

By: Chaney, King

To: Judiciary

SENATE BILL NO. 2737
(As Passed the Senate)

1 AN ACT TO REQUIRE VEHICLE IMPOUNDMENT, IMMOBILIZATION OR USE
2 OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK SYSTEM IN DUI CONVICTION; TO PROVIDE FOR
3 THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE USE OF SUCH DEVICES; TO PROVIDE
4 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION; TO AMEND SECTION 63-11-30, MISSISSIPPI
5 CODE OF 1972, TO CONFORM TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT AND TO MAKE
6 TECHNICAL CHANGES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

8 SECTION 1. (1) (a) In addition to the penalties authorized
9 for any second or subsequent convictions of Section 63-11-30, the
10 court shall order either the impoundment or immobilization of any
11 vehicle registered to the person convicted, if the court
12 determines it is a vehicle to which the person has access and
13 which should be subject to these sanctions, for a minimum period
14 of thirty (30) days up to the entire length of license suspension
15 to occur during the driver's license suspension period; provided,
16 however, that if other licensed drivers living in the household
17 are dependent upon the vehicle subject to impoundment or
18 immobilization for necessary transportation, the court may order
19 the installation of an ignition interlock system on the vehicle in
20 lieu of impoundment or immobilization. Additionally, the court
21 shall order the installation of an ignition interlock system on
22 any vehicle registered to the person for a minimum period of six
23 (6) months to occur upon reinstatement of the person's driver's
24 license if the court determines it is a vehicle to which the
25 person has access and which should be subject to ignition
26 interlock. The cost associated with impoundment, immobilization
27 or ignition interlock shall be paid by the person convicted. For
28 the purpose of this section, "ignition interlock device" means a

29 device which connects a motor vehicle ignition system to a
30 breath-alcohol analyzer and prevents a motor vehicle ignition from
31 starting if the driver's blood alcohol level exceeds the
32 calibrated setting on the device.

33 (b) A person may not tamper with, or in any way attempt
34 to circumvent the immobilization or impoundment of vehicles
35 ordered by the court. A violation of this paragraph (b) is a
36 misdemeanor and upon conviction the violator shall be fined an
37 amount not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more
38 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more
39 than one (1) year or both.

40 (c) When a court orders a person to operate only a
41 motor vehicle which is equipped with a functioning ignition
42 interlock device, the court shall establish a specific calibration
43 setting no lower than two one-hundredths percent (.02%) nor more
44 than four one-hundredths percent (.04%) blood alcohol
45 concentration at which the ignition interlock device will prevent
46 the motor vehicle from being started.

47 (d) Upon ordering use of an ignition interlock device,
48 the court shall:

49 (i) State on the record the requirement for and
50 the period of use of the device, and so notify the Department of
51 Public Safety;

52 (ii) Direct that the records of the department
53 reflect that the person may not operate a motor vehicle that is
54 not equipped with an ignition interlock device;

55 (iii) Direct the department to attach or imprint a
56 notation on the driver's license of any person restricted under
57 this section stating that the person may operate only a motor
58 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;

59 (iv) Require proof of the installation of the
60 device and periodic reporting by the person for verification of
61 the proper operation of the device;

62 (v) Require the person to have the system
63 monitored for proper use and accuracy by an entity approved by the
64 department at least semiannually, or more frequently as the
65 circumstances may require;

66 (vi) Require the person to pay the reasonable cost
67 of leasing or buying, monitoring, and maintaining the device, and
68 may establish a payment schedule therefore.

69 (e) (i) 1. A person prohibited under this section
70 from operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an
71 ignition interlock device may not solicit or have another person
72 attempt to start or start a motor vehicle equipped with such a
73 device.

74 2. A person may not attempt to start or start
75 a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device for the
76 purpose of providing an operable motor vehicle to a person who is
77 prohibited under this section from operating a motor vehicle that
78 is not equipped with an ignition interlock device.

79 3. A person may not tamper with, or in any
80 way attempt to circumvent, the operation of an ignition interlock
81 device that has been installed in a motor vehicle.

82 4. A person may not knowingly provide a motor
83 vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device
84 to another person who the provider of such vehicle knows or should
85 know is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped
86 with an ignition interlock device.

87 (ii) A violation of this paragraph (e) is a
88 misdemeanor and upon conviction the violator shall be fined an
89 amount not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more
90 than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) or imprisoned for not more
91 than one (1) year, or both.

92 (iii) A person shall not be in violation of this
93 paragraph (e) if:

94 1. The starting of a motor vehicle equipped
95 with an ignition interlock device is done for the purpose of
96 safety or mechanical repair of the device or the vehicle, and the
97 person subject to the court order does not operate the vehicle; or

98 2. The court finds that a person is required

99 to operate a motor vehicle in the course and scope of the person's
100 employment. If the vehicle is owned by the person's employer, the
101 person may operate that vehicle during regular working hours for
102 the purposes of employment without installation of an ignition
103 interlock device if the employer has been notified of such driving
104 privilege restriction and if proof of that notification is kept
105 with the vehicle at all times. This employment exemption does not
106 apply if the business entity that owns the vehicle is owned or
107 controlled by the person who is prohibited from operating the
108 motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device.

109 (f) (i) In addition to the circumstances under which a
110 judge may order the use of an ignition interlock device set out in
111 subsection (1)(a) of this section, a judge may order that the
112 vehicle owned or operated by a person or a family member of any
113 person who committed a violation of Section 63-11-30 be equipped
114 with an ignition interlock device for all or a portion of the time
115 the driver's license of the operator of such vehicle is suspended
116 or restricted pursuant to this section, if:

117 1. The operator of the vehicle used to
118 violate Section 63-11-30 has at least one (1) prior conviction for
119 driving a motor vehicle when such person's privilege to do so is
120 cancelled, suspended or revoked as provided by Section 63-11-30;
121 or

122 2. The driver's license of the operator of
123 such vehicle was cancelled, suspended or revoked at the time of
124 the violation of Section 63-11-30.

125 (ii) The provisions of this paragraph (f) shall
126 not apply if the vehicle used to commit the violation of Section
127 63-11-30, was, at the time of such violation, rented or stolen.

128 (2) The provisions of this section are supplemental to the
129 provisions of Section 63-11-30.

130 SECTION 2. Section 63-11-30, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
131 amended as follows:[CSQ1]

132 63-11-30. (1) It is unlawful for any person to drive or
133 otherwise operate a vehicle within this state who (a) is under the
134 influence of intoxicating liquor; (b) is under the influence of
135 any other substance which has impaired such person's ability to
136 operate a motor vehicle; (c) has an alcohol concentration of ten
137 one-hundredths percent (.10%) or more for persons who are above
138 the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state law, or
139 two one-hundredths percent (.02%) or more for persons who are
140 below the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages under state
141 law, in the person's blood based upon grams of alcohol per one
142 hundred (100) milliliters of blood or grams of alcohol per two
143 hundred ten (210) liters of breath as shown by a chemical analysis
144 of such person's breath, blood or urine administered as authorized
145 by this chapter; (d) is under the influence of any drug or
146 controlled substance, the possession of which is unlawful under
147 the Mississippi Controlled Substances Law; or (e) has an alcohol
148 concentration of four one-hundredths percent (.04%) or more in the
149 person's blood, based upon grams of alcohol per one hundred (100)
150 milliliters of blood or grams of alcohol per two hundred ten (210)
151 liters of breath as shown by a chemical analysis of such person's
152 blood, breath or urine, administered as authorized by this chapter
153 for persons operating a commercial motor vehicle.

154 (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3),
155 upon conviction of any person for the first offense of violating
156 subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for
157 under Section 63-11-5 were given, or where chemical test results
158 are not available, such person shall be fined not less than Two
159 Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars
160 (\$1,000.00), or imprisoned for not more than forty-eight (48)
161 hours in jail or both; and the court shall order such person to
162 attend and complete an alcohol safety education program as
163 provided in Section 63-11-32. The court may substitute attendance
164 at a victim impact panel instead of forty-eight (48) hours in

165 jail. In addition, the Department of Public Safety, the
166 Commissioner of Public Safety or his duly authorized agent shall,
167 after conviction and upon receipt of the court abstract, suspend
168 the driver's license and driving privileges of such person for a
169 period of not less than ninety (90) days and until such person
170 attends and successfully completes an alcohol safety education
171 program as herein provided; provided, however, in no event shall
172 such period of suspension exceed one (1) year. Commercial driving
173 privileges shall be suspended as provided in Section 63-1-83.

174 The circuit court having jurisdiction in the county in which
175 the conviction was had or the circuit court of the person's county
176 of residence may reduce the suspension of driving privileges under
177 Section 63-11-30(2)(a) if the denial of which would constitute a
178 hardship on the offender, except that no court may issue such an
179 order reducing the suspension of driving privileges under this
180 subsection until thirty (30) days have elapsed from the effective
181 date of the suspension. Hardships shall only apply to first
182 offenses under Section 63-11-30(1), and shall not apply to second,
183 third or subsequent convictions of any person violating subsection
184 (1) of this section. A reduction of suspension on the basis of
185 hardship shall not be available to any person who refused to
186 submit to a chemical test upon the request of a law enforcement
187 officer as provided in Section 63-11-5. When the petition is
188 filed, such person shall pay to the circuit clerk of the court
189 where the petition is filed a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), which
190 shall be deposited into the State General Fund to the credit of a
191 special fund hereby created in the State Treasury to be used for
192 alcohol or drug abuse treatment and education, upon appropriation
193 by the Legislature. This fee shall be in addition to any other
194 court costs or fees required for the filing of petitions.

195 The petition filed under the provisions of this subsection
196 shall contain the specific facts which the petitioner alleges to
197 constitute a hardship and the driver's license number of the

198 petitioner. A hearing may be held on any petition filed under
199 this subsection only after ten (10) days' prior written notice to
200 the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designated agent, or the
201 attorney designated to represent the state. At such hearing, the
202 court may enter an order reducing the period of suspension.

203 The order entered under the provisions of this subsection
204 shall contain the specific grounds upon which hardship was
205 determined, and shall order the petitioner to attend and complete
206 an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section
207 63-11-32. A certified copy of such order shall be delivered to
208 the Commissioner of Public Safety by the clerk of the court within
209 five (5) days of the entry of the order. The certified copy of
210 such order shall contain information which will identify the
211 petitioner, including, but not limited to, the name, mailing
212 address, street address, social security number and driver's
213 license number of the petitioner.

214 At any time following at least thirty (30) days of suspension
215 for a first offense violation of this section, the court may grant
216 the person hardship driving privileges upon written petition of
217 the defendant, if it finds reasonable cause to believe that
218 revocation would hinder the person's ability to:

- 219 (i) Continue his employment;
- 220 (ii) Continue attending school or an educational
221 institution; or
- 222 (iii) Obtain necessary medical care.

223 Proof of the hardship shall be established by clear and
224 convincing evidence which shall be supported by independent
225 documentation.

226 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3),
227 upon any second conviction of any person violating subsection (1)
228 of this section, the offenses being committed within a period of
229 five (5) years, such person shall be fined not less than Six
230 Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) nor more than One Thousand Five Hundred

231 Dollars (\$1,500.00) and shall be imprisoned not less than ten (10)
232 days nor more than one (1) year and sentenced to community service
233 work for not less than ten (10) days nor more than one (1) year.
234 The minimum penalties shall not be suspended. Except as may
235 otherwise be provided by paragraph (e) of this subsection, the
236 Commissioner of Public Safety shall suspend the driver's license
237 of such person for two (2) years. Suspension of a commercial
238 driver's license shall be governed by Section 63-1-83. Upon any
239 second conviction as described in this paragraph, the court shall
240 ascertain whether the defendant is married, and if the defendant
241 is married shall obtain the name and address of the defendant's
242 spouse; the clerk of the court shall submit this information to
243 the Department of Public Safety. Further, the commissioner shall
244 notify in writing, by certified mail, return receipt requested,
245 the owner of the vehicle and the spouse, if any, of the person
246 convicted of the second violation of the possibility of forfeiture
247 of the vehicle if such person is convicted of a third violation of
248 subsection (1) of this section. The owner of the vehicle and the
249 spouse shall be considered notified under this paragraph if the
250 notice is deposited in the United States mail and any claim that
251 the notice was not in fact received by the addressee shall not
252 affect a subsequent forfeiture proceeding.

253 For any second or subsequent conviction of any person under
254 this section, the person shall also be subject to the penalties
255 set forth in Section 1 of Senate Bill No. 2737, 2000 Regular
256 Session.

257 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), for
258 any third or subsequent conviction of any person violating
259 subsection (1) of this section, the offenses being committed
260 within a period of five (5) years, such person shall be guilty of
261 a felony and fined not less than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00)
262 nor more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) and shall be
263 imprisoned not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years

264 in the State Penitentiary. The minimum penalties shall not be
265 suspended. The law enforcement agency shall seize the vehicle
266 operated by any person charged with a third or subsequent
267 violation of subsection (1) of this section, if such convicted
268 person was driving the vehicle at the time the offense was
269 committed. Such vehicle may be forfeited in the manner provided
270 by Sections 63-11-49 through 63-11-53. Except as may otherwise be
271 provided by paragraph (e) of this subsection, the Commissioner of
272 Public Safety shall suspend the driver's license of such person
273 for five (5) years. The suspension of a commercial driver's
274 license shall be governed by Section 63-1-83.

275 (d) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), any
276 person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of subsection
277 (1) of this section * * * shall receive an in-depth diagnostic
278 assessment, and if as a result of such assessment is determined to
279 be in need of treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse problem
280 shall successfully complete treatment of his alcohol and/or drug
281 abuse problem at a program site certified by the Department of
282 Mental Health. Such person shall be eligible for reinstatement of
283 his driving privileges upon the successful completion of such
284 treatment after a period of one (1) year after such person's
285 driver's license is suspended. Each person who receives a
286 diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee representing the cost of
287 such assessment. Each person who participates in a treatment
288 program shall pay a fee representing the cost of such treatment.

289 (e) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), any
290 person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection
291 (1) of this section may enter an alcohol and/or drug abuse program
292 approved by the Department of Mental Health for treatment of such
293 person's alcohol and/or drug abuse problem. If such person
294 successfully completes such treatment, such person shall be
295 eligible for reinstatement of his driving privileges after a
296 period of three (3) years after such person's driver's license is

297 suspended.

298 (3) (a) This subsection shall be known and may be cited as
299 Zero Tolerance for Minors. The provisions of this subsection
300 shall apply only when a person under the age of twenty-one (21)
301 years has a blood alcohol concentration two one-hundredths percent
302 (.02%) or more, but lower than eight one-hundredths percent
303 (.08%). If such person's blood alcohol concentration is eight
304 one-hundredths percent (.08%) or more, the provisions of
305 subsection (2) shall apply.

306 (b) Upon conviction of any person under the age of
307 twenty-one (21) years for the first offense of violating
308 subsection (1) of this section where chemical tests provided for
309 under Section 63-11-5 were given, * * * such person shall have his
310 driver's license suspended for ninety (90) days and shall be fined
311 Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00); and the court shall order
312 such person to attend and complete an alcohol safety education
313 program as provided in Section 63-11-32. The court may also
314 require attendance at a victim impact panel.

315 The circuit court having jurisdiction in the county in which
316 the conviction was had or the circuit court of the person's county
317 of residence may reduce the suspension of driving privileges under
318 Section 63-11-30(2)(a) if the denial of which would constitute a
319 hardship on the offender, except that no court may issue such an
320 order reducing the suspension of driving privileges under this
321 subsection until thirty (30) days have elapsed from the effective
322 date of the suspension. Hardships shall only apply to first
323 offenses under Section 63-11-30(1), and shall not apply to second,
324 third or subsequent convictions of any person violating subsection
325 (1) of this section. A reduction of suspension on the basis of
326 hardship shall not be available to any person who refused to
327 submit to a chemical test upon the request of a law enforcement
328 officer as provided in Section 63-11-5. When the petition is
329 filed, such person shall pay to the circuit clerk of the court

330 where the petition is filed a fee of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), which
331 shall be deposited into the State General Fund to the credit of a
332 special fund hereby created in the State Treasury to be used for
333 alcohol or drug abuse treatment and education, upon appropriation
334 by the Legislature. This fee shall be in addition to any other
335 court costs or fees required for the filing of petitions.

336 The petition filed under the provisions of this subsection
337 shall contain the specific facts which the petitioner alleges to
338 constitute a hardship and the driver's license number of the
339 petitioner. A hearing may be held on any petition filed under
340 this subsection only after ten (10) days' prior written notice to
341 the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his designated agent, or the
342 attorney designated to represent the state. At such hearing, the
343 court may enter an order reducing the period of suspension.

344 The order entered under the provisions of this subsection
345 shall contain the specific grounds upon which hardship was
346 determined, and shall order the petitioner to attend and complete
347 an alcohol safety education program as provided in Section
348 63-11-32. A certified copy of such order shall be delivered to
349 the Commissioner of Public Safety by the clerk of the court within
350 five (5) days of the entry of the order. The certified copy of
351 such order shall contain information which will identify the
352 petitioner, including, but not limited to, the name, mailing
353 address, street address, social security number and driver's
354 license number of the petitioner.

355 At any time following at least thirty (30) days of suspension
356 for a first offense violation of this section, the court may grant
357 the person hardship driving privileges upon written petition of
358 the defendant, if it finds reasonable cause to believe that
359 revocation would hinder the person's ability to:

- 360 (i) Continue his employment;
- 361 (ii) Continue attending school or an educational
362 institution; or

363 (iii) Obtain necessary medical care.

364 Proof of the hardship shall be established by clear and
365 convincing evidence which shall be supported by independent
366 documentation.

367 (c) Upon any second conviction of any person under the
368 age of twenty-one (21) years violating subsection (1) of this
369 section, the offenses being committed within a period of five (5)
370 years, such person shall be fined not more than Five Hundred
371 Dollars (\$500.00) and shall have his driver's license suspended
372 for one (1) year.

373 (d) For any third or subsequent conviction of any
374 person under the age of twenty-one (21) years violating subsection
375 (1) of this section, the offenses being committed within a period
376 of five (5) years, such person shall be fined not more than One
377 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and shall have his driver's license
378 suspended until he reaches the age of twenty-one (21) or for two
379 (2) years, whichever is longer.

380 (e) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years
381 convicted of a second violation of subsection (1) of this section,
382 may have the period that his driver's license is suspended reduced
383 if such person receives an in-depth diagnostic assessment, and as
384 a result of such assessment is determined to be in need of
385 treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse problem and
386 successfully completes treatment of his alcohol and/or drug abuse
387 problem at a program site certified by the Department of Mental
388 Health. Such person shall be eligible for reinstatement of his
389 driving privileges upon the successful completion of such
390 treatment after a period of six (6) months after such person's
391 driver's license is suspended. Each person who receives a
392 diagnostic assessment shall pay a fee representing the cost of
393 such assessment. Each person who participates in a treatment
394 program shall pay a fee representing the cost of such treatment.

395 (f) Any person under the age of twenty-one (21) years

396 convicted of a third or subsequent violation of subsection (1) of
397 this section shall complete treatment of an alcohol and/or drug
398 abuse program at a site certified by the Department of Mental
399 Health.

400 (g) The court shall have the discretion to rule that a
401 first offense of this subsection by a person under the age of
402 twenty-one (21) years shall be nonadjudicated. Such person shall
403 be eligible for nonadjudication only once. The Department of
404 Public Safety shall maintain a confidential registry of all cases
405 which are nonadjudicated as provided in this paragraph. A judge
406 who rules that a case is nonadjudicated shall forward such ruling
407 to the Department of Public Safety. Judges and prosecutors
408 involved in implied consent violations shall have access to the
409 confidential registry for the purpose of determining
410 nonadjudication eligibility. A record of a person who has been
411 nonadjudicated shall be maintained for five (5) years or until
412 such person reaches the age of twenty-one (21) years. Any person
413 whose confidential record has been disclosed in violation of this
414 paragraph shall have a civil cause of action against the person
415 and/or agency responsible for such disclosure.

416 (4) Every person convicted of operating a vehicle while
417 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any other substance
418 which has impaired such person's ability to operate a motor
419 vehicle where the person (a) refused a law enforcement officer's
420 request to submit to a chemical test of his breath as provided in
421 this chapter, or (b) was unconscious at the time of a chemical
422 test and refused to consent to the introduction of the results of
423 such test in any prosecution, shall be punished consistent with
424 the penalties prescribed herein for persons submitting to the
425 test, except that there shall be an additional suspension of
426 driving privileges as follows:

427 The Commissioner of Public Safety or his authorized agent
428 shall suspend the driver's license or permit to drive or deny the

429 issuance of a license or permit to such person as provided for
430 first, second and third or subsequent offenders in subsection (2)
431 of this section. Such suspension shall be in addition to any
432 suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (1) of Section 63-11-23.

433 (5) Every person who operates any motor vehicle in violation
434 of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section and who in a
435 negligent manner causes the death of another or mutilates,
436 disfigures, permanently disables or destroys the tongue, eye, lip,
437 nose or any other limb, organ or member of another shall, upon
438 conviction, be guilty of a felony and shall be committed to the
439 custody of the State Department of Corrections for a period of
440 time not to exceed twenty-five (25) years.

441 (6) Upon conviction of any violation of subsection (1) of
442 this section, the trial judge shall sign in the place provided on
443 the traffic ticket, citation or affidavit stating that the person
444 arrested either employed an attorney or waived his right to an
445 attorney after having been properly advised. If the person
446 arrested employed an attorney, the name, address and telephone
447 number of the attorney shall be written on the ticket, citation or
448 affidavit. The judge shall cause a copy of the traffic ticket,
449 citation or affidavit, and any other pertinent documents
450 concerning the conviction, to be sent to the Commissioner of
451 Public Safety. A copy of the traffic ticket, citation or
452 affidavit and any other pertinent documents, having been attested
453 as true and correct by the Commissioner of Public Safety, or his
454 designee, shall be sufficient proof of the conviction for purposes
455 of determining the enhanced penalty for any subsequent convictions
456 of violations of subsection (1) of this section.

457 (7) Convictions in other states of violations for driving or
458 operating a vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicating
459 liquor or while under the influence of any other substance that
460 has impaired the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle
461 occurring after July 1, 1992, shall be counted for the purposes of

462 determining if a violation of subsection (1) of this section is a
463 first, second, third or subsequent offense and the penalty that
464 shall be imposed upon conviction for a violation of subsection (1)
465 of this section.

466 (8) For the purposes of determining how to impose the
467 sentence for a second, third or subsequent conviction under this
468 section, the indictment shall not be required to enumerate
469 previous convictions. It shall only be necessary that the
470 indictment state the number of times that the defendant has been
471 convicted and sentenced within the past five (5) years under this
472 section to determine if an enhanced penalty shall be imposed. The
473 amount of fine and imprisonment imposed in previous convictions
474 shall not be considered in calculating offenses to determine a
475 second, third or subsequent offense of this section.

476 (9) Any person under the legal age to obtain a license to
477 operate a motor vehicle convicted under this section shall not be
478 eligible to receive such license until the person reaches the age
479 of eighteen (18) years.

480 (10) Suspension of driving privileges for any person
481 convicted of violations of Section 63-11-30(1) shall run
482 consecutively.

483 (11) The court may order the use of an ignition interlock
484 device as provided by Section 1 of Senate Bill. No. 2737, 2000
485 Regular Session.

486 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from
487 and after July 1, 2000.