MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION 2001

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> COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 169

AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS SHALL TAKE 1 POSSESSION OF CERTAIN CHILDREN WHO ARE VOLUNTARILY DELIVERED TO 2 SUCH PROVIDERS; TO PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN 3 SERVICES; TO PROVIDE FOR THE ACCEPTANCE OF POSSESSION OF AN 4 ABANDONED CHILD; TO AMEND SECTION 93-15-103, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 5 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT SUCH ABANDONMENT SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR THE 6 TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS; TO AMEND SECTION 97-5-1, 7 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE FOR 8 SUCH ABANDONMENT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 9

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. (1) A licensed health care provider shall, without a court order, take possession of a child who is seventy-two (72) hours old or younger if the child is voluntarily delivered to the provider by the child's parent and the parent did not express an intent to return for the child.

16 (2) A health care provider who takes possession of a child 17 under this section shall perform any act necessary to protect the 18 physical health or safety of the child.

19 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) Not later than the close of the first
20 business day after the date on which a health care provider takes
21 possession of a child under Section 1 of this act, the provider
22 shall notify the Department of Human Services that the provider
23 has taken possession of the child.

(2) The department shall assume the care, control and
custody of the child immediately on receipt of notice under
subsection (1).

27 <u>SECTION 3.</u> A child for whom the Department of Human Services 28 assumes care, control and custody under Section 2 of this act 29 shall be treated as a child taken into possession without a court H. B. No. 169 *HRO3/R133CS* G1/2 01/HR03/R133CS PAGE 1 (CUR\LH) 30 order, and the department shall take action as required by law 31 with regard to the child.

32 SECTION 4. Section 93-15-103, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 33 amended as follows:

34 93-15-103. (1) When a child has been removed from the home 35 of its natural parents and cannot be returned to the home of his natural parents within a reasonable length of time because 36 returning to the home would be damaging to the child or the parent 37 is unable or unwilling to care for the child, relatives are not 38 appropriate or are unavailable, and when adoption is in the best 39 40 interest of the child, taking into account whether the adoption is needed to secure a stable placement for the child and the strength 41 42 of the child's bonds to his natural parents and the effect of future contacts between them, the grounds listed in subsections 43 (2) and (3) of this section shall be considered as grounds for the 44 termination of parental rights. The grounds may apply singly or 45 46 in combination in any given case.

(2) The rights of a parent with reference to a child, including parental rights to control or withhold consent to an adoption, and the right to receive notice of a hearing on a petition for adoption, may be relinquished and the relationship of the parent and child terminated by the execution of a written voluntary release, signed by the parent, regardless of the age of the parent.

54 (3) Grounds for termination of parental rights shall be55 based on one or more of the following factors:

(a) A parent has deserted without means of
identification or abandoned a child as defined in Section 97-5-1;
or

(b) A parent has made no contact with a child under the
age of three (3) for six (6) months or a child three (3) years of
age or older for a period of one (1) year; or

H. B. No. 169 *HRO3/R133CS* 01/HR03/R133CS PAGE 2 (CJR\LH) 62 (c) A parent has been responsible for a series of63 abusive incidents concerning one or more children; or

64 (d) When the child has been in the care and custody of 65 a licensed child caring agency or the Department of Human Services 66 for at least one (1) year, that agency or the department has made 67 diligent efforts to develop and implement a plan for return of the 68 child to its parents, and:

69 (i) The parent has failed to exercise reasonable70 available visitation with the child; or

(ii) The parent, having agreed to a plan to effect placement of the child with the parent, fails to implement the plan so that the child caring agency is unable to return the child to said parent; or

75 (e) The parent exhibits ongoing behavior which would 76 make it impossible to return the child to the parent's care and 77 custody:

(i) Because the parent has a diagnosable condition
unlikely to change within a reasonable time such as alcohol or
drug addiction, severe mental deficiencies or mental illness, or
extreme physical incapacitation, which condition makes the parent
unable to assume minimally, acceptable care of the child; or

83 (ii) Because the parent fails to eliminate
84 behavior, identified by the child caring agency or the court,
85 which prevents placement of said child with the parent in spite of
86 diligent efforts of the child caring agency to assist the parent;
87 or

(f) When there is an extreme and deep-seated antipathy by the child toward the parent or when there is some other substantial erosion of the relationship between the parent and child which was caused at least in part by the parent's serious neglect, abuse, prolonged and unreasonable absence, unreasonable failure to visit or communicate, or prolonged imprisonment; or

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94 (g) When a parent has been convicted of any of the 95 following offenses against his natural or adopted child: (i) rape of a child under the provisions of Section 97-3-65, (ii) sexual 96 97 battery of a child under the provisions of Section 97-3-95(c), 98 (iii) touching a child for lustful purposes under the provisions 99 of Section 97-5-23, (iv) exploitation of a child under the 100 provisions of Section 97-5-31, (v) felonious abuse or battery of a 101 child under the provisions of Section 97-5-39(2), (vi) carnal 102 knowledge of a step or adopted child or a child of a cohabitating partner under the provisions of Section 97-5-41, or (vii) murder 103 104 of another child of such parent, voluntary manslaughter of another child of such parent, aided or abetted, attempted, conspired or 105 106 solicited to commit such murder or voluntary manslaughter, or a 107 felony assault that results in the serious bodily injury to the 108 surviving child or another child of such parent; or

(h) The child has been adjudicated to have been abused or neglected and custody has been transferred from the child's parent(s) for placement pursuant to Section 43-15-13, and a court of competent jurisdiction has determined that reunification shall not be in the child's best interest; or

114 (i) The child has been voluntarily delivered to a 115 health care provider as provided in Section 1 of this act without 116 expressing an intent to return for the child.

117 (4) Legal custody and guardianship by persons other than the 118 parent as well as other permanent alternatives which end the supervision by the Department of Human Services should be 119 120 considered as alternatives to the termination of parental rights, and these alternatives should be selected when, in the best 121 interest of the child, parental contacts are desirable and it is 122 possible to secure such placement without termination of parental 123 124 rights.

125 (5) When a parent has been convicted of rape of a child 126 under the provisions of Section 97-3-65, sexual battery of a child H. B. No. 169 *HRO3/R133CS* 01/HR03/R133CS PAGE 4 (CJR\LH)

under the provisions of Section 97-3-95(c), touching a child for 127 128 lustful purposes under the provisions of Section 97-5-23, 129 exploitation of a child under the provisions of Section 97-5-31, 130 felonious abuse or battery of a child under the provisions of 131 Section 97-5-39(2), or carnal knowledge of a step or adopted child 132 or a child of a cohabitating partner under the provisions of Section 97-5-41, notice of the conviction shall be forwarded by 133 the circuit clerk of the county in which the conviction occurred 134 to the Mississippi Department of Human Services, Division of 135 136 Social Services.

137 (6) In any case where a child has been removed from the 138 parent's home due to sexual abuse or serious bodily injury to the 139 child, the court shall treat such case for termination of parental 140 rights as a preference case to be determined with all reasonable 141 expedition.

142 SECTION 5. Section 97-5-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 143 amended as follows:

144 97-5-1. (1) If the father or mother of any child under the age of six (6) years, or any other person having the lawful 145 146 custody of such child, or to whom such child shall have been confided, shall expose such child in any highway, street, field, 147 148 house, outhouse, or elsewhere, with intent wholly to abandon it, such person shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in 149 150 the Penitentiary not more than seven (7) years, or in the county 151 jail not more than one (1) year.

152 (2) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under
153 subsection (1) of this section that the actor voluntarily
154 delivered the child to a health care provider under Section 1 of
155 this act.
156 SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from

156 SECTION 6. THIS act shall take effect and be in force from 157 and after July 1, 2001.

H. B. No. 169 *HRO3/R133CS* 01/HR03/R133CS ST: Children; prescribe procedure for parent to PAGE 5 (CJR\LH) surrender custody without liability.