

By: Representative Eaton

To: Labor

HOUSE BILL NO. 610

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 71-5-513, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972,
2 TO PROVIDE THAT SOCIAL SECURITY PAYMENTS SHALL NOT BE DEDUCTED
3 FROM UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN RECIPIENTS; AND FOR RELATED
4 PURPOSES.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

6 SECTION 1. Section 71-5-513, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
7 amended as follows:

8 71-5-513. A. An individual shall be disqualified for
9 benefits:

10 (1) (a) For the week, or fraction thereof, which
11 immediately follows the day on which he left work voluntarily
12 without good cause, if so found by the commission, and for each
13 week thereafter until he has earned remuneration for personal
14 services performed for an employer, as in this chapter defined,
15 equal to not less than eight (8) times his weekly benefit amount,
16 as determined in each case, provided that marital, filial and
17 domestic circumstances and obligations shall not be deemed good
18 cause within the meaning of this subsection. Pregnancy shall not
19 be deemed to be a marital, filial or domestic circumstance for the
20 purpose of this subsection.

21 (b) For the week, or fraction thereof, which
22 immediately follows the day on which he was discharged for
23 misconduct connected with his work, if so found by the commission,
24 and for each week thereafter until he has earned remuneration for
25 personal services performed for an employer, as in this chapter
26 defined, equal to not less than eight (8) times his weekly benefit
27 amount, as determined in each case.



28 (c) The burden of proof of good cause for leaving
29 work shall be on the claimant, and the burden of proof of
30 misconduct shall be on the employer.

31 (2) For the week, or fraction thereof, with respect to
32 which he willfully makes a false statement, a false representation
33 of fact, or willfully fails to disclose a material fact for the
34 purpose of obtaining or increasing benefits under the provisions
35 of this law, if so found by the commission, and such individual's
36 maximum benefit allowance shall be reduced by the amount of
37 benefits so paid to him during any such week of disqualification;
38 and additional disqualification shall be imposed for a period not
39 exceeding fifty-two (52) weeks, the length of such period of
40 disqualification and the time when such period begins to be
41 determined by the commission, in its discretion, according to the
42 circumstances in each case.

43 (3) If the commission finds that he has failed, without
44 good cause, either to apply for available suitable work when so
45 directed by the employment office or the commission, to accept
46 suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary
47 self-employment (if any) when so directed by the commission, such
48 disqualification shall continue for the week in which such failure
49 occurred and for not more than the twelve (12) weeks which
50 immediately follow such week, as determined by the commission
51 according to the circumstances in each case.

52 (a) In determining whether or not any work is
53 suitable for an individual, the commission shall consider among
54 other factors the degree of risk involved to his health, safety
55 and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his
56 experience and prior earnings, his length of unemployment and
57 prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, and
58 the distance of the available work from his residence; provided,
59 however, that offered employment paying the minimum wage or
60 higher, if such minimum or higher wage is that prevailing for his



61 customary occupation or similar work in the locality, shall be
62 deemed to be suitable employment after benefits have been paid to
63 the individual for a period of eight (8) weeks.

64 (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this
65 chapter, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not
66 be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual
67 for refusing to accept new work under any of the following
68 conditions:

69 (i) If the position offered is vacant due
70 directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute;

71 (ii) If the wages, hours or other conditions
72 of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the
73 individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality;

74 (iii) If as a condition of being employed the
75 individual would be required to join a company union or to resign
76 from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.

77 (4) For any week with respect to which the commission
78 finds that his total unemployment is due to a stoppage of work
79 which exists because of a labor dispute at a factory,
80 establishment or other premises at which he is or was last
81 employed; provided, that this subsection shall not apply if it is
82 shown to the satisfaction of the commission:

83 (a) He is unemployed due to a stoppage of work
84 occasioned by an unjustified lockout, provided such lockout was
85 not occasioned or brought about by such individual acting alone or
86 with other workers in concert; or

87 (b) He is not participating in or directly
88 interested in the labor dispute which caused the stoppage of work;
89 and

90 (c) He does not belong to a grade or class of
91 workers of which, immediately before the commencement of stoppage,
92 there were members employed at the premises at which the stoppage



occurs, any of whom are participating in or directly interested in the dispute.

Provided, that if in any case separate branches of work which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises.

(5) For any week with respect to which he has received or is seeking unemployment compensation under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States.

Provided, that if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he is not entitled to such unemployment compensation benefits, this disqualification shall not apply. Nothing in this subsection contained shall be construed to include within its terms any law of the United States providing unemployment compensation or allowances for honorably discharged members of the Armed Forces.

(6) For any week with respect to which he is receiving or has received remuneration in the form of payments under any governmental or private retirement or pension plan, system or policy which a base-period employer is maintaining or contributing to or has maintained or contributed to on behalf of the individual; provided, that if the amount payable with respect to any week is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due under Section 71-5-501, he shall be entitled to receive for such week, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced by the amount of such remuneration. * * * However, on or after the first Sunday immediately following the effective date of this act, no social security payments, to which the employee has made contributions, shall be deducted from unemployment benefits paid for any period of unemployment beginning on or after the first Sunday following the effective date of this act. This one-hundred-percent exclusion shall not apply to any other governmental or private



retirement or pension plan, system or policy. If benefits payable under this section, after being reduced by the amount of such remuneration, are not a multiple of One Dollar (\$1.00), they shall be adjusted to the next lower multiple of One Dollar (\$1.00).

(7) For any week with respect to which he is receiving or has received remuneration in the form of a back pay award, or other compensation allocable to any week, whether by settlement or otherwise. Any benefits previously paid for weeks of unemployment with respect to which back pay awards, or other such compensation, are made shall constitute an overpayment and such amounts shall be deducted from the award by the employer prior to payment to the employee, and shall be transmitted promptly to the commission by the employer for application against the overpayment and credit to the claimant's maximum benefit amount and prompt deposit into the fund; provided, however, the removal of any charges made against the employer as a result of such previously paid benefits shall be applied to the calendar year and the calendar quarter in which the overpayment is transmitted to the commission, and no attempt shall be made to relate such a credit to the period to which the award applies. Any amount of overpayment so deducted by the employer and not transmitted to the commission shall be subject to the same procedures for collection as is provided for contributions by Sections 71-5-363 through 71-5-381. Any amount of overpayment not deducted by the employer shall be established as an overpayment against the claimant and collected as provided above.

It is the purpose of this paragraph to assure equity in the situations to which it applies, and it shall be construed accordingly.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, no otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the approval of the commission; nor shall such individual be denied benefits with respect to any week in which he is in training with the approval



159 of the commission by reason of the application of provisions in
160 Section 71-5-511, subsection (c), relating to availability for
161 work, or the provisions of subsection A(3) of this section,
162 relating to failure to apply for, or a refusal to accept, suitable
163 work.

164 C. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no
165 otherwise eligible individual shall be denied benefits for any
166 week because he or she is in training approved under Section
167 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, nor shall such individual be
168 denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such training,
169 provided the work left is not suitable employment, or because of
170 the application to any such week in training of provisions in this
171 law (or any applicable federal unemployment compensation law),
172 relating to availability for work, active search for work or
173 refusal to accept work.

174 For purposes of this section, the term "suitable employment"
175 means with respect to an individual, work of a substantially equal
176 or higher skill level than the individual's past adversely
177 affected employment (as defined for purposes of the Trade Act of
178 1974), and wages for such work at not less than eighty percent
179 (80%) of the individual's average weekly wage as determined for
180 the purposes of the Trade Act of 1974.

181 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from
182 and after July 1, 2001.

