By: Representative Moody

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 1417

AN ACT RELATING TO CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 93-11-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TERMS "ARREARAGE" AND "DELINQUENCY"; TO 3 AMEND SECTION 93-11-153, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO INCLUDE COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES AS ENTITIES THAT CAN SUSPEND LICENSES 5 OR CERTIFICATIONS FOR NONPAYMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT; TO AMEND 6 SECTIONS 93-9-25 AND 93-9-27, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY 7 REFERENCES IN THE GENETIC TESTING STATUTES; TO AMEND SECTION 8 43-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CLARIFY THE APPLICATION OF 9 THE CHILD SUPPORT AWARD MINIMUM GUIDELINES BASED ON THE PERCENTAGE 10 OF ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, TO AUTHORIZE THE IMPUTATION OF EARNING 11 ABILITY BASED ON THE CURRENT MINIMUM WAGE IF THE ABSENT PARENT 12 DOES NOT APPEAR AT THE CHILD SUPPORT HEARING, AND TO DEFINE 13 REASONABLE MEDICAL SUPPORT; TO AMEND SECTIONS 93-5-23 AND 14 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE FOR AUTOMATIC 15 EMANCIPATION OF A MINOR IN CERTAIN SITUATIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 16 93-9-11, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO DELETE THE ONE-YEAR 17 LIMITATION ON THE RECOVERY OF UNPAID CHILD SUPPORT; TO AMEND 18 SECTION 19-19-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO AUTHORIZE CONSTABLES 19 TO SERVE PROCESS FOR ANY COUNTY, CHANCERY OR CIRCUIT COURT; TO 20 21 AMEND SECTION 43-19-37, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THE 22 ELEMENTS FOR A PRIMA FACIE CASE AND THE BURDEN OF PROOF FOR 23 CONTEMPT OF COURT FOR FAILURE TO PAY CHILD SUPPORT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 24

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- SECTION 1. Section 93-11-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 27 amended as follows:
- 28 93-11-101. As used in Sections 93-11-101 through 93-11-119,
- 29 the following words shall have the meaning ascribed to them herein
- 30 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 31 (a) "Order for support" means any order of the
- 32 chancery, circuit, county or family court, which provides for
- 33 periodic payment of funds for the support of a child, whether
- 34 temporary or final, and includes any such order which provides
- 35 for:

H. B. No. 1417 *HR29/AD2* G1/2 01/HR29/AD2

- 36 (i) Modification or resumption of, or payment of
- 37 arrearage accrued under, a previously existing order; or
- 38 (ii) Reimbursement of support.
- "Order for support" shall also mean:
- 40 (i) An order for support and maintenance of a
- 41 spouse if a minor child is living with such spouse; or
- 42 (ii) In actions to which the Department of Human
- 43 Services is a party, an order for support and maintenance of a
- 44 spouse if a minor child is living with such spouse and such
- 45 maintenance is collected in conjunction with child support.
- 46 (b) "Court" means the court that enters an order for
- 47 withholding pursuant to Section 93-11-103(1).
- 48 (c) "Clerk of the court" means the clerk of the court
- 49 that enters an order for withholding pursuant to Section
- 50 93-11-103(1).
- (d) "Arrearage" means the total amount of unpaid
- 52 support obligations.
- (e) "Delinquency" means any payments that are ordered
- 54 by any court to be paid by a noncustodial parent for the support
- of a child that have remained unpaid for at least thirty (30) days
- 56 after payment is due. Delinquency shall also include payments
- 57 that are ordered by any court to be paid for maintenance of a
- 58 spouse in cases in which the department is collecting such support
- 59 in conjunction with child support. * * *
- (f) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of
- 61 Human Services.
- (g) "Employer" means a person who has control of the
- 63 payment of wages to an individual.
- (h) "Income" means any form of periodic payment to an
- 65 individual, regardless of source, including, but not limited to:
- 66 wages, salary, commission, compensation as an independent
- 67 contractor, workers' compensation, disability, annuity and
- 68 retirement benefits, and any other payments made by any person,

- 69 private entity, federal or state government or any unit of local
- 70 government, notwithstanding any other provisions of state or local
- 71 law which limit or exempt income or the amount or percentage of
- 72 income that can be withheld; provided, however, that income
- 73 excludes:
- 74 (i) Any amounts required by law to be withheld,
- 75 other than creditor claims, including, but not limited to,
- 76 federal, state and local taxes, Social Security and other
- 77 retirement and disability contributions;
- 78 (ii) Any amounts exempted by federal law;
- 79 (iii) Public assistance payments; and
- 80 (iv) Unemployment insurance benefits except as
- 81 provided by law.
- 82 (i) "Obligor" means the individual who owes a duty to
- 83 make payments under an order for support.
- (j) "Obligee" means:
- (i) An individual to whom a duty of support is or
- 86 is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been
- 87 issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered;
- 88 (ii) A state or political subdivision to which the
- 89 rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned
- 90 or which independent claims based on financial assistance provided
- 91 to an individual obligee; or
- 92 (iii) An individual seeking a judgment determining
- 93 parentage of the individual's child.
- 94 (k) "Payor" means any payor of income to an obligor.
- 95 SECTION 2. Section 93-11-153, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 96 amended as follows:
- 97 93-11-153. As used in Sections 93-11-151 through 93-11-163,
- 98 the following words and terms shall have the meanings ascribed
- 99 herein:
- 100 (a) "Licensing entity" or "entity" means any entity
- 101 specified in Title 73, Professions and Vocations, of the

- 102 Mississippi Code, and includes the Mississippi Department of
- 103 Public Safety with respect to driver's licenses, the Mississippi
- 104 State Tax Commission with respect to licenses for the sale of
- 105 alcoholic beverages and other licenses or registration authorizing
- 106 a person to engage in a business, the Mississippi Department of
- 107 Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks with respect to hunting and fishing
- 108 licenses, and any other state agency, county or municipality that
- 109 issues a license authorizing a person to engage in a business,
- 110 occupation or profession. For the purposes of this article, the
- 111 Supreme Court shall be considered to be the licensing entity for
- 112 attorneys.
- 113 (b) "License" means a license, certificate, permit,
- 114 credential, registration, or any other authorization issued by a
- 115 licensing entity that allows a person to engage in a business,
- 116 occupation or profession, to operate a motor vehicle, to sell
- 117 alcoholic beverages, or to hunt and fish.
- 118 (c) "Licensee" means any person holding a license
- 119 issued by a licensing entity.
- 120 (d) "Order for support" means any judgment or order
- 121 that provides for payments of a sum certain for the support of a
- 122 child, whether it is temporary or final, and includes, but is not
- 123 limited to, an order for reimbursement for public assistance or an
- 124 order for making periodic payments on a support arrearage, or a
- 125 sum certain due for a support arrearage.
- (e) "Out of compliance with an order for support" means
- 127 that the obligor is at least thirty (30) days in arrears or
- 128 delinquent in making payments in full for current support, or in
- 129 making periodic payments on a support arrearage.
- 130 (f) "Department" means the Mississippi Department of
- 131 Human Services.
- 132 (g) "Division" means the division within the department
- 133 that is charged with the state administration of Title IV-D of the
- 134 Social Security Act.

- 135 "Delinquency" means any payments of a sum certain 136 ordered by any court to be paid by a noncustodial parent for the 137 support of a child that have remained unpaid for at least thirty 138 (30) days after payment is due. Delinquency shall also include 139 payments of a sum certain ordered by any court to be paid for 140 maintenance of a spouse that have remained unpaid for at least
- SECTION 3. Section 93-9-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 142 143 amended as follows:

thirty (30) days.

141

- The costs of the genetic or other tests required by 144 93-9-25. 145 the court and the compensation of each expert witness appointed by the court shall be fixed at a reasonable amount. It shall be paid 146 147 as the court shall order. The court may order that it be paid by 148 the parties in such proportions and at such times as it shall prescribe, and that, after payment by either of the parties or 149 150 both, all or part or none of it be taxed as costs in the action. 151 The fee of an expert witness called by a party but not appointed 152 by the court shall be paid by the party calling him but shall not be taxed as costs in the action. 153
- 154 SECTION 4. Section 93-9-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 155 amended as follows:
- 93-9-27. (1) If the court finds that the conclusions of all 156 157 the experts, as disclosed by the evidence based upon the tests, are that the alleged father is not the father of the child, the 158 159 question of paternity shall be resolved accordingly. If an expert concludes that the genetic or other tests show the probability of 160 161 paternity, such evidence shall be admitted.
- There shall be rebuttable presumption, affecting the 162 (2) burden of proof, of paternity, if the court finds that the 163 164 probability of paternity, as calculated by the experts qualified 165 as examiners of genetic tests, is ninety-eight percent (98%) or 166 greater. This presumption may only be rebutted by a preponderance 167

of the evidence.

- 168 (3) Parties to an action to establish paternity shall not be 169 entitled to a jury trial.
- SECTION 5. Section 43-19-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:
- 172 43-19-101. (1) The following child support award guidelines
- 173 shall be a rebuttable presumption in all judicial or
- 174 administrative proceedings regarding the awarding or modifying of
- 175 child support awards in this state:

183

184

185

186

187

176	Number Of Children	Percentage Of Adjusted Gross Income
177	Due Support	That Should Be Awarded For Support
178	1	14%
179	2	20%
180	3	22%
181	4	24%
182	5 or more	26%

- (2) The guidelines provided for in subsection (1) of this section apply unless the judicial or administrative body awarding or modifying the child support award makes a written finding or specific finding on the record that the application of the guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case as determined under the criteria specified in Section 43-19-103.
- 189 (3) The amount of "adjusted gross income" as that term is
 190 used in subsection (1) of this section shall be calculated as
 191 follows:
- that may reasonably be expected to be available to the absent
 parent including, but not limited to, the following: wages and
 salary income; income from self employment; income from
 commissions; income from investments, including dividends,
 interest income and income on any trust account or property;
 absent parent's portion of any joint income of both parents;
- 199 workers' compensation, disability, unemployment, annuity and
- 200 retirement benefits, including an individual retirement account

- 201 (IRA); any other payments made by any person, private entity,
- 202 federal or state government or any unit of local government;
- 203 alimony; any income earned from an interest in or from inherited
- 204 property; any other form of earned income; and gross income shall
- 205 exclude any monetary benefits derived from a second household,
- 206 such as income of the absent parent's current spouse;
- 207 (b) Subtract the following legally mandated deductions:
- 208 (i) Federal, state and local taxes. Contributions
- 209 to the payment of taxes over and beyond the actual liability for
- 210 the taxable year shall not be considered a mandatory deduction;
- 211 (ii) Social security contributions;
- 212 (iii) Retirement and disability contributions
- 213 except any voluntary retirement and disability contributions;
- 214 (c) If the absent parent is subject to an existing
- 215 court order for another child or children, subtract the amount of
- 216 that court-ordered support;
- 217 (d) Compute the total annual amount of adjusted gross
- 218 income based on paragraphs (a) through (d), then divide this
- 219 amount by twelve (12) to obtain the monthly amount of adjusted
- 220 gross income.
- (e) If the absent parent is also the legal parent of
- 222 another child (ren) * * * residing with him, then the court may
- 223 subtract five percent (5%) from his adjusted gross income per
- 224 child not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) for three (3) or more
- 225 children;
- Upon conclusion of the calculation of paragraphs (a) through
- 227 (e), multiply the monthly amount of adjusted gross income by the
- 228 appropriate percentage designated in subsection (1) to arrive at
- 229 the amount of the monthly child support award; however, where
- 230 multiple obligations are to be established or modified, this
- 231 percentage shall apply to each case and shall not be divided
- 232 between the households of multiple custodial parents.

233	(4) Should the absent parent not appear at either an
234	administrative or judicial hearing for the determination of child
235	support, after being properly served, or income information is
236	otherwise unavailable, the court may impute earning ability and
237	may award support based on current minimum wage for full time
238	employment or the defendant's prior earning capacity or
239	capability.
240	(5) In cases in which the adjusted gross income as defined
241	in this section is more than One Hundred Thousand Dollars
242	(\$100,000.00) or less than <u>Six Thousand Dollars ($\$6,000.00$)</u> , the
243	court shall make a written finding in the record as to whether or
244	not the application of the guidelines established in this section
245	is reasonable.
246	(6) The Department of Human Services shall review the
247	appropriateness of these guidelines beginning January 1, 1994,
248	and, at least every four (4) years thereafter and report its
249	findings to the Legislature no later than the first day of the
250	regular legislative session of that year. The Legislature shall
251	thereafter amend these guidelines when it finds that amendment is
252	necessary to ensure that equitable support is being awarded in all
253	cases involving the support of minor children.
254	(7) All orders involving support of minor children as a

- 254 (7) All orders involving support of minor children, as a
 255 matter of law, shall include reasonable medical support. Notice
 256 to the noncustodial parent's employer that medical support has
 257 been ordered shall be on a form as prescribed by the Department of
 258 Human Services.
- 260 medical insurance, the court may find that medical insurance which
 261 costs more than fifty percent (50%) of the child support
 262 obligation is unreasonable. In the case of multiple orders, fifty
 263 percent (50%) of the highest order shall be used to determine
 264 reasonableness. The cost of medical insurance shall not be

265 included in determining the amount of child support under these

266 guidelines.

PAGE 9 (\)

267 SECTION 6. Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 268 amended as follows:

269 93-5-23. (1) When a divorce shall be decreed from the bonds 270 of matrimony, the court may, in its discretion, having regard to 271 the circumstances of the parties and the nature of the case, as may seem equitable and just, make all orders touching the care, 272 custody and maintenance of the children of the marriage, and also 273 touching the maintenance and alimony of the wife or the husband, 274 275 or any allowance to be made to her or him, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other guarantee for the payment of the 276 277 sum so allowed. Orders touching on the custody of the children of 278 the marriage shall be made in accordance with the provisions of 279 Section 93-5-24. The court may afterwards, on petition, change 280 the decree, and make from time to time such new decrees as the 281 case may require. However, where proof shows that both parents 282 have separate incomes or estates, the court may require that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the children 283 284 of the marriage in proportion to the relative financial ability of 285 each. In the event a legally responsible parent has health 286 insurance available to him or her through an employer or 287 organization that may extend benefits to the dependents of such 288 parent, any order of support issued against such parent may 289 require him or her to exercise the option of additional coverage 290 in favor of such children as he or she is legally responsible to support. 291

292 (2) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic
293 payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond,
294 sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such
295 payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain
296 unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may,
297 upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or
H. B. No. 1417 *HR29/AD2*
01/HR29/AD2

such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

in such case.

Whenever in any proceeding in the chancery court (3) concerning the custody of a child a party alleges that the child whose custody is at issue has been the victim of sexual or physical abuse by the other party, the court may, on its own motion, grant a continuance in the custody proceeding only until such allegation has been investigated by the Department of Human Services. At the time of ordering such continuance the court may direct the party, and his attorney, making such allegation of child abuse to report in writing and provide all evidence touching on the allegation of abuse to the Department of Human Services. The Department of Human Services shall investigate such allegation and take such action as it deems appropriate and as provided in such cases under the Youth Court Law (being Chapter 21 of Title 43, Mississippi Code of 1972) or under the laws establishing family courts (being Chapter 23 of Title 43, Mississippi Code of 1972).

(4) If after investigation by the Department of Human Services or final disposition by the youth court or family court allegations of child abuse are found to be without foundation, the chancery court shall order the alleging party to pay all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defending party in responding to such allegation.

326 (5) The court may investigate, hear and make a determination 327 in a custody action when a charge of abuse and/or neglect arises 328 in the course of a custody action as provided in Section 329 43-21-151, and in such cases the court shall appoint a guardian ad 330 litem for the child as provided under Section 43-21-121, who shall

- 331 be an attorney. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been
- 332 terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement
- 333 with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the
- 334 court or designated authority at least annually to determine if
- 335 continued placement with the department is in the best interest of
- 336 the child or public.
- 337 (6) (a) The duty of support of a child terminates upon the
- 338 emancipation of the child. Emancipation shall be effective upon
- 339 the occurrence of one (1) of the following:
- 340 (i) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
- 341 (ii) Marries, or
- 342 (iii) Enlists in the military and enters active
- 343 duty with the U.S. Armed Forces or full-time employment with the
- 344 National Guard or Reserve, or
- 345 (iv) Is convicted as an adult of a felony and
- 346 sentenced to an adult correctional facility.
- 347 (b) However, the court may determine that emancipation
- 348 has occurred and no prospective support obligation exists when the
- 349 child:
- 350 (i) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school
- 351 and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
- 352 twenty-one (21) years, or
- 353 (ii) Voluntarily moves from the home of the
- 354 custodial parent or guardian and establishes independent living
- 355 arrangements and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining
- 356 the age of twenty-one (21) years.
- 357 Such a determination shall not be made retroactive prior to
- 358 the date of the hearing.
- 359 SECTION 7. Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 360 amended as follows:
- 361 93-11-65. (1) (a) In addition to the right to proceed
- 362 under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition
- 363 to the remedy of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing
 - H. B. No. 1417 *HR29/AD2* 01/HR29/AD2

remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have 364 365 jurisdiction to entertain suits for the custody, care, support and 366 maintenance of minor children and to hear and determine all such 367 matters, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other 368 guarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the 369 maintenance or support of a child. In the event a legally responsible parent has health insurance available to him or her 370 371 through an employer or organization that may extend benefits to the dependents of such parent, any order of support issued against 372 373 such parent may require him or her to exercise the option of 374 additional coverage in favor of such children as he or she is legally responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought by or 375 376 against a resident or nonresident of the State of Mississippi, 377 whether or not having the actual custody of minor children, for the purpose of judicially determining the legal custody of a 378 379 child. All actions herein authorized may be brought in the county where the child is actually residing, or in the county of the 380 381 residence of the party who has actual custody, or of the residence of the defendant. Process shall be had upon the parties as 382 383 provided by law for process in person or by publication, if they 384 be nonresidents of the state or residents of another jurisdiction 385 or are not found therein after diligent search and inquiry or are 386 unknown after diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court 387 or chancellor in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in 388 vacation to which process may be returnable and shall have power to proceed in termtime or vacation. Provided, however, that if 389 390 the court shall find that both parties are fit and proper persons to have custody of the children, and that either party is able to 391 adequately provide for the care and maintenance of the children, 392 393 and that it would be to the best interest and welfare of the 394 children, then any such child who shall have reached his twelfth 395 birthday shall have the privilege of choosing the parent with whom 396 he shall live.

- 397 (b) An order of child support shall specify the sum to 398 be paid weekly or otherwise. In addition to providing for support 399 and education, the order shall also provide for the support of the 400 child prior to the making of the order for child support, and such 401 other expenses as the court may deem proper.
- (c) The court may require the payment to be made to the custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be designated by the court as trustee, but if the child or custodial parent is receiving public assistance, the Department of Human Services shall be made the trustee.
- 407 (d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past
 408 education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses
 409 may be calculated from the date of the child's birth or such time
 410 as the court deems appropriate.
 - (2) Provided further, that where the proof shows that both parents have separate incomes or estates, the court may require that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the children in proportion to the relative financial ability of each.
 - (3) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond, sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may, upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing in such case.
- 427 (4) When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first
 428 arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in
 429 the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court
 H. B. No. 1417 *HR29/AD2*
 01/HR29/AD2

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination of 430 431 such abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and 432 determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the 433 parents, as provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the 434 other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in 435 chancery court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be 436 confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court proceedings, and the chancery court shall appoint a guardian ad 437 litem in such cases, as provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth 438 439 court proceedings, who shall be an attorney. Unless the chancery 440 court's jurisdiction has been terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for placement with the Department of Human Services 441 442 shall be reviewed by the court or designated authority at least 443 annually to determine if continued placement with the department

Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding 445 (5) 446 shall notify the other within five (5) days after any change of 447 In addition, the noncustodial and custodial parent shall file and update, with the court and with the state case registry, 448 449 information on that party's location and identity, including 450 social security number, residential and mailing addresses, 451 telephone numbers, photograph, driver's license number, and name, 452 address and telephone number of the party's employer. This 453 information shall be required upon entry of an order or within 454 five (5) days of a change of address.

is in the best interest of the child or the public.

- 455 (6) In any case subsequently enforced by the Department of 456 Human Services pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, 457 the court shall have continuing jurisdiction.
- 458 (7) In any subsequent child support enforcement action
 459 between the parties, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort
 460 has been made to ascertain the location of a party, due process
 461 requirements for notice and service of process shall be deemed to
 462 be met with respect to the party upon delivery of written notice

 H. B. No. 1417 *HR29/AD2*

463	to the most recent residential or employer address filed with the
464	state case registry.
465	(8) $\underline{(a)}$ The duty of support of a child terminates upon the
466	emancipation of the child. Emancipation shall be effective upon
467	the occurrence of one (1) of the following:
468	(i) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or
469	(ii) Marries, or
470	(iii) Enlists in the military and enters active
471	duty with the U.S. Armed Forces or full-time employment with the
472	National Guard or Reserve, or
473	(iv) Is convicted as an adult of a felony and
474	sentenced to an adult correctional facility.
475	(b) However, the court may determine that emancipation
476	has occurred and no prospective support obligation exists when the
477	<pre>child:</pre>
478	(i) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school
479	and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
480	twenty-one (21) years, or
481	(ii) Voluntarily moves from the home of the
482	custodial parent or guardian and establishes independent living
483	arrangements and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining
484	the age of twenty-one (21) years.
485	Such a determination shall not be made retroactive prior to
486	the date of the hearing.
487	(9) In child support orders where the current child support
488	obligation has terminated and there exists an arrearage for unpaid
489	child support, then the amount that is currently ordered to be
490	paid (current and arrearage obligation) shall continue to be paid
491	by the obligor or withheld by the obligor's employer. Said
492	payments shall be applied to the child support arrearage until
493	paid in full without further order of the court.
494	SECTION 8. Section 93-9-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

H. B. No. 1417 *HR29/AD2* 01/HR29/AD2 PAGE 15 (\)

amended as follows:

496 93-9-11. The father's liabilities for a child born out of 497 wedlock for past education and necessary support and maintenance 498 and other expenses may be calculated from the date of the child's birth or as the court deems appropriate. 499 500 SECTION 9. Section 19-19-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 501 amended as follows: 502 19-19-5. (1) It shall be the duty of every constable to 503 keep and preserve the peace within his county, by faithfully 504 aiding and assisting in executing the criminal laws of the state; to give information, without delay, to some justice court judge or 505 506 other proper officer, of all riots, routs and unlawful assemblies, 507 and of every violation of the penal laws which may come to his 508 knowledge in any manner whatsoever; to execute and return all 509 process, civil and criminal, lawfully directed to him, according 510 to the command thereof; and to pay over all monies, when collected by him to the person lawfully authorized to receive the same. 511 In addition, the constable shall also be authorized to serve process 512 513 as directed to him by any county, chancery or circuit court. No constable shall receive any fee provided by law for making an 514 515 arrest, or attending any trial, wherein the defendant has been arrested, or is being tried for any violation of the motor vehicle 516 517 laws committed on any designated United States highway located within the district or county of the constable. 518 519 520 shall attend and, to the extent to which he is physically able,

(2) (a) During a constable's term of office, each constable participate in a curriculum having a duration of two (2) weeks 521 522 which addresses the nature and scope of specific duties and responsibilities of a constable and which includes firearm use and 523 safety training, to be established by the Board on Law Enforcement 524 525 Officers Standards and Training in the field of law enforcement at the Mississippi Law Enforcement Officers' Training Academy or such 526 527 other training programs that are approved by the Board on Law 528 Enforcement Officers Standards and Training pursuant to Section *HR29/AD2* H. B. No. 1417 01/HR29/AD2

PAGE 16 (\)

529 45-6-9. No physical fitness test shall be required to be 530 successfully completed in order to complete the training program. 531 The board of supervisors of the county shall be responsible for 532 paying, only one (1) time, the tuition, living and travel expenses 533 incurred by any constable of that county in attendance at such 534 training program or curriculum. If such constable does not attend 535 and, to the extent to which he is physically able, participate in 536 the entirety of the required program or curriculum, any further training which may be required by this section shall be completed 537 538 at the expense of such constable. No constable shall be entitled 539 to the receipt of any fees, costs or compensation authorized by law after the first twenty-four (24) months in office if he fails 540 541 to attend the required training and, to the extent to which he is 542 physically able, participate in the entirety of the appropriate program or curriculum. Any constable who does not complete the 543 544 required training when required may execute and return civil 545 process but thereafter shall not be paid any fees, costs or 546 compensation for executing such process and shall not be allowed 547 to exercise any law enforcement functions or to carry a firearm in 548 the performance of his duties until he has completed such 549 training.

(b) (i) The Board of Law Enforcement Officers 550 551 Standards and Training shall develop a program of continuing 552 education training for constables to attend consisting of eight 553 (8) hours annually. The program shall be divided equally between firearms training and safety and instruction in both substantive 554 555 and procedural law. The training program shall be conducted by 556 the Mississippi Constables Association, and appropriate parts of the program may be conducted by members who have been certified by 557 558 the board to conduct the training program. The cost of travel, 559 tuition and living expenses in attending the continuing training 560 shall be paid out of the Law Enforcement Officers Training Fund 561 created in Section 45-6-15.

562 (ii) No constable elected prior to January 1, 2000, shall be required to comply with the continuing education 563 requirements of this paragraph (b); however, any constable may 564 565 elect to attend the annual training and shall be reimbursed 566 therefor as provided in this paragraph (b). 567 (c) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply 568 to a constable who has received a certificate from the Board on 569 Law Enforcement Officers Standards and Training evidencing satisfaction of subsections (2) and (3) of Section 45-6-11, or who 570 is exempt from the requirements of subsections (2) and (3) of 571 572 Section 45-6-11 by the provisions of subsection (1) of Section 573 45-6-11. Section 43-19-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 574 SECTION 10. amended as follows: 575 Failure of the absent parent to comply with 576 43-19-37. (1) 577 an order of support for a period of thirty (30) days shall be directed to the court having jurisdiction of the matter for 578 579 contempt proceedings or execution issued in the manner and form prescribed by statute. 580 581 (a) A prima facie case for contempt is established when 582 a party authorized to receive support introduces evidence that an 583 absent parent, who is or was required to pay support, has failed 584 to do so. Upon this showing, the burden of proof shifts to the absent parent to show, in particular, an inability to pay or other 585 586 defense by clear and convincing evidence. 587 (b) Any payments made by the absent parent directly to 588 the recipient or applicant in violation of the court order shall 589 not be deemed to be a support payment and shall not be credited to 590 the court-ordered obligation of said absent parent. 591 (c) Should civil proceedings become ineffective in 592 producing support in any case involving a legitimate child or a 593 child wherein paternity has been established by law or

acknowledged in writing, the case shall promptly be referred to

HR29/AD2

594

H. B. No. 1417 01/HR29/AD2 PAGE 18 (\)

595	the district attorney for prosecution as a violation of Section
596	<u>97-5-3.</u>
597	(2) Court orders of support in all cases brought under the
598	provisions of Sections 43-19-31 through 43-19-53 shall specify
599	that the payment of court costs shall be directed by the absent
600	parent to the Mississippi Department of Human Services Central
601	Receipting and Disbursement Unit for further disbursement in the
602	manner as prescribed by Title IV-D of the federal Social Security
603	Act. Attorney's fees * * * shall be paid directly to the
604	Mississippi Department of Human Services Central Receipting and
605	Disbursement Unit in cases instituted by the department, in a
606	manner separate and distinct from the payment of child
607	support. * * *
608	(3) Each application, petition, order or filing made under
609	this section shall include the Social Security number(s) of the
610	applicant or father, mother and child(ren), as applicable, in
611	accordance with Section 93-11-64, Mississippi Code of 1972.
612	SECTION 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after July 1, 2001.