By: Jackson, Simmons, Harden, Jordan, Horhn To: Judiciary

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 2800

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 47-5-138, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 2 TO PROVIDE THAT PERSONS CONVICTED OF NONVIOLENT CRIMES SHALL NOT 3 BE SUBJECT TO THE MANDATORY 85% SENTENCING PROVISIONS; TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-3, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT A PERSON 4 CONVICTED OF A NONVIOLENT CRIME MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE; TO 5 AMEND SECTION 47-7-5, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO EXTEND THE REPEALER ON THE STATE PAROLE BOARD; TO AMEND SECTION 47-7-53, 6 7 MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM; TO AMEND SECTION 47-5-1003, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE ELIGIBILITY FOR HOUSE ARREST; 8 9 TO CREATE CODE SECTION 47-7-72, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 10 11 PROHIBIT THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FROM ACCEPTING FOR SUPERVISION AN OUT-OF-STATE PAROLEE WHO HAS THREE OR MORE VIOLENT 12 13 FELONY CONVICTIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 47-5-138, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

17 47-5-138. (1) (a) The department may promulgate rules and 18 regulations to carry out an earned time allowance program based on the good conduct and performance of an inmate. An inmate is 19 eligible to receive an earned time allowance of one-half (1/2) of 20 the period of confinement imposed by the court except those 21 inmates excluded by law. When an inmate is committed to the 22 custody of the department, the department shall determine a 23 conditional earned time release date by subtracting the earned 24 25 time allowance from an inmate's term of sentence. This subsection does not apply to any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995. 26 27 (b) A person sentenced for a nonviolent crime after June 30, 2000, is eligible to receive the earned time allowance 2.8

29 provided in this subsection. A person is not eligible for the

30 <u>earned time allowance under this subsection if he has been</u>

31 <u>convicted of a crime of violence.</u>

32 (2) An inmate may forfeit all or part of his earned time 33 allowance for a serious violation of rules. No forfeiture of the 34 earned time allowance shall be effective except upon approval of 35 the commissioner or his designee, and forfeited earned time may 36 not be restored.

37 (3) (a) For the purposes of this subsection, "final order" 38 means an order of a state or federal court that dismisses a 39 lawsuit brought by an inmate while the inmate was in the custody 40 of the Department of Corrections as frivolous, malicious or for 41 failure to state a claim upon which relief could be granted.

42 (b) On receipt of a final order, the department shall43 forfeit:

44 (i) Sixty (60) days of an inmate's accrued earned 45 time if the department has received one (1) final order as defined 46 herein;

47 (ii) One hundred twenty (120) days of an inmate's
48 accrued earned time if the department has received two (2) final
49 orders as defined herein;

(iii) One hundred eighty (180) days of an inmate's
accrued earned time if the department has received three (3) or
more final orders as defined herein.

53 (c) The department may not restore earned time54 forfeited under this subsection.

55 (4) An inmate who meets the good conduct and performance 56 requirements of the earned time allowance program may be released 57 on his conditional earned time release date.

(5) For any sentence imposed after June 30, 1995, an inmate may receive an earned time allowance of four and one-half (4-1/2) days for each thirty (30) days served if the department determines that the inmate has complied with the good conduct and performance requirements of the earned time allowance program. The earned time allowance under this subsection shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of an inmate's term of sentence. <u>This subsection</u>

65 <u>does not apply to any inmate who is eligible for the earned time</u> 66 <u>allowance in subsection (1).</u>

67 (6) Any inmate, who is released before the expiration of his term of sentence under this section, shall be placed under 68 69 earned-release supervision until the expiration of the term of The inmate shall retain inmate status and remain under 70 sentence. 71 the jurisdiction of the department. The period of earned-release supervision shall be conducted in the same manner as a period of 72 73 supervised parole. The department shall develop rules, terms and 74 conditions for the earned-release supervision program. The 75 commissioner shall designate the appropriate classification 76 committee or other division within the department to conduct 77 revocation hearings for inmates violating the conditions of 78 earned-release supervision.

(7) If the earned-release supervision is revoked, the inmate shall serve the remainder of the sentence and the time the inmate was on earned-release supervision, shall not be applied to and shall not reduce his sentence.

83 SECTION 2. Section 47-7-3, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 84 amended as follows:

85 47-7-3. (1) Every prisoner who has been convicted of any offense against the State of Mississippi, and is confined in the 86 87 execution of a judgment of such conviction in the Mississippi State Penitentiary for a definite term or terms of one (1) year or 88 over, or for the term of his or her natural life, whose record of 89 90 conduct shows that such prisoner has observed the rules of the 91 penitentiary, and who has served not less than one-fourth (1/4) of 92 the total of such term or terms for which such prisoner was sentenced, or, if sentenced to serve a term or terms of thirty 93 (30) years or more, or, if sentenced for the term of the natural 94 95 life of such prisoner, has served not less than ten (10) years of 96 such life sentence, may be released on parole as hereinafter 97 provided, except that:

98 (a) No prisoner convicted as a confirmed and habitual
99 criminal under the provisions of Sections 99-19-81 through
100 99-19-87 shall be eligible for parole;

(b) Any person who shall have been convicted of a sex crime shall not be released on parole except for a person under the age of nineteen (19) who has been convicted under Section 97-3-67;

105 (c) No one shall be eligible for parole until he shall 106 have served one (1) year of his sentence, unless such person has 107 accrued any meritorious earned time allowances, in which case he shall be eligible for parole if he has served (i) nine (9) months 108 109 of his sentence or sentences, when his sentence or sentences is two (2) years or less; (ii) ten (10) months of his sentence or 110 sentences when his sentence or sentences is more than two (2) 111 years but no more than five (5) years; and (iii) one (1) year of 112 his sentence or sentences when his sentence or sentences is more 113 114 than five (5) years;

(d) (i) No person shall be eligible for parole who 115 116 shall, on or after January 1, 1977, be convicted of robbery or attempted robbery through the display of a firearm until he shall 117 118 have served ten (10) years if sentenced to a term or terms of more than ten (10) years or if sentenced for the term of the natural 119 120 life of such person. If such person is sentenced to a term or 121 terms of ten (10) years or less, then such person shall not be eligible for parole. The provisions of this paragraph (d) shall 122 123 also apply to any person who shall commit robbery or attempted robbery on or after July 1, 1982, through the display of a deadly 124 125 weapon. This subparagraph (d)(i) shall not apply to persons 126 convicted after September 30, 1994;

(ii) No person shall be eligible for parole who
shall, on or after October 1, 1994, be convicted of robbery,
attempted robbery or carjacking as provided in Section 97-3-115 et
seq., through the display of a firearm or drive-by shooting as

provided in Section 97-3-109. The provisions of this subparagraph (d)(ii) shall also apply to any person who shall commit robbery, attempted robbery, carjacking or a drive-by shooting on or after October 1, 1994, through the display of a deadly weapon;

(e) No person shall be eligible for parole who, on or after July 1, 1994, is charged, tried, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment without eligibility for parole under the provisions of Section 99-19-101;

(f) No person shall be eligible for parole who is charged, tried, convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment under the provisions of Section 99-19-101;

(g) No person shall be eligible for parole who is convicted or whose suspended sentence is revoked after June 30, 144 1995; <u>except a person who is convicted of a nonviolent crime and</u> who is eligible for the earned time allowance under Section 47-5-138(1) shall be eligible for parole;

147 (h) An offender may be eligible for medical release148 under Section 47-7-4.

149 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an inmate 150 shall not be eligible to receive earned time, good time or any 151 other administrative reduction of time which shall reduce the time 152 necessary to be served for parole eligibility as provided in subsection (1) of this section; however, this subsection shall not 153 154 apply to the advancement of parole eligibility dates pursuant to the Prison Overcrowding Emergency Powers Act. Moreover, 155 156 meritorious earned time allowances may be used to reduce the time 157 necessary to be served for parole eligibility as provided in paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section. 158

(3) The State Parole Board shall by rules and regulations establish a method of determining a tentative parole hearing date for each eligible offender taken into the custody of the Department of Corrections. The tentative parole hearing date shall be determined within ninety (90) days after the department

164 has assumed custody of the offender. Such tentative parole hearing date shall be calculated by a formula taking into account 165 166 the offender's age upon first commitment, number of prior incarcerations, prior probation or parole failures, the severity 167 168 and the violence of the offense committed, employment history and other criteria which in the opinion of the board tend to validly 169 and reliably predict the length of incarceration necessary before 170 the offender can be successfully paroled. 171

(4) Any inmate within twenty-four (24) months of his parole eligibility date and who meets the criteria established by the classification committee shall receive priority for placement in any educational development and job training programs. Any inmate refusing to participate in an educational development or job training program may be ineligible for parole.

178 SECTION 3. Section 47-7-5, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 179 amended as follows:[LTR1]

180 47-7-5. (1) The State Parole Board, created under former Section 47-7-5, is hereby created, continued and reconstituted and 181 182 shall be composed of five (5) members, one (1) from each 183 congressional district. The Governor shall appoint the members 184 with the advice and consent of the Senate. The terms of the members serving on the board from Supreme Court districts shall 185 expire on June 30, 1997. The three (3) members may be reappointed 186 187 to the board. The terms of the members of the reconstituted board shall begin on July 1, 1997. All terms shall be coterminous with 188 189 the term of the Governor. Any vacancy shall be filled for the 190 unexpired term by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The board shall elect a chairman of the board annually. 191 192 No member may serve consecutive terms as chairman.

193 (2) Any person who is appointed to serve on the board shall 194 possess at least a bachelor's degree or a high school diploma and 195 four (4) years' work experience. Each member shall devote his 196 full time to the duties of his office and shall not engage in any

197 other business or profession or hold any other public office. Α 198 member shall not receive compensation or per diem in addition to 199 his salary as prohibited under Section 25-3-38. Each member shall keep such hours and workdays as required of full-time state 200 201 employees under Section 25-1-98. Individuals shall be appointed 202 to serve on the board without reference to their political 203 affiliations. Each board member, including the chairman, may be 204 reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses as authorized by 205 Section 25-3-41; but a member shall not be reimbursed for travel 206 expenses from his residence to the nearest state penitentiary. In 207 addition, a member must use a state vehicle, if available, for 208 travel and a member who refuses to use an available state vehicle 209 shall not receive reimbursement for mileage expenses for use of a 210 privately owned motor vehicle.

(3) The board shall have exclusive responsibility for the granting of parole as provided by Sections 47-7-3 and 47-7-17 and shall have exclusive authority for revocation of the same. The board shall have exclusive responsibility for investigating clemency recommendations upon request of the Governor.

(4) The board, its members and staff shall be immune from civil liability for any official acts taken in good faith and in exercise of the board's legitimate governmental authority.

219 (5) The budget of the board shall be funded through a 220 separate line item within the general appropriation bill for the support and maintenance of the department. Employees of the 221 222 department which are employed by or assigned to the board shall 223 work under the guidance and supervision of the board. There shall 224 be an executive secretary to the board who shall be responsible 225 for all administrative and general accounting duties related to 226 the board. The executive secretary shall keep and preserve all 227 records and papers pertaining to board.

(6) The board shall have no authority or responsibility forsupervision of offenders granted probation, parole or executive

230 clemency or other offenders requiring the same through interstate 231 compact agreements. The supervision shall be provided exclusively 232 by the staff of the Division of Community Services of the 233 department.

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235 SECTION 4. Section 47-7-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 236 amended as follows:[LTR2]

237 47-7-53. If the Parole Board is abolished, the Department of 238 Corrections shall assume and exercise all the duties, powers and 239 responsibilities of the State Parole Board. The Commissioner \* \* \* may assign to the appropriate officers and 240 241 divisions any powers and duties deemed appropriate to carry out 242 the duties and powers of the Parole Board. Wherever the terms "State Parole Board" or "Parole Board" appear in any state law, 243 they shall mean the Department of Corrections. 244

245 SECTION 5. Section 47-5-1003, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 246 amended as follows:[CSQ3]

47-5-1003. (1) An intensive supervision program may be used as an alternative to incarceration for offenders who are low risk and nonviolent as selected by the department or court. Any offender convicted of a sex crime or a felony for the sale or manufacture of a controlled substance under the uniform controlled substances law shall not be placed in the program.

253 (2) The court placing an offender in the intensive supervision program may, acting upon the advice and consent of the 254 255 commissioner at the time of the initial sentencing only, and not 256 later than one (1) year after the defendant has been delivered to 257 the custody of the department, suspend the further execution of 258 the sentence and place the defendant on intensive supervision, 259 except when a death sentence or life imprisonment is the maximum 260 penalty which may be imposed or if the defendant has been confined for the conviction of a felony on a previous occasion in any court 261 262 or courts of the United States and of any state or territories

263 thereof or has been convicted of a felony involving the use of a 264 deadly weapon.

(3) To protect and to ensure the safety of the state's citizens, any offender who violates an order or condition of the intensive supervision program shall be arrested by the correctional field officer and placed in the actual custody of the Department of Corrections. Such offender is under the full and complete jurisdiction of the department and subject to removal from the program by the classification committee.

272 (4) From and after July 1, 2001, all persons sentenced for a 273 nonviolent crime and who are within one (1) year of eligibility 274 for parole or release may be considered by the classification 275 committee for house arrest under the electronic home detention 276 program. Any offender who violates an order or condition of the 277 program shall be required to serve the full term to which 278 sentenced, in the discretion of the department, either under house 279 arrest or while incarcerated.

280 SECTION 6. The following shall be codified as Section 281 47-7-72, Mississippi Code of 1972:

<u>47-7-72.</u> (1) The Department of Corrections shall not accept
any person convicted of three (3) or more violent felony offenses
placed on probation or released on parole under the Uniform Act
for Out-of-State Parolee Suspension.

(2) The Department of Corrections shall not consent to any
person convicted of three (3) or more violent felony offenses
being sent to reside in Mississippi under Section 47-7-71.

(3) The Department of Corrections shall immediately notify
any state having an out-of-state parolee agreement with
Mississippi of this condition and take immediate action to modify
such agreements, or to renounce such agreement if a contracting
state refuses to agree with the restrictions placed on such
agreements with the Department of Corrections under this section.
SECTION 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from

296 and after July 1, 2000.