By: Representative Robinson (84th)

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 793

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 11-7-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 INCLUDE THE DEATH OF AN UNBORN FETUS IN THE WRONGFUL DEATH 2

3 STATUTE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 4

SECTION 1. Section 11-7-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 5

amended as follows: 6

11-7-13. Whenever the death of any person or of any unborn 7

8 fetus shall be caused by any real, wrongful or negligent act or

omission, or by such unsafe machinery, way or appliances as would, 9

if death had not ensued, have entitled the party injured or 10

damaged thereby to maintain an action and recover damages in 11

respect thereof, or whenever the death of any person or of any 12

13 unborn fetus shall be caused by the breach of any warranty,

express or implied, of the purity or fitness of any foods, drugs, 14

15 medicines, beverages, tobacco or any and all other articles or

commodities intended for human consumption, as would, had the 16

death not ensued, have entitled the person injured or made ill or 17

18 damaged thereby, to maintain an action and recover damages in

respect thereof, and such deceased person shall have left a widow 19

or children or both, or husband or father or mother, or sister, or 20

21 brother, the person or corporation, or both that would have been

liable if death had not ensued, and the representatives of such 22

person shall be liable for damages, notwithstanding the death, and 23

the fact that death was instantaneous shall in no case affect the 24

right of recovery. The action for such damages may be brought in 25

26 the name of the personal representative of the deceased person or

27 unborn fetus for the benefit of all persons entitled under the law

to recover, or by widow for the death of her husband, or by the 28 husband for the death of the wife, or by the parent for the death 29 of a child or unborn fetus, or in the name of a child, or in the 30 name of a child for the death of a parent, or by a brother for the 31 32 death of a sister, or by a sister for the death of a brother, or 33 by a sister for the death of a sister, or a brother for the death of a brother, or all parties interested may join in the suit, and 34 there shall be but one (1) suit for the same death which shall 35 ensue for the benefit of all parties concerned, but the 36 determination of such suit shall not bar another action unless it 37 38 be decided on its merits. In such action the party or parties suing shall recover such damages allowable by law as the jury may 39 40 determine to be just, taking into consideration all the damages of every kind to the decedent and all damages of every kind to any 41 and all parties interested in the suit. 42 This section shall apply to all personal injuries of servants 43 and employees received in the service or business of the master or 44 45 employer, where such injuries result in death, and to all deaths caused by breach of warranty, either express or implied, of the 46 47 purity and fitness of foods, drugs, medicines, beverages, tobacco or other articles or commodities intended for human consumption. 48 49 Any person entitled to bring a wrongful death action may assert or maintain a claim for any breach of expressed warranty or 50

or other articles or commodities intended for human consumption.

Any person entitled to bring a wrongful death action may
assert or maintain a claim for any breach of expressed warranty or
for any breach of implied warranty. A wrongful death action may
be maintained or asserted for strict liability in tort or for any
cause of action known to the law for which any person,
corporation, legal representative or entity would be liable for
damages if death had not ensued.

In an action brought pursuant to the provisions of this
section by the widow, husband, child, father, mother, sister or
brother of the deceased <u>or unborn fetus</u>, or by all interested
parties, such party or parties may recover as damages property
damages and funeral, medical or other related expenses incurred by

or for the deceased as a result of such wrongful or negligent act 61 or omission or breach of warranty, whether an estate has been 62 opened or not. Any amount, but only such an amount, as may be 63 64 recovered for property damage, funeral, medical or other related 65 expenses shall be subject only to the payment of the debts or 66 liabilities of the deceased for property damages, funeral, medical or other related expenses. All other damages recovered under the 67 provisions of this section shall not be subject to the payment of 68 the debts or liabilities of the deceased, except as hereinafter 69 provided, and such damages shall be distributed as follows: 70 71 Damages for the injury and death of a married man shall be equally distributed to his wife and children, and if he has no 72 73 children all shall go to his wife; damages for the injury and death of a married woman shall be equally distributed to the 74 husband and children, and if she has no children all shall go to 75 the husband; and if the deceased has no husband or wife, the 76 damages shall be equally distributed to the children; if the 77 78 deceased has no husband, nor wife, nor children, the damages shall be distributed equally to the father, mother, brothers and 79 80 sisters, or such of them as the deceased may have living at his or her death. If the deceased have neither husband, nor wife, nor 81 82 children, nor father, nor mother, nor sister, nor brother, then the damages shall go to the legal representative, subject to debts 83 and general distribution, and the fact that the deceased was 84 85 instantly killed shall not affect the right of the legal representative to recover. All references in this section to 86 children shall include descendants of a deceased child, such 87 descendants to take the share of the deceased child by 88 representation. There shall not be, in any case, a distinction 89 between the kindred of the whole and half blood of equal degree. 90 The provisions of this section shall apply to illegitimate 91 92 children on account of the death of the mother and to the mother on account of the death of an illegitimate child or children, and 93 H. B. No. 793

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- 94 they shall have all the benefits, rights and remedies conferred by
- 95 this section on legitimates. The provisions of this section shall
- 96 apply to illegitimate children on account of the death of the
- 97 natural father and to the natural father on account of the death
- 98 of the illegitimate child or children, and they shall have all the
- 99 benefits, rights and remedies conferred by this section on
- 100 legitimates, if the survivor has or establishes the right to
- 101 inherit from the deceased under Section 91-1-15.
- 102 Any rights which a blood parent or parents may have under
- 103 this section are hereby conferred upon and vested in an adopting
- 104 parent or adopting parents surviving their deceased adopted child,
- 105 just as if the child were theirs by the full blood and had been
- 106 born to the adopting parents in lawful wedlock.
- 107 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 108 and after July 1, 2001, and shall apply to causes of action filed
- 109 on or after that date.