By: Senator(s) Jackson, Harden, Jordan, Frazier, Williamson, Walls, Horhn, Dawkins To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2569

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 47-5-138, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 TO PROVIDE THAT PERSONS CONVICTED OF NONVIOLENT CRIMES SHALL NOT 2 BE SUBJECT TO THE MANDATORY 85% SENTENCING PROVISIONS; TO AMEND 3 SECTION 47-7-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT A PERSON 4 CONVICTED OF A NONVIOLENT CRIME MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE; TO 5 AMEND SECTION 47-7-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REMOVE THE б REPEALER ON THE STATE PAROLE BOARD; TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-53, 7 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM; TO AMEND SECTION 47-5-1003, 8 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE ELIGIBILITY FOR HOUSE ARREST; 9 TO CREATE CODE SECTION 47-7-72, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 10 PROHIBIT THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FROM ACCEPTING FOR 11 12 SUPERVISION AN OUT-OF-STATE PAROLEE WHO HAS THREE OR MORE VIOLENT FELONY CONVICTIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 47-5-138, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

17 47-5-138. (1) (a) The department may promulgate rules and regulations to carry out an earned time allowance program based on 18 the good conduct and performance of an inmate. An inmate is 19 20 eligible to receive an earned time allowance of one-half (1/2) of the period of confinement imposed by the court except those 21 inmates excluded by law. When an inmate is committed to the 22 23 custody of the department, the department shall determine a 24 conditional earned time release date by subtracting the earned 25 time allowance from an inmate's term of sentence. This subsection 26 does not apply to any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995. 27 (b) A person sentenced for a nonviolent crime after

28 June 30, 2000, is eligible to receive the earned time allowance

29 provided in this subsection. A person is not eligible for the

30 earned time allowance under this subsection if he has been

31 convicted of a crime of violence.

32 (2) An inmate may forfeit all or part of his earned time 33 allowance for a serious violation of rules. No forfeiture of the 34 earned time allowance shall be effective except upon approval of 35 the commissioner or his designee, and forfeited earned time may 36 not be restored.

37 (3) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, "final order" 38 means an order of a state or federal court that dismisses a 39 lawsuit brought by an inmate while the inmate was in the custody 40 of the Department of Corrections as frivolous, malicious or for 41 failure to state a claim upon which relief could be granted.

42 (b) On receipt of a final order, the department shall43 forfeit:

(i) Sixty (60) days of an inmate's accrued earned time if the department has received one (1) final order as defined herein;

47 (ii) One hundred twenty (120) days of an inmate's
48 accrued earned time if the department has received two (2) final
49 orders as defined herein;

(iii) One hundred eighty (180) days of an inmate's
accrued earned time if the department has received three (3) or
more final orders as defined herein.

53 (c) The department may not restore earned time54 forfeited under this subsection.

55 (4) An inmate who meets the good conduct and performance 56 requirements of the earned time allowance program may be released 57 on his conditional earned time release date.

58 (5) For any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995, an inmate may receive an earned time allowance of four and one-half (4-1/2) 59 days for each thirty (30) days served if the department determines 60 that the inmate has complied with the good conduct and performance 61 62 requirements of the earned time allowance program. The earned 63 time allowance under this subsection shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of an inmate's term of sentence. 64 This subsection \*SS01/R679\* S. B. No. 2569 01/SS01/R679 PAGE 2

65 does not apply to any inmate who is eligible for the earned time 66 allowance in subsection (1).

67 (6) Any inmate, who is released before the expiration of his 68 term of sentence under this section, shall be placed under 69 earned-release supervision until the expiration of the term of 70 sentence. The inmate shall retain inmate status and remain under the jurisdiction of the department. The period of earned-release 71 72 supervision shall be conducted in the same manner as a period of supervised parole. The department shall develop rules, terms and 73 74 conditions for the earned-release supervision program. The 75 commissioner shall designate the appropriate classification committee or other division within the department to conduct 76 77 revocation hearings for inmates violating the conditions of earned-release supervision. 78

(7) If the earned-release supervision is revoked, the inmate shall serve the remainder of the sentence and the time the inmate was on earned-release supervision, shall not be applied to and shall not reduce his sentence.

83 SECTION 2. Section 47-7-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 84 amended as follows:

47-7-3. (1) Every prisoner who has been convicted of any 85 86 offense against the State of Mississippi, and is confined in the execution of a judgment of such conviction in the Mississippi 87 88 State Penitentiary for a definite term or terms of one (1) year or 89 over, or for the term of his or her natural life, whose record of conduct shows that such prisoner has observed the rules of the 90 91 penitentiary, and who has served not less than one-fourth (1/4)of the total of such term or terms for which such prisoner was 92 sentenced, or, if sentenced to serve a term or terms of thirty 93 94 (30) years or more, or, if sentenced for the term of the natural 95 life of such prisoner, has served not less than ten (10) years of 96 such life sentence, may be released on parole as hereinafter 97 provided, except that:

S. B. No. 2569 \*SSO1/R679\* 01/SS01/R679 PAGE 3 98 (a) No prisoner convicted as a confirmed and habitual
99 criminal under the provisions of Sections 99-19-81 through
100 99-19-87 shall be eligible for parole;

(b) Any person who shall have been convicted of a sex crime shall not be released on parole except for a person under the age of nineteen (19) who has been convicted under Section 97-3-67;

105 (c) No one shall be eligible for parole until he shall 106 have served one (1) year of his sentence, unless such person has accrued any meritorious earned time allowances, in which case he 107 108 shall be eligible for parole if he has served (i) nine (9) months 109 of his sentence or sentences, when his sentence or sentences is 110 two (2) years or less; (ii) ten (10) months of his sentence or sentences when his sentence or sentences is more than two (2) 111 years but no more than five (5) years; and (iii) one (1) year of 112 113 his sentence or sentences when his sentence or sentences is more 114 than five (5) years;

115 (d) (i) No person shall be eligible for parole who shall, on or after January 1, 1977, be convicted of robbery or 116 117 attempted robbery through the display of a firearm until he shall have served ten (10) years if sentenced to a term or terms of more 118 119 than ten (10) years or if sentenced for the term of the natural 120 life of such person. If such person is sentenced to a term or terms of ten (10) years or less, then such person shall not be 121 122 eligible for parole. The provisions of this paragraph (d) shall also apply to any person who shall commit robbery or attempted 123 124 robbery on or after July 1, 1982, through the display of a deadly This subparagraph (d)(i) shall not apply to persons 125 weapon. convicted after September 30, 1994; 126

(ii) No person shall be eligible for parole who shall, on or after October 1, 1994, be convicted of robbery, attempted robbery or carjacking as provided in Section 97-3-115 et seq., through the display of a firearm or drive-by shooting as S. B. No. 2569 \*SSO1/R679\* 01/SS01/R679 PAGE 4 provided in Section 97-3-109. The provisions of this subparagraph (d)(ii) shall also apply to any person who shall commit robbery, attempted robbery, carjacking or a drive-by shooting on or after October 1, 1994, through the display of a deadly weapon;

(e) No person shall be eligible for parole who, on or after July 1, 1994, is charged, tried, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment without eligibility for parole under the provisions of Section 99-19-101;

(f) No person shall be eligible for parole who is charged, tried, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment under the provisions of Section 99-19-101;

(g) No person shall be eligible for parole who is convicted or whose suspended sentence is revoked after June 30, 144 1995; <u>except a person who is convicted of a nonviolent crime and</u> who is eligible for the earned time allowance under Section 47-5-138(1) shall be eligible for parole;

147 (h) An offender may be eligible for medical release148 under Section 47-7-4.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an inmate 149 (2) 150 shall not be eligible to receive earned time, good time or any other administrative reduction of time which shall reduce the time 151 152 necessary to be served for parole eligibility as provided in 153 subsection (1) of this section; however, this subsection shall not 154 apply to the advancement of parole eligibility dates pursuant to 155 the Prison Overcrowding Emergency Powers Act. Moreover, meritorious earned time allowances may be used to reduce the time 156 157 necessary to be served for parole eligibility as provided in paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section. 158

(3) The State Parole Board shall by rules and regulations
establish a method of determining a tentative parole hearing date
for each eligible offender taken into the custody of the
Department of Corrections. The tentative parole hearing date
shall be determined within ninety (90) days after the department
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has assumed custody of the offender. Such tentative parole 164 165 hearing date shall be calculated by a formula taking into account 166 the offender's age upon first commitment, number of prior 167 incarcerations, prior probation or parole failures, the severity 168 and the violence of the offense committed, employment history and 169 other criteria which in the opinion of the board tend to validly and reliably predict the length of incarceration necessary before 170 171 the offender can be successfully paroled.

(4) Any inmate within twenty-four (24) months of his parole eligibility date and who meets the criteria established by the classification committee shall receive priority for placement in any educational development and job training programs. Any inmate refusing to participate in an educational development or job training program may be ineligible for parole.

178 SECTION 3. Section 47-7-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 179 amended as follows:

180 47-7-5. (1) The State Parole Board, created under former 181 Section 47-7-5, is hereby created, continued and reconstituted and 182 shall be composed of five (5) members. The Governor shall appoint 183 the members with the advice and consent of the Senate. All terms 184 shall be at the will and pleasure of the Governor. Any vacancy 185 shall be filled by the Governor, with the advice and consent of 186 the Senate. The Governor shall appoint a chairman of the board.

187 (2) Any person who is appointed to serve on the board shall 188 possess at least a bachelor's degree or a high school diploma and four (4) years' work experience. Each member shall devote his 189 full time to the duties of his office and shall not engage in any 190 other business or profession or hold any other public office. 191 Α 192 member shall not receive compensation or per diem in addition to 193 his salary as prohibited under Section 25-3-38. Each member shall 194 keep such hours and workdays as required of full-time state 195 employees under Section 25-1-98. Individuals shall be appointed 196 to serve on the board without reference to their political \*SS01/R679\* S. B. No. 2569 01/SS01/R679

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197 affiliations. Each board member, including the chairman, may be 198 reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses as authorized by 199 Section 25-3-41; but a member shall not be reimbursed for travel 200 expenses from his residence to the nearest state penitentiary.

(3) The board shall have exclusive responsibility for the granting of parole as provided by Sections 47-7-3 and 47-7-17 and shall have exclusive authority for revocation of the same. The board shall have exclusive responsibility for investigating clemency recommendations upon request of the Governor.

(4) The board, its members and staff shall be immune from
civil liability for any official acts taken in good faith and in
exercise of the board's legitimate governmental authority.

209 The budget of the board shall be funded through a (5) separate line item within the general appropriation bill for the 210 support and maintenance of the department. Employees of the 211 212 department which are employed by or assigned to the board shall 213 work under the guidance and supervision of the board. There shall 214 be an executive secretary to the board who shall be responsible for all administrative and general accounting duties related to 215 216 the board. The executive secretary shall keep and preserve all 217 records and papers pertaining to board.

(6) The board shall have no authority or responsibility for supervision of offenders granted a release for any reason, including, but not limited to, probation, parole or executive clemency or other offenders requiring the same through interstate compact agreements. The supervision shall be provided exclusively by the staff of the Division of Community Services of the department.

(7) The State Parole Board, immediately after the effective date of this act, shall review all cases where an offender was denied parole and any eligibility for reconsideration for parole for at least one (1) year after denial.

S. B. No. 2569 \*SSO1/R679\* 01/SS01/R679 PAGE 7 (8) The State Parole Board shall review and investigate all cases where offenders have been diagnosed with a serious illness. If the Medical Director of the Department of Corrections certifies to the State Parole Board that an offender is suffering from a terminal illness, the State Parole Board shall parole the offender with the approval and consent of the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections and the medical director.

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237 SECTION 4. Section 47-7-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
238 amended as follows:

47-7-53. <u>If the Parole Board is abolished</u>, the Department of
 Corrections shall assume and exercise all the duties, powers and
 responsibilities of the State Parole Board. The

242 Commissioner \* \* \* may assign to the appropriate officers and 243 divisions any powers and duties deemed appropriate to carry out 244 the duties and powers of the Parole Board. Wherever the terms 245 "State Parole Board" or "Parole Board" appear in any state law, 246 they shall mean the Department of Corrections.

247 SECTION 5. Section 47-5-1003, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 248 amended as follows:

47-5-1003. (1) An intensive supervision program may be used as an alternative to incarceration for offenders who are low risk and nonviolent as selected by the department or court. Any offender convicted of a sex crime or a felony for the sale or manufacture of a controlled substance under the uniform controlled substances law shall not be placed in the program.

255 (2) The court placing an offender in the intensive 256 supervision program may, acting upon the advice and consent of the 257 commissioner at the time of the initial sentencing only, and not 258 later than one (1) year after the defendant has been delivered to the custody of the department, suspend the further execution of 259 260 the sentence and place the defendant on intensive supervision, 261 except when a death sentence or life imprisonment is the maximum \*SS01/R679\* S. B. No. 2569 01/SS01/R679

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penalty which may be imposed or if the defendant has been confined for the conviction of a felony on a previous occasion in any court or courts of the United States and of any state or territories thereof or has been convicted of a felony involving the use of a deadly weapon.

(3) To protect and to ensure the safety of the state's
citizens, any offender who violates an order or condition of the
intensive supervision program shall be arrested by the
correctional field officer and placed in the actual custody of the
Department of Corrections. Such offender is under the full and
complete jurisdiction of the department and subject to removal
from the program by the classification committee.

274 When any circuit or county court places an offender in (4) an intensive supervision program, the court shall give notice to 275 the Mississippi Department of Corrections within fifteen (15) days 276 277 of the court's decision to place the offender in an intensive supervision program. Notice shall be delivered to the central 278 279 office of the Mississippi Department of Corrections and to the 280 regional office of the department which will be providing 281 supervision to the offender in an intensive supervision program.

The courts may not require an offender to complete the intensive supervision program as a condition of probation or post-release supervision.

285 (5) Any offender serving a sentence for only nonviolent
286 crimes and who is within one (1) year of eligibility for parole or
287 release may be considered by the classification committee for
288 house arrest under the electronic home detention program. Any
289 offender who violates an order or condition of the program shall
290 be required to serve the full term to which sentenced, in the
291 discretion of the department, either under house arrest or while

292 incarcerated.

293 SECTION 6. The following provision shall be codified as 294 Section 47-7-72, Mississippi Code of 1972: S. B. No. 2569 \*SSO1/R679\* O1/SSO1/R679 PAGE 9 295 <u>47-7-72.</u> (1) The Department of Corrections shall not accept 296 any person convicted of three (3) or more violent felony offenses 297 placed on probation or released on parole under the Uniform Act 298 for Out-of-State Parolee Suspension.

(2) The Department of Corrections shall not consent to any
person convicted of three (3) or more violent felony offenses
being sent to reside in Mississippi under Section 47-7-71.

302 (3) The Department of Corrections shall immediately notify 303 any state having an out-of-state parolee agreement with Mississippi of this condition and take immediate action to modify 304 305 such agreements, or to renounce such agreement if a contracting 306 state refuses to agree with the restrictions placed on such agreements with the Department of Corrections under this section. 307 308 SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2001. 309