MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Senator(s) Ross

To: Public Health and Welfare

SENATE BILL NO. 2044

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 73-25-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 TO PROHIBIT A PHYSICIAN FROM CHARGING A PATIENT FOR ANY CLINICAL 2 LABORATORY SERVICES WHICH ARE NOT RENDERED BY THE LICENSEE, TO 3 PROVIDE CERTAIN DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR SUCH CHARGES, TO 4 PROHIBIT A PHYSICIAN FROM CHARGING AN AMOUNT FOR A CLINICAL 5 LABORATORY SERVICE GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT CHARGED BY THE 6 PROVIDER, AND TO PROVIDE THAT SUCH PROHIBITED ACTION BY A 7 PHYSICIAN IS GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY THE MISSISSIPPI 8 BOARD OF MEDICAL LICENSURE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 10 11 SECTION 1. Section 73-25-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 12 73-25-29. The grounds for the nonissuance, suspension, 13 revocation or restriction of a license or the denial of 14 reinstatement or renewal of a license are: 15 16 (1) Habitual personal use of narcotic drugs, or any other drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 17 18 liability. (2) Habitual use of intoxicating liquors, or any 19 beverage, to an extent which affects professional competency. 20 21 (3) Administering, dispensing or prescribing any narcotic drug, or any other drug having addiction-forming or 22 23 addiction-sustaining liability otherwise than in the course of 24 legitimate professional practice. (4) Conviction of violation of any federal or state law 25 regulating the possession, distribution or use of any narcotic 26 drug or any drug considered a controlled substance under state or 27 federal law, a certified copy of the conviction order or judgment 28 29 rendered by the trial court being prima facie evidence thereof, 30 notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal.

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31 (5) Procuring, or attempting to procure, or aiding in,32 an abortion that is not medically indicated.

33 (6) Conviction of a felony or misdemeanor involving
34 moral turpitude, a certified copy of the conviction order or
35 judgment rendered by the trial court being prima facie evidence
36 thereof, notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal.

37 (7) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by38 fraud or deception.

39 (8) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not40 limited to:

41 (a) Practicing medicine under a false or assumed42 name or impersonating another practitioner, living or dead.

43 (b) Knowingly performing any act which in any way44 assists an unlicensed person to practice medicine.

45 (c) Making or willfully causing to be made any
46 flamboyant claims concerning the licensee's professional
47 excellence.

48 (d) Being guilty of any dishonorable or unethical49 conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.

(e) Obtaining a fee as personal compensation or gain from a person on fraudulent representation a disease or injury condition generally considered incurable by competent medical authority in the light of current scientific knowledge and practice can be cured or offering, undertaking, attempting or agreeing to cure or treat the same by a secret method, which he refuses to divulge to the board upon request.

(f) Use of any false, fraudulent or forged statement or document, or the use of any fraudulent, deceitful, dishonest or immoral practice in connection with any of the licensing requirements, including the signing in his professional capacity any certificate that is known to be false at the time he makes or signs such certificate.

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Failing to identify a physician's school of 63 (q) 64 practice in all professional uses of his name by use of his earned degree or a description of his school of practice. 65 66 (h) Charging any patient for any clinical 67 laboratory service not actually rendered by the licensee to the 68 patient unless the service is itemized in the charge, bill or other solicitation of payment by identifying the name and address 69 70 of the provider of the clinical laboratory service and the amount charged by such provider for the clinical laboratory service. The 71 physician shall not charge a fee for referral to a clinical 72 73 laboratory. This paragraph shall be satisfied if the required disclosures are made to the third-party payor of the patient. 74 75 (i) Charging any patient or third-party payor an amount for a clinical laboratory service not actually rendered by 76 77 the licensee to the patient that is greater than the amount charged by the provider of the clinical laboratory service to the 78 79 licensee. 80 (9) The refusal of a licensing authority of another state or jurisdiction to issue or renew a license, permit or 81

certificate to practice medicine in that jurisdiction or the revocation, suspension or other restriction imposed on a license, permit or certificate issued by such licensing authority which prevents or restricts practice in that jurisdiction, a certified copy of the disciplinary order or action taken by the other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence thereof,

88 notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal.

89 (10) Surrender of a license or authorization to 90 practice medicine in another state or jurisdiction or surrender of 91 membership on any medical staff or in any medical or professional 92 association or society while under disciplinary investigation by 93 any of those authorities or bodies for acts or conduct similar to 94 acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as 95 defined in this section.

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Final sanctions imposed by the United States 96 (11)Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector 97 General or any successor federal agency or office, based upon a 98 99 finding of incompetency, gross misconduct or failure to meet 100 professionally recognized standards of health care; a certified copy of the notice of final sanction being prima facie evidence 101 102 thereof. As used in this paragraph, the term "final sanction" 103 means the written notice to a physician from the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector 104 General or any successor federal agency or office, which 105 106 implements the exclusion.

107 (12) Failure to furnish the board, its investigators or108 representatives information legally requested by the board.

(13) Violation of any provision(s) of the Medical
Practice Act or the rules and regulations of the board or of any
order, stipulation or agreement with the board.

In addition to the grounds specified above, the board shall 112 113 be authorized to suspend the license of any licensee for being out of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section 114 115 93-11-153. The procedure for suspension of a license for being out of compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for 116 the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that 117 purpose, and the payment of any fees for the reissuance or 118 reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be 119 120 governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be. If there is any conflict between any provision of Section 121 122 93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this chapter, the provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be, 123 shall control. 124

125 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 126 and after July 1, 2001.