By: Blackmon

To: Insurance

SENATE BILL NO. 3041

AN ACT TO PROHIBIT UNFAIR DISCRIMINATION AGAINST SUBJECTS OF 1 2 ABUSE IN PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE; TO DEFINE CERTAIN TERMS; 3 TO PRESCRIBE UNFAIRLY DISCRIMINATORY ACTS RELATING TO PROPERTY AND 4 CASUALTY INSURANCE; TO REQUIRE JUSTIFICATION OF ADVERSE INSURANCE 5 DECISIONS WHICH AFFECT AN APPLICANT OR INSURED ON THE BASIS OF 6 CLAIM OR OTHER UNDERWRITING INFORMATION THAT THE INSURER KNOWS OR 7 HAS REASON TO KNOW IS ABUSE-RELATED; TO REQUIRE INSURERS TO DEVELOP AND ADHERE TO PROTOCOLS FOR SUBJECTS OF ABUSE; TO 8 9 AUTHORIZE THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE TO ENFORCE THE PROVISIONS 10 OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

12 <u>SECTION 1.</u> Purpose.

The purpose of this act is to prohibit unfair discrimination by property and casualty insurers and insurance professionals on the basis of abuse status. Nothing in this act shall be construed to create or imply a private cause of action for a violation of this act.

18 <u>SECTION 2.</u> Scope.

This act applies to all property and casualty insurers and insurance professionals involved in issuing or renewing in this state a policy of property and casualty insurance.

22 <u>SECTION 3.</u> Definitions.

As used in this act, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(a) "Abuse" means the occurrence of one or more of the following acts by a current or former family member, household member, intimate partner or caretaker:

(i) Attempting to cause or intentionally,
knowingly or recklessly causing another person bodily injury,
physical harm, severe emotional distress, psychological trauma,

rape, sexual assault or involuntary sexual intercourse; 31 32 (ii) Knowingly engaging in a course of conduct or repeatedly committing acts toward another person including 33 34 following the person without proper authority, under circumstances 35 that place the person in reasonable fear of bodily injury or 36 physical harm; 37 (iii) Subjecting another person to false 38 imprisonment; or 39 (iv) Attempting to cause or intentionally, 40 knowingly, or recklessly causing damage to property so as to 41 intimidate or attempt to control the behavior of another person. "Abuse-related claim" means a claim under a 42 (b) 43 property and casualty policy for a loss resulting from an act of 44 abuse. 45 (C) "Abuse status" means the fact or perception that a natural person is, has been, or may be a subject of abuse, 46 irrespective of whether the natural person has incurred 47 abuse-related claims. 48 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance 49 (d) 50 of the State of Mississippi. "Confidential abuse information" means information 51 (e) 52 about acts of abuse or abuse status of a subject of abuse, the address and telephone number (home and work) of a subject of 53 54 abuse or the status of an applicant or insured as a family member, 55 employer or associate of, or a person in a relationship with, a subject of abuse. 56 57 (f) "Insurance professional" means an agent, broker, adjuster or third party administrator as defined in the insurance 58 laws of this state. 59 60 (q) "Insured" means the party named on a policy or certificate as the individual with legal rights to the benefits 61 62 provided by such policy. 63 (h) "Insurer" means a person or other entity engaged in 64 the business of property and casualty insurance in this state. 65 (i) "Policy" means a contract of insurance, including 66 endorsements, riders or binders issued, proposed for issuance, or 67 intended for issuance by an insurer or insurance professional.

(j) "Subject of abuse" means a natural person against whom an act of abuse has been directed; who has current or prior injuries, illnesses or disorders that resulted from abuse; or who seeks, may have sought or had reason to seek medical or psychological treatment for abuse; or protection, court-ordered protection or shelter from abuse.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> Unfairly Discriminatory Acts Relating to Property
 and Casualty Insurance.

(1) It is unfairly discriminatory to deny, refuse to issue, renew or reissue; to cancel or otherwise terminate; restrict or exclude coverage on or to add a premium differential to a property and casualty insurance policy on the basis of the applicant's or insured's abuse status.

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(2) (a) It is unfairly discriminatory to:

82 (i) Exclude or limit payment for a covered loss or
83 deny a covered claim incurred as a result of abuse by a person
84 other than a co-insured; or

(ii) Fail to pay losses arising out of abuse to an innocent first party claimant to the extent of such claimants' legal interest in the covered property if the loss is caused by the intentional act of an insured, or using other exclusions or limitations on coverage which the commissioner has determined unreasonably restrict the ability of subjects of abuse to be indemnified for such losses.

92 (b) This section shall not require payment in excess of93 the loss or policy limits.

94 (c) Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit
95 an insurer or insurance professional from applying reasonable
96 standards of proof to claims under this section.

97 (3) When the insurer or insurance professional has 98 information in its possession that clearly indicates that the 99 insured, applicant or claimant is a subject of abuse, it is 100 unfairly discriminatory, by a person employed by or contracting

101 with an insurer, to disclose or transfer confidential abuse 102 information, as defined in this act, for any purpose or to any 103 person, except:

104 (a) To the subject of abuse or an individual
105 specifically designated in writing by the subject of abuse;
106 (b) When ordered by the commissioner or a court of
107 competent jurisdiction or otherwise required by law;

108 When necessary for a valid business purpose to (C) transfer information that includes confidential abuse information 109 110 that cannot reasonably be segregated without undue hardship, confidential abuse information may be disclosed only if the 111 112 recipient has executed a written agreement to be bound by the prohibitions of this act in all respects and to be subject to the 113 enforcement of this act by the courts of this state for the 114 benefit of the applicant or the insured, and only to the following 115 116 persons:

(i) A reinsurer that seeks to indemnify or indemnifies all or any part of a policy covering a subject of abuse and that cannot underwrite or satisfy its obligations under the reinsurance agreement without that disclosure;

(ii) A party to a proposed or consummated sale,
transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part of the business
of the insurer or insurance professional;

124 (iii) Medical or claims personnel contracting with the insurer or insurance professional, only where necessary to 125 126 process an application or perform the insurer's or insurance professional's duties under the policy or to protect the safety or 127 privacy of a subject of abuse (also includes parent or affiliate 128 129 companies of the insurer or insurance professional that have 130 service agreements with the insurer or insurance professional); or 131 (iv) With respect to address and telephone number, to entities with whom the insurer transacts business when the 132 133 business cannot be transacted without the address and telephone

134 number;

(d) To an attorney who needs the information to represent the insurer or insurance professional effectively, provided the insurer or insurance professional notifies the attorney of its obligations under this act and requests that the attorney exercise due diligence to protect the confidential abuse information consistent with the attorney's obligation to represent the insurer or insurance professional; or

142 (e) To any other entities deemed appropriate by the143 commissioner.

144 (4) It is unfairly discriminatory to request information 145 relating to acts of abuse or an applicant's or insured's abuse 146 status, or to make use of that information, however obtained, 147 except for the limited purposes of complying with legal 148 obligations or verifying a person's claim to be a subject of 149 abuse.

(5) Subsection (3) does not preclude a subject of abuse fromobtaining his or her insurance records.

(6) Subsection (4) does not prohibit a property and casualty insurer from asking an applicant or insured about a property and casualty claim, even if the claim is abuse-related, or from using information thereby obtained in evaluating and carrying out its rights and duties under the policy, to the extent otherwise permitted under this act and other applicable law.

SECTION 5. Justification of Adverse Insurance Decisions. 158 159 An insurer or insurance professional that takes an action not prohibited by Section 4 of this act that adversely affects an 160 applicant or insured on the basis of claim or other underwriting 161 162 information that the insurer or insurance professional knows or 163 has reason to know is abuse-related shall explain the reason for 164 its action to the applicant or insured in writing and shall be able to demonstrate that its action, and any applicable policy 165 166 provision:

167 (a) Does not have the purpose of treating abuse status168 as an underwriting criterion; and

(b) Is otherwise permissible by law and applies in the same manner and to the same extent to all applicants and insureds with a similar claim or claims history without regard to whether the claims are abuse-related.

SECTION 6. Insurance Protocols for Subjects of Abuse. 173 174 Insurers shall develop and adhere to written policies 175 specifying procedures to be followed by employees and by insurance 176 professionals they contract with, for the purpose of protecting the safety and privacy of a subject of abuse and shall otherwise 177 178 implement the provisions of this act when taking an application, 179 investigating a claim, pursuing subrogation or taking any other 180 action relating to a policy or claim involving a subject of abuse. Insurers shall distribute their written policies to employees and 181 182 insurance professionals.

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SECTION 7. Enforcement.

184 The commissioner shall conduct a reasonable investigation based on a written and signed complaint received by the 185 commissioner and issue a prompt determination as to whether a 186 187 violation of this act may have occurred. If the commissioner finds from the investigation that a violation of this act may have 188 189 occurred, the commissioner shall promptly begin an adjudicatory proceeding. The commissioner may address a violation through 190 191 means appropriate to the nature and extent of the violation, which 192 may include suspension or revocation of certificates of authority or licenses, imposition of civil penalties, issuance of cease and 193 194 desist orders, injunctive relief, a requirement for restitution, 195 referral to prosecutorial authorities or any combination of these. 196 The powers and duties set forth in this section are in addition 197 to all other authority of the commissioner.

198 SECTION 8. This act is effective July 1, 2000, and applies 199 to all actions taken on or after the effective date, except where

200 otherwise explicitly stated. Nothing in this act shall require an 201 insurer or insurance professional to conduct a comprehensive 202 search of its contract files existing on the effective date solely 203 to determine which applicants or insureds are subjects of abuse.