By: Senator(s) Thames, Smith, Gordon

To: Fees, Salaries and Administration

Accrual Rate

## SENATE BILL NO. 2813

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 25-3-93 AND 25-3-95, MISSISSIPPI 1 CODE OF 1972, TO ALLOW EMPLOYEES TO DONATE PERSONAL LEAVE TO OTHER 2. EMPLOYEES WITH A CATASTROPHIC ILLNESS OR INJURY; AND FOR RELATED 3

4 PURPOSES

12

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 6 SECTION 1. Section 25-3-93, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- amended as follows: 7

Continuous

- 25-3-93. (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b), 8
- all employees and appointed officers of the State of Mississippi, 9
- 10 who are employees as defined in Section 25-3-91, shall be allowed

Accrual Rate

11 credit for personal leave computed as follows:

13	Service	(Monthly)	(Annually)
14	1 month to 3 years	12 hours per month	18 days per year
15	37 months to 8 years	14 hours per month	21 days per year
16	97 months to 15 years	16 hours per month	24 days per year
17	Over 15 years	18 hours per month	27 days per year
18	However, employees	who were hired prior	to July 1, 1984, who
19	have continuous service	of more than five (5)	years but not more

- have continuous service of more than five (5) years but not more
- 20 than eight (8) years shall accrue fifteen (15) hours of personal
- 21 leave each month.
- 2.2 (b) Temporary employees who work less than a full
- workweek and part-time employees shall be allowed credit for 23
- 24 personal leave computed on a pro rata basis. Faculty members
- 25 employed by the eight (8) public universities on a nine-month
- contract, temporary employees of the public universities who work 26
- 27 less than twenty (20) hours per week for a period of less than

- 28 five (5) months during a fiscal year, and recipients of full-time
- 29 educational leave, while on such leave, shall not be eligible for
- 30 personal leave.
- 31 (2) For the purpose of computing credit for personal leave,
- 32 each appointed officer or employee shall be considered to work not
- 33 more than five (5) days each week. Leaves of absence granted by
- 34 the appointing authority for one (1) year or less shall be
- 35 permitted without forfeiting previously accumulated continuous
- 36 service. The provisions of this section shall not apply to
- 37 military leaves of absence. The time for taking personal leave,
- 38 except when such leave is taken due to an illness, shall be
- 39 determined by the appointing authority of which such employees are
- 40 employed.
- 41 (3) For the purpose of Sections 25-3-91 through 25-3-99, the
- 42 earned personal leave of each employee shall be credited monthly
- 43 after the completion of each calendar month of service, and the
- 44 appointing authority shall not increase the amount of personal
- 45 leave to an employee's credit. It shall be unlawful for an
- 46 appointing authority to grant personal leave in an amount greater
- 47 than was earned and accumulated by the officer or employee.
- 48 (4) Employees are encouraged to use earned personal leave.
- 49 Personal leave may be used for vacations and personal business as
- 50 scheduled by the appointing authority and shall be used for
- 51 illnesses of the employee requiring absences of one (1) day less.
- 52 Accrued personal or compensatory leave shall be used for the first
- 53 day of an employees illness requiring his absence of more than one
- 54 (1) day. Accrued personal or compensatory leave may also be used
- 55 for an illness in the employee's immediate family as defined in
- 56 Section 25-3-95. There shall be no limit to the accumulation of
- 57 personal leave. Upon termination of employment each employee
- 58 shall be paid for not more than thirty (30) days of accumulated
- 59 personal leave. Unused personal leave in excess of thirty (30)
- 60 days shall be counted as creditable service for the purposes of

```
the retirement system as provided in Sections 25-11-103 and
61
62
    25-13-5.
              Any officer of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol who
63
         (5)
64
    is injured by wound or accident in the line of duty shall not be
65
    required to use earned personal leave during the period of
66
    recovery from such injury.
         (6) Any employee may donate a portion of his or her earned
67
    personal leave to another employee who is suffering from a
68
69
    catastrophic injury or illness, or to another employee who has a
    member of his or her immediate family who is suffering from a
70
71
    catastrophic injury or illness, in accordance with subsection (8)
72
    of Section 25-3-95.
73
         This subsection shall stand repealed from and after July 1,
    2003.
74
         SECTION 2. Section 25-3-95, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
75
76
    amended as follows:
77
         25-3-95. (1) All employees and appointed officers of the
78
    State of Mississippi, except temporary employees of the public
    universities who work less than twenty (20) hours per week for a
79
80
    period of less than five (5) months during a fiscal year and
    recipients of full-time educational leave, while on such leave,
81
82
    shall accrue credits for major medical leave as follows:
         Continuous
                                 Accrual Rate
                                                      Accrual Rate
83
84
          Service
                                  (Monthly)
                                                       (Annually)
85
    1 month to 3 years
                             8 hours per month
                                                   12 days per year
                             7 hours per month
    37 months to 8 years
86
                                                   10.5 days per year
                             6 hours per month
                                                   9 days per year
87
    97 months to 15 years
    Over 15 years
                             5 hours per month 7.5 days per year
88
         Faculty members employed by the eight (8) public universities
89
90
    on a nine-month contract shall accrue credit for major medical
91
    leave as follows:
              Continuous
```

Accrual Rate

(Per Month)

Accrual Rate

(Per Academic Year)

\*SS03/R316\* S. B. No. 2813 01/SS03/R316 PAGE 3

Service

92

93

94 1 month to 3 years 13-1/3 hours per month 15 days per 95 academic year 37 months to 8 years 14-1/5 hours per month 96 16 days per 97 academic year 98 97 months to 15 years 15-2/5 hours per month 17 days per 99 academic year 100 Over 15 years 16 hours per month 18 days per 101 academic year 102 Part-time employees shall accrue major medical leave on a pro 103 rata basis. There shall be no maximum limit to major medical 104 leave accumulation. All unused major medical leave shall be 105 counted as creditable service for the purposes of the retirement 106 system as provided in Sections 25-11-103 and 25-13-5. 107 Major medical leave may be used for the illness or 108 injury of an employee or member of the employee's immediate family 109 as defined in subsection (3) of this section, only after the employee has used one (1) day of accrued personal or compensatory 110 111 leave for each absence due to illness, or leave without pay if the employee has no accrued personal or compensatory leave. Provided 112 113 that faculty members employed by the eight (8) public universities on a nine-month basis may use major medical leave for the first 114 115 day of absence due to illness. However, major medical leave may 116 be used, without prior use of personal leave, to cover regularly scheduled visits to a doctor's office or a hospital for the 117 118 continuing treatment of a chronic disease, as certified in advance by a physician. For the purposes of this section, "physician" 119 120 means a doctor of medicine, osteopathy, dental medicine, podiatry or chiropractic. For each absence due to illness of thirty-two 121 122 (32) consecutive working hours (combined personal leave and major 123 medical leave) major medical leave shall be authorized only when 124 certified by their attending physician.

(3) An employee may use up to three (3) days of earned major medical leave for each occurrence of death in the immediate family S. B. No. 2813 \*SSO3/R316\* 01/SSO3/R316 PAGE 4

125

126

- 127 requiring the employee's absence from work. No qualifying time or
- 128 use of personal leave will be required prior to use of major
- 129 medical leave for this purpose. For the purpose of this
- 130 subsection (3), the immediate family is defined as spouse, parent,
- 131 stepparent, sibling, child, stepchild, grandchild, grandparent,
- 132 son- or daughter-in-law, mother- or father-in-law or brother- or
- 133 sister-in-law. Child means a biological, adopted or foster child,
- 134 or a child for whom the individual stands or stood in loco
- 135 parentis.
- 136 (4) Employees and appointed officers of the State of
- 137 Mississippi having unused, accumulated sick leave or annual leave
- 138 earned prior to July 1, 1984, shall be credited with major medical
- 139 leave and personal leave as follows: All unused annual leave
- 140 shall be credited as personal leave.
- 141 Unused sick leave shall be divided between major medical
- 142 leave and personal leave at rates determined by the employee's
- 143 sick leave balance on June 30, 1984. The rates of conversion
- 144 shall be as follows:

145	Sick Leave	Percentage	Percentage
146	Balance as of	Converted to	Converted to
147	June 30, 1984	Personal Leave	Major Medical Leave
148	1 - 200 hours	20%	80%
149	201 - 400 hours	25%	75%
150	401 - 600 hours	30%	70%
151	601 or more hours	35%	65%

- 152 (5) Upon retirement from active employment each faculty
- 153 member of the state-supported public universities who is employed
- 154 on a nine-month basis shall receive credit and be paid for not
- 155 more than thirty (30) days of unused major medical leave for
- 156 service as a state employee. Unused major medical leave in excess
- 157 of thirty (30) days shall be counted as creditable service for the
- 158 purposes of the retirement system as provided in Sections
- 159 25-11-103 and 25-13-5.

160	(6) Any officer of the Mississippi Highway Safety Patrol who
161	is injured by wound or accident in the line of duty shall not be
162	required to use earned major medical leave during the period of
163	recovery from such injury.

- (7) For the purpose of Sections 25-3-91 through 25-3-99, the earned major medical leave of each employee shall be credited monthly after the completion of each calendar month, and the appointing authority shall not increase the amount of major medical leave to an employee's credit. It shall be unlawful for an appointing authority to grant major medical leave in an amount greater than was earned and accumulated by the officer or employee.
- (8) Any employee may donate a portion of his or her earned personal leave or major medical leave to another employee who is suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, as defined in Section 25-3-91, or to another employee who has a member of his or her immediate family who is suffering from a catastrophic injury or illness, in accordance with the following:
- (a) The employee donating the leave (the "donor employee") shall designate the employee who is to receive the leave (the "recipient employee") and the amount of earned personal leave and major medical leave that is to be donated, and shall notify the donor employee's appointing authority or supervisor of his or her designation. The donor employee's appointing authority or supervisor then shall notify the recipient employee's appointing authority or supervisor of the amount of leave that has been donated by the donor employee to the recipient employee.
- (b) The maximum amount of earned personal leave that an employee may donate to any other employee may not exceed a number of days that would leave the donor employee with fewer than seven (7) days of personal leave left, and the maximum amount of earned major medical leave that an employee may donate to any other

192	employee may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the earned major	
193	medical leave of the donor employee.	
194	(c) An employee must have exhausted all of his or her	
195	earned personal leave and major medical leave before he or she	
196	will be eligible to receive any leave donated by another employee.	
197	(d) Before an employee may receive donated leave, he or	
198	she must provide his or her appointing authority or supervisor	
199	with a physician's statement that states the beginning date of the	
200	catastrophic injury or illness, a description of the injury or	
201	illness, and a prognosis for recovery and the anticipated date	
202	that the recipient employee will be able to return to work.	
203	(e) If an employee is aggrieved by the decision of his	
204	or her appointing authority that the employee is not eligible to	
205	receive donated leave because the injury or illness of the	
206	employee or member of the employee's immediate family is not, in	
207	the appointing authority's determination, a catastrophic injury or	
208	illness, the employee may appeal the decision to the employee	
209	appeals board.	
210	(f) If the total amount of leave that is donated to any	
211	employee is not used by the recipient employee, the donated leave	
212	shall be returned to the donor employees on a pro rata basis,	
213	based on the ratio of the number of days of leave donated by each	
214	donor employee to the total number of days of leave donated by all	
215	donor employees.	
216	(g) The failure of any appointing authority or	
217	supervisor of any employee to properly deduct an employee's	
218	donation of leave to another employee from the donor employee's	
219	earned personal leave or major medical leave shall constitute just	
220	cause for the dismissal of the appointing authority or supervisor.	
221	(h) Donated leave shall not be used in lieu of	
222	disability retirement	

223	(i) For the purposes of this subsection, "immediate
224	family" means spouse, parent, stepparent, sibling, child or
225	stepchild.
226	(j) This subsection shall stand repealed from and after
227	July 1, 2003.
228	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from
229	and after July 1, 2001.