MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Moak

To: Public Health and Welfare

HOUSE BILL NO. 160

1 AN ACT TO DEFINE THE PERSONS WHO HAVE THE RIGHT OF DECISION 2 OR CONSENT REGARDING DISINTERMENT OF A BURIED HUMAN BODY; TO AMEND 3 SECTIONS 41-37-25 AND 41-39-35, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, IN 4 CONFORMITY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT; AND FOR RELATED 5 PURPOSES.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 7 <u>SECTION 1.</u> (1) After a human body has been buried, the 8 following persons, in the order of priority stated, shall have the 9 right of decision or consent regarding disinterment of the body 10 for relocation to another burial site, for an autopsy not pursuant 11 to a court order or for any other reason:

12 (a) A surviving spouse of the decedent, as long as the13 spouse has not remarried.

14 (b) Children of the decedent over the age of eighteen15 (18) years.

16 (c) Parents of the decedent.

17 (d) Brothers and sisters of the decedent over the age18 of eighteen (18) years.

19 (e) The guardian of the person of the decedent at the20 time of his death.

(f) Any other next of kin of the decedent.
(2) Whenever a buried human body is to be disinterred for

H. B. No. 160 00\HR03\R681 PAGE 1 any reason other than the performance of an autopsy, priorapproval of the State Department of Health shall be required.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section shall give a
right to any person to prevent an autopsy from being performed
pursuant to court order.

28 SECTION 2. Section 41-37-25, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 29 amended as follows:

41-37-25. An autopsy may be performed without court order by 30 a qualified physician when authorized by (a) the decedent, during 31 his lifetime, or (b) any of the following persons who shall have 32 assumed custody of the body for the purpose of burial: a 33 surviving spouse, either parent or any person in loco parentis, a 34 35 descendant over the age of eighteen (18) years, a guardian, or the 36 next of kin. In the absence of any of the foregoing persons any friend of the deceased who has assumed responsibility for burial, 37 38 or any other person charged by law with responsibility for burial, may give such consent. If two (2) or more persons have assumed 39 custody of the body of an adult for purposes of burial, the 40 consent of one (1) such person shall be deemed sufficient. 41

In the case of a minor, however, the consent of either parent 42 43 shall be deemed sufficient, unless the other parent gives written notice to the physician who is to perform the autopsy of such 44 45 parent's objection thereto prior to the commencement of the autopsy. In the event that neither parent has legal custody of 46 the minor, the guardian shall have the right to authorize an 47 autopsy. The fees provided in this chapter for autopsies in 48 49 criminal investigations shall not be applicable to this section. No autopsy shall be held under this section over the 50 objection of the surviving spouse, or if there by no surviving 51 52 spouse, of any surviving parent, or if there be neither a

53 surviving spouse nor parent, then of any surviving child.

H. B. No. 160 00\HR03\R681 PAGE 2 54

If the body has already been buried, consent to disinterment

of the body for an autopsy without a court order shall be governed 55

by Section 1 of this act. 56

SECTION 3. Section 41-39-35, Mississippi Code of 1972, is 57 amended as follows: 58

41-39-35. (a) Any individual who is eighteen (18) years of 59 60 age or over and who is competent to execute a will may give all or any part of his body for any one or more of the purposes specified 61 in Sections 41-39-31 through 41-39-51, the gift to take effect 62 63 after death.

64 (b) Unless he has knowledge that contrary directions have 65 been given by the decedent, the following persons, in the order of priority stated, may give all or any part of a decedent's body for 66 any one or more of the purposes specified in Sections 41-39-31 67 through 41-39-51: 68

The spouse, if one survives. 69 (1)

70 (2) An adult son or daughter.

71 (3) Either parent.

An adult brother or sister. 72 (4)

(5) The guardian of the person of the decedent at the 73 time of his death. 74

75 (6) Any other person or agency authorized or under 76 obligation to dispose of the body.

77 If there is no surviving spouse and an adult son or daughter 78 is not immediately available at the time of death of a decedent, 79 the gift may be made by either parent.

If a parent of decedent is not immediately available, the 80 81 gift may be made by an adult brother or sister of decedent. Ιf

H. B. No. 160 00\HR03\R681 PAGE 3

there is known to be a controversy within the class of persons first entitled to make the gift, the gift will not be accepted. The persons authorized herein to make the gift may execute the document of gift either after death or during a terminal illness. The decedent may be a minor or a stillborn infant.

87 If the gift is made by a person designated above, it shall be 88 by written or telegraphic consent.

89 If the decedent's body has already been buried, consent to
90 disinterment of the body for any one or more of the purposes

91 <u>specified in Sections 41-39-31 through 41-39-51 shall be governed</u>
92 <u>by Section 1 of this act.</u>

93 SECTION 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from94 and after July 1, 2000.