By: Furniss To: Veterans and Military Affairs

SENATE BILL NO. 2906 (As Sent to Governor)

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 33-15-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO DEFINE THE TERM "DISASTER RESERVIST" IN RELATION TO THE 3 MISSISSIPPI EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT LAW; TO AMEND SECTION 33-15-14, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE DUTIES OF THE EMERGENCY 5 MANAGEMENT AGENCY; TO AMEND SECTION 33-15-307, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE DISASTER ASSISTANCE TRUST FUND MAY BE USED; TO AMEND SECTION 33-15-11, MISSISSIPPI 6 7 CODE OF 1972, TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE PROVISIONS 8 9 PROVIDING EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT POWERS OF THE GOVERNOR; TO AMEND SECTION 43-41-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE THE AMOUNT 10 11 OF STATE GRANTS AWARDED TO INDIVIDUALS AND FAMILIES UNDER THE STATE'S NATURAL DISASTER PLAN; TO AMEND SECTIONS 45-18-1 AND 12 45-18-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE 13 "SOUTHERN REGIONAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT COMPACT" TO THE "EMERGENCY 14 15 MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COMPACT"; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 33-15-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 17 18 amended as follows:[CR1] 19 33-15-5. The following words, whenever used in this article shall, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the 20 21 context, have the following meanings: (a) "Agency" means the Mississippi Emergency Management 2.2 Agency, created by Section 33-15-7. 23 (b) "Director" means the Director of Emergency

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- Management, appointed pursuant to Section 33-15-7. 25
- 26 "Emergency management" means the preparation for,
- the mitigation of, the response to, and the recovery from 27
- 28 emergencies and disasters. Specific emergency management
- responsibilities include, but are not limited to: 29
- 30 (i) Reduction of vulnerability of people and
- 31 communities of this state to damage, injury and loss of life and
- 32 property resulting from natural, technological or man-made

- 33 emergencies or hostile military paramilitary action.
- 34 (ii) Preparation for prompt and efficient response
- 35 and recovery to protect lives and property affected by
- 36 emergencies.
- 37 (iii) Response to emergencies using all systems,
- 38 plans and resources necessary to preserve adequately the health,
- 39 safety and welfare of persons or property affected by the
- 40 emergency.
- 41 (iv) Recovery from emergencies by providing for
- 42 the rapid and orderly start of restoration and rehabilitation of
- 43 persons and property affected by emergencies.
- (v) Provision of an emergency management system
- 45 embodying all aspects of preemergency preparedness and
- 46 postemergency response, recovery and mitigation.
- 47 (vi) Assistance in anticipation, recognition,
- 48 appraisal, prevention and mitigation of emergencies which may be
- 49 caused or aggravated by inadequate planning for, and regulation of
- 50 public and private facilities and land use.
- 51 (d) "Civil defense," whenever it appears in the laws of
- 52 the State of Mississippi, shall mean "emergency management" unless
- 53 the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- (e) "State of war emergency" means the condition which
- 55 exists immediately, with or without a proclamation thereof by the
- 56 Governor, whenever this state or nation is attacked by an enemy of
- 57 the United States or upon receipt by the state of a warning from
- 58 the federal government indicating that such an attack is probable
- 59 or imminent.
- (f) "State of emergency" means the duly proclaimed
- 61 existence of conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety
- 62 of persons or property within the state caused by air or water
- 63 pollution, fire, flood, storm, epidemic, earthquake, resource
- 64 shortages, or other natural or man-made conditions other than
- 65 conditions causing a "state of war emergency," which conditions by
- 66 reasons of their magnitude are or are likely to be beyond the
- 67 control of the services, personnel, equipment and facilities of
- 68 any single county and/or municipality and requires combined forces
- 69 of the state to combat.

- 70 "Local emergency" means the duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety 71 72 of persons and property within the territorial limits of a county and/or municipality caused by such conditions as air or water 73 74 pollution, fire, flood, storm, epidemic, earthquake, resource 75 shortages or other natural or man-made conditions, which 76 conditions are or are likely to be beyond the control of the 77 services, personnel, equipment and facilities of the political 78 subdivision and require the combined forces of other subdivisions
- (h) "Emergency" means any occurrence, or threat
 thereof, whether natural, technological, or man-made, in war or in
 peace, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm
 to the population or substantial damage to or loss of property.
- (i) "Man-made emergency" means an emergency caused by
 an action against persons or society, including, but not limited
 to, emergency attack, sabotage, terrorism, civil unrest or other
 action impairing the orderly administration of government.
- (j) "Natural emergency" means an emergency caused by a natural event, including, but not limited to, a hurricane, a storm, a flood, severe wave action, a drought or an earthquake.
- 91 (k) "Technological emergency" means an emergency caused 92 by a technological failure or accident, including, but not limited 93 to, an explosion, transportation accident, radiological accident, 94 or chemical or other hazardous material incident.
- 95 (1) "Local emergency management agency" means an 96 organization created to discharge the emergency management 97 responsibilities and functions of a political subdivision.
- 98 (m) "Disaster" means any natural, technological or
 99 civil emergency as defined in this section that causes damage of
 100 sufficient severity and magnitude to result in a declaration of an
 101 emergency by a county or municipality, the Governor or the
 102 President of the United States. Disasters shall be identified by

or of the state to combat.

- 103 the severity of resulting damage, as follows:
- 104 (i) "Catastrophic disaster" means a disaster that
- 105 will require massive state and federal assistance, including
- 106 immediate military involvement.
- 107 (ii) "Major disaster" means a disaster that will
- 108 likely exceed local capabilities and require a broad range of
- 109 state and federal assistance.
- 110 (iii) "Minor disaster" means a disaster that is
- 111 likely to be within the response capabilities of local government
- 112 and to result in only a minimal need for state or federal
- 113 assistance.
- 114 <u>(n) "Disaster Reservist" means any person hired on a</u>
- 115 temporary basis pursuant to State Personnel Board policies and
- 116 procedures regulating personal service contracts, that is hired to
- 117 perform specific tasks related to a Governor's State of Emergency,
- 118 or by an emergency or disaster declaration of the President of the
- 119 United States, by the agency, and is assigned to perform such
- 120 <u>duties as may be required under the direction of the appropriate</u>
- 121 <u>agency supervisor.</u>
- SECTION 2. Section 33-15-11, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 123 amended as follows:[JMR2]
- 124 33-15-11. (a) The Governor shall have general direction and
- 125 control of the activities of the Emergency Management Agency and
- 126 Council and shall be responsible for the carrying out of the
- 127 provisions of this article, and in the event of a man-made,
- 128 technological or natural disaster or emergency beyond local
- 129 control, may assume direct operational control over all or any
- 130 part of the emergency management functions within this state.
- 131 (b) In performing his duties under this article, the
- 132 Governor is further authorized and empowered:
- 133 (1) To make, amend, and rescind the necessary orders,
- 134 rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this article
- 135 with due consideration of the plans of the federal government, and

- to enter into disaster assistance grants and agreements with the federal government under the terms as may be required by federal law.
- To work with the Mississippi Emergency Management 139 (2) 140 Agency in preparing a comprehensive plan and program for the emergency management of this state, such plan and program to be 141 142 integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management plans of the federal government and of other states to the fullest 143 144 possible extent, and to coordinate the preparation of plans and 145 programs for emergency management by the political subdivisions of this state, such local plans to be integrated into and coordinated 146 147 with the emergency management plan and program of this state to 148 the fullest possible extent.
 - In accordance with such plan and program for emergency management of this state, to ascertain the requirements of the state or the political subdivisions thereof for food or clothing or other necessities of life in the event of attack or natural or man-made or technological disasters and to plan for and procure supplies, medicines, materials, and equipment, and to use and employ from time to time any of the property, services, and resources within the state, for the purposes set forth in this article; to make surveys of the industries, resources and facilities within the state as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this article; to institute training programs and public information programs, and to take all other preparatory steps, including the partial or full mobilization of emergency management organizations in advance of actual disaster, to insure the furnishing of adequately trained and equipped forces of emergency management personnel in time of need.
- 165 (4) To cooperate with the President and the heads of
 166 the Armed Forces, and the Emergency Management Agency of the
 167 United States, and with the officers and agencies of other states
 168 in matters pertaining to the emergency management of the state and

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169 nation and the incidents thereof; and in connection therewith, to 170 take any measures which he may deem proper to carry into effect 171 any request of the President and the appropriate federal officers and agencies, for any action looking to emergency management, 172 173 including the direction or control of (a) blackouts and practice blackouts, air raid drills, mobilization of emergency management 174 forces, and other tests and exercises, (b) warnings and signals 175 176 for drills or attacks and the mechanical devices to be used in connection therewith, (c) the effective screening or extinguishing 177 178 of all lights and lighting devices and appliances, (d) shutting 179 off water mains, gas mains, electric power connections and the 180 suspension of all other utility services, (e) the conduct of civilians and the movement and cessation of movement of 181 pedestrians and vehicular traffic during, prior, and subsequent to 182 drills or attack, (f) public meetings or gatherings under 183 184 emergency conditions, and (g) the evacuation and reception of the 185 civilian population * * *.

- (5) To take such action and give such directions to state and local law enforcement officers and agencies as may be reasonable and necessary for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this article and with the orders, rules and regulations made pursuant thereto.
- 191 (6) To employ such measures and give such directions to
 192 the state or local boards of health as may be reasonably necessary
 193 for the purpose of securing compliance with the provisions of this
 194 article or with the findings or recommendations of such boards of
 195 health by reason of conditions arising from enemy attack or the
 196 threat of enemy attack or natural, man-made or technological
 197 disaster.
- 198 (7) To utilize the services and facilities of existing
 199 officers and agencies of the state and of the political
 200 subdivisions thereof; and all such officers and agencies shall
 201 cooperate with and extend their services and facilities to the

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- 202 Governor as he may request.
- 203 (8) To establish agencies and offices and to appoint
- 204 executive, technical, clerical, and other personnel as may be
- 205 necessary to carry out the provisions of this article including,
- 206 with due consideration to the recommendation of the local
- 207 authorities, part-time or full-time state and regional area
- 208 directors.
- 209 (9) To delegate any authority vested in him under this
- 210 article, and to provide for the subdelegation of any such
- 211 authority.
- 212 (10) On behalf of this state to enter into reciprocal
- 213 aid agreements or compacts with other states and the federal
- 214 government, either on a statewide basis or local political
- 215 subdivision basis or with a neighboring state or province of a
- 216 foreign country. Such mutual aid arrangements shall be limited to
- 217 the furnishings or exchange of food, clothing, medicine, and other
- 218 supplies; engineering services; emergency housing; police
- 219 services; national or state guards while under the control of the
- 220 state; health, medical and related services; fire fighting,
- 221 rescue, transportation, and construction services and equipment;
- 222 personnel necessary to provide or conduct these services; and such
- 223 other supplies, equipment, facilities, personnel, and services as
- 224 may be needed; the reimbursement of costs and expenses for
- 225 equipment, supplies, personnel, and similar items for mobile
- 226 support units, fire fighting, and police units and health units;
- 227 and on such terms and conditions as are deemed necessary.
- 228 (11) To sponsor and develop mutual aid plans and
- 229 agreements between the political subdivisions of the state,
- 230 similar to the mutual aid arrangements with other states referred
- 231 to above.
- 232 (12) Authorize any agency or arm of the state to create
- 233 a special emergency management revolving fund, accept donations,
- 234 contributions, fees, grants, including federal funds, as may be

- 235 necessary for such agency or arm of the state to administer its
- 236 functions of this article as set forth in the executive order of
- the Governor.
- 238 (13) To authorize the Commissioner of Public Safety to
- 239 select, train, organize, and equip a ready reserve of auxiliary
- 240 highway patrolmen.
- 241 (14) To suspend or limit the sale, dispensing or
- 242 transportation of alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives and
- 243 combustibles.
- 244 (15) To control, restrict and regulate by rationing,
- 245 freezing, use of quotas, prohibitions on shipments, price fixing,
- 246 allocation or other means, the use, sale or distribution of food,
- 247 feed, fuel, clothing, and other commodities, materials, goods or
- 248 services.
- 249 (16) To proclaim a state of emergency in an area
- 250 affected or likely to be affected thereby when he finds that the
- 251 conditions described in Section 33-15-5(g) exist, or when he is
- 252 requested to do so by the mayor of a municipality or by the
- 253 president of the board of supervisors of a county, or when he
- 254 finds that a local authority is unable to cope with the emergency.
- 255 Such proclamation shall be in writing and shall take effect
- 256 immediately upon its issuance. As soon thereafter as possible,
- 257 such proclamation shall be filed with the Secretary of State and
- 258 be given widespread notice and publicity. The Governor, upon
- 259 advise of the director, shall review the need for continuing the
- 260 state of emergency at least every thirty (30) days until the
- 261 <u>emergency is terminated and shall proclaim the termination of the</u>
- 262 <u>state of emergency</u> at the earliest possible date that conditions
- 263 warrant.
- 264 (c) In addition to the powers conferred upon the Governor in
- 265 this section, the Legislature hereby expressly delegates to the
- 266 Governor the following powers and duties in the event of an
- 267 impending enemy attack, an enemy attack, or a man-made,

- 268 technological or natural disaster where such disaster is beyond
- 269 local control:
- 270 (1) To suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute
- 271 prescribing the procedures for conduct of state business, or the
- 272 orders, rules or regulations of any state agency, if strict
- 273 compliance with the provisions of any statute, order, rule or
- 274 regulation would in any way prevent, hinder or delay necessary
- 275 action in coping with a disaster or emergency.
- 276 (2) To transfer the direction, personnel or functions
- 277 of state agencies, boards, commissions or units thereof for the
- 278 purpose of performing or facilitating disaster or emergency
- 279 services.
- 280 (3) To commandeer or utilize any private property if
- 281 necessary to cope with a disaster or emergency, provided that such
- 282 private property so commandeered or utilized shall be paid for
- 283 under terms and conditions agreed upon by the participating
- 284 parties. The owner of said property shall immediately be given a
- 285 receipt for the said private property and said receipt shall serve
- 286 as a valid claim against the Treasury of the State of Mississippi
- 287 for the agreed upon market value of said property.
- 288 (4) To perform and exercise such other functions,
- 289 powers and duties as may be necessary to promote and secure the
- 290 safety and protection of the civilian population in coping with a
- 291 disaster or emergency.
- SECTION 3. Section 33-15-14, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 293 amended as follows:
- 33-15-14. (1) The agency is responsible for maintaining a
- 295 comprehensive statewide program of emergency management. The
- 296 agency is responsible for coordination with efforts of the federal
- 297 government with other departments and agencies of state
- 298 government, with county and municipal governments and school
- 299 boards and with private agencies that have a role in emergency
- 300 management.

301 (2) In performing its duties under this article, the agency 302 shall:

(a) Work with Governor, or his representative, in preparing a state comprehensive emergency management plan of this state, which shall be integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management plans of the federal government and of other states to the fullest possible extent, and to coordinate the preparation of plans and programs for emergency management by the political subdivisions of the state, such local plans to be integrated into and coordinated with the emergency plan and program of this state. The plan must contain provisions to ensure that the state is prepared for emergencies and minor, major and catastrophic disasters, and the agency shall work closely with local governments and agencies and organizations with emergency management responsibilities in preparing and maintaining the plan. The state comprehensive emergency management plan will be operations oriented and:

(i) Include an evacuation component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes intergovernmental coordination of evacuation activities. This component must, at a minimum: ensure coordination pertaining to evacuees crossing county lines; set forth procedures for directing people caught on evacuation routes to safe shelter; and establish policies and strategies for emergency medical evacuations.

(ii) Include a shelter component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes coordination of shelter activities between the public, private and nonprofit sectors. This component must, at a minimum: contain strategies to ensure the availability of adequate public shelter space in each region of the state; establish strategies for refuge-of-last-resort programs; provide strategies to assist local emergency management efforts to ensure that adequate

staffing plans exist for all shelters, including medical and 335 security personnel; provide for a postdisaster communications 336 system for public shelters; establish model shelter guidelines for 337 operations, registration, inventory, power generation capability, 338 information management and staffing; and set forth policy guidance 339 for sheltering people with special needs. 340 (iii) Include a postdisaster response and recovery 341 component that includes specific regional and interregional 342 planning provisions and promotes intergovernmental coordination of 343 postdisaster response and recovery activities. This component 344 must provide for postdisaster response and recovery strategies 345 according to whether a disaster is minor, major or catastrophic. 346 The postdisaster response and recovery component must, at a 347 minimum: establish the structure of the state's postdisaster response and recovery organization; establish procedures for 348 349 activating the state's plan; set forth policies used to guide 350 postdisaster response and recovery activities; describe the chain 351 of command during the postdisaster response and recovery period; 352 describe initial and continuous postdisaster response and recovery 353 actions; identify the roles and responsibilities of each involved 354 agency and organization; provide for a comprehensive 355 communications plan; establish procedures for monitoring mutual 356 aid agreements; provide for rapid impact assessment teams; ensure 357 the availability of an effective statewide urban search and rescue program coordinated with the fire services; ensure the existence 358 359 of a comprehensive statewide medical care and relief plan administered by the State Department of Health; and establish 360 361 systems for coordinating volunteers and accepting and distributing 362 donated funds and goods. 363 (iv) Include additional provisions addressing 364 aspects of preparedness, response and recovery, as determined

(v) Address the need for coordinated and

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necessary by the agency.

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367 expeditious deployment of state resources, including the

368 Mississippi National Guard. In the case of an imminent major

- 369 disaster, procedures should address predeployment of the
- 370 Mississippi National Guard, and, in the case of an imminent
- 371 catastrophic disaster, procedures should address predeployment of
- 372 the Mississippi National Guard and the United States Armed Forces.
- 373 This subparagraph (v) does not authorize the agency to call out
- 374 and deploy the Mississippi National Guard, which authority and
- 375 determination rests solely with the Governor.
- 376 (vi) Establish a system of communications and
- 377 warning to ensure that the state's population and emergency
- 378 management agencies are warned of developing emergency situations
- 379 and can communicate emergency response decisions.
- 380 (vii) Establish guidelines and schedules for
- 381 annual exercises that evaluate the ability of the state and its
- 382 political subdivisions to respond to minor, major and catastrophic
- 383 disasters and support local emergency management agencies. Such
- 384 exercises shall be coordinated with local governments and, to the
- 385 extent possible, the federal government.
- 386 (viii) 1. Assign lead and support
- 387 responsibilities to state agencies and personnel for emergency
- 388 support functions and other support activities.
- 389 2. The agency shall prepare an interim
- 390 postdisaster response and recovery component that substantially
- 391 complies with the provisions of this paragraph (a). Each state
- 392 agency assigned lead responsibility for an emergency support
- 393 function by the state comprehensive emergency management plan
- 394 shall also prepare a detailed operational plan needed to implement
- 395 its responsibilities. The complete state comprehensive emergency
- 396 management plan shall be submitted to the Governor no later than
- 397 January 1, 1996, and on January 1 of every even-numbered year
- 398 thereafter.
- 399 (b) Adopt standards and requirements for county

- emergency management plans. The standards and requirements must
 ensure that county plans are coordinated and consistent with the
 state comprehensive emergency management plan. If a municipality
 elects to establish an emergency management program, it must adopt
 a city emergency management plan that complies with all standards
 and requirements applicable to county emergency management plans.
- 406 (c) Assist political subdivisions in preparing and 407 maintaining emergency management plans.
- (d) Review periodically political subdivision emergency
 management plans for consistency with the State Comprehensive
 Emergency Management Plan and standards and requirements adopted
 under this section.
- (e) Make recommendations to the Legislature, building

 code organizations and political subdivisions for zoning, building

 and other land use controls, safety measures for securing mobile

 homes or other nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and other

 preparedness, prevention and mitigation measures designed to

 eliminate emergencies or reduce their impact.
 - Emergency Management Plan and program for emergency management, ascertain the requirements of the state and its political subdivisions for equipment and supplies of all kinds in the event of an emergency; plan for and either procure supplies, medicines, materials and equipment or enter into memoranda of agreement or open purchase orders that will ensure their availability; and use and employ from time to time any of the property, services and resources within the state in accordance with this article.
- 427 (g) Anticipate trends and promote innovations that will 428 enhance the emergency management system.
- (h) Prepare and distribute to appropriate state and local officials catalogs of federal, state and private assistance programs.
- 432 (i) Implement training programs to improve the ability

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- 433 of state and local emergency management personnel to prepare and
- 434 implement emergency management plans and programs.
- 435 (j) Review periodically emergency operating procedures
- 436 of state agencies and recommend revisions as needed to ensure
- 437 consistency with the State Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan
- 438 and program.
- (k) Prepare, in advance whenever possible, such
- 440 executive orders, proclamations and rules for issuance by the
- 441 Governor as are necessary or appropriate for coping with
- 442 emergencies and disasters.
- (1) Cooperate with the federal government and any
- 444 public or private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of
- 445 this article.
- 446 (m) Assist political subdivisions with the creation and
- 447 training of urban search and rescue teams and promote the
- 448 development and maintenance of a state urban search and rescue
- 449 program.
- (n) Delegate, as necessary and appropriate, authority
- 451 vested in it under this article and provide for the subdelegation
- 452 of such authority.
- 453 (o) Report biennially to the Governor and the President
- 454 of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, no
- 455 later than January 1 of every odd-numbered year, the status of the
- 456 emergency management capabilities of the state and its political
- 457 subdivisions.
- 458 (p) In accordance with Section 25-43-1 et seq., create,
- 459 implement, administer, promulgate, amend and rescind rules,
- 460 programs and plans needed to carry out the provisions of this
- 461 article with due consideration for, and in cooperating with, the
- 462 plans and programs of the federal government.
- 463 (q) Do other things necessary, incidental or
- 464 appropriate for the implementation of this article.
- 465 (r) In accordance with Section 33-15-15, create,

466 <u>implement</u>, administer, promulgate, amend and rescind rules

467 regarding the development of the Mississippi Disaster Reservist

- 468 <u>Program.</u>
- SECTION 4. Section 43-41-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 470 amended as follows:
- 471 43-41-13. (1) The state grant under this article shall be
- 472 equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the actual cost of meeting
- 473 necessary expenses or serious needs, plus state administrative
- 474 expenses in excess of five percent (5%) of the total federal
- 475 grant, and shall be made only on the condition that the remaining
- 476 seventy-five percent (75%) of the grant, plus five percent (5%)
- 477 administrative cost, is provided by the federal government.
- 478 (2) An individual or family shall not receive a grant or
- 479 grants under the provisions of this article aggregating more than
- 480 the amount specified annually by the Federal Emergency Management
- 481 Agency and published in the Federal Register with respect to any
- 482 one (1) major disaster declared by the President. <u>In the case of</u>
- 483 <u>a federally declared disaster</u>, such aggregate amount shall include
- 484 both state and federal share of the grant.
- SECTION 5. Section 33-15-307, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 486 amended as follows:
- 487 33-15-307. (1) The provisions of this article shall be
- 488 invoked only pursuant to a state of emergency declared by the
- 489 Governor or an emergency or major disaster declared by the
- 490 President, or pursuant to an executive order of the Governor, or
- 491 <u>administrative order of the director</u>, in order to provide state or
- 492 local government resources and personnel in compliance with the
- 493 provisions of the * * * Emergency Management Assistance Compact,
- 494 Section 45-18-1 et seq, or in nondeclared times for administrative
- 495 and training costs associated with state disaster response and
- 496 <u>recovery programs</u>. Each declaration shall cite the cause for the
- 497 declaration and define the area eligible for assistance and the
- 498 type of assistance to be provided.

- special fund in the State Treasury into which shall be paid any
 funds appropriated by the Legislature for disaster assistance, any
 funds transferred from the Working Cash-Stabilization Reserve Fund
 as provided under subsection (5) of this section, any income from
 investment of the funds in the trust fund, and federal
 reimbursement for administrative costs for management of the
- 506 Individual and Family Grant Program * * *, the Public Assistance
- 507 Program, the Hazard Mitigation Program and Disaster Reservist
- 508 <u>Program</u>.
- (3) Income from investment of the funds in the trust fund, and all other funds deposited therein pursuant to law, shall be available for expenditure, transfer and allocation pursuant to this article.
- 513 (4) The Disaster Assistance Trust Fund shall be used only 514 for the following purposes:
- 515 (a) The state's portion of the cost share for public 516 assistance under a major disaster declaration.
- (b) The state's cost share of the Individual and Family

 518 Grant (IFG) Program under the provisions of Section 43-41-1 et

 519 seq.
- 520 (c) Administrative costs for managing the IFG Program.
- 521 (d) Administrative costs for managing the Public
- 522 Assistance Program.
- 523 (e) The temporary Housing Program under provisions of 524 Section 43-41-301 et seq.
- (f) Out-of-pocket expenses, including travel, per diem,
- 526 overtime and other similar expenses, of state or local agencies
- 527 when so tasked by the Governor or the director for emergency
- 528 response under the provisions of Section 33-15-11(b)(7) and
- 529 current executive orders. This includes actual emergency response
- 530 and recovery activities, and applies to mobilization and
- 531 deployment of state or local agencies to another state under the

532	provisio:	ns of	the Eme	ergency Ma	anagei	ment Ass	sist	cance (Compact.	•	
533		(g)	Costs	incurred	as a	result	of	state	active	duty	for

534 the Mississippi National Guard when so tasked by the Governor to provide support to other agencies and local governments in a major 535

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disaster or emergency situation, or when tasked by the Governor to

provide support to another state under the provisions of the

- Emergency Management Assistance Compact. 538
- 539 (h) The state's portion of the cost share for hazard
- 540 mitigation under a major disaster declaration;
- 541 (i) Administrative costs of the Hazard Mitigation
- 542 Program;

- 543 (j) Costs incurred as a result of the implementation of
- 544 the Disaster Reservist Program under a major disaster declaration;
- (k) Administrative costs of the Disaster Reservist 545
- 546 Program;
- 547 Whenever the director determines that funds are
- 548 immediately needed in the Disaster Assistance Trust Fund to
- provide for disaster assistance under this article, he shall 549
- 550 notify the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and
- 551 Administration of his determination and shall requisition the
- 552 amount of funds from the Working Cash-Stabilization Fund that are
- 553 needed in the trust fund, which shall be subject to the
- limitations set forth below in this subsection. At the same time 554
- 555 he makes the requisition, the director shall notify the Lieutenant
- Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the 556
- 557 respective Chairmen of the Senate Appropriations Committee, the
- 558 Senate Finance Committee, the House Appropriations Committee and
- 559 the House Ways and Means Committee of his determination of the
- 560 need for the funds and the amount that he has requisitioned. Upon
- 561 receipt of such a requisition from the director, the Executive
- 562 Director of the Department of Finance and Administration shall
- ascertain if the amount requisitioned is available in the Working 563
- 564 Cash-Stabilization Reserve Fund and is within the limitations set

565 forth below in this subsection and, if it is, he shall transfer 566 that amount from the Working Cash-Stabilization Reserve Fund to 567 the trust fund. If the amount requisitioned is more than the amount available in the Working Cash-Stabilization Fund or above 568 569 the limitations set forth below in this subsection, the executive director shall transfer the amount that is available within the 570 limitations. The maximum amount that may be transferred from the 571 Working Cash-Stabilization Reserve Fund to the trust fund for any 572 573 one (1) disaster occurrence shall be Five Hundred Thousand Dollars 574 (\$500,000.00) and the maximum amount that may be transferred 575 during any fiscal year shall be One Million Dollars

(6) Unexpended state funds in the Disaster Assistance Trust 577 Fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse into the State 578 General Fund but shall remain in the trust fund for use under this 579 580 article for as long as the funds are needed for the particular 581 purpose for which they were appropriated or transferred into the 582 trust fund. After any state funds in the trust fund are no longer 583 needed for the particular purpose for which they were appropriated 584 or transferred into the trust fund, the director may use those 585 funds for any other purpose under this article for which they currently are needed and for which other funds are not available. 586 587 If there is no current need for such funds for any purpose under 588 this article, the funds and the income earned from the investment of the funds shall be transferred back to the particular fund or 589 590 funds in the State Treasury from which they were appropriated or 591 transferred into the trust fund, upon certification of the 592 director to the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration that the funds are not currently needed. 593 SECTION 6. Section 45-18-1, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 594

596 45-18-1. Section 45-18-3 may be cited as the <u>Emergency</u>
597 <u>Management Assistance Compact</u>.

amended as follows:

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(\$1,000,000.00).

SECTION 7. Section 45-18-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

599 amended as follows:

45-18-3. The Legislature of the State of Mississippi hereby authorizes the Governor of the State of Mississippi to enter into a compact on behalf of the State of Mississippi with any other state legally joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE COMPACT

ARTICLE I -- PURPOSE AND AUTHORITIES

This compact is made and entered into by and between the participating member states which enact this compact, hereinafter called party states. For the purposes of this agreement, the term "states" is taken to mean the several states, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and all United States territorial possessions.

The purpose of this compact is to provide for mutual assistance between the states entering into this compact in managing any emergency or disaster that is duly declared by the Governor of the affected state(s), whether arising from natural disaster, technological hazard, man-made disaster, civil emergency aspects of resources shortages, community disorders, insurgency, or enemy attack.

This compact shall also provide for mutual cooperation in emergency-related exercises, testing, or other training activities using equipment and personnel simulating performance of any aspect of the giving and receiving of aid by party states or subdivisions of party states during emergencies, such actions occurring outside actual declared emergency periods. Mutual assistance in this compact may include the use of the states' National Guard forces, either in accordance with the National Guard Mutual Assistance Compact or by mutual agreement between states.

ARTICLE II -- GENERAL IMPLEMENTATION

Each party state entering into this compact recognizes many

631 emergencies transcend political jurisdictional boundaries and that

632 intergovernmental coordination is essential in managing these and

- 633 other emergencies under this compact. Each state further
- 634 recognizes that there will be emergencies which require immediate
- 635 access and present procedures to apply outside resources to make a
- 636 prompt and effective response to such an emergency. This is
- 637 because few, if any, individual states have all the resources they
- 638 may need in all types of emergencies or the capability of
- 639 delivering resources to areas where emergencies exist.
- The prompt, full and effective utilization of resources of
- 641 the participating states, including any resources on hand or
- 642 available from the federal government or any other source, that
- 643 are essential for the safety, care and welfare of the people in
- 644 the event of any emergency or disaster declared by a party state,
- 645 shall be the underlying principle on which all articles of this
- 646 compact shall be understood.
- On behalf of the Governor of each state participating in the
- 648 compact, the legally designated state official who is assigned
- 649 responsibility for emergency management will be responsible for
- 650 formulation of the appropriate interstate mutual aid plans and
- 651 procedures necessary to implement this compact.
- ARTICLE III -- PARTY STATE RESPONSIBILITIES
- A. It shall be the responsibility of each party state to
- 654 formulate procedural plans and programs for interstate cooperation
- in the performance of the responsibilities listed in this article.
- 656 In formulating such plans, and in carrying them out, the party
- 657 states, insofar as practical, shall:
- i. Review individual state hazards analyses and, to the
- 659 extent reasonably possible, determine all those potential
- 660 emergencies the party states might jointly suffer, whether due to
- 661 natural disaster, technological hazard, man-made disaster,
- 662 emergency aspects of resource shortages, civil disorders,
- 663 insurgency, or enemy attack.

- ii. Review party states' individual emergency plans and
- develop a plan which will determine the mechanism for the
- 666 interstate management and provision of assistance concerning any
- 667 potential emergency.
- 668 iii. Develop interstate procedures to fill any
- 669 identified gaps and to resolve any identified inconsistencies or
- 670 overlaps in existing or developed plans.
- iv. Assist in warning communities adjacent to or
- 672 crossing the state boundaries.
- v. Protect and assure uninterrupted delivery of
- 674 services, medicines, water, food, energy and fuel, search and
- 675 rescue, and critical lifeline equipment, services and resources,
- 676 both human and material.
- vi. Inventory and set procedures for the interstate
- 678 loan and delivery of human and material resources, together with
- 679 procedures for reimbursement or forgiveness.
- vii. Provide, to the extent authorized by law, for
- 681 temporary suspension of any statutes or ordinances that restrict
- 682 the implementation of the above responsibilities.
- B. The authorized representative of a party state may
- 684 request assistance of another party state by contacting the
- 685 authorized representative of that state. The provisions of this
- 686 agreement shall only apply to requests for assistance made by and
- 687 to authorized representatives. Requests may be verbal or in
- 688 writing. If verbal, the request shall be confirmed in writing
- 689 within thirty (30) days of the verbal request. Requests shall
- 690 provide the following information:
- i. A description of the emergency service function for
- 692 which assistance is needed, such as, but not limited to, fire
- 693 services, law enforcement, emergency medical, transportation,
- 694 communications, public works and engineering, building inspection,
- 695 planning and information assistance, mass care, resource support,
- 696 health and medical services, and search and rescue.

- 697 ii. The amount and type of personnel, equipment, materials and supplies needed, and a reasonable estimate of the 698
- 699 length of time they will be needed.
- 700 The specific place and time for staging of the assisting party's response and a point of contact at that
- 702 location.

- 703 There shall be frequent consultation between state
- 704 officials who have assigned emergency management responsibilities
- 705 and other appropriate representatives of the party states with
- 706 affected jurisdictions and the United States Government, with free
- 707 exchange of information, plans and resource records relating to
- 708 emergency capabilities.
- 709 ARTICLE IV -- LIMITATIONS
- 710 Any party state requested to render mutual aid or conduct
- 711 exercises and training for mutual aid shall take such action as is
- 712 necessary to provide and make available the resources covered by
- 713 this compact in accordance with the terms hereof; provided that it
- 714 is understood that the state rendering aid may withhold resources
- 715 to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection for such
- state. Each party state shall afford to the emergency forces of 716
- 717 any party state, while operating within its state limits under the
- 718 terms and conditions of this compact, the same powers (except that
- 719 of arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving state),
- 720 duties, rights and privileges as are afforded forces of the state
- 721 in which they are performing emergency services. Emergency forces
- 722 will continue under the command and control of their regular
- leaders, but the organizational units will come under the 723
- 724 operational control of the emergency services authorities of the
- 725 state receiving assistance. These conditions may be activated, as
- 726 needed, only subsequent to a declaration of a state of emergency
- 727 or disaster by the Governor of the party state that is to receive
- assistance or commencement of exercises or training for mutual aid 728
- 729 and shall continue so long as the exercises or training for mutual

730 aid are in progress, the state of emergency or disaster remains in

731 effect or loaned resources remain in the receiving state(s),

732 whichever is longer.

733 ARTICLE V -- LICENSES AND PERMITS

Whenever any person holds a license, certificate or other permit issued by any party state to the compact evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical or other skills, and when such assistance is requested by the receiving party state, such person shall be deemed licensed, certified or permitted by the state requesting assistance to render aid involving such skill to meet a declared emergency or disaster, subject to such limitations and conditions as the Governor of the requesting state may prescribe by executive order or otherwise.

743 ARTICLE VI -- LIABILITY

Officers or employees of a party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be considered agents of the requesting state for tort liability and immunity purposes; and no party state or its officers or employees rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection therewith. Good faith in this article shall not include willful misconduct, gross negligence or recklessness.

ARTICLE VII -- SUPPLEMENTARY AGREEMENTS

Inasmuch as it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid among two (2) or more states may differ from that among the states that are party hereto, this instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all states, and nothing herein contained shall preclude any state from entering into supplementary agreements with another state or affect any other agreements already in force between states. Supplementary agreements may comprehend, but shall not be limited to, provisions

for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the
exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility, reconnaissance,
welfare, transportation and communications personnel and equipment
and supplies.

ARTICLE VIII -- COMPENSATION

Each party state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the emergency forces of that state and representatives of deceased members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid pursuant to this compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within their own state.

ARTICLE IX -- REIMBURSEMENT

Any party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by the party state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment and the provision of any service in answering a request for aid and for the costs incurred in connection with such requests; provided, that any aiding party state may assume in whole or in part such loss, damage, expense or other cost, or may loan such equipment or donate such services to the receiving party state without charge or cost; and provided further, that any two (2) or more party states may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs among those states. Article VIII expenses shall not be reimbursable under this provision.

ARTICLE X -- EVACUATION

Plans for the orderly evacuation and interstate reception of portions of the civilian population as the result of any emergency or disaster of sufficient proportions to so warrant, shall be worked out and maintained between the party states and the emergency management/services directors of the various jurisdictions where any type of incident requiring evacuations

796 might occur. Such plans shall be put into effect by request of the state from which evacuees come and shall include the manner of 797 798 transporting such evacuees, the number of evacuees to be received in different areas, the manner in which food, clothing, housing 799 800 and medical care will be provided, the registration of the 801 evacuees, the providing of facilities for the notification of 802 relatives or friends, and the forwarding of such evacuees to other 803 areas or the bringing in of additional materials, supplies and all 804 other relevant factors. Such plans shall provide that the party 805 state receiving evacuees and the party state from which the 806 evacuees come shall mutually agree as to reimbursement of 807 out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving and caring for such 808 evacuees, for expenditures for transportation, food, clothing, 809 medicines and medical care and like items. Such expenditures 810 shall be reimbursed as agreed by the party state from which the 811 evacuees come. After the termination of the emergency or 812 disaster, the party state from which the evacuees come shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support of repatriation 813 814 of such evacuees.

ARTICLE XI -- IMPLEMENTATION

- A. This compact shall become operative immediately upon its enactment into law by any two (2) states; thereafter, this compact shall become effective as to any other state upon its enactment by such state.
- B. Any party state may withdraw from this compact by
 enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal
 shall take effect until thirty (30) days after the Governor of the
 withdrawing state has given notice in writing of such withdrawal
 to the Governors of all other party states. Such action shall not
 relieve the withdrawing state from obligations assumed hereunder
 prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
- 827 C. Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such 828 supplementary agreements as may be entered into shall, at the time

of their approval, be deposited with each of the party states and with the Federal Emergency Management Agency and other appropriate agencies of the United States government.

832 ARTICLE XII - VALIDITY

833 This <u>compact</u> shall be construed to effectuate the purposes
834 stated in Article I hereof. If any provision of this compact is
835 declared unconstitutional, or the applicability thereof to any
836 person or circumstances is held invalid, the constitutionality of
837 the remainder of this <u>compact</u> and the applicability thereof to
838 other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

ARTICLE XIII -- ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

Nothing in this compact shall authorize or permit the use of military force by the National Guard of a state at any place outside that state in any emergency for which the President is authorized by law to call into federal service the militia, or for any purpose for which the use of the Army or the Air Force would in the absence of express statutory authorization be prohibited under Section 1385 of Title 18, United States Code.

SECTION 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

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