By: Moody

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 1525

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-19-34, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 2 TO PROVIDE FOR REVIEW ON A 3-YEAR CYCLE FOR POSSIBLE MODIFICATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS, AND TO PROVIDE THAT ONLY UPWARD, NOT 3 4 DOWNWARD, ADJUSTMENTS MAY BE ORDERED RETROACTIVELY; TO AMEND 5 SECTION 43-19-45, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT FULL 6 FAITH AND CREDIT BE GIVEN TO THE NOTICES AND SUBPOENAS ISSUED BY 7 OTHER STATES; TO AMEND SECTION 43-19-101, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT ALL CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS SHALL ORDER 8 9 REASONABLE MEDICAL SUPPORT; TO AMEND SECTION 93-9-15, AND SECTION 10 93-9-27, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT THERE IS NO RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN AN ACTION TO ESTABLISH PATERNITY; TO 11 AMEND SECTION 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT 12 TEMPORARY SUPPORT IS TO BE GRANTED PENDING A DETERMINATION OF 13 14 PARENTAGE; TO AMEND SECTIONS 93-11-103 AND 93-11-105, MISSISSIPPI 15 CODE OF 1972, TO PROVIDE THAT NOTICE OF AN ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER 16 FOR CHILD SUPPORT MAY BE GIVEN THROUGH REGULAR MAIL TO THE LAST KNOWN ADDRESS OF THE OBLIGOR; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. 17

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: SECTION 1. Section 43-19-34, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows:[CSQ1]

43-19-34. (1) In lieu of legal proceedings instituted to 21 22 obtain a modification for an order for support, a written stipulated agreement for modification executed by the responsible 23 parent when acknowledged before a clerk of the court having 24 jurisdiction over such matters or a notary public and filed with 25 and approved by the judge of said court shall have the same force 26 27 and effect, retroactively and prospectively, in accordance with the terms of said agreement as an order for modification of 28 29 support entered by the court, and shall be enforceable and subject to subsequent modification in the same manner as is provided by 30 31 law for orders of the court in such cases.

32 (2) With respect to a child support order in cases initiated33 or enforced by the Department of Human Services pursuant to Title

IV-D of the Social Security Act, wherein the department has 34 35 determined that a modification is appropriate, the department shall send a motion and notice of intent to modify the order, 36 together with the proposed modification of the order under this 37 38 section to the last known mailing address of the defendant. Such notice shall specify the date and time certain of the hearing and 39 shall be sent by certified mail, restricted delivery, return 40 41 receipt requested; notice shall be deemed complete as of the date of delivery as evidenced by the return receipt. The required 42 notice may also be delivered by personal service in accordance 43 with Rule 4 of the Mississippi Rules of Civil Procedure insofar as 44 it may be applied to service of an administrative order or notice. 45 46 The defendant may accept the proposed modification by signing and 47 returning it to the department prior to the date of hearing for presentation to the court for approval. In the event that the 48 49 defendant does not sign and return the proposed modification, the 50 court shall on the date and time previously set for hearing review 51 the proposal and make a determination as to whether it should be 52 approved in whole or in part.

53 (3) Every three (3) years, upon the request of either parent, or if there is an assignment under Section 43-19-35, upon 54 55 the request of the Department of Human Services or of either parent, the department shall review and, if appropriate, seek to 56 57 adjust a support order being enforced under 43-19-31 in accordance with the guidelines established pursuant to Section 43-19-101, if 58 the amount of the child support award under the order differs from 59 the amount that would be awarded in accordance with the 60 guidelines, taking into account the best interests of the child 61 involved. No proof of a material change in circumstances is 62 63 necessary in the three-year review for adjustment pursuant to this subsection (3). Proof of a material change in circumstances is 64 necessary for modification outside the three-year cycle. 65 (4) Any order for the support of minor children, whether 66 entered through the judicial system or through an expedited 67 68 process, shall not be subject to a downward retroactive modification. An upward retroactive modification may be ordered 69 70 back to the date of the event justifying the upward modification.

71 SECTION 2. Section 43-19-45, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 72 amended as follows:[CSQ2]

73 43-19-45. (1) The Child Support Unit shall establish a state parent locator service for the purpose of locating absent 74 75 and nonsupporting parents and alleged parents, which will utilize 76 all appropriate public and private locator sources. In order to 77 carry out the responsibilities imposed under Sections 43-19-31 through 43-19-53, the Child Support Unit may secure by 78 79 administrative subpoena from the customer records of public 80 utilities and cable television companies the names and addresses of individuals and the names and addresses of employers of such 81 82 individuals that would enable the location of parents or alleged parents who have a duty to provide support and maintenance for 83 their children. The Child Support Unit may also administratively 84 subpoena any and all financial information, including account 85 86 numbers, names and social security numbers of record for assets, 87 accounts, and account balances from any individual, financial 88 institution, business or other entity, public or private, needed 89 to establish, modify or enforce a support order. No entity 90 complying with an administrative subpoena to supply the requested 91 information of whatever nature shall be liable in any civil action or proceeding on account of such compliance. Full faith and 92 93 credit shall be given to all uniform administrative subpoenas 94 issued by other state child support units. The recipient of an 95 administrative subpoena shall supply said Child Support Unit, 96 other state and federal IV-D agencies, its attorneys, 97 investigators, probation officers, county or district attorneys in 98 this state, all information relative to the location, employment, employment related benefits including, but not limited to, 99 100 availability of medical insurance, income and property of such 101 parents and alleged parents and with all information on hand 102 relative to the location and prosecution of any person who has, by 103 means of a false statement or misrepresentation or by

104 impersonation or other fraudulent device, obtained Temporary 105 Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) to which he or she was not 106 entitled, notwithstanding any provision of law making such information confidential. The Mississippi Department of 107 108 Information Technology Services and any other agency in this state using the facilities of the Mississippi Department of Information 109 Technology Services are directed to permit the Child Support Unit 110 access to their files, inclusive of those maintained for other 111 112 state agencies, for the purpose of locating absent and 113 nonsupporting parents and alleged parents, except to the extent that any such access would violate any valid federal statute or 114 115 regulation issued pursuant thereto. The Child Support Unit, other state and federal IV-D agencies, its attorneys, investigators, 116 probation officers, or county or district attorneys, shall use 117 such information only for the purpose of investigating or 118 119 enforcing the support liability of such absent parents or alleged 120 parents or for the prosecution of other persons mentioned herein. Neither the Child Support Unit nor said authorities shall use the 121 122 information, or disclose it, for any other purpose. All records 123 maintained pursuant to the provisions of Sections 43-19-31 through 124 43-19-53 shall be confidential and shall be available only to the Child Support Unit, other state and federal IV-D agencies, the 125 126 attorneys, investigators and other staff employed or under 127 contract under Sections 43-19-31 through 43-19-53, district or county attorneys, probation departments, child support units in 128 129 other states, and courts having jurisdiction in paternity, support 130 or abandonment proceedings. The Child Support Unit may release to the public the name, photo, last known address, arrearage amount 131 and other necessary information of a parent who has a judgment 132 133 against him for child support and is currently in arrears in the 134 payment of this support. Such release may be included in a "Most Wanted List" or other media in order to solicit assistance. 135 136 (2) The Child Support Unit shall have the authority to

137 secure information from the records of the Mississippi Employment Security Commission that may be necessary to locate absent and 138 139 nonsupporting parents and alleged parents under the provisions of Sections 43-19-31 through 43-19-53. Upon request of the Child 140 141 Support Unit, all departments, boards, bureaus and agencies of the state shall provide to the Child Support Unit verification of 142 143 employment or payment and the address and social security number 144 of any person designated as an absent or nonsupporting parent or In addition, upon request of the Child Support 145 alleged parent. 146 Unit, the Mississippi Employment Security Commission, or any private employer or payor of any income to a person designated as 147 148 an absent or nonsupporting parent or alleged parent, shall provide 149 to the Child Support Unit verification of employment or payment 150 and the address and social security number of the person so 151 Full faith and credit shall be given to such notices designated. 152 issued by child support units in other states. All such records 153 and information shall be confidential and shall not be used for any purposes other than those specified by Sections 43-19-31 154 155 through 43-19-53. The violation of the provisions of this 156 subsection shall be unlawful and any person convicted of violating 157 the provisions of this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor 158 and shall pay a fine of not more than Two Hundred Dollars 159 (\$200.00).

160 (3) Federal and state IV-D agencies shall have access to the 161 state parent locator service and any system used by the Child 162 Support Unit to locate an individual for purposes relating to 163 motor vehicles or law enforcement. No employer or other source of 164 income who complies with this section shall be liable in any civil 165 action or proceeding brought by the obligor or obligee on account 166 of such compliance.

167 SECTION 3. Section 43-19-101, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 168 amended as follows:[CSQ3]

169 43-19-101. (1) The following child support award guidelines

170 shall be a rebuttable presumption in all judicial or

171 administrative proceedings regarding the awarding or modifying of 172 child support awards in this state:

173	Number Of Children	Percentage Of Adjusted Gross Income
174	Due Support	That Should Be Awarded For Support
175	1	14%
176	2	20%
177	3	22%
178	4	24%
179	5 or more	26%

180 (2) The guidelines provided for in subsection (1) of this 181 section apply unless the judicial or administrative body awarding 182 or modifying the child support award makes a written finding or 183 specific finding on the record that the application of the 184 guidelines would be unjust or inappropriate in a particular case 185 as determined under the criteria specified in Section 43-19-103.

186 (3) The amount of "adjusted gross income" as that term is 187 used in subsection (1) of this section shall be calculated as 188 follows:

189 Determine gross income from all potential sources (a) 190 that may reasonably be expected to be available to the absent 191 parent including, but not limited to, the following: wages and 192 salary income; income from self employment; income from 193 commissions; income from investments, including dividends, 194 interest income and income on any trust account or property; 195 absent parent's portion of any joint income of both parents; workers' compensation, disability, unemployment, annuity and 196 retirement benefits, including an individual retirement account 197 (IRA); any other payments made by any person, private entity, 198 199 federal or state government or any unit of local government; 200 alimony; any income earned from an interest in or from inherited property; any other form of earned income; and gross income shall 201 202 exclude any monetary benefits derived from a second household,

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such as income of the absent parent's current spouse;

Subtract the following legally mandated deductions: 204 (b) 205 Federal, state and local taxes. Contributions (i) 206 to the payment of taxes over and beyond the actual liability for 207 the taxable year shall not be considered a mandatory deduction; 208 (ii) Social security contributions; 209 (iii) Retirement and disability contributions 210 except any voluntary retirement and disability contributions; 211 (C) If the absent parent is subject to an existing 212 court order for another child or children, subtract the amount of 213 that court-ordered support; 214 (d) If the absent parent is also the parent of another child or other children residing with him, then the court may 215 216 subtract an amount that it deems appropriate to account for the 217 needs of said child or children; 218 (e) Compute the total annual amount of adjusted gross 219 income based on paragraphs (a) through (d), then divide this amount by twelve (12) to obtain the monthly amount of adjusted 220 221 gross income. 222 Upon conclusion of the calculation of paragraphs (a) 223 through (e), multiply the monthly amount of adjusted gross income 224 by the appropriate percentage designated in subsection (1) to 225 arrive at the amount of the monthly child support award. 226 In cases in which the adjusted gross income as defined (4) 227 in this section is more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) 228 or less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), the court shall make a written finding in the record as to whether or not the 229 230 application of the guidelines established in this section is 231 reasonable.

(5) The Department of Human Services shall review the appropriateness of these guidelines beginning January 1, 1994, and every four (4) years thereafter and report its findings to the Legislature no later than the first day of the regular legislative

236 session of that year. The Legislature shall thereafter amend 237 these guidelines when it finds that amendment is necessary to 238 ensure that equitable support is being awarded in all cases 239 involving the support of minor children.

240 (6) All orders involving support of minor children, as a 241 matter of law, shall include reasonable medical support. Notice 242 to the noncustodial parent's employer that medical support has 243 been ordered shall be on a form as prescribed by the Department of 244 Human Services.

245 SECTION 4. Section 93-9-15, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 246 amended as follows:[CSQ4]

93-9-15. The county court, \* \* \* the circuit court, or the 247 248 chancery court has jurisdiction of an action under Sections 93-9-1 through 93-9-49, and all remedies for the enforcement of orders 249 250 for expenses of pregnancy and confinement for a wife, or for 251 education, necessary support and maintenance, or funeral expenses 252 for legitimate children shall apply. The defendant must defend the cause in whichever court the action is commenced. The court 253 254 has continuing jurisdiction to modify or revoke an order and to 255 increase or decrease amounts fixed by order for future education 256 and necessary support and maintenance. All remedies under the 257 Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, and amendments 258 thereto, are available for enforcement of duties of support and 259 maintenance under Sections 93-9-1 through 93-9-49. Parties to an 260 action to establish paternity shall not be entitled to a jury 261 <u>trial.</u>

262 SECTION 5. Section 93-9-27, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 263 amended as follows:[CSQ5]

93-9-27. (1) If the court finds that the conclusions of all the experts, as disclosed by the evidence based upon the tests, are that the alleged father is not the father of the child, the question of paternity shall be resolved accordingly. If an expert concludes that the blood or other tests show the probability of

269 paternity, such evidence shall be admitted.

(2) There shall be rebuttable presumption, affecting the burden of proof, of paternity, if the court finds that the probability of paternity, as calculated by the experts qualified as examiners of genetic tests, is ninety-eight percent (98%) or greater. This presumption may only be rebutted by a preponderance of the evidence.

276 (3) Parties to an action to establish paternity shall not be
277 entitled to a jury trial.

278 SECTION 6. Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 279 amended as follows:[CSQ6]

280 93-11-65. (1) (a) In addition to the right to proceed 281 under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition 282 to the remedy of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing 283 remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have 284 jurisdiction to entertain suits for the custody, care, support and 285 maintenance of minor children and to hear and determine all such 286 matters, and shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other 287 guarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the 288 maintenance or support of a child. In the event a legally 289 responsible parent has health insurance available to him or her 290 through an employer or organization that may extend benefits to the dependents of such parent, any order of support issued against 291 292 such parent may require him or her to exercise the option of additional coverage in favor of such children as he or she is 293 294 legally responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought by or against a resident or nonresident of the State of Mississippi, 295 296 whether or not having the actual custody of minor children, for 297 the purpose of judicially determining the legal custody of a All actions herein authorized may be brought in the county 298 child. 299 where the child is actually residing, or in the county of the residence of the party who has actual custody, or of the residence 300 301 of the defendant. Process shall be had upon the parties as

302 provided by law for process in person or by publication, if they be nonresidents of the state or residents of another jurisdiction 303 304 or are not found therein after diligent search and inquiry or are unknown after diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court 305 306 or chancellor in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in 307 vacation to which process may be returnable and shall have power to proceed in termtime or vacation. Provided, however, that if 308 309 the court shall find that both parties are fit and proper persons to have custody of the children, and that either party is able to 310 311 adequately provide for the care and maintenance of the children, and that it would be to the best interest and welfare of the 312 313 children, then any such child who shall have reached his twelfth 314 birthday shall have the privilege of choosing the parent with whom 315 he shall live.

(b) An order of child support shall specify the sum to be paid weekly or otherwise. In addition to providing for support and education, the order shall also provide for the support of the child prior to the making of the order for child support, and such other expenses as the court may deem proper.

321 (c) The court may require the payment to be made to the 322 custodial parent, or to some person or corporation to be 323 designated by the court as trustee, but if the child or custodial 324 parent is receiving public assistance, the Department of Human 325 Services shall be made the trustee.

326 (d) The noncustodial parent's liabilities for past
327 education and necessary support and maintenance and other expenses
328 are limited to a period of one (1) year next preceding the
329 commencement of an action.

(2) Provided further, that where the proof shows that both
parents have separate incomes or estates, the court may require
that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the
children in proportion to the relative financial ability of each.
(3) Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic

335 payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond, 336 sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such 337 payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may, 338 339 upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or 340 such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that 341 bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated 342 to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil 343 344 actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing 345 in such case.

346 (4) When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first 347 arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court 348 349 may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination of 350 such abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and 351 determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the parents, as provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the 352 353 other provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in chancery court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be 354 355 confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court 356 proceedings, and the chancery court shall appoint a guardian ad 357 litem in such cases, as provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth 358 court proceedings, who shall be an attorney. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been terminated, all disposition orders 359 360 in such cases for placement with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed by the court or designated authority at least 361 annually to determine if continued placement with the department 362 363 is in the best interest of the child or the public.

364 (5) Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding
365 shall notify the other within five (5) days after any change of
366 address. In addition, the noncustodial and custodial parent shall
367 file and update, with the court and with the state case registry,

368 information on that party's location and identity, including 369 social security number, residential and mailing addresses, 370 telephone numbers, photograph, driver's license number, and name, 371 address and telephone number of the party's employer. This 372 information shall be required upon entry of an order or within 373 five (5) days of a change of address.

(6) In any case subsequently enforced by the Department of
Human Services pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act,
the court shall have continuing jurisdiction.

(7) In any subsequent child support enforcement action between the parties, upon sufficient showing that diligent effort has been made to ascertain the location of a party, due process requirements for notice and service of process shall be deemed to be met with respect to the party upon delivery of written notice to the most recent residential or employer address filed with the state case registry.

384 (8) The duty of support of a child terminates upon the 385 emancipation of the child. The court may determine that 386 emancipation has occurred and no other support obligation exists 387 when the child:

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(a) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or

(b) Marries, or

390 (c) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school and
 391 obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
 392 twenty-one (21) years, or

393 (d) Voluntarily moves from the home of the custodial 394 parent or guardian and establishes independent living arrangements 395 and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of 396 twenty-one (21) years.

397 (9) Upon motion of a party requesting temporary child
 398 support pending a determination of parentage, temporary support
 399 shall be ordered if there is clear and convincing evidence of
 400 paternity on the basis of genetic tests or other evidence, unless

401 the court makes written findings of fact on the record that the

402 <u>award of temporary support would be unjust or inappropriate in a</u> 403 <u>particular case.</u>

404 SECTION 7. Section 93-11-103, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 405 amended as follows:[CSQ7]

406 93-11-103. (1) Child support orders enforced by Department 407 of Human Services. Upon entry of any order for support by a court 408 of this state where the custodial parent is a recipient of 409 services under Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, 410 issued on or after October 1, 1996, the court entering such order 411 shall enter a separate order for withholding which shall take 412 effect immediately without any requirement that the obligor be 413 delinquent in payment. All such orders for support issued prior to October 1, 1996, shall, by operation of law, be amended to 414 415 conform with the provisions contained herein. All such orders for 416 support issued shall:

417 (a) Contain a provision for monthly income withholding
418 procedures to take effect in the event the obligor becomes
419 delinquent in paying the order for support without further
420 amendment to the order or further action by the court; and

421 (b) Require that the payor withhold any additional 422 amount for delinquency specified in any order if accompanied by an 423 affidavit of accounting, a notarized record of overdue payments or 424 an attested judgment for delinquency or contempt. Any person who 425 willfully and knowingly files a false affidavit, record or 426 judgment shall be subject to a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00). The Department of Human Services shall be 427 428 the designated agency to receive payments made by income 429 withholding in child support orders enforced by the department. 430 All withholding orders shall be on a form as prescribed by the 431 department.

432 (2) Child support orders not enforced by the Department of
433 Human Services. Upon entry of any order for support by a court of

434 this state where the custodial parent is not a recipient of services under Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, 435 436 issued or modified or found to be in arrears on or after January 1, 1994, the court entering such order shall enter a separate 437 438 order for withholding which shall take effect immediately. Such orders shall not be subject to immediate income withholding under 439 440 this subsection (a) if one (1) of the parties (i.e. noncustodial 441 or custodial parent) demonstrates, and the court finds, that there 442 is good cause not to require immediate income withholding, or (b) 443 if both parties agree in writing to an alternative arrangement. 444 Income withholding must be administered by the department through 445 the Central Receipting and Disbursement Unit. The Department of 446 Human Services may be the designated agency to receive payments made by income withholding in all child support orders. All 447 448 withholding orders shall be on a form as prescribed by the 449 department.

450 If a child support order is issued or modified in the (3)state but is not subject to immediate income withholding, it 451 452 automatically becomes so if the court finds that a support payment 453 is thirty (30) days past due. If the support order was issued or 454 modified in another state but is not subject to immediate income 455 withholding, it becomes subject to immediate income withholding on 456 the date on which child support payments are at least thirty (30) 457 days in arrears, or (a) the date as of which the noncustodial parent requests that withholding begin, (b) the date as of which 458 459 the custodial parent requests that withholding begin, or (c) an 460 earlier date chosen by the court whichever is earlier.

(4) The clerk of the court shall submit copies of such orders to the obligor's payor, any additional or subsequent payor, and to the Mississippi Department of Human Services Case Registry. The clerk of the court, the obligee's attorney, or the department's attorney may serve such immediate order for withholding by first class mail or personal delivery on the

467 obligor's payor, superintendent, manager, agent or subsequent 468 payor, as the case may be. In a case where the obligee's attorney 469 or the department's attorney serves such immediate order, the 470 attorney shall notify the clerk of the court in writing, which 471 notice shall be placed in the court file. There shall be no need for further notice, hearing, order, process or procedure before 472 service of said order on the payor or any additional or subsequent 473 474 payor. The obligor may contest, if grounds exist, service of the 475 order of withholding on additional or subsequent payors, by filing 476 an action with the issuing court. Such filing shall not stay the 477 obligor's duty to support pending judicial determination of the 478 obligor's claim. Nothing herein shall be construed to restrict the authority of the courts of this state from entering any order 479 480 it deems appropriate to protect the rights of any parties 481 involved.

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(5) The order for withholding shall:

483 (a) Direct any payor to withhold an amount equal to the484 order for current support;

(b) Direct any payor to withhold an additional amount,
not less than ten percent (10%) of the order for support, until
payment in full of any delinquency; and

488 (c) Direct the payor not to withhold in excess of the
489 amounts allowed under Section 303(b) of the Consumer Credit
490 Protection Act, being 15 USCS 1673, as amended.

491 (6) All orders for withholding may permit the Department of 492 Human Services to withhold through said withholding order 493 additional amounts to recover costs incurred through its efforts 494 to secure the support order, including, but not limited to, all 495 filing fees, court costs, service of process fees, mailing costs, birth certificate certification fee, genetic testing fees, the 496 497 department's attorney's fees; and, in cases where the state or any of its entities or divisions have provided medical services to the 498 499 child or the child's mother, all medical costs of prenatal care,

500 birthing, postnatal care and any other medical expenses incurred 501 by the child or by the mother as a consequence of her pregnancy or 502 delivery.

503 (7) At the time the order for withholding is entered, the 504 clerk of the court shall provide copies of the order for 505 withholding and the order for support to the obligor, which shall 506 be accompanied by a statement of the rights, remedies and duties 507 of the obligor under Sections 93-11-101 through 93-11-119. The 508 clerk of the court shall make copies available to the obligee and 509 to the department or its local attorney.

510 (8) The order for withholding shall remain in effect for as511 long as the order for support upon which it is based.

512 (9) The failure of an order for withholding to state an 513 arrearage is not conclusive of the issue of whether an arrearage 514 is owing.

515 (10) Any order for withholding entered pursuant to this516 section shall not be considered a garnishment.

(11) All existing orders for support shall become subject to additional withholding if arrearages occur, subject to court hearing and order. The Department of Human Services or the obligee or his agent or attorney must send to each delinquent obligor notice that:

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(a) The withholding on the delinquency has commenced;

(b) The information along with the required affidavit of accounting, notarized record of overdue payment or attested judgment of delinquency or contempt has been sent to the employer; and

(c) The obligor may file an action with the issuing court on the grounds of mistake of fact. Such filing must be made within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice and shall not stay the obligor's duty to support pending judicial determination of the obligor's claim.

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(12) An employer who complies with an income withholding

533 notice that is regular on its face and which is accompanied by the 534 required accounting affidavit, notarized record of overdue 535 payments or attested judgment of delinquency or contempt shall not 536 be subject to civil liability to any individual or agency for 537 conduct in compliance with the notice.

538 SECTION 8. Section 93-11-105, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 539 amended as follows:[CSQ8]

540 93-11-105. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 541 93-11-103, the Department of Human Services shall be authorized to 542 implement administrative orders for withholding without the 543 necessity of obtaining an order through judicial proceedings. The 544 administrative order for withholding shall be implemented pursuant to a previously rendered order for support and shall be on a form 545 prescribed by the Department of Human Services. Unless 546 547 inconsistent with the provisions of this section, the order for 548 withholding shall be subject to the same requirements as provided 549 in Sections 93-11-101 through 93-11-118.

550 (2) The administrative order shall be filed with the clerk 551 by the department and a copy shall be transmitted to the obligor 552 by <u>regular mail to the last known address of the obligor</u>.

553 (3) The order for withholding shall:

554 (a) Direct any payor to withhold an amount equal to the555 order for the current support obligation;

(b) Direct any payor to withhold an additional amount equal to twenty percent (20%) of the current support obligation, unless a different amount has been previously ordered by the court, until payment in full of any delinquency; and

560 (c) Direct the payor not to withhold in excess of the
561 amounts allowed under Section 303(b) of the Consumer Credit
562 Protection Act, being 15 USCS 1673, as amended.

563 SECTION 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from 564 and after July 1, 2000.