AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 73-25-29, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROHIBIT A PHYSICIAN FROM CHARGING A PATIENT FOR ANY CLINICAL LABORATORY SERVICES WHICH ARE NOT RENDERED BY THE LICENSEE, TO PROVIDE CERTAIN DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR SUCH CHARGES, TO PROHIBIT A PHYSICIAN FROM CHARGING AN AMOUNT FOR A CLINICAL LABORATORY SERVICE GREATER THAN THE AMOUNT CHARGED BY THE PROVIDER, AND TO PROVIDE THAT SUCH PROHIBITED ACTION BY A PHYSICIAN IS GROUNDS FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY THE MISSISSIPPI BOARD OF MEDICAL LICENSURE; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

SECTION 1. Section 73-25-29, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:

73-25-29. The grounds for the nonissuance, suspension, revocation or restriction of a license or the denial of reinstatement or renewal of a license are:

(1) Habitual personal use of narcotic drugs, or any other drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability.

(2) Habitual use of intoxicating liquors, or any beverage, to an extent which affects professional competency.

(3) Administering, dispensing or prescribing any narcotic drug, or any other drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability otherwise than in the course of legitimate professional practice.

(4) Conviction of violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any narcotic drug or any drug considered a controlled substance under state or federal law, a certified copy of the conviction order or judgment rendered by the trial court being prima facie evidence thereof,
notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal.

(5) Procuring, or attempting to procure, or aiding in, an abortion that is not medically indicated.

(6) Conviction of a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, a certified copy of the conviction order or judgment rendered by the trial court being prima facie evidence thereof, notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal.

(7) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by fraud or deception.

(8) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to:

(a) Practicing medicine under a false or assumed name or impersonating another practitioner, living or dead.

(b) Knowingly performing any act which in any way assists an unlicensed person to practice medicine.

(c) Making or willfully causing to be made any flamboyant claims concerning the licensee’s professional excellence.

(d) Being guilty of any dishonorable or unethical conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.

(e) Obtaining a fee as personal compensation or gain from a person on fraudulent representation a disease or injury condition generally considered incurable by competent medical authority in the light of current scientific knowledge and practice can be cured or offering, undertaking, attempting or agreeing to cure or treat the same by a secret method, which he refuses to divulge to the board upon request.

(f) Use of any false, fraudulent or forged statement or document, or the use of any fraudulent, deceitful, dishonest or immoral practice in connection with any of the licensing requirements, including the signing in his professional capacity any certificate that is known to be false at the time he makes or signs such certificate.

(g) Failing to identify a physician’s school of practice in all professional uses of his name by use of his earned degree or a description of his school of practice.

(h) Charging any patient for any clinical
laboratory service not actually rendered by the licensee to the patient unless the service is itemized in the charge, bill or other solicitation of payment by identifying the name and address of the provider of the clinical laboratory service and the amount charged by such provider for the clinical laboratory service. The physician shall not charge a fee for referral to a clinical laboratory. This paragraph shall be satisfied if the required disclosures are made to the third-party payor of the patient.

(i) Charging any patient or third-party payor an amount for a clinical laboratory service not actually rendered by the licensee to the patient that is greater than the amount charged by the provider of the clinical laboratory service to the licensee.

(9) The refusal of a licensing authority of another state or jurisdiction to issue or renew a license, permit or certificate to practice medicine in that jurisdiction or the revocation, suspension or other restriction imposed on a license, permit or certificate issued by such licensing authority which prevents or restricts practice in that jurisdiction, a certified copy of the disciplinary order or action taken by the other state or jurisdiction being prima facie evidence thereof, notwithstanding the pendency of any appeal.

(10) Surrender of a license or authorization to practice medicine in another state or jurisdiction or surrender of membership on any medical staff or in any medical or professional association or society while under disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or bodies for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct which would constitute grounds for action as defined in this section.

(11) Final sanctions imposed by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector General or any successor federal agency or office, based upon a finding of incompetency, gross misconduct or failure to meet
professionally recognized standards of health care; a certified

copy of the notice of final sanction being prima facie evidence

thereof. As used in this paragraph, the term "final sanction"

means the written notice to a physician from the United States

Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector

General or any successor federal agency or office, which

implements the exclusion.

(12) Failure to furnish the board, its investigators or

representatives information legally requested by the board.

(13) Violation of any provision(s) of the Medical

Practice Act or the rules and regulations of the board or of any

order, stipulation or agreement with the board.

In addition to the grounds specified above, the board shall

be authorized to suspend the license of any licensee for being out

of compliance with an order for support, as defined in Section

93-11-153. The procedure for suspension of a license for being

out of compliance with an order for support, and the procedure for

the reissuance or reinstatement of a license suspended for that

purpose, and the payment of any fees for the reissuance or

reinstatement of a license suspended for that purpose, shall be

governed by Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be.

If there is any conflict between any provision of Section

93-11-157 or 93-11-163 and any provision of this chapter, the

provisions of Section 93-11-157 or 93-11-163, as the case may be,

shall control.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from

and after July 1, 2000.