 protection order is an affirmative defense in an action seeking
83 enforcement of the order.

84 (g) A tribunal of this state may enforce the provisions of a
85 mutual foreign protection order which favor a respondent only if:

86 (1) The respondent filed a written pleading seeking a
87 protection order from the tribunal of the issuing state; and

88 (2) The tribunal of the issuing state made specific
89 findings in favor of the respondent.

90 **SECTION 4. Nonjudicial enforcement of order.**

91 (a) A law enforcement officer of this state, upon
92 determining that there is probable cause to believe that a valid
93 foreign protection order exists and that the order has been
94 violated, shall enforce the order as if it were the order of a
95 tribunal of this state. Presentation of a protection order that
96 identifies both the protected individual and the respondent, and

97 on its face is in effect at the time enforcement is being sought,
98 constitutes probable cause to believe that a valid foreign
99 protection order exists. For the purposes of this section, the
100 protection order may be inscribed on a tangible medium or may have
101 been stored in an electronic or other medium if it is retrievable
102 in perceivable form. Presentation of a certified copy of a
103 protection order is not required for enforcement.

104 (b) If the protection order is not presented, the officer
105 may consider other information in determining whether there is
106 probable cause to believe that a valid foreign protection order
107 exists.

108 (c) If a law enforcement officer of this state determines
109 that an otherwise valid foreign protection order cannot be
110 enforced because the respondent has not been notified or served
111 with the order, the officer shall inform the respondent of the
112 order and make a reasonable effort to serve the order upon the
113 respondent. After informing the respondent and serving the order,
114 the officer shall allow the respondent a reasonable opportunity to
115 comply with the order before enforcing the order.

116 (d) Registration or filing of an order in this state is not
117 required for the enforcement of a valid foreign protection order
118 under the provisions of this chapter.

119 **SECTION 5. Registration of order.**

120 (a) Any individual may register a foreign protection order
121 in this state. To register a foreign protection order, an
122 individual shall:

123 (1) Present a certified copy of the order to the
124 chancery clerk's office of any county in this state; or

125 (2) Present a certified copy of the order to the
126 Department of Human Services and request that the order be
127 registered.

128 (b) Upon receipt of a protection order, the chancery clerk
129 shall register the order in accordance with this section. After

130 the order is registered, the chancery clerk shall furnish to the
131 individual registering the order a certified copy of the
132 registered order.

133 (c) The Department of Human Services shall be responsible
134 for the registration of foreign protection orders, and it shall
135 register an order upon presentation of a copy of a protection
136 order which has been certified by the issuing state. A registered
137 foreign protection order which is inaccurate or is not in effect
138 at the time of registration shall be corrected or removed from the
139 registry in accordance with the law of this state.

140 (d) An individual registering a foreign protection order
141 shall file an affidavit by the protected individual that, to the
142 best of the individual's knowledge, the order is in effect at the
143 time of the registration.

144 (e) A foreign protection order registered under this chapter
145 may be entered in any existing state or federal registries of
146 protection orders, in accordance with state or federal law.

147 SECTION 6. **Immunity.** This state or a local governmental
148 agency, or a law enforcement officer, prosecuting attorney, clerk
149 of court, or any state or local governmental official acting in an
150 official capacity, is immune from civil and criminal liability for
151 an act or omission arising out of the registration or enforcement
152 of a foreign protection order or the detention or arrest of an
153 alleged violator of a foreign protection order if the act or
154 omission is done in good faith in an effort to comply with this
155 chapter.

156 SECTION 7. **Transitional provision.** This chapter applies to
157 any protection order issued before the effective date of this
158 chapter, including any continuing action for enforcement of a
159 foreign protection order commenced before the effective date of
160 this chapter. A request for enforcement of a foreign protection
161 order brought on or after the effective date of this chapter for
162 violations of a foreign protection order occurring before the

163 effective date of this chapter is governed by the provisions of
164 this chapter.

165 SECTION 8. **Other remedies.** Pursuit of remedies under this
166 chapter does not preclude a protected individual from pursuing
167 other legal or equitable remedies against the respondent.

168 SECTION 9. **Severability clause.** If any provision of this
169 chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is held
170 invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or
171 applications of this chapter which can be given effect without the
172 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions
173 of this chapter are severable.

174 SECTION 10. Section 93-21-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
175 amended as follows:

176 93-21-13. (1) A petition may be filed before the justice
177 court judge, municipal court judge or county court judge, in an ex
178 parte proceeding upon good cause shown, if the justice court
179 judge, municipal court judge or county court judge deems it
180 necessary to protect from abuse the petitioner, any minor
181 children, or any person alleged to be incompetent. Immediate and
182 present danger of abuse to the petitioner, any minor children, or
183 any person alleged to be incompetent, shall constitute good cause
184 for the purposes of this section.

185 (2) The justice court, municipal court and the county court
186 shall be empowered to grant any protective order or approve any
187 consent agreement to bring about a cessation of abuse of the
188 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be
189 incompetent, which relief may include:

190 (a) Directing the defendant to refrain from abusing the
191 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be
192 incompetent;

193 (b) Granting possession to the petitioner of the
194 residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant by

195 evicting the defendant and/or restoring possession to the
196 petitioner;

197 (c) When the defendant has a duty to support the
198 petitioner, any minor children, or any person alleged to be
199 incompetent living in the residence or household and the defendant
200 is the sole owner or lessee, granting possession to the petitioner
201 of the residence or household to the exclusion of the defendant by
202 evicting the defendant and/or restoring possession to the
203 petitioner, or by consent agreement allowing the defendant to
204 provide suitable, alternate housing; and

205 (d) Prohibiting the transferring, encumbering or
206 otherwise disposing of property mutually owned or leased by the
207 parties, except when in the ordinary course of business.

208 (3) Any order issued under subsection (2) of this section is
209 temporary and shall not exceed ten (10) days and shall expire as
210 of the date of the hearing in chancery court, at which time, the
211 petitioner may seek a temporary order from the chancery court.

212 (4) The court may amend its order or agreement at any time
213 upon subsequent petition by either party.

214 (5) A protection order * * * issued by a tribunal of another
215 state to protect the applicant from abuse as defined in Section
216 93-21-3 shall be accorded full faith and credit by the courts of
217 this state and enforced in this state as provided for in the
218 Uniform Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection
219 Orders Act.

220 SECTION 11. Section 93-21-16, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
221 amended as follows:

222 93-21-16. (1) * * * A protective order from another
223 jurisdiction issued to protect the applicant from domestic
224 violence as defined in Section 97-3-7, or a protection order as
225 defined in Section 2 of this act, issued by a tribunal of another
226 state shall be accorded full faith and credit by the courts of
227 this state and enforced in this state as provided for in the

228 Uniform Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection
229 Orders Act.

230 (2) A protective order from another jurisdiction, or a
231 protection order as defined in Section 2 of this act and issued by
232 a tribunal of another state, is presumed to be valid if it meets
233 the requirements of Section 3(d) of this act.

234 (3) It is an affirmative defense in any action seeking
235 enforcement of a protective order issued in another jurisdiction,
236 or a protection order as defined in Section 2 of this act and
237 issued by a tribunal of another state, that any criteria for the
238 validity of the order is absent.

239 SECTION 12. The provisions of Sections 1 through 9 of this
240 act shall be codified as a separate chapter in Title 93,
241 Mississippi Code of 1972.

242 SECTION 13. The provisions of this act shall take effect and
243 be in force from and after July 1, 2001.