By: Smith (35th)

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 1096

AN ACT TO CREATE THE TEN COMMANDMENTS DEFENSE ACT; TO ST	FATE
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- 2 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS; TO DECLARE RELIGIOUS LIBERTY RIGHTS; TO
- 3 REQUIRE THE EXERCISE OF JUDICIAL POWER CONSISTENT WITH THOSE
- 4 DECLARATIONS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 6 <u>SECTION 1.</u> This act may be cited as the "Ten Commandments
- 7 Defense Act."
- 8 <u>SECTION 2.</u> The Legislature finds the following:
- 9 (a) The Declaration of Independence declares that
- 10 governments are instituted to secure certain unalienable rights,
- 11 including life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, with which
- 12 all human beings are endowed by their Creator and to which they
- 13 are entitled by the laws of nature and of nature's God.
- 14 (b) The organic laws of the United States Code and the
- 15 constitutions of every state, using various expressions, recognize
- 16 God as the source of the blessings of liberty.
- 17 (c) The First Amendment to the Constitution of the
- 18 United States secures rights against laws respecting an
- 19 establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof
- 20 made by the United States government.
- 21 (d) The rights secured under the First Amendment have
- 22 been interpreted by courts of the United States government to be
- 23 included among the provisions of the Fourteenth Amendment.
- 24 (e) The Tenth Amendment reserves to the states,
- 25 respectively, the powers not delegated to the United States
- 26 government nor prohibited to the states.
- 27 (f) Disputes and doubts have arisen with respect to

- 28 public displays of the Ten Commandments and to other public
- 29 expression of religious faith.
- 30 (g) Section 5 of the Fourteenth Amendment grants the
- 31 Congress power to enforce the provisions of said amendment.
- 32 (h) Article I, Section 8, of the United States
- 33 Constitution, grants the Congress power to constitute tribunals
- 34 inferior to the Supreme Court, and Article III, Section 1, grants
- 35 the Congress power to ordain and establish courts in which the
- 36 judicial power of the United States government shall be vested.
- 37 <u>SECTION 3.</u> (1) The power to display the Ten Commandments on
- 38 or within property owned or administered by the state or political
- 39 subdivisions thereof is hereby declared to be among the powers
- 40 reserved to the state.
- 41 (2) The expression of religious faith by individual persons
- 42 on or within property owned or administered by the state or
- 43 political subdivisions thereof is hereby:
- 44 (a) Declared to be among the rights secured against
- 45 laws respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the
- 46 free exercise of religion made or enforced by the United States
- 47 government and the State of Mississippi or by any department or
- 48 executive or judicial officer thereof; and
- 49 (b) Declared to be among the liberties of which no
- 50 state shall deprive any person without due process of law made in
- 51 pursuance of powers reserved to the states, respectively.
- 52 (3) The courts constituted, ordained and established by the
- 53 state shall exercise the judicial power in a manner consistent
- 54 with the foregoing declarations.
- 55 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 56 and after July 1, 2000.