By: Representative Smith (39th)

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 1168

- AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 91-9-107, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
- 2 TO INCLUDE IN THE UNIFORM TRUSTEES' POWERS THE SPECIFIC POWER TO
- 3 SEGREGATE OR CONSOLIDATE TRUSTS; TO REDUCE POTENTIAL
- 4 GENERATION-SKIPPING TAX LIABILITY; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 6 SECTION 1. Section 91-9-107, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 7 amended as follows:
- 8 91-9-107. (1) From time of creation of the trust until
- 9 final distribution of the assets of the trust, a trustee has the
- 10 power to perform, without court authorization, every act which a
- 11 prudent man would perform for the purposes of the trust, including
- 12 but not limited to:
- 13 (a) The powers specified in subsection (3) of this
- 14 section, and
- 15 (b) Those powers, rights and remedies set forth in
- 16 Section 91-9-9, related to compliance with environmental laws
- 17 affecting property held by fiduciaries. The provisions of this
- 18 paragraph (b) shall stand repealed from and after July 1, 2002.
- 19 (2) In the exercise of his powers, including the powers
- 20 granted by this article, a trustee has a duty to act with due
- 21 regard to his obligation as a fiduciary.
- 22 (3) A trustee has the power, subject to subsections (1) and
- 23 (2):
- 24 (a) To collect, hold and retain trust assets received
- 25 from a trustor until, in the judgment of the trustee, disposition
- of the assets should be made; and the assets may be retained even

- 27 though they include an asset in which the trustee is personally
- 28 interested;
- 29 (b) To receive additions to the assets of the trust;
- 30 (c) To continue or participate in the operation of any
- 31 business or other enterprise, and to effect incorporation,
- 32 dissolution or other change in the form of the organization of the
- 33 business or enterprise;
- 34 (d) To acquire an undivided interest in a trust asset
- 35 in which the trustee, in any trust capacity, holds an undivided
- 36 interest;
- 37 (e) To invest and reinvest trust assets in accordance
- 38 with the provisions of the trust or as provided by law;
- 39 (f) To deposit trust funds in a bank, including a bank
- 40 operated by the trustee;
- 41 (g) To acquire or dispose of an asset, for cash or on
- 42 credit, at public or private sale; and to manage, develop,
- 43 improve, exchange, partition, change the character of, or abandon
- 44 a trust asset or any interest therein; and to encumber, mortgage
- 45 or pledge a trust asset for a term within or extending beyond the
- 46 term of the trust, in connection with the exercise of any power
- 47 vested in the trustee;
- (h) To make ordinary or extraordinary repairs or
- 49 alterations in buildings, improvements or other structures; to
- 50 demolish any improvements; to raze existing or erect new party
- 51 walls, buildings or improvements;
- 52 (i) To subdivide, develop or dedicate land to public
- 53 use; or to make or obtain the vacation of plats and adjust
- 54 boundaries; or to adjust differences in valuation on exchange or
- 55 partition by giving or receiving consideration; or to dedicate
- 56 easements to public use without consideration;
- 57 (j) To enter for any purpose into a lease as lessor or
- 58 lessee with or without option to purchase or renew for a term
- 59 within or extending beyond the term of the trust;

- (k) To enter into a lease or arrangement for
- 61 exploration and removal of minerals or other natural resources, or
- 62 enter into a pooling or unitization agreement;
- (1) To grant an option involving disposition of a trust
- 64 asset, or to take an option for the acquisition of any asset;
- (m) To vote a security, in person or by general or
- 66 limited proxy;
- (n) To pay calls, assessments and any other sums
- 68 chargeable or accruing against or on account of securities;
- (o) To sell or exercise stock subscription or
- 70 conversion rights; to consent, directly or through a committee or
- 71 other agent, to the reorganization, consolidation, merger,
- 72 dissolution or liquidation of a corporation or other business
- 73 enterprise;
- 74 (p) To hold a security in the name of a nominee or in
- 75 other form without disclosure of the trust, so that title to the
- 76 security may pass by delivery, but the trustee is liable for any
- 77 act of the nominee in connection with the stock so held;
- 78 (q) To insure the assets of the trust against damage or
- 79 loss, and the trustee against liability with respect to third
- 80 persons;
- 81 (r) To borrow money to be repaid from trust assets or
- 82 otherwise; to advance money for the protection of the trust and
- 83 for all expenses, losses and liability sustained in the
- 84 administration of the trust or because of the holding or ownership
- 85 of any trust assets, for which advances with any interest the
- 86 trustee has a lien on the trust assets as against the beneficiary;
- 87 (s) To pay or contest any claim; to settle a claim by
- 88 or against the trust by compromise, arbitration or otherwise; and
- 89 to release, in whole or in part, any claim belonging to the trust
- 90 to the extent that the claim is uncollectible;

- 91 (t) To pay taxes, assessments, compensation of the
- 92 trustee, and other expenses incurred in the collection, care,
- 93 administration and protection of the trust;
- 94 (u) To allocate items of income or expense to either
- 95 trust income or principal, as provided by law, including creation
- 96 of reserves out of income for depreciation, obsolescence or
- 97 amortization, or for depletion in mineral or timber properties;
- 98 (v) To pay any sum distributable to a beneficiary under
- 99 legal disability, without liability to the trustee, by paying the
- 100 sum to the beneficiary or by using same for his benefit or by
- 101 paying the sum for the use of the beneficiary either to a legal
- 102 representative appointed by the court, or if none, to a relative
- 103 or to an adult person with whom beneficiary is residing, who is
- 104 believed to be reliable by trustee;
- 105 (w) To effect distribution of property and money in
- 106 divided or undivided interests and to adjust resulting differences
- 107 in valuation;
- 108 (x) To employ persons, including attorneys, auditors,
- 109 investment advisors or agents, even if they are associated with
- 110 the trustee, to advise or assist the trustee in the performance of
- 111 his administrative duties; to act without independent
- 112 investigation upon their recommendations; and instead of acting
- 113 personally, to employ one or more agents to perform any act of
- 114 administration, whether or not discretionary;
- 115 (y) To prosecute or defend actions, claims or
- 116 proceedings for the protection of trust assets and of the trustee
- in the performance of his duties;
- 118 (z) To execute and deliver all instruments which will
- 119 accomplish or facilitate the exercise of the powers vested in the
- 120 trustee.
- 121 (4) If a trustee has determined that either (a) the market
- 122 value of a trust is less than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars

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123 (\$25,000.00) and that, in relation to the costs of administration

L24	of the trust, the continuance of the trust pursuant to its
L25	existing terms will defeat or substantially impair the
L26	accomplishment of the purposes of the trust; or (b) the trust no
L27	longer has a legitimate purpose or that its purpose is being
L28	thwarted with respect to any trust in any amount; then the trustee
L29	may seek court approval to terminate the trust and the court, in
L30	its discretion, may approve such termination. In such a case, the
L31	court may provide for the distribution of trust property,
L32	including principal and undistributed income, to the beneficiaries
L33	in a manner which conforms as nearly as possible to the intention
L34	of the settlor and the court shall make appropriate provisions for
L35	the appointment of a guardian in the case of a minor beneficiary.
L36	(5) (a) Unless expressly provided to the contrary in the
L37	trust instrument, a trustee may consolidate two (2) or more trusts
L38	having substantially similar terms into a single trust; divide on
L39	a fractional basis a single trust into two (2) or more separate
L40	trusts for any reason; and may segregate by allocation to a
L 4 1	separate account or trust a specific amount from, a portion of, or
L42	a specific asset included in the trust property of any trust to
L43	reflect a disclaimer, to reflect or result in differences in
L44	federal tax attributes, to satisfy any federal tax requirement, to
L45	make federal tax elections, to reduce potential
L46	generation-skipping transfer tax liability, or for any other tax
L 4 7	planning purposes or other reasons.
L48	(b) A separate trust created by severance or
L49	segregation must be treated as a separate trust for all purposes
L50	from the effective date in which the severance or segregation is
L51	effective. The effective date of the severance or segregation may
L52	be retroactive. In managing, investing, administering and
L53	distributing the trust property of any separate account or trust
L54	and in making applicable tax elections, the trustee may consider
L55	the differences in federal tax attributes and all other factors

130	the trustee believes pertinent and may make disproportionate
157	distributions from the separate trusts or accounts created.
158	(c) A trust or account created by consolidation,
159	severance or segregation under this subsection (5) must be held on
160	terms and conditions that are substantially equivalent to the
161	terms of the trust before consolidation, severance or segregation
162	so that the aggregate interests of each beneficiary are
163	substantially equivalent to the beneficiary's interests in the
164	trust or trusts before consolidation, severance or segregation.
165	In determining whether a beneficiary's aggregate interests are
166	substantially equivalent, the trustee shall consider the economic
167	value of those interests to the extent they can be valued,
168	considering actuarial factors as appropriate. If a beneficiary's
169	interest cannot be valued with any reasonable degree of certainty
170	because of the nature of the trust property, the terms of the
171	trust, or other reasons, the trustee shall base the determination
172	upon such other factors as are reasonable and appropriate under
173	the facts and circumstances applicable to that particular trust,
174	including the purposes of the trust. Provided, however, the terms
175	of any trust before consolidation, severance or segregation which
176	permit qualification of that trust for an applicable federal tax
177	deduction, exclusion, election, exemption, or other special
178	federal tax status must remain identical in the consolidated trust
179	or in each of the separate trusts or accounts created by severance
180	or segregation.
181	(d) A trustee who acts in good faith is not liable to
182	any person for taking into consideration differences in federal
183	tax attributes and other pertinent factors in administering trust
184	property of any separate account or trust, in making tax
185	elections, and making distributions pursuant to the terms of the
186	separate trust.
187	(e) Income earned on a consolidated or severed or
188	segregated amount, portion, or specific asset after the
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189	consolidation or severance is effective passes with that amount,
190	portion or specific asset.
191	(f) This subsection (5) applies to all trusts whenever
192	created, whether before, on, or after July 1, 2001, and whether
193	such trusts are inter vivos or testamentary, are created by the
194	same or different instruments, by the same or different persons
195	and regardless of where created or administered.
196	(g) This subsection (5) does not limit the right of a
197	trustee acting in accordance with the applicable provisions of the
198	governing instrument to divide or consolidate trusts.
199	(h) Nothing contained in this subsection (5) shall be
200	construed as granting to any trustee a general power of
201	appointment over any trust not otherwise expressly granted in the
202	trust instrument.
203	SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
204	and after July 1, 2001.