## \*\*\*Adopted\*\*\* AMENDMENT No. 1 PROPOSED TO

Senate Bill NO. 2644

## By Representative(s) Committee

13	Amend by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting
14	in lieu thereof the following:
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16	SECTION 1. Section 63-25-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
17	amended as follows:
18	63-25-5. (1) Any person who knowingly and intentionally:
19	(a) owns, operates or conducts a chop shop; (b) transports any
20	motor vehicle or motor vehicle part to or from a location knowing
21	it to be a chop shop; or (c) sells, transfers, purchases or
22	receives any motor vehicle or motor vehicle part either to or from
23	a location knowing it to be a chop shop, shall be guilty of a
24	felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by
25	imprisonment for not more than fifteen (15) years and by a fine of
26	not more than One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00).
27	(2) Any person who knowingly alters, counterfeits, defaces,
28	destroys, disguises, falsifies, forges, obliterates or knowingly
29	removes a vehicle identification number with the intent to
30	misrepresent the identity or prevent the identification of a motor
31	vehicle or motor vehicle part shall be guilty of a felony and,
32	upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment for not
33	more than five (5) years and by a fine of not more than Five
34	Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).
35	(3) (a) Any person who buys, disposes, sells, transfers or

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36 possesses a motor vehicle or motor vehicle part with the knowledge 37 that the vehicle identification number of the motor vehicle or 38 motor vehicle part has been altered, counterfeited, defaced, 39 destroyed, disguised, falsified, forged, obliterated or removed 40 shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be 41 punished by imprisonment for not more than five (5) years and by a 42 fine of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).

(b) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply
to a motor vehicle scrap processor who, in the normal legal course
of business and in good faith, processes a motor vehicle or motor
vehicle part by crushing, compacting or other similar methods,
provided that any vehicle identification number has not been
removed from the motor vehicle or motor vehicle part prior to or
during any such processing.

50 (c) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any owner or authorized possessor of a motor vehicle or motor 51 vehicle part which has been recovered by law enforcement 52 53 authorities after having been stolen or where the condition of the vehicle identification number of the motor vehicle or motor 54 55 vehicle part is known to or has been reported to law enforcement 56 authorities. It shall be presumed that law enforcement 57 authorities have knowledge of all vehicle identification numbers on a motor vehicle or motor vehicle part which are altered, 58 59 counterfeited, defaced, disguised, falsified, forged, obliterated 60 or removed when law enforcement authorities deliver or return the motor vehicle or motor vehicle part to its owner or authorized 61 possessor after it has been recovered by law enforcement 62 63 authorities after having been reported stolen.

64 (4) Any person who is convicted of a second or subsequent
65 offense under this section shall be imprisoned for a term up to
66 twice the term authorized for a first offense and shall be fined
67 an amount up to twice the amount authorized for a first offense.
68 \* \* \*

69 (5) (a) In addition to any other punishment, a person
70 convicted of a violation of this section shall be ordered to make

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(b) Financial loss shall include, but not be limited to, loss of earnings, out-of-pocket and other expenses, repair and replacement costs and claims payments. "Lawful owner" shall include an innocent bona fide purchaser for value of a stolen motor vehicle or stolen motor vehicle part who does not know that the motor vehicle or part is stolen; or an insurer to the extent that such insurer has compensated a bona fide purchaser for value.

84 (C) The court shall determine the extent and method of 85 restitution. In an extraordinary case, the court may determine that the best interests of the victim and justice would not be 86 87 served by ordering restitution. In any such case, the court shall make and enter specific written findings on the record concerning 88 89 the extraordinary circumstances presented which militated against 90 restitution.

91 SECTION 2. Any person who delivers, sells or transfers a 92 motor vehicle or motor vehicle part to a motor vehicle scrap processor for the purpose of crushing, compacting or otherwise 93 94 similarly processing such vehicle or part, shall present to the 95 processor, at the time of delivery, sale or transfer, the name and 96 address of the person delivering, selling or transferring the 97 vehicle or part and the original or a copy of the certificate of 98 title for the vehicle or the vehicle from which such part was taken identifying the owner of such vehicle or part and the 99 vehicle identification number of the vehicle or part. If, because 100 101 of the age of the vehicle, no certificate of title exists, or, if the certificate of title has been lost, destroyed or is 102 103 unavailable, then the person delivering, selling or transferring the vehicle or part shall sign an affidavit so stating and 104 105 declaring that he or she is the owner of the vehicle or part or

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106 has the right to sell or transfer the vehicle or part. Every 107 motor vehicle scrap processor shall maintain records of all such 108 transactions together with records of the disposition of such vehicles and parts and, upon request of the Department of Public 109 Safety or any other law enforcement officer, shall produce such 110 111 records and permit such law enforcement officers, during regular 112 and usual business hours, to examine them and any vehicles or parts which are on the premises that are subject to the record 113 114 keeping requirements of this section. No vehicle or vehicle part 115 may be crushed, compacted or otherwise similarly processed except 116 after compliance with this section. The failure or refusal of a 117 motor vehicle scrap processor to maintain or produce such records or to permit inspection of such records, vehicles or vehicle parts 118 119 as required by this section shall be a misdemeanor punishable upon 120 conviction by a fine of not more than Five Thousand Dollars 121 (\$5,000.00), by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment. 122

SECTION 3. Section 2 of this act shall be codified as Section 63-25-13, Mississippi Code of 1972.

125 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from 126 and after July 1, 2000.

Further, amend by striking the title in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 63-25-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 2REMOVE CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON THE PERSONS AND BUSINESSES WHO ARE 3EXEMPT FROM PROSECUTION UNDER THE MOTOR VEHICLE CHOP SHOP, STOLEN 4AND ALTERED PROPERTY ACT; TO REQUIRE CERTAIN RECORDS TO BE 5MAINTAINED BY MOTOR VEHICLE SCRAP PROCESSORS IDENTIFYING THE 6OWNERS AND VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES SOLD, 7TRANSFERRED OR DELIVERED TO SCRAP PROCESSORS; TO AUTHORIZE LAW 8ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO INSPECT SUCH RECORDS AND THE VEHICLES TO 9WHICH THEY PERTAIN; TO PRESCRIBE PENALTIES FOR SCRAP PROCESSORS 10WHO FAIL OR REFUSE TO KEEP SUCH RECORDS OR PERMIT SUCH 11INSPECTIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.