By: Nunnelee

To: Judiciary

## SENATE BILL NO. 2019

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 89-8-13, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REVISE TERMINATION OF TENANCY FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE VIOLATIONS; TO BRING FORWARD SECTION 89-8-25, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6 SECTION 1. Section 89-8-13, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 7 amended as follows:

8 89-8-13. (1) If there is a material noncompliance by the 9 tenant with the rental agreement or the obligations imposed by 10 Section 89-8-25, the landlord may terminate the tenancy as set out 11 in subsection (3) of this section or resort to any other remedy at 12 law or in equity except as prohibited by this chapter.

(2) If there is a material noncompliance by the landlord
with the rental agreement or the obligations imposed by Section
89-8-23, the tenant may terminate the tenancy as set out in
subsection (3) of this section or resort to any other remedy at
law or in equity except as prohibited by this chapter.

18 (3) The nonbreaching party may deliver a written notice to 19 the party in breach specifying the acts and omissions constituting 20 the breach and that the rental agreement will terminate upon a 21 date not less than thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice if 22 the breach is not remedied within a reasonable time not in excess

of thirty (30) days; and the rental agreement shall terminate and the tenant shall surrender possession as provided in the notice subject to the following:

(a) If the breach is remediable by repairs, the payment
of damages, or otherwise, and the breaching party adequately
remedies the breach prior to the date specified in the notice, the
rental agreement shall not terminate;

30 (b) In the absence of a showing of due care by the 31 breaching party, if substantially the same act or omission which 32 constituted a prior noncompliance of which notice was given recurs 33 within six (6) months, the nonbreaching party may terminate the 34 rental agreement upon at least fourteen (14) days' written notice 35 specifying the breach and the date of termination of the rental 36 agreement;

37 (c) Neither party may terminate for a condition caused
38 by his own deliberate or negligent act or omission or that of a
39 member of his family or other person on the premises with his
40 consent.

(4) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord
shall return all prepaid and unearned rent and security
recoverable by the tenant under Section 89-8-21.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any 44 45 other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, if the material noncompliance by the tenant is the nonpayment of rent pursuant to 46 the rental agreement, the landlord shall not be required to 47 deliver thirty (30) days' written notice as provided by subsection 48 (3) of this section. In such event, the landlord may seek removal 49 of the tenant from the premises in the manner and with the notice 50 prescribed by Chapter 7, Title 89, Mississippi Code of 1972. 51

52 <u>(6) (a) A rental agreement may be terminated where the</u> 53 <u>premises are knowingly used or occupied in whole or in part to</u>

54 violate Section 41-29-139.

55 (b) The district attorney may serve personally upon the landlord of the premises so used or occupied, or upon the 56 landlord's agent, a written notice requiring the landlord to 57 58 inform such district attorney in writing of the landlord's intent 59 to diligently and in good faith seek the eviction of the tenant or 60 tenants so using or occupying the premises. If the landlord or 61 landlord's agent does not so inform such district attorney in writing within five (5) days of receiving written notice, or, 62 having done so, does not in good faith diligently prosecute such 63 eviction, the district attorney may bring a proceeding under this 64 65 chapter for such eviction as though the district attorney was the owner or landlord of the premises, and such proceeding shall have 66 67 precedence over any similar proceeding thereafter brought by such 68 landlord or to a proceeding previously brought by such landlord but not prosecuted diligently and in good faith. The person in 69 possession of the property and the landlord shall be made parties 70 71 to such a proceeding. (c) A court granting relief pursuant to this subsection 72 (6) may order, in addition to any other costs provided by law, the 73 74 payment by the defendant or defendants of reasonable attorney fees and the prepaid costs of the proceeding to the district attorney. 75 In such cases, multiple defendants are jointly and severally 76 liable for any payment so ordered. Any costs collected shall be 77 78 remitted to the office of the district attorney, and any attorney 79 fees collected shall be remitted to the general fund of the county 80 where the proceeding occurred. 81 (d) A proceeding brought under this section for

82 repossession of the premises does not preclude the owner or

83 landlord from recovering monetary damages from the tenants or

84 occupants of such premises in a civil action.

85 SECTION 2. Section 89-8-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 86 brought forward as follows:

87 89-8-25. A tenant shall:

(a) Keep that part of the premises that he occupies and
uses as clean and as safe as the condition of the premises
permits;

91 (b) Dispose from his dwelling unit all ashes, rubbish, 92 garbage and other waste in a clean and safe manner in compliance 93 with community standards;

94 (c) Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit95 used by the tenant as clean as their condition permits;

96 (d) Use in a reasonable manner all electrical, 97 plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air conditioning and 98 other facilities and appliances, including elevators, in the 99 premises;

(e) Not deliberately or negligently destroy, deface,
damage, impair or remove any part of the premises or knowingly
permit any other person to do so;

(f) Conduct himself and require other persons on the premises with his consent to conduct themselves in a manner that will not disturb his neighbors' peaceful enjoyment of their premises;

107 (g) Inform the landlord of any condition of which he
108 has actual knowledge which may cause damage to the premises;
109 (h) To the extent of his legal obligation, maintain the

110 dwelling unit in substantially the same condition, reasonable wear 111 and tear excepted, and comply with the requirements of applicable 112 building and housing codes materially affecting health and safety; 113 (i) Not engage in any illegal activity upon the leased 114 premises as documented by a law enforcement agency. 115 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from

116 and after July 1, 2000.