By: Nunnelee

To: Public Health and Welfare; Appropriations

SENATE BILL NO. 3160

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTIONS 43-17-37 AND 43-17-35, MISSISSIPPI 2 CODE OF 1972, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE MISSISSIPPI 3 REDUCING OUT-OF-WEDLOCK PREGNANCIES INCENTIVE GRANT FUND PROGRAM, 4 AND TO EXTEND THE TASK FORCE ON OUT-OF-WEDLOCK PREGNANCIES IN 5 ORDER TO MAKE FURTHER REPORTS TO THE LEGISLATURE; AND FOR RELATED 6 PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 43-17-37, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:[RDD1]

43-17-37. (1) There is hereby created in the State Treasury 10 11 a special fund to be known as the Mississippi Reducing Out-Of-Wedlock Pregnancies Incentive Grant Fund into which shall 12 be deposited the federal funds available for bonuses for the 13 14 reduction in out-of-wedlock births awarded under the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 15 1996 (Public Law 104-193) and such other money as the Legislature 16 may provide by appropriation. The money in the fund shall be used 17 18 for the purpose of providing financial incentives to counties to reduce their out-of-wedlock birth rates as required by federal 19 welfare reform legislation. The fund shall be administered by the 20 21 Department of Human Services. Unexpended amounts remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall not lapse into the State 22 23 General Fund, and any interest earned on amounts in the fund shall be deposited to the credit of the fund; provided that any 24 25 unexpended amounts remaining in the fund on December 31, 2003, 26 shall lapse into the State General Fund.

27 (2) The Department of Human Services shall make annual28 awards from the fund to the top five (5) counties with the

29 greatest reduction in out-of-wedlock births without an increase in 30 abortions in each of the following categories:

31 (a) One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) in 32 counties which had <u>two hundred fifty (250) or</u> fewer * * * total 33 live births;

34 (b) Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) in
35 counties which had between two hundred fifty (250) and five
36 hundred (500) total live births;

37 (c) Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00) in
38 counties which had <u>five hundred (500) or</u> more * * * total live
39 births.

40 (3) Determination of the recipient counties will be based on an average of the previous two (2) years' out-of-wedlock birth 41 42 rates compared to the previous two-year average, and the abortion rate of county residents compared to the abortion rate for 43 44 calendar year 1998 as reported by the State Department of Health. In order to qualify for the award funds, the reduction in the 45 out-of-wedlock birth ratio shall be at least three percent (3%)._ 46 47 For example, if fifty percent (50%) of the babies born to county residents are born out of wedlock, the county would only qualify 48 for the financial reward if that percentage is reduced to 49

50 forty-seven percent (47%) or lower.

(4) In order to be considered for an incentive award, the county board of supervisors shall appoint an advisory committee * * * which shall develop a plan for the county <u>to be</u> <u>submitted by the county board of supervisors</u> to the Department of Human Services by <u>December 1, 2000</u>, and by <u>December</u> 1 of each subsequent year.

57 (5) Each county receiving an incentive award will be subject 58 to the following requirements:

(a) The county must use the incentive award for some type of youth enrichment, such as, but not limited to, continuing the implementation of the plan that reduced out-of-wedlock pregnancies, education-related projects, recreational facilities, or a summer work program; and

64 (b) The county must submit a report to the Department65 of Human Services on the methods used to achieve the reduction in

66 out-of-wedlock births, and submit a separate report to the 67 department explaining how the incentive award was spent.

(6) If the fund is not adequate to make the distributions
presented under this section, the department may award funds to
counties on a reduced pro-rata basis.

(7) Funds shall be distributed each year following the release of the vital statistics report of the Mississippi State Department of Health. The first disbursement from the fund shall be made after such report is released which shows the statistics for calendar year 2000.

76 (8) This section shall stand repealed from and after
77 <u>December 31</u>, 2003.

78 SECTION 2. Section 43-17-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 79 amended as follows:[RDD2]

43-17-35. (1) In the enactment of the Personal
Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996
(Public Law 104-193), the United States Congress made the
following findings relating to out-of-wedlock pregnancies:

84 (a) The increase of out-of-wedlock pregnancies and85 births is well documented.

(b) An effective strategy to combat teenage pregnancy
must address the issue of male responsibility, including statutory
rape culpability and prevention. The increase of teenage
pregnancies among the youngest girls is particularly severe and is
linked to predatory sexual practices by men who are significantly
older.

92 (c) The negative consequences of an out-of-wedlock
93 birth on the mother, the child, the family and society are well
94 documented.

95 (d) Currently thirty-five percent (35%) of children in
96 single-parent homes are born out of wedlock, nearly the same
97 percentage as that of children in single-parent homes whose
98 parents are divorced. While many parents find themselves, through

99 divorce or tragic circumstances beyond their control, facing the 100 difficult task of raising children alone, nevertheless, the 101 negative consequences of raising children in single-parent homes 102 are well documented.

(e) Therefore, in light of this demonstration of the crisis in our nation, it is the sense of the Congress that prevention of out-of-wedlock births are very important government interests and the policy contained in this legislation is intended to address the crisis.

108 The Department of Human Services shall establish a task (2)force in compliance with Public Law 104-193, consisting of public 109 110 and private organizations and individuals to review the incidence 111 and circumstances of out-of-wedlock pregnancies in Mississippi. Based on these findings, goals will be established by the task 112 force and a specific program will be recommended to prevent and 113 114 reduce the incidence of out-of-wedlock pregnancies in Mississippi, 115 as well as the efficiency and cost effectiveness of the program, 116 with special emphasis on teenage pregnancies. The task force will 117 establish numerical goals for reducing the illegitimacy ratio of the state as defined by federal law through calendar year 2005. 118 119 The task force shall publish its findings and recommendations with any proposed legislation in a report to the Governor and the 120 121 Legislature to be made on or before January 1, 1998.

122 The task force established under subsection (2) of this (3)section shall continue in existence and shall study the effect 123 124 that raising the statutory age of sexual consent to age sixteen 125 (16) has on preventing and reducing the incidence of teenage 126 out-of-wedlock pregnancies in Mississippi from July 1, 1998, to October 1, <u>2001</u>. The task force shall consider whether raising 127 128 the age of sexual consent to an age above age sixteen (16) would 129 be more effective in preventing and reducing the incidence of 130 teenage out-of-wedlock pregnancies in Mississippi. The task force 131 shall publish its findings and recommendations, together with any

132 proposed legislation, in a report to the Governor and the

133 Legislature on or before January 1, <u>2002</u>.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2000.