By: Fredericks

To: Juvenile Justice

HOUSE BILL NO. 208

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-605, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 1 TO PROVIDE THAT JUVENILE OFFENDERS MAY ONLY BE PLACED IN STATE 2 3 APPROVED FACILITIES; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 4 SECTION 1. Section 43-21-605, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 5 amended as follows: 6 7 43-21-605. (1) In delinquency cases, the disposition order may include any of the following alternatives: 8 (a) Release the child without further action; 9 10 (b) Place the child in the custody of the parents, a relative or other persons subject to any conditions and 11 limitations, including restitution, as the youth court may 12 prescribe; 13 Place the child on probation subject to any 14 (C) reasonable and appropriate conditions and limitations, including 15 restitution, as the youth court may prescribe; 16 (d) Order terms of treatment calculated to assist the 17 child and the child's parents or guardian which are within the 18 ability of the parent or guardian to perform; 19 (e) Order terms of supervision which may include 20 participation in a constructive program of service or education or 21

civil fines not in excess of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or restitution not in excess of actual damages caused by the child to be paid out of his own assets or by performance of services acceptable to the victims and approved by the youth court and reasonably capable of performance within one (1) year;

(f) Suspend the child's driver's license by taking and keeping it in custody of the court for not more than one (1) year; (g) Give legal custody of the child to any of the following:

31 (i) The Department of Human Services for32 appropriate placement; or

(ii) Any public or private organization,
preferably community-based, able to assume the education, care and
maintenance of the child, which has been found suitable by the
court; or

37 (iii) The Department of Human Services for placement in a wilderness training program or a state-supported 38 training school, except that no child under the age of ten (10) 39 years shall be committed to a state training school. The training 40 school may retain custody of the child until the child's twentieth 41 42 birthday but for no longer. The superintendent of a state training school may parole a child at any time he may deem it in 43 44 the best interest and welfare of such child. Twenty (20) days prior to such parole, the training school shall notify the 45 committing court of the pending release. The youth court may then 46 arrange subsequent placement after a reconvened disposition 47 hearing except that the youth court may not recommit the child to 48 the training school or any other secure facility without an 49 adjudication of a new offense or probation or parole violation. 50 51 Prior to assigning the custody of any child to any private institution or agency, the youth court through its designee shall 52

53 first inspect the physical facilities to determine that they 54 provide a reasonable standard of health and safety for the child. 55 The youth court shall not place a child in the custody of a state 56 training school for truancy, unless such child has been 57 adjudicated to have committed an act of delinquency in addition to 58 truancy;

(h) Recommend to the child and the child's parents or guardian that the child attend and participate in the Youth Challenge Program under the Mississippi National Guard, as created in Section 43-27-203, subject to the selection of the child for the program by the National Guard; however, the child must volunteer to participate in the program. The youth court may not order any child to apply or attend the program;

(i) (i) Adjudicate the juvenile to the Statewide
Juvenile Work Program if the program is established in the court's
jurisdiction. The juvenile and his parents or guardians must sign
a waiver of liability in order to participate in the work program.
The judge will coordinate with the youth services counselors as to
placing participants in the work program;

(ii) The severity of the crime, whether or not the 72 juvenile is a repeat offender or is a felony offender will be 73 taken into consideration by the judge when adjudicating a juvenile 74 75 to the work program. The juveniles adjudicated to the work 76 program will be supervised by police officers or reserve officers. 77 The term of service will be from twenty-four (24) to one hundred twenty (120) hours of community service. A juvenile will work the 78 79 hours to which he was adjudicated on the weekends during school 80 and week days during the summer. Parents are responsible for a

31 juvenile reporting for work. Noncompliance with an order to 32 perform community service will result in a heavier adjudication. 33 A juvenile may be adjudicated to the community service program 34 only two (2) times;

(iii) The judge shall assess an additional fine on the juvenile which will be used to pay the costs of implementation of the program and to pay for supervision by police officers and reserve officers. The amount of the fine will be based on the number of hours to which the juvenile has been adjudicated;

90 (j) Order the child to participate in a youth court 91 work program as provided in Section 43-21-627 ; or

Order the child into a juvenile detention center 92 (k) operated by the county or into a juvenile detention center 93 operated by any county with which the county in which the court is 94 located has entered into a contract for the purpose of housing 95 delinquents. The time period for such detention cannot exceed 96 97 ninety (90) days. The youth court judge may order that the number 98 of days specified in the detention order be served either throughout the week or on weekends only. 99

100 (1) A child may only be placed in the custody of a
 101 facility approved by the Department of Human Services.

(2) In addition to any of the disposition alternatives
authorized under subsection (1) of this section, the disposition
order in any case in which the child is adjudicated delinquent for
an offense under Section 63-11-30 shall include an order denying
the driver's license and driving privileges of the child as
required under subsection (8) of Section 63-11-30.

108 (3) Fines levied under this chapter shall be paid into the

109 general fund of the county but, in those counties wherein the 110 youth court is a branch of the municipal government, it shall be 111 paid into the municipal treasury.

(4) Any institution or agency to which a child has been committed shall give to the youth court any information concerning the child as the youth court may at any time require.

(5) The youth court shall not place a child in another school district who has been expelled from a school district for the commission of a violent act. For the purpose of this subsection, "violent act" means any action which results in death or physical harm to another or an attempt to cause death or physical harm to another.

121 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 122 and after July 1, 2000.